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SEMI-WEEKLY **The Edmonton Bulletin.** SEMI-WEEKLY

VOLUME V. EDMONTON, ALBERTA, CANADA, MONDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1908 NUMBER 195

The Canadian People Remain True to Liberal Principles.

LIBERAL GOVERNMENT AGAIN SWEEPS CANADA

The Laurier Administration Rolls Up Magnificent Majority of 62.

THE LATEST RETURNS GIVE ALBERTA MAJORITY OF FIVE

Saskatchewan Returns Solid Liberal Representation—No Change in Ontario and Quebec.

The People of the Dominion Voice in an Unmistakable Tone Their Denunciation of the Slander Campaign Waged by the Conservative Party—Canada Pronounces for Progress—Hon. Wm. Templeman, Minister of Inland Revenue, the Only Cabinet Member to Meet Defeat—Government Gains in Prince Edward Island, New Bruiswick, Saskatchewan and Alberta—Cameron's Defeat in Winnipeg One of the Big Surprises.

Government 139; Opposition 77; Government majority 62. So far as known this is the result of yesterday's election. Elections are yet to be held in five ridings.

In the last parliament the Government members were 140; the Opposition 74; Government majority 66.

In Prince Edward Island the party strength was reversed, the Liberals now holding the three seats formerly occupied by opponents, while Hughes, Liberal member for King's, was defeated. Mr. Lefurgey is among the fallen.

Nova Scotia returns give 12 supporters of the Government to 6 Oppositionists.

New Brunswick returns are meagre, but assign 11 seats to the Liberals and 2 to the Opposition, Charlotte, St. John City and York. Mr. Fowler re-[illegible]

Complete returns from Quebec show 53 Liberals elected and 11 Conservatives with one election deferred which will go with the Government. This leaves the standing of the parties from Quebec the same as in the last parliament which was 54 to 11.

The defeat of Mr. Bergeron in Beauharnois marks the passing of one of Mr. Borden's first lieutenants, who has sat in the House since 1878 except for two years from 1900 to 1902. Mr. Bergeron appeared in Edmonton with Mr. Borden last fall.

In Ontario the parties appear to stand as before the election, the Liberals holding 39 seats, Conservatives 46 and one Independent. The Liberal gains were North Waterloo, South Ontario, Prince Edward, Brantford, East Simcoe, Stormont and Wentworth. The Opposition gained East Peterborough, North Grey, West Hamilton, Nipissing, North Ontario, Centre York, South Bruce and Parry Sound.

Manitoba returns are incomplete. The standing at present is: Government 4, Opposition 6. The four government constituencies are: Brandon, Lisgar, Prevoucher and Selkirk.

The nine Saskatchewan ridings in which polling took place are all claimed for the Liberals, Qu'Appelle being close. The election in Prince Albert is deferred.

All but one of the Alberta seats, Calgary, are reported Liberal. Edmonton leads with probably 2,000 plurality; Strathcona follows with a splendid majority; Victoria returns White by a good margin; Dr. Clark has a comfortable majority in Red Deer, while Medicine Hat and Macleod, though close, are expected to return Simmons and McDonald.

In British Columbia contests are deferred in three ridings. The four held yesterday gave one seat to the government and three to the Opposition.

SUMMARY OF RESULT

	Libs.	Cons.	Ind.
Prince Edward Island	3	1	....
Nova Scotia	12	6	....
New Brunswick	11	2	....
Quebec	53	11	....
Ontario	39	46	1
Manitoba	4	6	....
Saskatchewan	9	0	....
Alberta	6	1	....
British Columbia	1	3	....
	138	76	1

Deferred elections: Quebec 2, Saskatchewan 1, British Columbia 3 and Yukon 1.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Liberals 3, Conservatives 1.

Xinge—Fraser (Con.) elected.
Prince—Richards (Lib.)
Queens—Prowse and Warburton (both Libs.)

NOVA SCOTIA.

