What is Scrofula

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which developes ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors." It is a more formidable enemy than consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How can it be cured? By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. For all affections of the blood Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled, and some of the cures it has effected are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula in any of its various forms, be sure to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

THE SPORTING WORLD.

A Well-Known Firstbaseman Catches a Leaden Ball.

BASEBALL.

Thos. Lynch, a well-known ball player, who had guarded first base at different times for clubs at Cincinnati, Hamilton, Ont., and Wilmington, Del., was shot through the breast Monday in a saloon row at Cohoes, N. Y. It is said he cannot recover.

THE LAST.

BROOKLYN, Oct. 28.—The world's championship series between the Brooklyn and Louisville teams came to an unexpected close this afternoon. Seven games have been played, each team winning three and one being a tie. The cold weather was too much for the players, and the series will be played off next spring. To-day's game was played before a few hundred shivering spectators. When a ball struck a player's hand it sounded like a pistol shot. Bligh was injured in the opening inning. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Louisville	6	8	4
Brooklyn	2	4	1

HIS GAME SUCCESSFUL.

Franklin, the manager of the Female Baseball Club, who left Cincinnati last spring with nothing except ten three-sheet posters and his gall, is back again. Now he is a sight for ye gods and men. When he shot athwart the vision of the writer last night he looked like a prize-winner in a beauty show. His luxuriant crop of whiskers were oiled and groomed like the coat of a racer. From his shirt-front, his fingers and wrists big sparklers reflected back in brilliant style the rays of the electric light. He had on an English suit, and a very much Henry Stanley hat. He was as full of business as the driver of a twelve-horse team making a short turn. I just dropped in to see how they were coming with you," he said. "How am I doing?" Well, now you're chirping. I don't look like I was stalling for a poorhouse, do I? Well, I should say not. It has been oil for me all summer. The magnates may talk about 1890 being a frost, but I did not get any of the snow. It has been aces up or better for me all season. I have got all kinds of money, a dozen sparks, any one of them big enough to board me for three months, and two comic opera companies. Oh, no; I don't know a thing, somebody else does. I have been up through the New England States with my ladies' team, and while the professional tossers were playing to three men and a 'yaller dog' we were turning 'em away. Well, I must be off; so long."—[Cincinnati Enquirer.

THE TURF.

Jimmy McLaughlin is to receive $10,000 salary and $25 for winning and $10 for losing mounts for riding for F. C. McLewee & Co. next year. Lamley will be light-weight jockey for the stable, and is to have $100 for winning mounts and $25 for losing, but no salary.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Ontario Jockey Club was held at Toronto Tuesday. The yearly report showed the club to have had a most prosperous season, 100 new members having joined, the membership now being 316, and the value of the purses amounting to $10,045, as against $5,865 in 1889. It was resolved that after May 1st next, the entrance fee for new members be raised to $15. The old Board of Directors, Messrs. W. Hendrie, Hon. F. Smith, T. C. Patterson, G. W. Torrance, A. Smith and J. H. Mead, were unanimously re-elected.

FOOTBALL.

The football match on Saturday between Seaforth and Berlin resulted in the defeat of the Seaforth club by a score of 3 to 2. The Berlin boys are now champions of the Western Association, but have to defeat the Toronto Scots before they become champions of Canada.—[Berlin News.

THE SOLDIERS VS. THE SCHOLARS.

Yesterday afternoon the Collegiate Institute football team played their first game in the London Association League with "D" School Company's team on the latter's grounds, and were victorious by a score of 4 goals to 2. Both teams played well and were fairly well matched, and every point of the game was hotly contested. At the end of the first half the score was 1 to 0 in favor of "D" School. Following were the positions of the players:

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.		MILITARY SCHOOL.
A. J. Stringer	Goal.	*Pearson.
Bryant, Muir.	Backs.	Horner, Kennedurg.
B. Mills, Plewes.	Half Backs	Geiger, Morgan.
Gray, E. Mills, D. Mills, Kerrigan.	Center.	Williams, West.
Little,	Left Wing	Dunlevey, Chesterfield.
Hobbs.	Rig't Wing	Evans, *Cross.

*Cross and Pearson changed places in the second half.

Referee, Mr. F. Beltz; time, one hour and ten minutes.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills, as they are entirely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority

Giles—How is it you didn't send that borrowed money you promised when you knew I was sick? De Jinks—You see, I heard you was likely to die.

A man's wife should always be the same—especially to her husband; but if she is weak and nervous and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they will make her "feel like a different person," at least so they all say, and their husbands say so, too.

