News of the

EUROPEAN.

One-half of the town of Djarkend, in Semirethinak, Russia, has been destroyed by

an earthquake. It is stated that Emperor William has forbidden the officers of the German army to

visit the Paris Exposition. BUGEAREST, July 9.—A passenger train cellided with a freight train near Ciulnira today. Fifteen persons were killed and many injured. The accident was due to the mistake ef a switchman.

London, July 9.—Despatches from India say the river Indus has overlowed and the adjacent country is ten feet under water. Forty persons have been drowned at Lank.

LONDON, July 11.-Mr. Stanhope, escretary of war, stated in the House of Commons to day that the official estimate of the number of the invaders of Egypt under The invaders had reached a point thirty-three miles north of Wady Halfs. He did net believe the people welcomed them.

PARIS, July 11.-The recent mine disaster at St. Etienne was due to the negligence of a miner who failed to notice the presence of fire damp. Altogether 108 bodies have been man rescued Hirsch. recovered.

LONDON, July 11.-Major T. M. Field, aselstant secretary of the British and American Mertgage company, has been arraigned and remanded to prison for fraudulently issuing coupons of the company to the amount of

LONDON, July 11.-The French steamer Anadyr, bound from Marseilles for Yokohama, has been sunk outside of Aden bar by collision with the French steamer Oxus, from Yokohama for Marseilles. The Oxus was only slightly damaged.

Rome, July 12.—The Osservator Roman, says that should the Pope be forced to exile himself from Rome, he will not ask sovereignty from any power, but will merely certainly return to Rome.

London, July 13 -The Vienna correspondent of the Times says : "Austria, through Cardinal Galimberti, the Papal Nuncio at Vienna, has prevailed upon the Pope to remain in Rome in order to avoide embarrassing the Italian Government.

LONDON, July 12.—The Government has given to the widow of Prefessor R. A. Proctor a pension of £100 per year, in consideration of the services rendered to the cause of science by him. LONDON, July 12 .- Tas Pall Mall Gazette

says the blookade of Haytian ports is plainly ineffective and Great Britain has notified Hayti not to melest British vessels visiting inaurgent ports. BRISBANE, July 12.—The yield of gold in

Queensland during the past half year was 390,000 ounces, an increase of 166,000 ounces over the preceding half year.

LONDON, July 12.-Newfoundland affairs are again demanding attention. Mr. Redmond intended questioning the Government in the House of Commons to-night, but, like many previous occasions, the question was postponed probably at the instance of the Government. Meanwhile the Rev. Mr. Howley is now here stirring up public opinion. He openly declares that if England does not speedily send a commissioner to enquire into the treaty of Utrecht and secure redress for these British subjects whom the French

have wronged, Newfoundland will be com-pelled to appeal to Washington. Paris, July 11.-The Journal des Debats ya the committee of the High Court recomnds that Boulanger, D.lion and Rochefort arraigned on the charge of conspiracy ainst the state.

LONDON, July 12.-Nine hundred and fifty members of the Connaught Rangers have been sent to Malta to replace troops despatch: ed to Egypt. Four regiments at Aldershot have been ordered to hold themselves ready to proceed to Egypt at a moment's notice.

London, July 12 .- A despatch from Zanzbar says the German warships Leipzic, Carola Piell. Inowe and Schwalbe shelled Tonga Wednesday morning and landed their men. The Germans were not in possession of the place until three o'cleck in the afternoon. The admiral summened the town to surrender and on its refusal shelled and proceeded to storm the place. The Germans mut obestnate resistance and suffered heavy loss. Captain Wissmann was not present, being engaged in holding Pangani. The German ship Carola left a garrison at Tonga. Capt.

Wissmann is in a building at Fort Pangani. LONDON. July 12 -Some uneasiness has been occasioned in eastern Europe by a rearm a third levy of recruits for active service. The estensible object is to provide troops for tne suppression of brigandage, but in the present temper of eastern politics it is suspected this latest development is simply another step toward preparing the Servians for their share in the general war.

Paris, July 11.—Several papers here an-mounce that the Chamber of Deputies will not vote a credit for the purchase of the Angelus," and that the picture will go to Americans who are ready to pay \$110,600, the amount for which the picture was sold at auction,

AMERICAN.

The strike of the coal miners in the Jellico, Tenn., region has ended, one thousand miners resuming work.

Conemangh Valley, Johnstown and vicinity aggregate \$1,700,000. The Ohippewa Indian commission was suc-

The expenditures to date for relief in the

cessful at Red Lake, and the Indians cede the greater portion of their reservation.

