ROW BETWEEN PRELATES

DIFFICULTY OVER A QUESTION OF PRECEDENCE.

Ecclesiastical Circles in Montreal Stirred Up by an Incident of Laval University Opening—The Vice-Rector Resigns—Demers to be Tried Again—Mr. Tarte on Education in Quebec.

Montreal, Oct. 10.—There is a tempest in ecclesiastical circles over an unfortunate incident that took place in conection with the Laval University inauguration. Mgr. Laflamme is rector of Laval, and Rev. Abbe Proulx vice-rector, and when the demonstration in question was mooted it was supposed that the famous scientist from Quebec would preside, yet such was not the case. Rev. Mr. Proulx is alleged to have said that if Mgr. Laflamme presided it might be taken to mean that Quebec was still in the ascendent, and this could not be permitted by the great metropolis. Mgr. Laflamme, of course, thought that if he was good enough to be rector in Quebec he was good enough in Montreal, and the two gentlemen had quite a wordy scrap over the matter. It was suggested as a compromise that Mgr. Laflamme occupy a seat among the guests, but this he refused to do and left the city the same afternoon, considerably disgusted at the action of the Montrealers. In the meantime the vice-rectorship is vacant, Rev. Abbe Proulx having resigned some time ago, such resignation to take effect at the opening of the new university. It is believed Rev. Canon Bruchesi of the Archbishop's palace will be soon appointed vice-rector of Laval.

Demers to be Tried Again.

Napoleon Demers will have to stand another trial for the alliged murder of his wife and the accused will not be allowed out on bail. Such was Judge Wurtele's decision this morning, his honor remarking that Demers would not have to wait long, as the next criminal term will lopen Nov. 2.

Tarte to Join Laurier.

All of Mr. Tarte's writings seem to indicate that the member for L'Islet is making ready with all haste to accompany his chief to Ontario. "As a matter of fact," says Mr. Tarte, "our system of elementary education is in a deplorable state, not only from a religious but from a laymen's point of view. The official recognition of this startling fact at the recent meeting of the school inspectors at St. Hyacinthe was but lifting the corner of the veil which hides the real cause of so many national humiliations.

Notes.

Hon. L. P. Pelletier, ex-Mayor Fremont and Mr. Migner arrived to-day as a delegation from the Ontario depositors of the Banque du Peuple. These gentlemen will look over the directors' policy and if they report favorably, it is quite likely that the depositors in the Quebec district will agree to accept deposit receipts with the rest.

Hon. J. A. Chapleau, Hon. G. A. Nantel, Dr. Lachapelle, M.P., Prefontaine, M.P., and others have gone to St. Agathe, Terre Bonne County, to open a fish and game club, established on an island called Chapleau.

Hon. Mr. Angers appeared this evening at Mr. McDonnell's meeting and was warmly received by his Conservative friends.

The Methodist Mission Board to-day elected the following executive: Rev. Drs. Briggs, Williams, Ryckman, Kettlewell, Potts, S. J. Shorey, Langford, Griffin and W. Henderson, with the following laymen: Messrs. D. J. Maclaren, Q.C., W. F. Hull, E. Gurney, A. J. Dunby, G. A. Cox, W. Bowman, W. H. Massey and John Mann.

LAURIER AND ROSS.

The Liberal Tourists Warmly Received in Brockville—Trade Matters and Manitoba Schools.

Brockville, Oct. 10.—Probably the most enthusiastic reception accorded Mr. Laurier on his Ontario tour was given him in Brockville to-day. The principal streets were profusely decorated with flags and bunting. A grand procession escorted him to the Opera House and Victoria Hall, where meetings were held, instead of in the open air, as the Liberal leader did not want to run chances of spoiling his voice. Mr. Laurier was presented with a complimentary address from the Liberal Association.

Hon. G. W. Ross spoke in Victoria Hall in the afternoon and in the Opera House this evening. His speech was on the trade question, increase in the national debt, the increase of taxation and decrease in population, and expressed his views that these features were not conducive to the best interests of Canada.

Mr. Laurier's Speech.