New York Excursion, Saturday, Nov. 1.

Still another chance to visit New York at low rates. Excursion from Suspension Bridge to New York and return, Saturday, Nov. 1. Parlor reclining chair coach seats without extra charge, Wagner sleepers attached. For full particulars apply to F. S. CLARKE, 416 Richmond street, next door to ADVERTISER Office. 69-i

A full line of public and high school books are at Allaster's.

A $2 bromide given away with each dozen cabinets at Norton's, corner Dundas and Richmond street. Tintypes, four for 50 cents ywt

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS.

Twenty-Fifth Annual Convention of the Ontario Association—Address by Hon. G. W. Ross.

BRANTFORD, Oct. 28.—The 25th annual convention of the Sunday School Association of Ontario had its first public session in Zion Presbyterian Church this afternoon. Over 700 delegates had been appointed, and probably 300 of these were present at the first session. The morning meeting was largely taken up by the Executive Committee in the report of the work. Hon. Senator Vidal represented Lambton and Middlesex.

In the afternoon Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, was called upon to speak upon the Sunday school teacher's possibilities. He referred to the breadth of the subject, and proceeding, spoke of the important work done in every department of life by teachers. He said:

The preacher and the secular teacher feel their responsibility, but more so should the Sunday school teacher. The new children will soon be grown up and taking hold of life's work, so we dimly see the possibilities before the Sunday school teacher. First, they can prevent the growth of skepticism in our Province. Skepticism takes many forms and often hides behind scientific subjects, but a larger measure of knowledge will reveal these things. The Sunday school teacher's work is to impress the doctrines of the Bible upon the scholars. We are to teach the fundamentals, such as the existence of God, the knowledge of which will arm the child against skepticism, and the corner stone of our faith. Then we are to follow the other doctrines, so that every child can give a reason for the faith which is in him and prove himself worthy of the teacher's efforts. Another possibility is to show the over-ruling providence of God. An important element in instruction is to show the child's dependency upon a higher power; that trusting in self-results is failure, but confidence in God is never disappointed. Show this providence of God as revealed in all historical events, but especially in the history of the Jews. What is true historically is also true of the biography of the Bible. Now, from Abraham, Joseph and Moses we learn the providence of God. If the child realizes he is in this world for some purpose, cared for by God and possessing great possibilities, he will grow strong. The teacher can thus raise manhood to a higher plane and prevent possibility of failure. We see what great results have already been accomplished by the Sunday school. We see how different denominations are brought together. If the teacher realizes his responsibility he will do more than this. Look at the work to be done as we see it in resisting evil and understand that the Sunday school teachers are the best policemen in the country. The multiplication of laborers and the increase in the number attending the Sunday schools increases the possibilities of the work. This work can only be done by thorough preparation on the teacher's part, and we see more thorough effort being put forth to prepare teachers. The religious instruction of children is being largely relegated to the Sunday schools. This he regretted, but we must accept the responsibility and be thorough in doing the work. Read and drink in the Bible text first, then consult side lights. He also emphasized the importance of teachers' meetings. Coupled with this must be self-consecration and untiring devotion. Many competent persons refrain from this work. This is wrong; the strong, the educated, are needed, and should be in the school. Let the teacher hold up the ideal of Christian life, the Saviour, the Redeemer of all mankind. In order to intensify your influence visit the homes of the children and learn their surroundings. In conclusion, he would emphasize the great responsibility resting upon each teacher.

The Nomination Committee's report was then read by Secretary Day and adopted as follows:

President, W. N. Hossie, Brantford; minute secretary, Rev. H. P. Moore, Acton; business committee, W. H. Gray, Seaforth; Rev. J. W. Rad, Acton; Rev. J. McEwen, Peterboro; Wm. Johnson, Belleville; A. J. Donly, Simcoe; Rev. J. E. Howell, Berlin; S. Tapscott, Brantford; Hon. Senator Vidal, Sarnia, L. C. Peake, Toronto; Alf. Day, general secretary.

Some 1,500 persons assembled in the church in the evening, when the president-elect, Mr. W. N. Hossie, of Brantford, made an able address. Mayor Read welcomed the delegates, and speeches were made by Rev. Alex. Jackson, of Galt; Rev. W. W. Smith, of Newmarket, and Rev. Dr. John Potts.

They Invited Retaliation.