Near Tunnel Fair, Georgia, yesterday, Martin Lovel, colored, attempted to outrage a white woman. He was lynched by masked men.

The Red Line steamer Mars, from New York for Laguayra, has been totally wrecked near Los Reques. The crew were saved.

C H. Treat & Co. and the C. H. Treat & Manufacturing company, of Georgetown, Del., with liabilities amounting to \$100,000 have

J. H. Winfield, son of the Methodiat bishop of California, was mortally shot at Benicia, Cal., on Thursday by J. E. Crook in

About six thousand French citizens of New York and vicinity and their families cele-

brated the 100th anniversary of the Fall of the Bastile.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 9.—An attempt was made before daylight this morning to blow up with powder a building in the central pert of the city, in which the Salvation army has established barracks. The neetings caused much complaint in the neighborhood, and the explosion is regarded as a warning to

the army.

the control of the co

brether in Minneapolis saying he was going the choking of a sewer, swept the barriers insane and that he preferred to kill himself away about 2 e'clock this morning, drewning rather than be sent to a hospital.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 9. - Oscar Prouffe, a school teacher, and Richard Singleton, a young Indian, both in love with Mise Mille Overman, quarreled on the road a few days ago, and each shot the other. Beth men are yet living, but cannot recover. Mise Overman is reported as being almost crased with grief.

PITTSEURO, P., July 9 .- The second sec tion of a freight train on the Pennsylvania railroad was wrecked by the breaking of a car axle near Wall's station last night. Thirteen cars were thrown from the track and caught fire and were burned. Three persens were killed and three injured.

PITTSBURG, Pa., July 9 -Rev. F. F. Flemon, alias John Yeldell, who has been noting as pastor of the Arthur street church (colored) for some time, has been arrested on a charge of being implicated in a brutal murder in Elgefield county, S.C., in 1886.

WASHINGTON, D.C., July 9.—The selicitor Nadel Jumi was 6,000 men and 800 camels. of the Treasury has decided that members of a band are not artists and cannot be legally imported under contract.

> Long Brancu, N.J., July 9.-Wm. Kirby was drowned here to-day while swimming out to resous Wm. Hirsch, of New York city, who was in danger of drowning. Another

COLEBROOK, N. H., July 10.-Elmon H. Williams has disappeared. Nearly \$80,000 worth of paper bearing his signature is reported to be out, to a portion of which the names of several other citizens are said to be forged.

CHICAGO, July 10.—A paper here says that young Mrs. Carlson will swear, when Cronin's murderers are brought to trisl, that she saw the doctor enter the cottage on the fatal night and heard the struggle in the house. There has not heretofore been known to be any direct proof that the doctor was murdered in the cottage.

CHICAGO, July 10 .-- A special secret meeting of the executive committee of the Citizens' association was held yester-day, at which State Attorney Longnecker was present. It was decided to raise a large fund to prosecute Dr. Cronin's murderers.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., July 12 .- At East Leavenworth, Mo., Wednesday, a number of Polish miners became involved in a row and, dividing into factions, fought with knives and hatchets until five were dangerously wounded. A deputy sheriff's posse stopped the fray and imprisoned the miners in freight cars. During the night all escaped save the wounded.

LAFAYETTE, La., July 12.-An armed body of white and colored men rode into this city last evening, broke open the jall and took therefrom Felix Keye, colored, who in a jealous fit murdered his wife. He was taken to the scene of his orime and executed.

HARNSLEY, Neb., July 12,—J. seph M. Moody yesterday killed his wife and then committed suicide. Moody had trouble with his wife over his treatment of his children.

PITTSON, Pa., July 11 .- Some startling developments are being unearthed by Coroner Mahon in the Creahan poisoning case, where in Edward Glynn and wife are charged with causing the death of the latter's mother for the purpose of securing insurance money. A chemical analysis revealed the fact that she died from arrenical poisoning. Suspicion was aroused by this, and the remains of Glynn's mother, who died mysteriously over a year ago, were exhumed yesterday and an analysis made of the atomach. Her death was also found to have been caused by arrenic. Glynn's father died two years ago very suddenly, and his body will next be examined for traces of polsoning. Everything points to one of the foulest orimes that has ever been perpetrated

in this vicinity. SHELBYVILLE, July 11.—Charles Suttles, angered by Mrs. Mollie Gravin's refusal to and elicited much praise. The materials used Indies and South America will be called for effect. make him her ninth hughand, went to her house Sunday night and attacked her with a hatchet while she was in bed, inflicting prob ably fatal wounds. Suttles e-caped. She had divorced her eighth husband for the purpose of marrying Suttles, but they had quarrelled.