Mr. Laurier confined himself almost solely to the Manitoba school question. He very strongly condemned the Government's policy of interference without investigation as unpatriotic and likely to create race and creed dissensions. He referred very particularly to the utterances of the Ministerial press in saying he was afraid to give his views on this question, and claimed if that were the case he was unworthy of the position of leader of the Liberal party. He said that for three years he had maintained the same position on the Manitoba school question and always spoke the same in Quebec as he did in Ontario. The Government's policy he characterized as two-faced—one for Ontario and another for Quebec—and while the electors of Vercheres were assured that the remedial order meant immediate interference and the restoration of separate schools to Manitoba, at the same time in Haldimand the idea was scoffed at and the Government's action said to be simply one of reference to the Manitoba Government to settle the question themselves. It was not a question whether the Government had a right to interfere and pass remedial legislation. To him it was quite clear by the provisions of the B.N.A. Act that they had. The question was, was interference necessary? Could not the question be settled in an amicable way with Manitoba without coercion? While the law on the matter was clear the facts were not. For this reason he took the stand that investigation into the facts was necessary. He was quite ready to support Sir Mackenzie Bowell in the appointment of the commission of enquiry, and if they had any other better mode of arriving at a settlement, the Government would have his hearty support. He said the Government's action was hasty and unadvised. For his own part, if the minority of Manitoba wanted separate schools he would like to see them have them on just the same basis as the Protestant minority of Quebec and the Catholic minority of Ontario. But he had enough faith in the generous nature of Canadians to believe that, if such a restoration was for the best interests and good will of the people of Manitoba, even the opponents of separate schools would grant them. He dealt very lightly with trade questions. He condemned protection and advocated tariff for revenue only.

Other Speeches.

Attorney-General Longley of Nova Scotia made a short but pointed speech in which he spoke strongly against existing combines in Canada under the N.P. He advocated freer Government of the people, for the people, by the people.

John White, M.P. for Megantic, also spoke, and gave some interesting information in regard to the friendly relations of the two races in Quebec Province. The feeling in Quebec over the Manitoba school question was not as had been represented. Only extremists were clamoring for Manitoba to get separate schools, but the number was small and in the minority.

HER MONEY EVERYWHERE

Thousands of Dollars Found Secreted About the House in Which Mrs. Sarah Coolidge Died.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 10.—Mrs. Sarah Coolidge, a widow, 75 years old, who has for years lived at No. 934 Massachusetts-avenue, Cambridge, died Tuesday evening of apoplexy. She has been considered eccentric and was thought to be comfortably well off, but not wealthy. Four female servants, the only persons she would allow permanently around the house, were present when she was stricken, and she died before Dr. Chase, who had been summoned, arrived at her home.

Immediately upon her death Ald. Cutter of Cambridge, who for years has acted as her agent in her real estate transactions, was summoned, also the undertaker and two women friends of the deceased.

The body was prepared for burial, and then it was that startling discoveries were made. Secreted about her person and in pockets of other dresses, pieces of bric-a-brac, vases and closets, were found many thousands of dollars in gold coin and in bills of large denominations. In fact, the money was placed in every conceivable location, and in most every case where an ordinary person would not secrete wealth.

Twenty thousand dollars were thus found, and in one case a package of bills amounting to $3800 was found in a handbag. Then the searching party accidentally stumbled upon a number of deposit books in banks and savings institutions, which showed that she had many thousands of dollars on deposit.

In addition to the money it was found that she had a very extensive and costly wardrobe. Elegant and valuable dresses that had never been worn were hung up in closets or laid on tables and dressers.

For 30 years she has lived alone in this house, with the exception of the servants, having about that time secured a divorce from her husband, James Coolidge, now dead. It is estimated that she was worth more than $1,000,000.

JIMMY WALL GOES FREE.

The Hamilton Shooting Affray of June Last Investigated at the Assize Court Yesterday.

Hamilton, Oct. 10.—At the Assizes to-day James Wall was tried for shooting James Neelon, with intent to do bodily harm on June 28 last. Colin McDougall of St. Thomas was crown prosecutor, and the prisoner was defended by G. S. Lynch-Stanton. John O'Connor, the principal witness, told of how he and his brother had accompanied Neelon into Wall's saloon on Stuart-street, and shortly afterward a young man named Roach came in. The latter and Wall got into an argument. Neelon threw down a two dollar bill and receiving only 80 cents change asked Wall for one dollar more. Wall said Neelon had given him only a dollar bill. The argument was kept up, and Wall shot Neelon through the abdomen, and threatened to shoot the others if they didn't leave the hotel.

The defence was that the affair was accidental. John Pearson said he heard a row in the saloon, saw Wall go out to the sidewalk to look for a policeman. When he returned he took the revolver from behind the bar and pointing it toward the crowd ordered them out. They rushed at Wall, evidently to take the weapon from him and in the scuffle it exploded.

The jury considered the case till 6.10 to-night and brought in a verdict of not guilty.

The Disposal of Sewage.

Ald. Morris, chairman of the special committee on the disposal of sewage, has received a letter from Engineer Kinchling, the Rochester expert, engaged to report on the present method of disposing of the sewage, saying that he is ready to discuss the question with the committee and he will be here next Tuesday.

To Purchase the Wanzer Property.

At a meeting of the Board of Education this evening it was almost unanimously resolved to purchase the Wanzer property for $20,000 as a site for the new Collegiate Institute and Ontario Normal School, the Bank of British North America havein goffered to ish North America having offered to $25,000 as originally asked.

Civic Affairs.

At the meeting of the water works committee this evening Ald. Watkins showed that the arrears for taxes, sewer rates, local improvement rates and water rates amounted to $113,892.