When the McKinley Tariff Bill was first introduced into Congress, a matter of six months ago, what was the action of the Government? I myself called their attention to the fact, as also did other member of the Liberal party, and warned them that that bill was very far from certain of becoming law; that there were many interests menaced by it; that there were many men whose interests would be seriously affected if its provisions affecting Canadian trade were carried into effect; that these men were ready to oppose it; that if they were aided by any manifestation of desire on the part of the Canadian Government or Canadian Parliament for reciprocity there was good hope that this disturbance of our trade might be averted. What was their reply? While that bill was before the House of Representatives, before it had gone to the Senate, when it was known that many weeks of discussion would pass before it could leave the House, Mr. Foster brought down a tariff, now on our statute book, in which he struck, and struck hard, at the very articles which he had heretofore imported free from the United States, and it is within my knowledge that the result of that unfortunate action of the Canadian Government was to tie the hands of gentlemen in the United States, friends of Canada, during all the discussion which ensued. And if the McKinley tariff is framed in a way to injure a great many of the people of Canada, in a way almost utterly to destroy the great traffic springing up in coarse lumber—more especially is framed in a way to be almost prohibitory to the introduction of many articles of which we export large quantities, our cattle, horses and many kinds of grain—no single cause has contributed more to bring that about than the fact that the Canadian Government had struck at American exports in the first place.—[Sir Richard Cartwright.

How Far Can Men Be Trusted?

The iron mats of the Bible House in New York are secured to the door posts by chain and padlock. The precaution is suggestive of the doctrine of total depravity, and is doubtless wise and necessary. Per contra, there are news stands within a few minutes' walk of the Bible House, where the passing crowd at certain hours of the day buy their papers without the help of a vendor, making their own change from the pile of pennies left exposed. No complaints of cheating or stealing are made, and probably none are true. What the moral of the contrast may be is left to the reader. Is it that the average man is not as bad as he is painted? Or does confidence beget honesty? Or is the public eye an efficient police?

Sing a song of sixpence,
The price of "Diamond Dyes;"
The fairest of all colors,
That please the ladies' eyes;
They happy make each mother,
Each wife and daughter true;
And all tell one another,
What "Diamond Dyes" can do
So sing a song of sixpence
For what these dyes have done,
In giving glorious colors,
That hold in rain or sun.

431f

Finnan haddies, bloaters, fresh oysters, Jersey sweet potatoes. A. MOUNTJOY, City Hall.

THE WHITE RIBBON.

Convention of the Provincial W. C. T. U. at Kingston.

The Growth of the Good Work—Sacramental Wine.

KINGSTON, Oct. 28.—The Old Capital is invaded with white ribboned women from all parts of the Province of Ontario. In Cooke's Church on Brock street, the thirteenth annual convention of the Ontario Women's Christian Temperance Union is in session, and here are gathered a large body of representative women, full of hope and enthusiasm for everything that tends to the moral uplifting of humanity. The convention was opened this morning at 9:30, by the singing of Coronation. The president of the Provincial union, Mrs. (Rev.) Fawcett, of Toronto, presiding. Among the delegates present are:

Mrs. Brown, Tilsonburg; D. L. Brethour, Brantford; Mrs. R. Dunlop, Napier; Miss J. Farrelly, St. Thomas; Mrs. Jacobs, Norwich; J. Jones, London; Mrs. T. A. Kemp, Seaforth; J. Manson, Norwich; McCutcheon, Petrolea; J. McKay, Walkerton; Mrs. R. H. McEwen, Miss McCall, Mrs. Adock, Guelph; Mrs. J. G. Neilon, Seaforth; R. C. Struthers, London, M. L. Smith, Brantford; D. M. Tait, St. Thomas; Miss Hollaw, Woodstock.

The reports from the county presidents were called for, but many of these officers were absent, and several others sent their reports to be read by Mrs. Wiley. There were no new local unions in the county of Frontenac. Huron county reported as many unions as last year, and that the work was progressing well. In Lanark two large unions were organized last year, making seven in all. Four unions were formed in Stormont county, with a total of 78 members. The temperance sentiment is growing in this county. Owing to sickness little has been done during the year in Northumberland.

Greetings were received from the Methodist Woman's Missionary Society Central Board, recently in session in London, and a letter was read from Mrs. Letitia Youmans, ex-Dominion president, who is now at Mount Clemens, Mich. The secretary was instructed to suitably reply to both communications.