Liberals 12, Conservatives 6.

Antigonish—Chisholm (Lib.)
Annapolis—Pickup (Lib.) elected.
Cape Breton N.—Mackenzie (Lib.) [illegible] by small majority.
Cape Breton S.—Maddin (Con.) elected.
Colchester—Stansfield (Con.) elected.
Cumberland—Rhodes (Con.) leading.
Digby—Jamieson (Con.)
Guysboro—Sinclair (Lib.)
Pictou—Macdonald (Lib.)
Queens-Shelbourne—Hon. W. S. Fielding (Lib.), 600.
Richmond—Kyte (Lib.)
Yarmouth—Law (Lib.)
Halifax City and County—Borden and Crosby (both Con.)
Hants—Black (Lib.)
Inverness—Chisholm (Lib.)
Kings—Hon. Sir F. W. Borden (Lib.), 500.
Lunenburg—McLean (Lib.)

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Liberals 11, Conservatives 2.

Carleton,—Carvel, (Lib.)
Charlotte—Todd, (Lib.)
Gloucester—Turgeon (Lib.)
Kent—Leblanc (Lib.)
King's-Albert—McAlister (Lib.)
Northumberland—Loggie (Lib.)
Restigouche—Reid (Lib.)
St. John City—Daniel (Con.)
St. John City and County—Pugsley (Lib.)
Sunbury-Queen's—McLean (Lib.)
Victoria—Michaud (Lib.)
Westmoreland—Emmerson (Lib.)
York—Crocket (Con.)

QUEBEC.

Liberals 54, Coonservatives 11.

The election returns for Quebec show the following Liberals elected:

Beauharnois—Papineau, 26.
Beauce—Beland, 2,000.
Belchasse—Talbot, 1,100.
Berthier—Cerement, 385.
Brome—Fisher, 320.
Bagot—Marcil, 400.
Bonaventure—Marcil, 1.100.
Chambly and Verecheres—Geoffin 800.
Chateauguay—Brown, 300.
Compton—Hunt, 300.
Dorchester—Roy, 150.
Arthabaska—Lavergne, majority not given.
Hochelaga—Rivet, 70.
Huntingdon—Robb, 200.
Joliette—Dubeau, 200.
Kamouraska—Lapointe, 600.
La Prairie and Napierville—Lanctot, 364.
Lassomption—Seguin, no majority given.
Laval—Wilson, 70.
Labelle—Major, 400.
Levis—Carrier, 635.
Lotbiniere—Fortin, 300.
Maisonneuve—Verville, 2,000.
Maskinonge—Mayrand, 300.
Megantic—Savoie, 500.
Missisquoi—Meigs, 37.
Montcalm—Dugas, 200.
Montmagny—Roy, 175.
Montmorency—Parent, 400.
Montreal, St. James—Gervais, 1,595.
Montreal, St. Lawrence—Bickerdike, 800.
Montreal, St. Mary's—Martin, 900.
Nicolet—Turcotte, 700.
Pontiac—Hodgins, 100.
Portneuf—Delisle, 500.
Quebec Centre—Lachane, 800.
Quebec East—Laurier, 2,000.
Quebec County—Turcotte, 150.
Richilieu—Lanctot, 1,100.
Richmond and Wolfe—Tobin, 1,000.
Rimouski—Ross, 450.
Rouville—Brodeur, acclamation.
St. Hyacinthe—Beauparlant, 520.
Shefford—Allan, 270.
Stanstead—Lovell, no majority given.
Temiscouta—Gauvreau.
Three Rivers—Bureau.
Two Mountains—Ethier, 88.
Vaudreuil—Boyer, 600.
Wright—Deuelin, no majority given.
Yamaska—Gladu, 30.
St. John's Iberville—Demers, acclamation.