Sr. Louis, Mo., July 11 .- The Anchor line steamer Caystal City struck a snag and sank on the Mississippi river near St. Mary's, 69 miles below this city, at 3 o'clook this morning. She lies in 64 feet of water, is but little damaged and will be pumped out. Nobody was hurt. The vessel had on board 3,000 eacks of wheat and a mixed cargo, which will be almost a complete loss.

East Corinth, Maine, July 11.-Charles S. Gilman, dealer in watches, had his safe blown open and rifled by burglars last night. port that Servia has decided to equip and | The explosion set the building on fire and it and several other structures were destroyed. Loss over \$10 000.

> RICHMOND, Va., July 11 .- Mrs. ex-President John Tyler died at the Exchange hotel this evening from a congestive chill.

> BUFFALO, July 14.-Newton Slick, employed by a palace car company in cleaning out cars, was to day stricken with smallpox and removed to the pest house. It is thought he contracted the disease while cleaning the CATE.

JACKSONVILLE, Ogn., July 13 - Yesterday morning the jail, containing 3 prisoners, was discovered to be on fire. Before the cells could be reached the prisoners had suffo-

oated. DENISON, Texas, July 14 -In attempting to set a brake on a flat car at St. Joseph on Wednesday, conductor J. H. Woodward was thrown between the moving cars and dragged fifry feet. A thorough diagnosis disclused that Woodward's neck was broken by the fall yet much to the surprise of the dectors

he stands a fair chance to recover. BALTIMORE, July 14 -James Coates colored, to day quarreled with his wife and struck her. Mrs. Elizabeth Groves, a mulatto, interfered, saying it was a shame to hit a woman. Coates replied that he would murder her before morning. Shortly afterwards Mrs. Groves started up stairs and on the landing she met Coates with an open razor, He threatened to kill her if she advanced Mrs. Groves pulled out a revolver and shot Coates in the breast. He died a few minutes

afterwards. OLAY CENTRE, Kan., July 12 .-- Mrs. H. H. Olnex, after rescuing her two children from her burning house yesterday, returned

to save her household goods. She was over-come by the heat and perished. Kansas Cirr, Mo., July 12.—George Fowler & San, packers, discovered yesterday that for two years they have been robbed by certain employees. They estimate their loss at \$10,000.

CHICAGO, July 12 .- A local paper says that members of a London, syndicate are in Chicago. They know how to make gas in the old world at 8 cents per 1,000 cubic feet in the holder. It surprises them that Americans the Rock was solemn and impressive. After keep on paying \$1 to \$2 for what they might the Benediction the Very Rev. Dean Kinane have at 25 cents. This syndicate, therefore, addressed the people. He spoke of the faith

George E. Traver. He had written to a Soho street, in the hill district, caused by John Daly, aged 26, and Andrew McGregor, aged 37, injuring the following: Robert Munt, shoulder and arm broken and injured internally : Wm. McClary, out and badly bruised about bead and body, injured intermally, may not recover; Joseph McCartney, alightly bruised and cut.

EL PASO, Tex., July 11.—The regular pas senger trein on the Mexican Central railroad garden, where a beautiful altar was erected, which left Paso del Norte at 6 e'clock Monday and tastefully decorated by the devoted nuns, evening ran into an arroys five miles this side of Chishnah, and ditched every ceach on the train. There were twenty-five passengers injured, and four persons were killed entright. Four of Conductor Sullivan's ribs were broken, and a newsboy's leg was broken

READING. Pa., July 11.—During last night's terrific thunder storm lightening struck a cot-tage near Mason station, occupied by a colored family, and killed Thomas Williams, aged 13. At Temple the residence of Aug. Merling was struck and the house and contents consumed. Mrs. Geo. Holden, a visitor, had her arm paralyzed.

IRISH.

The seamen and firemen at Lendonderry abandoned the strike June 20. Only a few of them, however, have been taken back.

Mr. Michael Hagerty has been upanimonely elected chairman of the Dundalk Town Commissioners, and also borough magistrate.

DUBLIN, July 9 -The court at Dregheda has dismissed the case against Mesers. Cox and Gill, members of Parliament, who were brought from London for trial on a charge of conspiracy.