It was resolved that the proposed action of the Trades and Labor Council to endeavor to have legislation enacted prohibiting municipalities granting exemptions to manufacturers be endorsed. A special meeting will be held to discuss exemptions.

No action was taken regarding the taking of a census. It was resolved that the city solicitor be instructed to give the necessary notice to the effect that the city council intends to apply for legislation at the next session of the legislature in conection with the charter of the Hamilton Gas Light Company.

Mayor Stewart gave notice of a motion to have the chairmen of the respective committees make out their estimates for the year not later than December 1.

Notes.

Engineer Haskins has recommended that the city sell to the T., H. & B. the land adjoining the reservoir it requires for its right of way at a fair price.

Hanson Bros., the Montreal brokers, are also making inquiries about debentures the city may want to sell.

Ald. Hannaford says he is serving his last year in the Council. He has definitely made up his mind to retire.

Mayor Stewart announced this morning his intentions of being a Mayoralty candidate in the coming elections.

SHORTIS' TRIAL.

The Prisoner's Sweetheart to Testify in His Behalf To-day.

Beauharnois, Que., Oct. 10.—The monotonous task of translating the Irish commission into French to the jury sitting on the Shortis murder case was completed at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The prisoner's old sweetheart arrived here in company with her mother yesterday afternoon, and will be placed in the witness box to-morrow to testify in behalf of her old lover. She will also tell her relations with him.

Mrs. Shortis is still very ill and confined to her bed from the strain upon her nerves.

Grens' Drill and Church Parade

The Royal Grenadiers, under the command of Lieut.-Col. Mason, paraded at the Armoury last night, 485 strong, and marched by way of Simcoe and King-streets to the Upper Canada College grounds. The return march was made by way of King and Yonge-streets. Next Sunday the regiment will parade at 2.40 p.m. for divine service in All Saints' Church by way of Queen and Sherbourne-streets, returning by Sherbourne, Carlton, Yonge and Queen.

Suing the Canadian Government.

Duluth, Minn., Oct. 10.—Some time ago Canadian officials confiscated a lot of nets belonging to the Arion Fish Company, at Lake Nemakinaw and fired on and arrested some of the men employed by the company on the ground that they were trespassing in Canadian waters. The fish company has begun suit against the Canadian Government to recover heavy damages. The waters in which the trouble took place are disputed by United States and Canada.

CANADIAN DEVELOPMENT

PRINCIPAL GRANT DECLARES IMPERIAL UNION NECESSARY.

If Canada Would Aid in Supporting Imperial Defence, Set an Example of Commercial Freedom and Purify Her Politics, Her Development Would be Assured, Says the Principal.

The Rev. Principal Grant, D.D., of Queen's College, Kingston, last evening delivered the first of a series of lectures under the auspices of the Y. W.C. Guild. The subject of his address, "Canadian Development," was treated in thoughtful and patriotic style, and he insisted strongly upon the necessity for organization among Canadians in order to bring about Imperial Union and secure Canadian political development along the present progressive lines. Dr. Milligan presided over an audience of moderate size.

National Solidarity Not Assumed.

"Ever since Confederation in 1867," said the principal, "there have always been people in Canada declaring that something extraordinary would happen and we are always on the eve of a crisis. No such discussions with regard to the future take place anywhere but in Canada, and I think the explanation is that everywhere but in the Dominion national solidarity is assumed, and the sooner we do it here the better. Everywhere else it is believed that the past has settled something and that society evolves in accordance with the laws of continuity.

"I believe that Britain adopted a generous policy when, in 1774, she allowed the French Canadians to develop according to their own genius. By this decision the habitant was made the nucleus of the Canadian people, and no future can be accepted by us which does not commend itself to him. I see nothing wrong with the tithe system in Quebec so long as the people desire it. Britain was right in accepting the Quebec civil law, for it was what the habitants had been accustomed to and is better than our own. If they had not retained their language unscrupulous adventurers would have played upon them. Dual language is no bar to union. I do not blame the French Canadians for their French sympathies. They have with their blood proved their loyalty to Canada. We cannot force them to cleave to us.

French-Canadians.

"A number of people think the French Canadians are not as good as we are. They have, however, given us our most famous sculptor, our two best painters, our best historian in Frechette, our greatest poet, and in public life I would ask, has Ontario given six such public men of the higher type as Cartier, Dorion, Masson, Angers, Joly and Laurier? I admire Angers for giving up position when right dictated. The mass of the French Canadians are, on the whole, a fine class of people."

Should Support the Navy.

The Principal sketched Canadian advance in constitutional government up to and after Confederation and pointed out the power exercised by the Dominion in foreign affairs.

"Who are the statesmen we delight to honor? They are the men whose aim was to cement the ties binding us to the motherland. I am not satisfied with the present condition of things because the great burden of the empire falls wholly on Englishmen, Scotchmen and Irishmen and I shall not be comfortable until we take the next step and show ourselves willing to pay our share towards maintaining a fleet on condition that in the event of war that fleet protects our coasts and is under our control. We have not done our duty. Our people clamor about English gunboats going into the Behring Sea, but do they know that other people pay every cent of the money?