The following are the Conservatives:

Argenteuil—Porley, 200.
Jacques Cartier—Monk, 700.
Lislet Pawuet, 150.
Sherbrooke—Worthington, 103.
Montreal, St. Antoine—Ames, 900.
Montreal, St. Annes—Doherty, 70.
Charlevoix—Forget, 200.
Quebec West—Price, 74.
Soulanges—Lortie, 130.
Terrebonne—Nametel, 150.
Champlain—Blondin, 45.

ONTARIO:

Liberals 39, Conservatives 46, Independents 1.

Algowa E.—Dyment (Liberal), 129.
Algoma W.—Boyce (Con.), 200.
Bruce S.—Donnelly (Con.), 200.
Bruce N.—Tolmie (Lib.), 325.
Brantford—Harris (Lib.), 194.
Brant—Hon. Wm. Pattersen (Lib.), 300.
Carleton—R. L. Borden (Con.), 800.
Dufferin—Barr (Con.).
Dundas—Broder (Con.), 500.
Durham—Thorton (Con.), elected.
Elgin E.—Marshall (Con.), 186.
Elgin, W.—Crothers (Con.), 500.
Essex N.—Hon. R. F. Sutherland (Lib.), 500.
Essex S.—Clarke (Lib.), 900.
Frontenac—Edward (Con.), 115.
Glengarry—McMillan (Lib.).
Grey N—Middleboro (Con.), 100.
Grey E.—Dr. Sproule (Con.), large majority.
Grey S—Miller (Lib.), 100.
Grenville—Reid (Con.), 700.
Haldimand—Lalor (Con.), elected.
Halton—Henderson (Con.), 221.
Hamilton E.—Barker (Con.), 1,000.
Hamilton W.—Stewart (Con.), 200.
Hastings E—Northrup (Con.), 200.
Hastings W—Porter (Con.), elected.
Huron E.—Chisholm (Con.), 75.
Huron S.—McLean (Lib.), 25.
Huron W.—Lewis (Con.), small majority.
Kent E.—Gordon (Lib.), 300.
Kent W.—McCoig (Lib.), elected.
Kingston—Harty (Lib.), large majority.
Lambton E.—Armstrong (Con.), elected.
Lambton W.—Pardee (Lib.), elected.
Lanark N.—Caldwell (Lib.), elected.
Lanark S.—Hon. John Haggart (Con.), elected.
Leeds—Taylor (Con.), elected.
Lennox-Addington—Wilson (Con), elected.
Lincoln—Lancaster (Con.), elected.
London—Major Beattie (Con.), 1,000
Middlesex E.—Elson (Con), elected.
Middlesex N.—Smith (Lib.), elected.
Middlesex W.—Calvert (Lib), elected.
Muskoka—Wright (Con.), elected by large majority.
Norfolk—McCall (Con.), elected.
Ottawa—Hon. Sir Wilfrid Laurier (Lib.), 500; McGivern (Lib.), elected.
Oxford N.—Nesbitt (Lib.), elected.
Oxford, S.—Schell (Lib.), elected.
Nipissing—Gordon (Con.), elected.
Norfolk—McCall (Con.), elected.
Northumberland E.—Omen (Con.), elected.
Northumberland W.—McColl (Lib.), 200.
Ontario N.—Sharpe (Con.), small majority.
Ontario S.—Eowke (Lib.), elected.
Parry Sound—Arthurs (Con.), elected.
Peel—Blain (Con.), elected.
Perth N.—Rankin (Lib.), elected.
Perth S—McIntyre (Lib.), elected.
Peterborough W—Stratton (Lib.), 300.
Peterborough E.—Sexsmith (Con.), elected.
Prescott—Prouloux (Lib.), 837.
Prince Edward—Currie (Lib.), 100.
Renfrew N.—White (Con.), 550.
Renfrew S.—Low (Lib.), 600.
Russell—Hon. Charles Murphy (Lib.), 350.
Simcoe E.—Chew (Lib.), 136.
Simcoe N.—Currie (Con.), 56.
Simcoe S.—Lennox (Con.), 800.
Stormont—Smith (Lib.), elected.
Thunder Bay—Conmee (Lib.), 20.
Toronto West—Osler (Con.), 2,350.
Toronto S.—Macdonell (Con.), 1,050.
Toronto E.—Russell (Ind.), 175.
Toronto C.—Bristol (Con.), 180.
Toronto N.—Foster (Con.), 250.
Victoria-Haliburton—Hughes (Con.) elected.
Waterloo N.—Mackenzie King (Lib) elected 250.
Welland—German (Lib.), elected.
Waterloo S.—Clare (Con.), elected.
Wellington N.—Martin (Lib.), elected.
Wellington S.—Guthrie (Lib.), 550.
Wentworth—Sealey (Lib.), 200.
York C.—Wallace (Con.), 45.
York N.—Hon. A. B. Aylesworth (Liberal), 300.
York S.—Maclean (Con.), acclamation.