Pleuro-pneumonia has broken out at Willlamstown, Dunleer, within the district of the Ardee Union. A herd of cattle belonging to Lord Rathdonnell was affected, and had to be slaughtered.

The salmon fishing in the tidal waters of the River Boyne is not so good as last year. he results so far are very discouraging to the thermen. The wholesale price is now one hilling per pound.

The inhabitants of Swineford co. Mayo, held a meeting on June 19th, for the purpose of promoting the project for railway lines from Claremorris to Collooney. A petition to Parliament was adopted.

Mr. C. T. Reddington, D.L., has been chosen as umpire by Mr. Pierce Mahony, M.P., and Mr. Eyre, of Eyrecourt, the arbi trators representing the tenants and landlord, respectively, in the Policek estate dispute.

At a meeting of the Loughrea Town Com-missioners, on June 18th, Mr Peter Sweeney, T.C., who was recently released from Tulla-mare Jail, was unanimously elected chairman in place of Mr. Kennedy, who held the position for a number of years.

A meeting of the committee appointed to collect subscriptions to Sligo for the rallef of the sufferers in Pennsylvania, was held on June 20, when it was announced that a sum of \$390 had up to the present been received. Mayor Connolly read a letter from Mr. C. W. U'Hara, of Annaghmore, Collectey, enclosing a check for \$100 for the fund.

Mr. Bigger has laid the venue of his action for libel against the London Evening News and Mr. W. H. Smith & Son in Manchester. He claims £5,000 damages from the paper and £500 from the newsvending firm. The libel complained of consisted in the publication of a placard on the day of Mr. Biggar's examination before the Commission, when he was described in the words "Mr. Biggar as an Invincible."

Miss M. F. Donegan, of Monkstown, Cork, a very talented artist, has invented a new precess in painting in duli oils on silk, satin, tapustry, glass, loather and wood, called perpetua fresco. Specimena were displayed at the recent Industrial Exhibition in Cork, the process are manufactured only by Mesars. Kilch (successors of Goulding & Co.), Dublin, from Miss Donegan's recipe. The press of Great Britain and Ireland has written in most flattering terms of this invention, which is largely patronized by ladies of the highest rank, such as the Empress of Coutts and numerous convents, where it has been incorporated in the curriculum for young

lady boarders. LONDON, July. - After a number of memters of the National league had been called by Mr. Reid, of counsel for the Parnellites, to testify before the committees to-day, he announced he was ready to submit further evidence. Sir Charles Russell said he would call two witnesses to-morrow, and this testimony would practically end the case for the Parnellites.

LONDON, July 12 .- It is reported that Mr. Gladatone and Mr. Murley have approved the Tenanta' Defence league. Mr. Parnoll will be president of the league. A convention, at which the new league will be formally floated, will be held in Dublin, Mr. Parnell presiding. Mr. O'Brien says the chief feature of the new league is a vast national fund to save evicted tenants from the workhouse.

LIMERICK, July 11 .- The jury in the case of Matthew Hairis against the Irish Times for libel for asserting that he was an in-vinciple has returned a verdict of £1,000 for

the plaintiff. LONDON, July 14.—In the event of the withdrawal of Messre. Russell and Asquith from the conduct of Mr. Parnell's case, Messrs. Lockwood and Reid will remain to represent the other Parnellites before the

commission. DUBLIN, July 14.-Michael Davitt, presid ing as a meeting of the George club yesterday, said that the new Irleh league would leave the final settlement of the Irish agrarian problem an open question. Mr. Davit, in an interview, declared that he will never enter the

Parnell Commission court again. London, Saly 14.—Adherents of Mr. Parnell almost unanimously incline to the belief that an inspection of the books of the Loval Patriotic Union would afford proof that the late witness Pigotteither wrote or fully inspired the "Parnellism and Orime" papers.

GREAT SCENE AT THE ROCK OF CASHEL. On June 20, for the first time since the Reformation; there was a solemn procession of the Blessed Sacrament through the "City of the Kings," and, for the second time, Solemn Benediction on the famous Rock of Cashel. After High Mass was celebrated in the Cathedral, the procession was formed. It included the altar-boys, school-girls, the members of the Holy Family, 700 strong, and the children of Mary and other societies of children. The priests were robed in vestments of gold, and over the Blessed Sacrament was a gorgeous canopy. The procession moved through the principal streets of the city to the Rock, whereon was erected an altar, beautifully decorated. The scene en the Rock was solemn and impressive. After JACKSONVILLE, Ill., July 10.—A man was proposes to organize a company with a preached on that spot 1,500 years ago by St. found shet in the head on the street here: capital of \$20,000,000 and to put in plant for yesterday afternoon. He will probably die. making cheap goz. all over the United Spates, of the old faith. And to-day, said the person of the preaches of Jackson of the cold faith. And to-day, said the