Partisanship a Hindrance.

"The National Policy has prevented us from taking the first step. It has thrown a dark shadow over our future. With this one exception the evolution of Canada has been towards a definite and nobler end.

"The experience of the past warns us against revolutionary proposals. Our first duty is to insit upon honest government. It is needed in municipal, where the corrupt state of affairs is that Canadians are drunken with provincial and federal matters. The partisanship.

"I know the feeling of those who wish for secession because they have not the right of full citizenship. I see no reason why separation should be the fruit of all our sacrifices. All my aspirations are bound up with the welfare of my native land. I am a Canadian more intensely than ever. Why should my Canadianism cause me to renounce the larger part of my citizenship to destroy the truest engine of peace and righteousness the world has ever seen—the British empire. Britain's standing alone could not retain her influence in the councils of the nation. 'We never can part with Canada or Australia,' said Lord Rosebery, 'except under a strain of anguish and agony, which would break up the empire.' He is right.

What Canada Must Do

"Our function is to purify our public life from corruption; to set an example to this continent of commercial freedom, political vigor, industrial peace, religious unity, and public education, co-extensive with the public; to preserve our national honor against pressure from without and sapping and mining from within; to prove that the Mother Country did well to trust Canada at the outset; to prove that Canada shall be one of the agents to weld the link binding into an honorable unity mother and eldest daughter. If an outlook such as this can be realized—the development of Canada—then all the sacrifices of successive generations will have served a sufficient purpose in the upward and onward striving of the races."

Tuberculous Cattle Killed.

Oswego, N.Y., Oct. 10.—The State Inspector has killed 23 head of cattle belonging to Byron Jenkins, a farmer living near here. All the animals were infected with tuberculosis. One week ago the inspector killed ten head of cattle owned by George Griswold, proprietor of the adjoining farm. Butchers who saw the infected cattle after they were killed say they have killed cattle having the same appearance and that the carcasses have been sold for beef.

Skipped Out and Will Pay for It.

One year ago Walter Keller was fined $50 and costs on each of two convictions for illegally selling liquor. He was given time to pay his fine and skipped in the meantime. Yesterday he returned and soon afterwards fell into the hands of Precinct Detective Forrest, who took him to headquarters. In default of payment of the fine he will spend the next six months in jail.

Great Auction To-morrow.

A very large and valuable assortment of household goods, pianos, table and bed linens, carpets, etc., takes place to-morrow morning at 167 Yonge-street near Queen-street. Mr. Charles M. Henderson will conduct the sale.

Wisconsin's Population.

Madison, Wis., Oct. 10.—The official compilation gives Wisconsin a total population of 1,937,915, a gain since 1890 of 251,035.

To Arrest Scorchers.

Detective Davis is the first member of the Headquarters detective staff to purchase a wheel. He is in training for an active campaign after scorchers.

DICKINSON, NOT BAYARD.

Said to Have Worked the Game of Bounce in the Sackville-West Matter in 1888.

Washington, Oct. 10.—A local paper discussing the Sackville-West pamphlet, says: "It was not Mr. Bayard, but Don M. Dickinson who was accredited with bringing the Murchison letter episode to such a tart and vigorous end. Mr. Bayard, according to report, was pacific throughout until obliged to speak for the President and the Administration. Mr. Dickinson was the man to bounce in that transaction. There was as much anti-English sentiment in Michigan along the Canadian border as in Irish circles in New York and Mr. Dickinson was promising a large Democratic majority to the President that year. He it was, as report had it, who insisted that Lord Sackville should promptly receive his passports, and when the same demand came also from New York the President yielded. In support of this it is pointed out that Mr. Bayard has always been most friendly to England and particularly since the affair in question. Of course, when the Cabinet decreed Lord Sackville's dismissal, Mr. Bayard, as the official spokesman, must acquit himself of his task with spirit and emphasis, and that he did. Mr. Dickinson, on the other hand, was anti-English then, and is anti-English now. He is classed as a jingo. He was opposed to the landing of the English at Corinto and he entertains very advanced views about the Monroe doctrine. The whole proceeding, which terminated in Lord Sackville's humiliation, was in accord with the Dickinsonian view of how the United States should deal with English interference with American views."

PEACE IN MADAGASCAR.

Antanariva Fell on Sept. 30—A French General Appointed Governor.

Paris, Oct. 10.—The war office has received a despatch from Andriba, under date of Oct. 9, stating that Antananariva, the capital of Madagascar, was taken by the French troops on Sept. 30. This despatch further says that the Queen of Madagascar has made peace with the French, and General Metsinger has been nominated as Governor of Antananariva.

