CRISIS IMPENDS ON IRISH ISSUE

Rumored Resignations of Unionist Members From Asquith Cabinet.

London, June 28 — Throughout yesterday the air was charged with rumors of a serious Cabinet crisis over the Irish Home Rule compromise. The fact that there were two prolonged cabinet councils in addition to party meetings, seemed to confirm this view. An evening newspaper announced that the Marquis of Lansdowne, Minister without portfolio, and Walter Hume Long, President of the Local Government Board, had actually resigned, but that their resignations had not been accepted. Rumor also connected the name of Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, with the Ministers likely to resign.

The Earl of Selborne in the House of Lords explained that nothing was expected to be announced definitely concerning the situation until after a meeting of the Unionists to-day, at which it was still hoped that the influence of Andrew Bonar Law, Secretary of State for the Colonies, who supports Premier Asquith and David Lloyd George, the Munitions Minister, who framed the Irish compromise, might possibly avert a rupture. Last night, however, it was announced that the Unionist meeting had been postponed until next week at the desire of Mr. Bonar Law and the Government, who wished further time for consideration of the Irish proposal. This postponement puts a new complexion on affairs, and permits of the hope that a crisis will be avoided.

WOUNDED CANADIANS REPORTED IN HOSPITAL.

Many Cases of Shell Shock Found Among Officers.

London, June 28.—The following Canadian wounded have reached London: Capt. Chasse, wounded in the foot; Lieut. MacPherson and Capt. Wallace, shell shock; Lieut. J. Alexander, Capt. C. Bellamy, shrapnel wound in right ankle; Lieut. Massey, shell shock.

The following are at Newcastle: Lieut. S. H. Grasett, Lieut. Heaton, shot in the right leg.

The following are at Boulogne Hospital: Capt. Purney, shot in the left arm; Lieut. Aikman, shot in the face.

The following are at Letouquet: Lieut. Sharman, shot in the thigh, and the following who are suffering from shell shock: Lieut. Billman, Lieut. Carstairs, Capt. Shannon, Capt. Perras.

The following have returned to duty: Capt. H. Denison, Capt. Leduc, Lieut. Reith, Lieut.-Col. Allan, Capt. Livesey.

RED CROSS.

With little effort everyone can help the Red Cross Fund by saving papers, magazines and rubber. Committee of W. P. L. will call for it Thursday, June 29th or succeeding day.

Eight sons of Alponse Bourdoi, of Chicago, Ill., a French-Canadian, have joined the National Guard for service in Mexico.

TO EXTEND CREDIT FOR WAR SUPPLIES

Conference to be Held Between Government and Banks to Consider It.

Ottawa, June 28.—A conference between Sir Thomas White, Minister of Finance, and a committee of the Canadian Bankers' Association will take place here to-day, when the question of further extetnding the credit granted to the Imperial government, for the purchase of munitions and other war supplies in Canada will be considered.

The arrangements made by the Finance Minister and by the banks have resulted in the financing by Canada, of all the British government's war purchases in Canada since November. A credit of no less than $126,000,000 has been provided, including the $50,000,000 credit established by Sir Thomas White from the proceeds of the domestic war loan and the $76,000,000 which was provided by the banks. The result has been a decided stimulas to the industrial development of the Dominion and steady employment to many thousands of people. The extent and importance of the arrangement may be gathered from the fact that the Imperial Munitions Board is expending, by virtue of this credit, from twenty-five to thirty million dollars every month.

Purchases Depend on Funds

It has been clear for months past that the extent of the Imperial Government's war purchases in the Dominion will depend, as pointed out some time ago by Sir Thomas White, upon the capacity of the Dominion to provide funds. If this were not done the British Government would have to send gold to Canada or seriously interfere with the existing exchange situation by buying New York exchange.

The purchases of the last seven or eight months have, as already stated, been largely made possible by the financial arrangements made here, and the conference which is now to take place will result in an extension of those arrangements.

The second Dominion loan will probably come along in the Fall or after the Summer vacation. It is expected that this loan will be so supported as to be equally as successful as the doubly subscribed first issue.

CARRIAGE OF WHEAT GREATLY EXPEDITED.