AND STATE

people of Ireland, profess the faith as pure and holy as it fell from the lips of St. Patrick 1 500 years ago. The very reverend preacher alluded to the history of the Cathedral upon the Rock, and said it was built by Catholic hands and Catholic money. It was theirs and they claimed it as their own. He hared to live to see the day that the Dean of Cashel would celebrate Holy Mass in that sacred bistoric spot. After the sermon the great procession returned to the convent and again the assembled thousands received the Benediction. Subsequently there was a solemn exposition.

CANADIAN.

Edison's patent for incandescent lighting in Canada was cancelled some time ago on the ground of failure to manufacture the article in the Dominion. Now the inventor proposes to appeal from the decision on the graund that the commissioner of patents had no autherity to try the case.

The application of George Darby for an in junction restraining the city of Toronto from erecting a new court house without appointing a commission before Judge Osler, on a technically, has been refused but the judge said that the conduct of the council in the matter was so discreditable that he would not allow them costs.

BATH, Ont., July 10.—The body of a drown ed man was found yesterday afternoon floating in the water near the lower end of Amherst Island. It has been identified as that of James Ensley, of Picton. The deceased left the village on the evening of Monday, June 23th in a skiff, for Indian Point, where he and his wife were camping.

An inquest was held in Toronto on Thurs day last on the body of Contractor Smith. who was killed in Mat. Ronan's hotel during a quarrel with Hugh McKay. The evidence showed that Smith came to his death by a blow inflicted by Mchay and brought in verdict of manslaughter against him.

OTTAWA, July 13 .- Mr. L. A. Catellier, now deputy registrar general, and a first class clerk in the secretary of state's department is to be appointed Under Secretary of state, in the place of Mr. Grant Powell, who has been superannuated.

TOBONTO, July 11 .- While a Mr. Moore of this city, was being joined in wedlock to a payment of an old debt and proceeded to trash the unfortunate creditor, but no sooner had peace been restored and the clergyman old lady arrived and declared that Moore Peterboro'.

LINDSAY, Ont., July 13.—J. C. Bailey, C.E. and party, have gone north to Hallburton to begin the survey of the new line to Mattawa on the Ottawa river. The work is projected by the Grand Trunk. It is hoped by the district affected that 1890 will see the line in operation, giving a short connection between Toronto and the Upper Ottawa.

OTTAWA, July 11.-Father Whelar has accepted Dr. Hulbert as the anti-Jesuit champion to prove that it is a Jesuit principle that the "end justifies the means. He invites his opponent to meet him at the Jezuit college, Montreal, on the 29th inst., to select the 5th arbitrator.

OTTAWA, July 12 .- The Department of Justice has received an intimation from the owners of the Mattie Winship, the Gloucester, Mass., fishing schooner, which was seized off the Cape Breton ceast a few weeks ago for fishing within the three mile limit, that they have been advised no defence can be offered under the circumstances, therefore, they ask the Government to be as lenient as possible in the matter of imposing penalties. The question is still under consideration.

It is understood that tenders for the pron a few dava.

Senator Carvell has been appointed as the successor of Lieut-Governor Macdonald, of Prince Edward Island, whose term expires on September 2.

It is reported that the Governor-General has replied to the Ontario Equal Rights asso-Austria, Lady Aberdeen, Baroness Burdett- clation that he will receive deputations with petitions at Quobeo after August I, and before that date at Dalhousie, N.B., where he is at present.

As a writ of habeas corpus will likely be applied for in the Burke extradition case the from Saturday to cover the time within which the accused must apply for the writ. By this action the case will be immediately disposed

"Paying For Dispensations."

This is a matter generally infounderstood by Protestants, and about which many Catholics are not sufficiently well instructed to meet the sneering suggestions to the disparagement of the Church sometimes heard on this topic. Some words from a letter of a Ostholic priest published in an English provincial paper puts the matter in a popular and at the same time a very satisfactory way and hence we quote them:

"Dispensations from ecclesiastical laws (from divine laws there are no dispensations) are granted as often as sufficient grounds can be satisfactorily proved to justify exemption from the existing law. Without such grounds for a dispensation, we believe we are justified in thinking that a millionaire might place his fortune at the disposal of the Church without the slightest chance of obtaining it. On the other hand, we know by actual and constant experience that the poorest laborer has only to prove his case and add that he is not rich, and the required dispensation is granted to him absolutely without charge of any kind. The law of the Roman Chancery is that all dispensations shall be gratuitous to the poor, and it further defines what it means by the poor as 'all who live by labor or industry' or 'whose fortune does not exceed £200' (Gury Bellerm, 4, 866.) It would be easy to cite hundreds of such gratuitous dispensations in this or any other country.