The Autorite mentions rumors which it says are traceable to the war office, where despatches from Antananariva are being withheld from the public, to the effect that General Duchesne, commanding the French expedition in Madagascar, was compelled to treat with the Hova Government in consequence of his having arrived before the capital totally without provisions and having learned that the natives would burn the city and ravage the country if the French did not come to terms.

A Brilliant Action.

General Duchesne has informed the War Office by telegraph that Antananariva was occupied by the French expedition under his command after a brilliant action.

President Faure has responded to the telegram by apointing General Duchesne a grand officer of the Legion of Honor.

The Government will strike a Madagascar medal for the troops who took part in the campaign against the Hovas.

The Conditions of Peace.

The Temps says the condition of peace agreed upon by the French expedition in Madagascar and the Hova Government provide that a rigorous French protectorate shall be maintained, Madagascar not to be annexed by France, however, and the reign of the Queen to be maintained. The Prime Minister, who is the husband of the Queen, is to be exiled. The Hova Governmental organization is to be retained, but under terms ensuring exclusive French control.

Origin of the Trouble.

France and Madagascar have been at loggerheads for more than ten years, chiefly over the right of the Government of Madagascar to act independently of the French resident in granting exequaturs to foreign consular agents and Consuls. According to the French, by the treaty of December, 1895, the French resident with a military guard of French troops was to reside at the capital, and control the foreign relations of Madagascar, making the island to all intents and purposes a French protectorate. The Government of Madagascar has all along denied that the treaty gave France the rights she claimed, holding that M. Le Myre De Vilers, the French diplomatic agent, in 1887, entered into an engagement with Madagascar on behalf of France, to the effect that the exequaturs of Consuls and consular agents should be given in the future as in the past by the Queen of Madagascar, and that the later treaty did not change the situation. Roughly speaking, on this question is based the dispute which led to disturbances during which the representatives of France were insulted by the populace and slighted by the Government of Madagascar; in addition, a number of Frenchmen were assassinated.

In September, 1894, matters finally reached such a state that M. Le Myre De Vilers was sent to Madagascar with an ultimatum from the French Government insisting, in substance, that France should control the foreign relations of Madagascar. The ultimatum was delivered to the Prime Minister, Pamilaiarivony, who is also the husband of the Queen, Ranavalona II. After several days of deliberation the Prime Minister rejected the ultimatum, saying that Madagascar would only submit to superior force. M. De Vilers and all the French agents thereupon returned to Tamatave, and France began making preparations to bring the Hovas, the predominant tribe of the island, to terms. In November last the French Minister for Foreign Affairs, M. Hanotaux, asked for a credit of 65,000,000 francs and 15,000 men for an expedition to Madagascar, and his request was promptly granted. The expedition, which was planned by Gen. Borgnis-Desbordes, left France in January under command of Gen. Duchesne. The insalubrity of the climate has proved a more dangerous foe to the invaders than the natives, and the capture of the Malagassy capital has been accomplished at great cost of life and health.

Alleged Swindle of Girls.

Buffalo, Oct. 10.—This morning A. J. Stirling was arrested charged with fraud. He is alleged to have swindled 15 young women. He advertised for dining-room girls and maids and applications were many. Stirling, the girls told the police, pretended to hire them to go to Passadena, Cal., to work in the Raymond House. He required from each a payment of $10 or $15 as a guarantee that they would go to California, and in payment for his services. The Raymond House was burned some time ago. Stirling, the police say, answers to the description given of a swindler who has worked a similar game in Syracuse, Toronto and other cities. He had $70 when searched at police headquarters. He owes a bill of $12 at the hotel.

Suing Commandant Booth for Libel.

Rev. Alfred, formerly brigadier, De Barritt, yesterday entered suit against Commandant H. H. Booth, claiming $5000 for alleged libel, contained in a letter written by Booth to an officer of the Salvation Army in England, soon after Barritt left the ranks of the army.

AD JOT .... ..N.. N ..N.. .. N..

A well-attended "At Home" was held by the congregation of St. Mark's, Parkdale, last night, in the Masonic Hall.

E. T. Daniels, Thomas Robertson and J. E. Belles, all of London, England, and T. H. Renton of Colombo, Ceylon, were among yesterday's arrivals at the Queen's.

O'NEILL'S FINE VIRGINIUS.

A Sumptuous Production of Sheridan Knowles' Old Tragedy at the Princess.

As often as the tale of "Virginius" has been played on a Toronto stage it still exerts a power over the playgoers of the city. Sheridan Knowles was a school master and a pedant, a man who wrote in stilted language and never once put an actual human utterance into the mouths of his characters, but he had the advantage of having a good story to tell. A critic setting in the Princess Theatre last night could see many spots where the more distinguished modern playwrights would give a thrilling natural touch to replace the platitudes which fall from Knowles' pen with such amazing frequency, but none of the modern playwrights tell so good a story.