MANITOBA.

Liberals 4, Conservatives 6.

Brandon—Hon. C. Sifton, Liberal, elected, 50 majority.
Dauphin — Campbell, Conservative leading; his election conceded.
Marquette—Roche, Conservative, election claimed.
Lisgar—Greenway, Liberal.
Macdonald — Staples, Conservative, elected.
Portage la Prairie—Meigher, Conservative, elected.
Provencher — Dr. Malloy, Liberal, elected.
Selkirk—Jackson, Liberal, leading by 138.
Souris—Schaffner, Conservative, elected, 660 majority.
Winnipeg — Haggart, Conservative, elected, large majority.

SASKATCHEWAN.

Liberals 9.

Regina—Martin (Liberal) elected by 400 majority.
Saltcoats—McNutt, Liberal elected.
Saskatoon — McCraney (Liberal) elected by large majority.
Battleford — Champagne (Liberal) probably elected.

(Continued on Page Two.)

The MANCHESTER HOUSE
ESTABLISHED 1886
Grey Wool Blankets
All Sizes and Weights
$1.75 to $6.50
Per Pair
W. JOHNSTONE WALKER & CO.
267 JASPER AVE., EAST.

THINK THEY ARE NOT WANTED.

Lord Northcliffe Advocates a Better News Service.

Toronto, October 26.—Speaking at Canadian Club luncheon today, Lord Northcliffe regretted that notion has got abroad in England that no Englishman need apply for positions in Canada. For this Canadians, he said, were to blame. He had noticed in Canadian newspapers positions with the words "No Englishman need apply." The result of this sweeping condemnation of all Englishmen would be the turning away of a tide of immigration and capital towards this country.

Lord Northcliffe regretted that Canadians were not on a whole well acquainted with English affairs and with the great work English statesmen are doing in the four corners of the world.

DR. M'INTYRE SWEEPS STRATHCONA RIDING

Latest Returns Last Night Place His Majority at Between 500 and 600 Outlying Districts May Bring it Up to Over One Thousand Votes.

At Strathcona there was general rejoicing among the Liberals that Dr. McIntyre had been triumphantly returned by a majority which has already reached over 500, and which it is expected will go up to 1,000 or more when all the returns are received. There was but one disappointment, and that was that his home city, where he has lived and has his greatest interests, had gone against him. This was the more remarkable in view of the fact that Mr. Day has almost completely ignored Strathcona and has never addressed a public meeting in the city at any length.

The overwhelming defeat of E. W. Day is a stinging reply to the Conservative campaign of slander and falsehood which culminated in the springing of the Harpell charges and their continued reiteration, even after proven to be untrue, by the more disreputable element of the party press and campaigner. That the electors resent such tactics is emphatically shown by the overwhelming majority that has been piled up against Mr. Day. With the exception of Strathcona City and Daysland, Dr. McIntyre is leading at almost every poll reported.

The people of Strathcona received the returns last night in the Strathcona Opera House, where a large audience was assembled. As the returns came in and it became apparent that Liberal victory was in the air, the enthusiasm grew and the exuberance of the winning party could hardly be restrained.