It is undoubtedly true that, in dealing with the wealthler classes, Chancery accompanies the grant of a dispensation with a fine or tax commensurate with the means and position of the petitioner. It is not my purpose to inquire whether it does so by way of costs of inquiry' or as a salutary deterrent, or on the principle that a rich man who, even for good reasons, seeks exemption from a law intended for the common good ought, if he gets it, to compensate the community by some gift or charitable work by way of indemnity. But it should be borne in mind that it is precleely such 'costs' and donations taken from the rich that go to support the tribunal and thus enable it to give gratuitously time, labor and justice to the cases of the poor, Such methods of proceedure will not seem strangs or inequitable to those who are most familiar with the history of jurisprudence in Europe.

Yes, it is true; the Catholic Church some times has one rule for the rich and another for the poor, but remarking that unlike the world, she makes the poor her far the, we lar bone broken and his face and head badly can be careless of derision against her on that out. He lived for two hours after the acce the is a well-to-do farmer of Kansas, named water at the corner of Centre avenue and speaker, we, the people of Cashel and the score. - Catholic Cilizen.

ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

The Custom of wearing orange-blossems at

weddings is of comparatively recent date with

The Custom of Wearing Them at Weddings is of Spanish Origin.

us. It came to us (usps Chamber's Journal), like most other female fachions in dress, from the French, who in their turn have derived it frem Spain. In the latter country it had long obtained, and is said to have been originally of Moorish origin. There is, however, an old Spanish legend which gives a different account of its introduction. According to this, soon after the importation of the orange tree by the Moore, one of the Spanish kings had a specimen of which he was very proud, and of which the French ambases dor was extremely desirous to obtain an offshoot. The gardener's daughter was aware of this, and in order to provide herself with the necessary dowry to enable her to marry her lever, she obtained a slip, which she sold to the ambassador at a high price. On the occasion of her wedding in recognition of her gratitude to the plant which had procured her happiness, she bound in her hair a wreath of orange blossoms, and thus inaugurated the fashion which has been universal. As the orange was introduced into Spain at a very early period by the Moore, this legend sufficiently establishes the anti-quity of the custom as far at that country is concerned, although many centuries elapsed before it spread over the rest of Europe. Up to forty or fifty years ago it was the practic for ladies to be in hats or bonnets; and the fashion of dispensing with the bonnet seems first to have established itself after the exam-

Consumption is Curable.

ple set by her present Majesty on the occa-

sion of her wedding in 1840.

The recently published statement of Dre. Prudden, Biggs and Loomis to the New York board of health in regard to the contagiousness of pulmonary tuberculosis (consumption) and the means of protection therefrom contains useful information that merits the attention of every man, woman and child in the land. Briefly put, the substance of the statement is that consumption is not inherited, is distinctly preventible and is often cured.

Tuberculosis is very common. Domestic animals, and especially cattle, are frequently Miss Bliss, of Brock avenue, a few days ago, affected by it. About one-fourth of the the ceremony was rudely interrupted by a deaths are caused by it and nearly one-half of creditor who called and demanded immediate the entire population acquire it at one time or affected by it. About one-fourth of the deaths are caused by it and nearly one-half of another during life.

It is caused by a living germ, the tuberole pacillus, which finds its way into the body was about to conclude the ceremony, than an | and multiplies there, if the conditions favor, producing tubercles. These tubercles soften already had a wife and a child living in and give out a discharge containing the living garms, which is thrown off from the body.