It is the story that counts when all is said and done. The average playgoer is not sensitive to harmonies of expression nor is he thrilled by humanity and grace of treatment. He desires a good tale, dramatically told. And "Virginius" is a striking, though rather oppressive, story. The father who slew his daughter rather than yield her to the tyrant Appius and then went mad and fired Rome to rebellion was not stale as presented by Mr. James O'Neill last night. In fact, it seemed to hold the audience more completely than ever.

Mr. O'Neill has long been known as one of the foremost of romantic actors—handsome, vital and refined. He made a fortune out of the melodramatic Count of Monte Cristo, but in playing the Roman hero he most successfully dons an air of tragic dignity and is impressive and refined from first to last. The production he gives the play is most sumptuous. The scenery is beautiful and lightens the tragic gloom of the piece. There is one picture of rare grandeur when the mad Virginius stands in the moonlit forum, rigid and terrible, with the body of the strangled Claudius beneath his feet. Miss Florence Rockwell was an ideal Virginia. She is a Boston young lady who made her debut as Juliet two years ago as an amateur. So often has Virginia been played here by ladies of middle age and enbonpoint that it is refreshing to see one who is youthful and beautiful and maidenly. To her sweetness, Miss Rockwell has added a very pretty talent. In the balance of the support, Mr. Hallet Thompson is the only person of any account; he represented the voluptuary Appius excellently. "Monte Cristo" will be played to-night.

A Word About Manager Sheppard.

Manager Sheppard, deserves credit for keeping up the excellency of the attractions at the Grand Opera House. Probably never in the theatrical history of Toronto has such a uniform list of good attractions appeared at any theatre, as has been presented at the Grand this season. With such artists as Sol Smith Russell, Henry Irving, Ellen Terry and Salvini in the past and Lillian Russell next week Toronto can bear very favorable comparison with any city in America.

Next Week at the Toronto.

The Toronto Opera House will be the scene of much merriment next week, when "that funny little man" Barney Ferguson, who will be well remembered for his ludicrously grotesque acting on former visits, will make his reappearance in an up-to-date edition of "McCarthy's Mishaps." The piece is a farce-comedy, pure and simple, and is made up of ludicrous situations, comical climaxes, witty lines, catchy music and rapid action, and will be presented this season with perhaps the best company which Mr. Ferguson has ever had in his support, conspicuous among the many clever and well-known artists being Miss St. George Hussey, the Rhea Sisters and Miss Marguerite Fergusson. Matinees will be given on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Chicago Marine Band.

T. P. Brooke, conductor of the Chicago Marine Band, is regarded in Chicago as the greatest producer of popular music in this country. That is the kind of music the masses want to hear, and the kind they always did hear when P. S. Gilmore was with us. When this band plays here, on Monday week, many new and fetching numbers will be heard.

Reception to the Premier.

Dundas Banner.

The suggestion made in last week's Banner that a public reception should be tendered to Sir Oliver Mowat on the occasion of his return from his Old Country trip has been well received. The Guelph Mercury says that "the veteran Premier is worthy of the honor, and his moderate course has been such that to no other man in public life could a non-partizan reception be given with better grace." The Mail-Empire is also in favor of some such mark of public appreciation. The Globe favors the proposal and remarks that "all Ontario may justly pride itself on the high character and attainments of the man whom it has kept for a generation at the head of its affairs," and that "the graceful act suggested would not be without precedent, receptions of a non-political character having been tendered before now to Sir Oliver, to the late Sir John Thompson, and to others whose position, character and abilities were deemed worthy of recognition without regard to political differences." The Hamilton Times sees no reason for Conservatives holding back from such a reception, and says, that "in any case the Liberals can bestow appropriate honors upon their Grand Old Man." Added to all this is a letter from J. P. Whitney, one of the leading Conservatives in the Ontario Legislature, warmly approving of the idea on the ground that Sir Oliver has been for many years at the head of the Government of Ontario, that he is the leader of one of the two great political parties in the province, and that he is its first citizen. "Speaking as one of his political opponents," writes Mr. Whitney, "I earnestly hope that the suggestion will be carried out."

The suggestion of a reception having been so favorably received, the next thing is the fixing of a date. Why not make it on the 31st of this month, seeing that it was on the 31st October, 1872, that Sir Oliver was called upon to be Attorney-General of the province, a position which he has held with marked success ever since. This would bring the reception on the 23rd anniversary of his accession to office. By that time, Sir Oliver, who has returned from his trip, wuld have had time to take up the broken threads of the business of his office and be ready for a handshake from his many friends.

Unequalled—Mr. Thomas Brunt, Tyendinaga, Ont., writes: "I have to thank you for recommending Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for bleeding piles. I was troubled with them for nearly 15 years, and tried almost everything I could hear or think of. Some of them would give me temporary relief, but none would effect a cure. I have now been free from the distressing complaint for nearly 18 months. I hope you will continue to recommend it."

Corn Yielded Well.