Repeated calls for Dr. McIntyre brought the popular and successful candidate to the platform. Upon appearing he was given an ovation. In a brief speech he expressed his pleasure at the victory, not alone in his own constituency, but for Liberal principles and good government in all parts of Canada. The one regret was that the City of Strathcona, his home city, had gone against him by a small majority. He thanked the electors who had given him their support for what they had done, and promised a continuance of his best efforts for his constituency.

A few of the Conservatives received the returns over a private wire in an office on Whyte avenue. Needless to say, there was no great hilarity displayed over the results of the slander campaign.

MAJORITY WILL RUN OVER 2,000

Edmonton Returns Minister of Interior With One of Largest Majorities in Canada.

In the triumphant re-election of the Minister of the Interior, Hon. Frank Oliver by an overwhelming majority, the Edmonton constituency has once more unmistakably shown its confidence in the man who has been associated more than any other with its progress and prosperity during the last quarter of a century. A Conservative estimate places Mr. Oliver's majority at considerably over two thousand. Up to the hour of going to press with seventy-nine polls heard from, out of a total of 121 polls the Liberal candidate is leading by 1850 and each of the outlying districts yet to be heard from will still further increase the majority.

In all the polls reported last night the Conservative candidate only secured a bare majority in five polls, four in Edmonton city and one in the country, the Pembina district. It is a question whether J. D. Hyndman will secure the one-third of the total vote necessary to prevent the loss of his deposit.

One of Biggest Majorities.

Mr. Oliver's majority up to the present is one of the largest in the Dominion and will rank with that of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in East Quebec and E. B. Osler, K.C., in West Toronto, the leaders in their respective parties in the line of big majorities.

The result is equal to the expectations of the most sanguine Liberal. It was feared among some of the party that the insidious campaign of falsehood and calumny into which the Conservatives plunged with greater desperation than before during the closing hours of the battle,might have a serious effect upon the unthinking part of the electorate. The fears were groundless, however, and the slanders have recoiled upon the heads of their perpetrators.

The result of the election will have its lessons to the Clnservative party and not the least of those will be the lesson that the tactics of the past few weeks and more especially of Saturday last will not be tolerated by the Edmonton electorate.

The returns in the Edmonton constituency are necessarily incomplete, many of the outlying polls yet having to be heard from. The constituency extends to the northern boundary of the province, and on the west to the Rocky Mountains. The complete returns should be in within the next two days. Returning Officer Ibbotson will make the official declaration of the result of the poll on November 9th.

A Remarkable Demonstration.

Jasper avenue last evening was the scene of the most spectacular demonstration ever recorded in the history of this city. The hilarity of the night from five o'clock until early morning was remarkable and contrasted with the quiet though feverish excitement during the day. While there was work to be done at the polls, the retainers of both candidates worked like Trojans. When the polls closed in this city the excitement of an election night began. About five o'clock the C.P.R. and C.N.R. telegraph lines were receiving the results in the Maritime Provinces, and these were posted up in the windows of the Bulletin office as fast as they came in. A large crowd gathered on the sidewalk and eagerly scanned the return sheets. Very meagre were some of the results, some ridings being represented by one or four polls had been heard from, but from these the expectant crowd formed their conclusions for and against the respective candidates. By six o'clock sufficient polls had been heard from in the city to indicate that the Liberal candidate was rolling up a splendid majority.

"Here is another poll to be heard from," cried the crowd, as a rig drove up to the Bulletin office. The messenger jumped out, and the eager crowd demanded of him the result.

"Two to one for Oliver from poll No. 7," cried he, amid the cheers from the crowd.

Conspicuous among the gathering was Hon. Frank Oliver, who followed the returns with the closest interest while he conversed with many old-time Edmontonians.

Crowded Around Operator's Table.