At the afternoon session Mrs. Fawcett, the president, read a thoughtful and suggestive annual address. Their faithful corresponding secretary, she said, was prepared to give statistics showing where they stood, which information would be supplemented by the departmental superintendants, but there was a sense in which Christian work can never be reported. Should they not ask themselves individually, "Am I richer to-day for the experience of the past year? How is it with us ourselves? With the local work in our locality? Then the county work, is it being pushed forward? Is the Provincial advancing?" The first question was the most important, and included all others. The year to come (the thirteenth) was of exceptional importance and possibilities. Attention was called to the great work the W. C. T. U. were accomplishing in all parts of the world, and to the labors of Mrs. Mary Clement Leavitt and Miss Jessie Ockernan, the "world's organizers," who are passing from continent to continent belting the globe with the "white ribbon." "We believe," said Mrs. Fawcett, "that if the vote of the country for prohibition were taken it would be largely in favor of prohibition, and are rejoiced to learn that a united petition from several of the leading churches will be presented to the House of Commons at the approaching session asking for a prohibition law that will remove the curse not only from own Province but from the whole Dominion. We hail this movement on the part of the churches with satisfaction."

The address closed with the following suggestions:

(1) That this convention adopt the resolutions passed by the Dominion Union; (2) that more attention be given to organizing than in the past year, and an organizer be employed; (3) that a committee be appointed to prepare the annual report, and that said report be issued not later than Jan. 15; also that each union pay for space required to fully report the work done by the union; (4) that all circulars issued by superintendents of departments be issued not later than Jan. 1; also that the conditions required by the constitution be strictly adhered to and carried out in their case; (5) that some provisions be made for the payment of the Dominion affiliation fee without taking it from the Provincial treasury; (6) that a new department for purity in literature, art and fashion be added to those already existing.

Mrs. Wiley, corresponding secretary, presented a concise and yet exhaustive report of the growth of the unions throughout the Province during the last year as follows:

Bothwell—One union, 11 members; one band of hope, 150 children. Brant—Four unions, 84 members; one band of hope, 95 children. Bruce—Eight unions, 126 members; two bands of hope, 160 children. Carleton—One union a band of hope. Durham—Three unions, 132 members; one band of hope, 80 children. Dufferin—One union, 24 members. Dundas—One union, 22 members. Elgin—Two unions, 26 members; one band of hope, 631 children. Frontenac—One union, 12 members; one band of hope, 300 children. Glengarry—Two unions, 46 members, two bands of hope, 183 children. Grey—Four unions, 104 members; four bands of hope, 230 children. Grenville—Five unions, 103 members; two bands of hope, 73 children. Hastings—Two unions, 100 members; two bands of hope, 474 children. Halton and Peel—Five unions, 295 members; one band of hope, 53 children. Huron—Three unions, 58 members; two bands of hope, 285 children. Kent—One union, 20 members; one band of hope, 100 children. Lambton—Two unions, 44 members; two bands of hope, 211 children. Lanark—Five unions, 115 members; one band of hope, 300 children. Leeds—Five unions, 128 members; four bands of hope, 482 children. Lincoln—Nine unions, 274 members; five bands of hope, 248 children. Middlesex—Two unions, 130 members; one band of hope, 110 children. Muskoka—One union, 40 members; one band of hope, 250 children. Norfolk—One union, 13 members; one band of hope, 55 children. Northumberland—Three unions, 62 members; one band of hope, 137 children. Ontario—Six unions, 104 members; five bands of hope, 517 children. Oxford—Eight unions, 133 members; five bands of hope, 496 children. Perth—Two unions, 26 members; two bands of hope, 170 children. Peterboro—One union, 36 members; one band of hope, 140 children. Prince Edward—Two unions, 42 members; one band of hope, 100 children. Renfrew—Eight unions, 220 members; five bands of hope, 512 children. Simcoe—Three unions, 36 members; two bands of hope, 101 children. Stormont—Three unions, 72 members; two bands of hope, 300 children. Wentworth—Two unions, 305 members; bands of hope with 2,000 children. Victoria—Three unions, 83 members; one band of hope. Welland—Sixteen unions, 178 members; six bands of hope, 560 children. Waterloo—Eight unions, 199 members; three bands of hope, 326 children. York—Fifteen unions, 301 members; ten bands of hope, 1,359 children.

The report presented an aggregate of 146 unions that had been reported, with a membership of 3,937; 80 bands of hope were organized, with 10,613 children in attendance; literature was distributed in 74 unions; 31 unions have a flower mission; 19 unions hold meetings in jails and prisons; 51 unions have circulated petitions; 55 did press work, 41 unions did fair work; scientific temperance was taught in 100 schools; 22 unions have held gospel temperance meetings, at which 3,037 signed the pledge; 7 are newly-organized unions; 21 unions were not reported to the corresponding secretary and were allowed a membership in accordance with affiliation rates, which brings the membership to 4,318, with 175 unions heard from, leaving 64 unions from which no reports were received.