Washington, Oct. 10.—The October returns to the Statistician of the Department of Agriculture make the general condition of corn 96.5 per cent., against 96.4 for the month of September.

Harrison Has Lost Ground.

Indianapolis, Oct. 10.—It is claimed that, as a result of the recent municipal election, General Harrison will not be able to secure a solid delegation to the next National Republican convention from Indiana.

These two desirable qualifications, pleasant to the taste and at the same time effectual, are to be found in Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. Children like it.

Your Feet AND Our Shoes

Make a comfortable and sightly combination. For what are shoes, unless they are comfortable? The grade of shoes we sell is both comfortable and stylish. But the points on which we lay most stress are

The Way They Are Made And the Way They Wear.

We do not sell "cheap-made" shoes. Nor do we sell shoes with questionable stock in them. Ours give satisfaction always.

If you are weary of wearing shoddy—corn-giving—ill-fitting shoes—see us.

Men's Wear.
Women's Wear.
Boys' Wear.
Misses' Wear.
Child's Wear.

All styles and shapes, and all constructed with the same high ideal of what footwear should be.

The Clapp Shoe Co. 212, YONGE ST.

"Diamond Hall."

"Pencil-Cases"

As evidence of the completeness of this season's stock, we might say we are showing OVER 100 DISTINCT STYLES OF PENCIL CASES.

The values offered make them almost cheap enough for LOANING purposes.

They include GOLD, SILVER, IVORY and VARIOUS DESIRABLE COMBINATIONS, and range in price from 60c to $15.00 each.

Make a note of these for the Christmas Times.

RYRIE BROS. Cor. Yonge and Adelaide-Sts.

Try Mail Ordering.

DENTISTRY.

H. A. GALLOWAY, DENTIST, 2½ Queen-ss.-best sets teeth only $8; painless extraction; crowning and bridging a specialty.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—FOUR ENERGETIC CITY canvassers of good appearance. Room 18, 118 Victoria-street.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SECOND-HAND FIVE-LIGHT LANDAU in good condition, for sale cheap. Matthew Guy, 129 Queen-street east.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

H. S. MARA, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, 5 Toronto-street. Evenings, 589 Jarvis-street.

FINANCIAL.

LARGE AMOUNT OF PRIVATE funds to loan at 5½ per cent. Apply Maclaren, Macdonald, Merritt & Shepley, 28-30 Toronto-street, Toronto.

A LARGE AMOUNT OF PRIVATE funds to loan at low rates. Read, Read & Knight, solicitors, etc., 75 King-street east, Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES, life endowments and other securities. Debentures bought and sold. James C. McGee, Financial Agent, 5 Toronto-street.

BILLIARDS.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES—WE have a large stock in beautiful designs, fitted with our patent steel cushions, or club cushions, as desired, also full-size English Billiard Tables with the extra low quick English cushions; can also furnish at low figures good second-hand tables. Our stock of ivory and composition balls, cloth, cues, etc., etc., is complete; also everything in the bowling alley line, such as balls, pins, marking boards, swing cushions, etc. Estimates given for alleys on application. Send for catalog and terms to Samuel May & Co., 68 King-street west, Toronto, Ont.

HOTELS.

GRAND UNION HOTEL, ORILLIA, Ont., close to G.T.R. Station. Terms $1 per day. W. W. Robinson, proprietor.

RICHARDSON HOUSE, CORNER KING and Spadina, Toronto, near railroads and steamboats; $1.50 per day; from Union Station take Bathurst-street car to door. S. Richardson, prop.

HOTEL DE WINDSOR, GRAVENhurst—This hotel is only five minutes' walk from G.T.R. Depot and about the same from Muskoka Wharf, making it a delightful home for summer tourists. There are also large and airy bedrooms and the best sample rooms for travelers north of Toronto. The hotel is lighted throughout with electricity. Rates $1.50 to $2 per day. D. B. LaFrance, prop.

THE DOMINION HOTEL, HUNTSville—Rates $1 per day. First-class accommodation for travelers and tourists. Large and well-lighted sample rooms. This hotel is lighted throughout with electricity. J. A. Kelly, prop.

THE LEADER. McPHERSON 186 YONGE-ST. Oct. 11, '95.

McPHERSON Shoes Above Competition.

This is the proud distinction we have worked for and our Shoes have won.

SHOEMEN

from all parts of the country recognize McPherson as THE leader of the Canadian shoe trade, and pronounce his efforts in getting up Stylish Shoes at Low Cost phenomenally successful.

These popular Shoes for Men are on exhibition in our South Window. A glance at the prices reveals cheapness ASTOUNDING in the present state of the leather market.

The fashionable young men of the city are going wild over McPherson's Patent Leathers in Button and Lace at $5. New York and Boston shoe men assess you $3 for similar goods.

Bootblack always ready to "shine up" your shoes free of charge.