Ottawa, June 28.—Exports of Canadian wheat during the present month show that the crop is being transported out of the country with great expedition this year. The total for this June was 21,003,485 bushels, as compared with 6,611,879 in the corresponding month last year. Canada is evidently not meeting with the tonnage difficulties which have led Australia to establish a state-owned steamer service.

CANADIAN NIGHT IN KITCHENER WEEK.

London, June 28— Tuesday next will be Canadian Night in the Women's Tribute to Kitchener Week. The programme provides for a military concert by a brass band from Shorncliffe, playing through the streets of London, aided by Capt. Edmund Burke and the Canadian military choir.

PUTTING A GOOD FACE ON IT
—Sunday Chronicle, London, Eng.

Men Who Bear the Burden

The British Statesman Cannot Escape Penalty of His High Office.

OFTEN LOOK WEARIED

Direction of the Government in the Greatest Position of Danger.

Only to few men is it given to bear unimpaired the mental and physical strain of grave responsibility.

After twenty-two months of war, Mr. Asquith cannot congratulate himself on having escaped the penalties of the burden of having on his shoulders the direction of the Government in the greatest position of danger in which this country has ever found itself. He has aged considerably; there are many tell-tale lines under his eyes indicative of overwork, and though his fresh-colored complexion tends to suggest he is in the best of health, those who are nearest to him are very concerned about his growing liability to colds, which recently kept him away from the House of Commons for more than a week.

With the exception of an occasional week-end, the Premier has had no holiday worth speaking of, and at his age—he is in his sixty-fourth year—he feels the need more than ever for temporary respites from the cares of office. It is only the handsome reserve of vitality which he seems to possess that enables him to keep on from week to week with such astounding regularity.

His hair, which he wears bushy at the back, is quite white, and at times rather unkempt, especially in the heat of a debate, when he has the habit of putting his hands through its locks, as if thereby to gain inspiration.

On the other hand, his physique still suggests sturdiness. His step is alert, and if the opportunity were there and the hour propitious, he could play a good game of golf.

While not exactly elegant in his clothes, he always dresses very neatly, and the short-cut black morning-coat he affects fits him rather well.

The faculty of throwing off care is an admirable advantage in the conservation of Mr. Asquith's energy, and the informal dinners at 10 Downing Street, to which his closest friends are invited, help to make him forget the pressing anxieties of his position.

Mr. Lloyd George.

After the Premier, the heaviest responsibility in the Cabinet devolves on Mr. Lloyd George, who has charge of the output of munitions in the manufacture of which he has taken over 3,000 factories as controlled establishments.

A cheerfulness of disposition and a distinctly humorous vein in his nature keeps the eloquent Welsh statesman young, and though his hair is grey, it only serves to throw up by contrast his well-conditioned features. He steps out more smartly than any other man in the Cabinet, and there is a vigor in his walk which stamps him as a man of action.

Mr. Lloyd George gets through more work in a day than some of his colleagues do in a week. He has astonished the clerks of his department by the introduction of a ten-hours' day.

They find him at the muitions headquarters as early as ten o'clock in the morning and as late as nine o'clock at night.

In between he finds time to give important interviews to correspondents of neutral newspapers and to sit for his portrait to that very excellent artist, Mr. Augustus John, who has reproduced on canvas the living soul of this statesman.

The whole personality of the Minister of Munitions radiates energy. Like Mr. Hughes, the Australian Premier, he is a "live wire."

Mr. McKenna.

Of Mr. McKena, who has the onerous task of raising five millions a day, it may be said that during the war he has kept his head but lost his hair.

The public know most of the Cabinet Ministers from photographs that were taken of them at least ten years ago; but in the Chancellor's case no harm is done, for the published photographs of him exactly convey how he looks to-day.

Responsibility does not bring lines of care to his face; it merely thins a little more his remaining locks. He has, of course, the benefit of a fine constitution that was maintained in his younger days by a love of athletics, and particularly of rowing. It may be recalled that in 1887 he was bow in the Cambridge University eight.

Mr. Bonar Law

Mr. Bonar Law, who, in Mr. Asquith's absence, is leader of the House, finds his hair rapidly thinning on the top. His spare form, however, dispels any impression of the war affecting him overmuch. The unfeeling caricaturists give him a moustache reminiscent of Charlie Chaplain, but the suggested resemblance is a far-fetched one, and Mr. Bonar Law, these days, is too solemn a person to be spoken of in the same breath as the master of dollars on whom the "moon" shines brightly.