Meanwhile preparations were being completed in the Liberal club rooms for receiving the returns by private wire, and throwing them on a screen which was stretched on the opposite building. M. C. Wright kept his ear on the ticker and was assisted by C. W. McInnis in checking the returns. Those who were satisfied with nothing short of the news at first hand crowded around the operators' table and early in the evening prophesied a sweeping Liberal victory. The returns as they came in were rushed to the lantern slides and thrown on the screen.

The crowd that gathered below on Jasper avenue beggars description. Thousands of people packed the sidewalk and crowded out into the middle of the street. As far east and west as it was possible to stand and see the screen was an ever-increasing mass of men, women and children.

"Oliver leading by 1678," was the signal for a round of resounding cheers. It was not a question of whether the Liberal candidate would be elected ,but what the majority would be.

"Three more Grits for Quebec," and a little later, "Quebec, Liberals 41, Conservatives 4," satisfied the crowd that Quebec had gone overwhelmingly Liberal.

Ontario's Great Work Applauded.

"Ontario, Liberals 30, Conservatives 30, Liberal gains 6," set the crowd cheering and commenting on the great record of the province where the Conservatives expected their slander campaign and high tariff policy would have the greatest effect. In the minds of the crowd the returns, though far from complete, reflected the result of the triumphant tour of Sir Wilfrid Laurier through that province.

It was truly remarkable how the returns bulletined from the Liberal

(Continued on Page Two.)

MAJORITY IN THE CITY IS 661

The result in the thirty-three polls in the city gives Hon. Frank Oliver a net majority of 661. In all but four polls he led. These four polls gave the Conservative candidate a majority of 32. As compared with the result in the Oliver-Secord election in 1904, the minister of the interior increased his majority by 255, showing that of the new-comers to the city the Liberal candidate secured 255 more than fifty per cent. of these. The total vote polled in the city yesterday was 4,153. The total vote polled in 1904 was 1,542, when Hon. Frank Oliver had a Conservative opponent in Richard Secord. The vote in the seven polling sub-divisions in the city in the 1904 election was:—

Poll No.	Oliver.	Secord.	Maj.
1	149	103	46
2	174	102	72
3	109	46	63
4	151	53	98
5	71	19	52
6	86	53	33
7	134	92	42
	874	468	406

The Vote Yesterday.

No.	Oliver.	Hyndman.	Maj.
*1—Cor. Kinistino and Pine avenue	50	56	6
2—No. 263 Lorne street	46	38	8
3—No. 328 Ross street	81	37	44
*4—No. 1236 Kinistino	92	96	4
*5—No. 24 Griesbach street	56	75	19
6—Cor. Isabella and Kinistino	52	51	1
7—No. 634 Isebella	68	34	34
*8—Kilter's hall	88	91	3
9—German club hall	54	51	3
10—No. 635 Clara	27	22	5
11—Cor. Richard ave. and Mine road	80	62	18
12—Old immigration hall	113	67	46
13—No. 949 Fraser avenue	86	41	45
14—No. 36 Woodworth avenue	43	37	6
15—No. 861 First street	60	45	15
16—No. 260 Howard street	64	39	25
17—Council chamber	120	72	48
18—McDougall avenue	59	44	15
19—No. 214 Jasper east	98	71	27
20—Edmonton Ice Co.	79	74	5
21—No. 124 Jasper west	68	44	24
22—Mechanic's hall	68	28	40
23—Gardner Block, Second street	87	64	23
24—No. 615 Fifth street	158	100	58
25—No. 617 Jasper west	59	56	3
26—No. 725 Fifteenth street	44	42	2
27—No. 530 Twelfth street	99	54	45
28—No. 455 Tenth street	113	40	73
29—Wize block, Jasper west	81	63	18
30—McKay avenue school	90	61	29
31—No. 1192 First street	55	39	16
32—Fourth street and Nelson avenue	52	46	6
33—Cor. St. Albert and Stony Plain	44	34	10
	2434	1773	

Net majority, 661.
*Polling sub-divisions in which Hyndman had majority.