When the tubercles are in the lungs, constituting "consumption," the expectoration consists largely of these fatal germs. The latter do not grow outside the body, but they rotain their vitality and virulence for a long time, even when thoroughly dried. It is when dried and floating in the air as an impulpable dust that they are most dan-

gerous. Consumption is commonly produced by breathing air in which the living germs are cuspended as dust. The origin of the poison, ax already stated, is chiefly in the expectoration of persons suffering from consumption. They cough up a sputum which contains the germs in enormous quantities. This is deposited in places where it afterwards dries, as on floors, carpets, clothing, handkerchiefe, &c. When dry it readily breaks up into minute bits which float in the sir as dust. The entire surroundings of consumptive patience are made poisonous with this. Repeated experiments show that the dust gathered from almost any part of a hospital ward, asylum, prison or private house where a consumptive resides will produce tuberoulosis in animale incoulated with it, while the dust from places posed direct steamship service to the West | where the disease does not exist has no such

person having consumption does not communicate the disease, nor does the spit of the consumptive patient communicate it as long as it is retained in its receptacle in a moist state. It is only when it dries and iscattered by currents of air that it is dun-

gerous. The prevalent belief that consumption is hereditary is due to the fact that the children of consumptives are more than others exposed to the tubercle bacilli, which flad the way to their lungs from handkerchiefe, carpets, floors court has enlarged the term for two weeks and the clothing of the sillicted parent. It is connected to be likely that the child may in herit a weak condition of the lungs, which renders it more liable than another to enccumb, but it is now known that the disease itself can be caused only by the entrance of

the germ into the body. It may enter otherwise than by way of the lungs. It may be transmitted by meat or m ik from animals suffering from tuberculosis The milk of cowe whose lungs are affected often contains the living tubercle bacillus, and the need of caution in the purchase of milk is emphasized by the fact that 20 or 30 per cent of stall-fed cows have the disease. Boiling the milk and throughly cooking the meat destroys the gorms, and this is a precaution that should never be omitted when there is any reasons to suspect one's milk or heaf sup-

Consumption is, however, as a rule, communicated from man to man through the medium of the pernicious dust whose origin we have described. To prevent the forma-tion of this dust by preventing the drying of the expectorations of consumptive persons is, therefore, the only effective means of pre-venting the extension of consumption to those about the patient and of curing the patient himself. The patient may diminish his chances of recovery by self-inoculation if he neglects the proper procention.

What then, is to be done? Only thisto hurn the spittle of the consumptive person before it has time to dry. Handkerchiefs should be boiled very soon after being used by a consumptive person; in his hands they are extremely dangerous articles. Expecto ration on the floor or porch should not of course be thought of for a moment. In a word the cure and prevention of consumption lie in jealous and uninterrupted personal cleanliness.

St. John, N.B., July 12 .- Canadians working in the sardine canning factories at Lubec. Maine, have been compelled to leave, the foreign labor contract law being unmercifully enforced. Lubec is close to the New Brunswick border. Many Americans are working on this side of the line, and people here cannot see why they should enjoy a privilege denied to our workmen in United States territory.

CORNWALL, Oat., July 10 .- Fred Higgs an employee of the Cornwall Manufacturing Co., was employed in running a machine called an "extractor," when, unnoticed by any of the employees around him, he fell into the backet of the machine which was making 1,000 revolutions per minute. His right arm was torn out at the elbow, his collar hone broken and his face and head badly dent, but he never regained consciousness.



THE MOST DISTRESSING FORMS OF SKIN and scalp diseases, with loss of hair, from infancy to old age, are speedily, economically and permanently cured by the CUTICHER REMEDIES, when all other emidics and methods fall.

Curicura, the great Skin Cure, and Curicura Soar,

CUTICERA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICERA SOAF, an exquisit o Skin Beautifier, prepared from it, externally and CUTICURA RESTAURNT, the new Blood Purifier, internally, cure every form of skin and blood diaease from piany less to scrotula.

Soid everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 750; SOAP, 350; RESIGNENT, \$1.50. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., HOSTON, MASS.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

Pimples, blackheads, chapped and oily skin TA

Relief in one minute, for all pains and weak-ness, in Curreura Arri-Pain Plantes, the only pain-killing plaster. 30c. 50th

THE FURY OF THE ELEMENTS.

Wind, Rain, Hall and Lightning Create Bavoc in Many States-Life and Property Lost.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, July 15—A windstorm, which mearly demolished the village of Princeton, Butler County, came about 4 n'clock yesterday afternoon. Before reaching Princeton it blew the roof off the barn of Joseph Stinson, throwing it into a cornfield some distance away. The dwelling house of Findlay Whitehead, in Princeton, was carried away and his wagon-making shop, near by, was demolished. The large brick school building in the village was tern down to the foundation and a rafter was carried 200 yards by the wind and lodged in the top of a tree, while the desky and other furniture were scattered in every direction and the elackement shop and barn of Gus Kinnear were both levelled to the ground. The houses of John Senharf, Rose Miller and Stephen C areson were completely wracked. The case and corn crop were ruined and the village was deluged with water. The destruction at Prince-ton occurred in twenty minutes. The storm was accompanied by heavy rain. The home-less families were taken in by neighbors whose homes escaped the fury of the tempers. EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 15—This city was

