

The residuals which result from these elements are given under the heading $(O-C)_1$ in the table of normal places. In making a least-square solution, all the elements save P were included and the elements of both curves carried at the same time, so that the twelve normal places yield twenty-four observation equations. The results of the fainter component were given half the weight assigned to the primary.

OBSERVATION EQUATIONS

	x	y	z	u	v	w	$-u$	Weight
1	1	- .708	0	+1.015	- .508	+ .596	-2.520	.8
2	1	- .930	0	+ .912	- .177	+ .695	-1.431	1.0
3	1	-1.216	0	+ .196	- .388	+ .725	+ .100	.8
4	1	-1.318	0	+ .260	- .336	+ .680	+1.860	1.2
5	1	-1.422	0	+ .038	- .260	+ .572	-2.630	1.2
6	1	-1.511	0	+ .452	- .091	+ .219	+3.120	.6
7	1	-1.560	0	+ .512	- .016	+ .010	+2.330	.8
8	1	-1.539	0	+ .431	+ .105	- .251	-2.820	1.2
9	1	-1.200	0	+ .529	+ .395	- .729	-2.420	1.2
10	1	-1.050	0	+ .780	+ .118	- .727	+5.410	1.6
11	..	- .910	0	+ .928	+ .182	- .680	+0.900	0.8
12	..	- .736	0	+1.009	+ .506	- .611	+3.050	1.0
13	..	0	+ .708	-1.238	+ .620	- .727	-1.180	.4
14	..	0	+ .930	-1.112	+ .582	- .848	+3.030	.5
15	..	0	+1.216	- .905	+ .473	- .885	+1.920	.4
16	..	0	+1.318	- .317	+ .409	- .830	+5.720	.6
17	..	0	+1.422	+ .016	+ .317	- .698	+2.990	.6
18	..	0	+1.544	+ .552	+ .111	- .268	+0.010	.3
19	..	0	+1.560	+ .625	+ .020	- .019	+0.980	.4
20	..	0	+1.539	+ .529	- .127	+ .306	-4.210	.6
21	..	0	+1.200	- .615	- .481	+ .880	+0.370	.6
22	..	0	+1.050	- .951	- .517	+ .887	-1.900	.8
23	..	0	+0.910	-1.132	- .587	+ .810	-0.920	.4
24	..	0	+ .736	-1.231	- .617	+ .716	-1.110	.5