Mrs. J. Cavers, treasurer, presented the financial statement:

Receipts: Affiliation fees, $845; balance from last year, $307; collections at convention, $112; proceeds of sale tables, $36; fees paid at convention, $12 37; advertisements, $4[illegible]; sale of reports, $37 20; J. H. Beatty, $25; total receipts, $1,436 30; expenditure, $1,226 56; cash on hand, $173 74.

The expenses consisted of superintendents of departments, $130 02; county presidents, $104 47; presidents, $49 38; corresponding secretary, $222 44; recording secretary, $56 25; treasurer, $22 36; ex-president, $11 67; expenses, Galt convention, $66 38; sundries, $365 31.

The report of the superintendent of the department of unfermented wine, read by Mrs. Anna Rodgers, of Crawford, stated that the returns were not complete, but as far as reported, 278 churches in the Province were using unfermented wine. The sentiment against the use of fermented wine was growing. Mrs. Coate proposed that the convention petition the Anglican Church to allow the use of unfermented wine in their churches.

Mrs. Morrison, of Owen Sound, superintendent of the evangelistic department, reported the work done in that department. In many places the jails were visited and suitable literature distributed and services held. Special attention was paid to female prisoners. Cottage prayer meetings were held in some cases, and in lake and river ports an encouraging work was carried on among the sailors.

Mrs. Rutherford opened the "question drawer." One question as to the new Ontario Legislature "local option law" was given to Mrs. Rockwell, of Kingston, to reply to. She said that the law was very local and very optional, but might be made productive of a great deal of good. She would like to see the W. C. T. U. take it up and push its adoption. It was an old law revived. It had been in force before the Dunkin Act, and had at that time secured effective prohibition for several localities. They should take up the law and give it a fair test. Lanark township had already adopted it.

Mrs. Maddock, of Guelph, urged the ladies not to adopt the measure. The weakness of the Scott Act was its failure to cover more than a county. She did not want the union to pause at anything short of prohibition.

Mrs. Rockwell replied that they were morally bound to use every means offered them, but that they would by no means relax their efforts to secure prohibition. In the evening a large gathering assembled. Rev. Mr. Kines took the chair and cordially bade the ladies welcome to his church and the city of Kingston. The address of welcome was read by Mrs. Ross, wife of Professor Ross, of Queen's University, Mrs. Cavers replied on behalf of the visiting delegates. The religious exercises were taken part in by Rev. Messrs. McGillivray, Lang and Carson. The session will be continued to-morrow. The afternoon and evening will be given to the "Y's."

UNDER THE SEMAPHORE.

Formal Opening of the Galt Railway—C. P. R. Earnings.

From six to eight new drawing-room and palace cars are being turned out of the Wagner shops each month.

Gross earnings of 90 roads for the second week of October, according to the Financial Chronicle, amounted to $7,829,721, an increase of $372,785 over the corresponding period of 1889.

The formal opening of the Galt Railway took place at Lethbridge, Man., Monday. Sports during the afternoon passed off successfully. Prof. Hand gave a good display of fireworks during the evening.

The Pullman Company has given notice that on Oct. 27 it will move before Judge Gresham for a permanent injunction restraining the Wagner Company from infringing the vestibule patent.

The Big Four has established interlocking signals at eleven railway crossings on this system, and will largely increase the number within the next twelve months. These signals, complete, cost an average of $2,200 each.

D. J. Mackey, president of the Mackey railroad system in Indiana, has entered into an agreement with Vice-President John G. William, of the Vandalia, to build a new union station in Terre Haute at a cost of $200,000.

Eugene Chamberlain, who for nearly ten years has been in charge of the New York Central car shops at East Buffalo, has been promoted to the general superintendency of all the shops on the Western division of the Central road.

The Englishman does not object to traveling in his native country in the third-class carriages. They are used by the majority of all classes of society, and both sexes. The rate of fare in Great Britain for third-class transportation is a penny per mile, which entitles the passenger to a seat under the laws governing railroads, and this class of coach is attached to the fast trains.