GEORGE McPHERSON, FASHIONABLE SHOES FOR MEN, 186 Yonge-Street. Open daily till 6.30 p.m. Open Saturday nights.

Gloves

Special purchase of Men's English Doeskin Gloves, taffeta silk linings, $1 per pair, worth $1.50.
2-Stud Mocha $1.50.
2-Buttoned French Kid 75c, worth $1. Storey's Balfour $1. Dents' 2-Stud $1.35. Men's Cashmere 35c and 50c. Men's Knit Gloves 25c and 50c. Boys' Knit Gloves 25c.

DIXON'S, Men's Furnishers and Hatters, 65 and 67 King-St. West.

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOFORTE AND ORGAN TUNING and repairing. R. H. Dalton, 29 McGill-street. Send postcard orders.

VETERINARY.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE. Temperance-street, Toronto, Canada. Session 1895-96 begins October 16th.

ART.

J. W. L. FORSTER, PUPIL OF MONS. Bougereau. Portraits in Oil, Pastel, etc. Studio, 81 King-street east.

STORAGE.

STORAGE — BEST AND CHEAPEST IN city. Lester Storage Co., 359 Spadina-avenue.

OCULIST.

DR. W. E. HAMILL—DISEASES EYE, ear, nose and throat. Room 11, James Building, N. E. Cor. King and Yonge-Sts. Hours 10 to 1, 3 to 5.

OPTICIAN.

PROF. CHAMBERLAIN, EYE SPECialist, 87 King-street east. Home every Monday.

BAILIFF.

L. J. WILLIAMS, BAILIFF AND VALUator. 124 Victoria-st. Phone 1167.

GOODS WANTED.

ALWAYS USEFUL—MONEY FOR baby carriages, cots, cradles, carpets, oilcloths, furniture, stoves, folding beds, desks, chairs, etc., you're not being; complete contents of houses purchased for cash; send postcard. Taylor, 275 Queen west.

MEDICAL.

"DOWNTOWN OFFICES" OF DRS. NATHERS, Henwood & Temple, Jane Building, N.E. corner King and Yonge-streets.

DR. COOK—THROAT, LUNGS, CONsumption, bronchitis and catarrh specially. 12 Carlton-street, Toronto.

PROF. PETTERSON'S HEALTH RESTorer, cures Rheumatism, Headache, Catarrh, Stomach, Kidney, Liver and Bowel Complain, Blood and Skin diseases; manufactured and sold at 381 Queen west; sold at leading druggists.

EDUCATIONAL.

BARKER'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL, cor. Yonge and Bloor, the place for Stenographers. Circulars free.

CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, Toronto—Canada's Greatest Commercial School. Shaw & Elliott, Principals.

MISS MARY E. MATHEWS, TEACHer of Elocution and Physical Culture. Toronto College of Music, 99 Gloucester-street, Toronto.

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS College, corner College and Spadina. No better place in Canada for acquiring a real genuine business or shorthand education. Terms moderate. Live and let live.

LEGAL CARDS.

KILMER & IRVING, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 10 King-street west, Toronto. George H. Kilmer, W.H. Irving.

CLARKE, BOWES, HILTON & SWAbey, Barristers, Solicitors, etc., James Building, 75 Yonge-street. J. B. Clarke, Q.C., R. H. Bowes, F. A. Hilton, Charles Swabey, E. Scott Griffin, H. L. Watt.

LOBB & BAIRD, BARRISTERS, SOLicitors, Patent Attorneys, etc., 9 Quebec Bank Chambers, King-street east, cor. Toronto-street, Toronto; money to loan. Arthur F. Lobb, James Baird.

WILLIAM M. HALL (LATE HALL & Kilmer, Toronto), law and real estate, Canadian patents handled in U.S. Offices 14 East Eagle-street, Buffalo, opp. Iroquois Hotel.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ARNOLD'S EXCLUSIVE GLOVE store—of every description, sold at manufacturers' prices; gloves to order a specialty. 256 Yonge.

MARCHMENT COMPANY, 103 VICtoria; Telephone 2841; Gravel Contractors, Sanitary Excavators and Manure Shippers.

AWNING TAKEN DOWN. D. PIKE, 157 King east. Tel. 1291.

FOR PURE, WHOLESOME MILK TRY the Oakland Dairy, 15 Lansdowne. Tel. 1620.

THE MISSES FORBER, FRENCH, American Dressmakers; best workmanship; very moderate terms. 124 Jarvis.

ENGLISH RIDING SCHOOL—RIDING taught in all its branches; pupils schooled carefully over jumps; tourists personally conducted around city on horseback at moderate charge. Apply 72 Wellesley-street.

THE TORONTO SUNDAY WORLD IS for sale at the Royal Hotel news stand, Hamilton.

NELSON R. BUTCHER & CO., CANada Life Building, Toronto; Shorthand Writers; Smith Premier Typewriters; Graphophones and Phonographs; Machines rented and supplies.

OAKVILLE DAIRY—