OPPOSITION TAKE DEFEAT BITTERLY

Conservative Candidate Uses Strong Words in Denunciation of the People.

From the outset Oliver reigned supreme at the Conservative Club-rooms on Howard avenue, the headquarters of the slander campaign. From the time that the first returns came in, indicating the sweeping victory in Edmonton, till the crowd broke up with an announcement that Sir Wilfrid Laurier would have as big if not a bigger majority than before, the disappointment gradually became greater and greater. It reached its culmination in a wave of disappointment that swept over the crowd when the platform speakers admitted the overwhelming defeat, and the meeting broke up in solemn silence.

In the early part of the evening the crowd was small, but it gradually increased in size till at eight o'clock the rooms were crowded to the doors by friends of the Conservative party. Then came calls for Mr. Hyndman, and after a short time the Conservative candidate appeared and took his place upon the platform amid the cheers of his supporters.

Mr. Hyndman Speaks.

Mr. Hyndman, in a congratulatory vein, thanked his supporters for the work they had carried on in his behalf. When it was considered that his opponent, the Minister of the Interior, had secured a majority of only 650 in his own city, a majority which included, as they all knew, a vote of 500 Chinamen and all the government officials, it could easily be seen that instead of a defeat he and his followers had secured a glorious victory.

No Word of The Dodger.

He said that they all knew how the Grit machine had, in its machinations, penetrated even to the sacred precincts of the church, a church in which he himself had been baptised. They knew, he said, to what he referred. It was time that such a condition of things should cease. It was a shame and a disgrace to see a minister of the church prostituting the pulpit for the purpose of lending aid at the last moment to a despicable political machine. He believed that, notwithstanding the heavy odds against them of graft, of governmental slaves and servants, and heavy expenditure of money, they had indeed fought a good fight and would yet see their cause triumph.

Would Change Party's Name.

He would say further, that instead of their party continuing to be called the "Liberal Conservative party," it should hereafter be known as the "Smash-the-machine" party. Amidst cries of "Rip them up!" "Smash them!" "Shoot them!" "Kill them!" the speaker again referred to the vote of 200 Chinamen, which, he said, formed such a large portion of the Liberal candidate's majority in the City of Edmonton, and concluded his address with further thanks to his supporters.

Mr. Hyndman then drove home, but returned several hours later to hear the latest returns.

tion at the Alberta hotel a number of citizens visited the Conservative rooms and joined the solitary vigil that had kept watch during the interim. Mr. Hyndman was again called to the platform and addressed the assembled ones in a brief speech.

"We have no reason to be disappointed. When we consider the odds that were against us that the yellow race and the government officials, both Federal and local, were allied against me, it is clear how the majority of 658 in Edmonton was obtained. We have the people behind us, the only question was one of organization. The Liberals had all the money and the Conservatives had none. We have a great deal to congratulate ourselves upon and nothing to be ashamed of.

"Since the campaign opened I have covered every available part of the constituency and when you consider that the constituency extends practically to the North Pole and to the British Columbia boundary you will see that the task was a heavy one. We have cut down the majorities in Morinville and St. Albert and many other polls have been cut down so there is great cause for congratulation.

Considers it a Victory.

"I consider that we have won a great victory and at the next election we will be on top. At this election the powerful machine has been too much.

"I believe that the people have voted against their own interests and have voted the country into the power of the great corporations who have fishing leases of all the great lakes of the north. I cannot see how the electors could endorse the scandals of the government.

"It seems when Rev. John Pringle gets 2,000 miles away out of this district that his great defenders turn against him and vote against him. I refer particularly to one of his brother clergymen in this city and I don't care whether he knows that I say so or not.

"In four or five years more there will be another election. The Conservatives must get busy at once and organize properly and they will have a good chance of success. It is no use trying to salve our feelings, however, with this consolation. Let us cheer up and there is little doubt but we will come out on top at next election."

Mr. Hyndman then called for cheers

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