very high tone,
-ly Proton outd.

ruly, R. M. Wells.

ebruary, 1873.

last evening at he Proton Outcolutions passed boo strongly, and unjustly, yet it; in your favor, o you which you o. I have heard sa themselves toe, cf Glengarry, air and others. the resolution d the difficulty bries was moving

ind regards,

A. OLIVER.

sed by the writer,
Mr. Pardes. It
an by Mr. Adam
ander said, after
s a great deal of
to was too much

Feb. 19, 1874.

of the 12th instatrage has been feel that no one latter than my-iting you.

nd am yet, the avestigation, and ight, for he who, uses his utmost, and yet fails, the good inten-

u aro aware, apler & Co.,—who
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en I should have
up the other side,
nity never came,

for they continued to bring down every person that would testify, as directed by Lauder & Co., until too late to bring in their report.

When I was called upon to testify, they would allow me to say nothing only answer such questions as they put to me; and they were careful not to ask any questions that gave me a chance to explain how I came to see the Hon. A. McKellar, or as to the conversation that took place between us, or I

could have put thet all right.

When I arrived in the County of Grey I took a person with me by the name of Mc. AULEY; went down into Melancthon, took in another person by the name of Paimer; they were with me that evering, and went to the meeting held by Mr. Nixon in the interest of Mr. Dickey; they heard all I said there, so did Mr. Nixon; after he and Dodds got through they (Palmer and Mc suley), returned to May's where we got tea and stopped all right, I paying the bill the next morning. The day before the election Mr. McAuley and I started through Proton; went to a school house where we met a tew electors, and from there to Cedarville; and from the time I arrived in the County of Grey until I left, there were from one to quite a number with me and heard all I said. Now, I do affirm I never did say or promise anything they (the Tories) allege my having promised or said, and further say, if there was any outrage committed in Grey that Lander, Cameron & Co., committed it. 1 dld not say anything to give the least offence or kick up a row as was stated by McArdle, who was returning officer at Ronaldsay, in Proton. He left his polling place, came out into the road, made a apeech of some length; told the people to drive me away, which did create quite an excitement. He was very much annoyed because I told the people to elect Dickey, as I was sure the present Government had no confidence in Lauder, and was doubtful whether the late Government ever had, as they bought him. Mr. McArdle followed me the day before down to Cedarville, and there did all he could to get up a fight or a row of some description. Now, I never did mention the Hon, E. Blake's name unless to connection with the Reform Government; nor did I mention any other person connected with the Government in any way, only the Hon. A. McKellar, as saying the present Government intended to carry out what they advocated while in the Opposition, and while in Grey he (McKellar) was sorry to see that the people there were worse off than he anticipated-which I thought very much in their favor, as he had been observing enough to see their condition.

Now, in the foregoing paragraph, I have only set forth such facts as I can prove, and

1 ask you ought I, after thirty-four years of hard fighting-spending time and money often when I could ill afford it-settle down and become tame and quiet under such a resolution as that passed by the House, on the motion of Mr. Mowat. My friends (or supposed friends) allowing my (or our) en 3mies to take up the whole time of a session to injure and traduce me, and through me to injure the party with whom I have contended so long—denying me what was granted to others-allowing them time and some \$800 trying to correct some one, and I, after all this to be made a tool or a scapegoat of; and when I ask for an explanation, the answer is, the Hon. Mr. Mowat did not understand the circumstances. How far does that go to exhonerate me from that scandalous blot cast upon me by that resolution?

Now, I am not going to turn Tory-Conservative nor Liberal-Conservative on account of the calumnies in newspapers, and personal bickering and falsehoods I need not enumerate, brought against me by the Lauder party, but I assure you that every word from an enemy in this matter is a wound to me, and a slight from a friend is like a dagger.

I do think I owe to myself and family a duty, and if no other course is taken by my friends, only what has been done, I shall feel it my duty, and that before long, to clear myself of a part, at all events, of the stigma brought upon me by a faw people of Grey, and also by some Reform members of Parilament, by giving publicity to all the facts of the case by letters and affidavits which I have now in my possession, or may still receive. I send this to you regarding you as a friend, among many others, before resolving on a course which I think of vital importance to me. I have patiently waited, stood all the abuse of a purchased fanatio Tory press, and all that Mr. Lauder and his minions could bring to bear, but the most cutting of all is the resolution passed through the House by my own friends to relieve the Gevernment.

I am, &c., J. W. Lewis.

BOTHWELL, February 24th, 1873.

My Dear Lewis: I wanted to have seen you when I was last down, but could not on account of having so much to do on in so short time. I have been watching the proceedings of the so-called Proton outrage, and from all the evidence before the committee, I saw nothing that was trustworthy in the evidence to criminate you. Our own party have done more to hurt you than the Tories could possibly do. Mowat's speech at the election in reference to the affair was uncalled for; "nd he (McKellar) to sit there and listen to that speech without uttering