visited by a heavy rain and wind atorn yester-day afternoon which did much danage. About 10 o'clock last night, when the nower at the electric station for street illumination was turned on, numerous wires which had been blown down charged buildings and pools of water in the streets with electricity. Fire a foot high was emitted in places, cau-ing an alarm to be sounded. The fire department responded and being unware of the condition of things, rushed into what was almost certain death. Horses and firemen alike were knocked down with electricity. Others rushed into the build-

ing that was apparently on fire, only to be thrown violently down.

A messenger hastened to the station and had the electric power shut off, and then the work of rescuing began. A dozen or more were found unconscious, but their lives were saved

by laying them upon the wet ground. Several fictures are yet in a precarious condition.

Baltimore, July 15.—Several lives are reported lost, cattle drowned and farm buildings and crops destroyed by the terrible storm that sword over Baltimore, Harford and Carroll counties yesterday afternoon, The rainfall was the heaviest on record, and reports received to-day tell of heavy washouts along the Maryland Central rational and other lines. Farmers who witnessed the des ructive downlour of water called it a cloud-burst. In less than five minutes exert a stream in the storm-covered section was a raging flood, sweeping away bridges and flooding the farm lands. Moore's run bridges, a small structure on the Philadelphia road, was carried entirely away. Loss of life and preperty are also reported from this

INCIDENTS OF THE STORM.

George Lingsfielder, a farmer, and his wife who lived just east of the run, are reported to

have been swept away with the bridge.

A large number of the market people were coming in on the Philadelphia road just as the storm broke. Two waggons were going down hill to cross the bridge over Mocre's run. Mrs. Otto Seifiert was in the first waggon and seeing that the creek was greatly swollen by the storm attempted to cross the bridge. but his water came down the ravine with such force that Mrs. Seiffert was thrown from her seat, and the waggon and horse were washed past her. A stump of a tree, floating in the water, struck her, and she grasped an overhanging limb and ching to it until rescued by George Aline. When Quille Cunningham saw the atorm

coming he harnessed his team and drove it up refere his door. Mr. and Mrs Cunningham only had time to run out of the house and drive away. The house was nearly demolished. Other farmers were heavy loaers. In a few minutes the appearance of the country was entirely changed. Fifteen bridges in the flooded district were destroyed. The total losses in Baltimore county are estimated at over \$5,000. Pangor [Me., July 15.—One of the most

violent thunderstorms that ever passed over this section occurred Saturday night. Lightning was incoseant and the thunder heavy. A barn at Hermon, owned by Mrs. Hughes and used by F. H Small, was struck by lightning and burned, with four horses, four cows, twelve tons hay and farming tools. The house of Bradley Patten, at Hampton was struck and burned to the ground with all its contests. the ground, with all its contents. The family escaped. A bed in the bouse of Arthur York received a bolt and three posts were shattered. Several trees were struck.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 15.—The tanks of the Consolidated Oil company in this city were struck by lightning yesterday and destroyed by the resulting fire. Loss \$75,000; insured,
DECATUR, Ills., July 15.—A heavy rain and windstorm passed over this city yesterday.
One house was struck by lightning, two houses were unroofed, and the roof was taken off a days at the control of the days at the days a

drug store. The damage to crops was consider LEMARS, Is., July 15—A terrible hallstorm passed over this city Saturday night. Its path was about 14 miles long and two wide. In the city it destroyed thousands of windows and every garden. Many farmers lost their entire

HARRISONBURG, Va., July 15.-This section was visited last evening by a severe hall and rain storm, doing much damage in parts of the country. Corn is ruined and the land badly

LANGASTER, Pa., July 15. - Storms in Lancaster and Lebanon counties Saturday greatly damaged crops. Many bridges were carried

It is said that the St. Paul, Minnesota & Maultobs people are backing the scheme of building a road between Duluth and Winnipeg. This corporation will build the Manitoba section.

WINDSOR, Ont., July 13 .- Thomas Johnson, the negro in Sandwich jail awaiting trial for killing his young stepson, seems to have purposed to starve himself to death. He refuses all kinds of food and has eaten nothing

Dr. HARVEY'S SOUTHERN

since last Tuesday.

For Coughs and Colds is the most reliables.