Canadian Pacific earnings for September, 1890: Gross earnings, $1,507,715; working expenses, $895,663; net profits, $712,052. In September, 1889, the net profits were $760,717. For the nine months ending Sept. 30, 1890, the figures are as follows: Gross earnings, $11,503,102; working expenses, $7,400,504; net profits, $4,102,598. For the nine months ending Sept. 30, 1889, the net profits were $4,004,571. Earnings and expenses on the New Brunswick Railway are included in both years.

The Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway projectors went before the Hamilton Council Monday night and asked that the city sell them a strip of land near the cemetery, which they require to start the tunnel. If they get this strip of land from the city they will have acquired the necessary property by Nov. 1 to keep within the bylaw, by which they receive a bonus from the city and will not be compelled to pay the exorbitant prices asked for other property on the route. The Council decided to hold a special meeting on Thursday next to decide the matter. Some of the aldermen oppose the sale.

Chief Engineer J. D. Hawks, General Superintendent E. C. Brown and Division Superintendents R. H. L'Hommedieu and D. S. Sutherland, of the Michigan Central Railroad; Cornelius Sheehy, of the Canadian Pacific; Judge Ransom Olney, of Philadelphia; Silas B. Coleman, Wm. P. Lane, Surveyor Mason L. Brown and Manager L. C. Frey, of the South Detroit Improvement Company, formed a party who went down to South Detroit in a special car yesterday. The party looked over the grounds of the improvement company and picked out a site for the location of the new union depot. Spier & Rohns have already begun work upon the plans for the new station and work will be begun very soon.—[Detroit Free Press.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

Sol. Smith Russell is touring in the South.

"Lohengrin" has been burlesqued by Italian authors in Messina, to the satisfaction of the public in that town.

Sir Arthur Sullivan's new librettist, Julian Sturges, is said to be a distinguished Oxford man and an author of some repute.

Of the various operas on the subject of "The Bride of Lammermoor," only that by Donizetti has survived. Carafa composed one for Sontag in 1831.

Removed to 195 Dundas street, one door west of Crystal Hall. Trunks and valises at factory prices; repairing a specialty. M. SCARROW.

TAKE A REST, WOMAN!

THIS WILL TELL YOU HOW!

Don't drudge your life away over the steaming washtub by using poor soap and injurious powders, but do what millions of other women the world over do—make the washday easy and the work a pleasure by

USING SUNLIGHT SOAP.

Don't hesitate; don't be prejudiced; don't stand in your own light; but try the "Sunlight" Soap according to directions, and you will be delighted over the result.

BEWARE of Imitations. There is only one Sunlight Soap. It has won 5 Gold Medals.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

PAINLESS. EFFECTUAL. WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For BILIOUS & NERVOUS DISORDERS

Such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Fullness and Swelling after Meals, Dizziness, and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c.

THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES.

Beecham's Pills taken as Directed Restore Females to complete Health.

FOR SICK HEADACHE, WEAK STOMACH, IMPAIRED DIGESTION, CONSTIPATION, DISORDERED LIVER, ETC.,

they *ACT LIKE MAGIC, Strengthening* the muscular *System*, restoring lost *Complexion*, bringing back the *keen edge of appetite*, and arousing with the *ROSEBUD OF HEALTH* the *whole physical energy* of the human frame. One of the best guarantees to the *Nervous and Debilitated* is that BEECHAM'S PILLS HAVE THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PROPRIETARY MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

Prepared only by THOS. BEECHAM, St. Helens, Lancashire, England.

Sold by Druggists generally. EVANS & SONS, LIMITED, SOLE AGENTS FOR THE DOMINION OF CANADA.

MASON & RISCH PIANOS

HAVE A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION

For Surpassing Tone Qualities, Superior Action, Great Durability and Power of Standing in Tune, and the High Artistic Taste Displayed in their Elegant Finish and Design.

A number of pianos of the most popular makes, slightly used, but otherwise fully as good as new, are offered for sale at remarkably low prices and on the most suitable terms. An early selection will secure the best choice among them.

MASON & RISCH,

WAREROOMS | 32 KING STREET WEST, 653 QUEEN STREET WEST, | TORONTO

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FOR Underwear | GO TO W. L. G. | FOR Underwear

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WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

Gents' Furnishings, Hosiery and Gloves, Laces and Embroideries, Dress and Tailors' Trimmings, ad ies' Furnishings.

Berlin, Beehive, Peacock, and other Wools and Yarns. Fancy Goods, Stationery, Jewelry, Etc.

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McLEAN'S HARDWARE

MAMMOTH NEW STORE.

Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Carriage Goods, House Furnishings, Cutlery Plated Ware, etc., etc. Newest goods at lowest prices.

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