Mr. A. J. Balfour.

Mr. Balfour may often be seen leisurely strolling through Pall Mall on his way to his favorite club, the Travellers'.

Save that he is much whiter, Mr. Balfour keeps his age well, and those who break a lance with him in the House must expect as good as they give, as Colonel Churchill found to his cost when he recently made his reappearance in the Commons.

The First Lord will be sixty-eight in July, and for one so advanced in years the civil administration of the Navy is indeed a tremendous task. A good average of health allows Mr. Balfour to keep regularly in attendance at the admiralty and to make up to a large extent for the handicap of being four years older than the Premier.

Will Not Allow Wine Agencies

Ontario License Board is Expected to Confine Sale of Native Wines.

Toronto, June 28—While the board has not reached a definite decision in regard to the regulations governing the sale of native wines, it is understood that the commissioners are satisfied that manufacturers of native wines should not be given the privilege of opening agencies in cities and towns for the sale of their product. The quantity that may be sold is, of course, fixed by the Ontario Temperance Act at five gallons in bulk, and two gallons in bottles, but the Legislature left to the board the responsibility of determining whether the wine should be sold only at the place of manufacture or anywhere else. Recently a deputation of native wine manufacturers waited upon the board and asked for the right to open depots, claiming that if this privilege was refused some of the companies would have to move their plants.

The board, it is stated, takes the view that requiring sale at the place of manufacture will not impose any hardship, since the householder ordering a five-gallon lot of wine, would order as readily by mail as he would by telephone or personal call. In fact, the winery manufacturing in a grape-growing district would be more apt to get orders than one operated in town. The board, it is understood, proposes to give ample protection to legitimate wine manufacturers by placing a ban on companies or individuals selling a product that is not made from home-grown grapes. The board has obtained information showing that there are a number of so-called native wines on the market that have litle if any grapes in their composition. Since special provision was made in the Ontario Temperance Act, permitting the sale of wines manufactured from "grapes grown in the province," as an encouragement to the grape growing industry, the board means to keep manufacturers strictly to that provision. It is probable that permits will be issued for the sale of native wines and manufacturers will be asked to satisfy the board that Ontario grapes and Ontario grapes alone, are producing the vine. By this plan it will be impossible for any individual in a city or town to buy adulterated wine, and by working in the juice of a few boxes of Ontario grapes, label himself a manufacturer, and sell the product locally.

The License Board is considering a number of important suggestions in connection with the sale of liquor after the Temperance Act goes into effect. One of these is that all liquors supplied to druggists for sale for medicinal purposes be bottled in six-ounce quantities, and so labelled that the quality of the contents would be clearly shown to the purchaser. The board has been informed that a considerable number of druggists who sell liquor for medicinal use purchase stuff of poor quality. The board believes that liquor used as a medicine should be of the highest standard, and, that this cannot be guaranteed where it is bought in bulk.

Canada's Trade Make Big Advance

Heavy Increase is Shown in Exports of Manufactured Articles.

Ottawa, June 28.—A heavy increase in exports of manufactured articles during the months of April and May is the outstanding feature of the Canadian trade statement issued yesterday afternoon. These exports amounted in May to $27,734,477, and in the two months of the fiscal year to $49,307,555, as compared with $16,121,149 in May last year and $29,342,807 in the two months' period.

Another feature of the statement is the substantial rise in imports of free goods, as well as in dutiable commodities. Dutiable imports in May amounted to $39,740,167, as against $19,851,612 in May last year, while imports of free goods increased from $14,539,196 in May last year to $29,857,645.

Imports of all classes inclusive of coin and bullion amounted last month to $70,230,181,compared with $35 046,944 in the same period last year. May, including bullion, amounted to $94,654,295, as against $42,080,486. The Grand total of all Canadian trade for May was $176,873,466, and for the two months of the fiscal year $284,555,958. The total for May last year was $80,0[illegible]321, and for the two months $145,244,352.

Exports of agricultural products during the month just closed rose to $47,433,750, an increase of no less than $34,687,623. Other exports also show substantial increases.

POSSIBILITIES.

The clash of Ford and Bryan as rival candidates would resemble the meeting of an irresistable farce and an immovable hobby.—Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

Bavarian Plenty Attracts Guests

North German Meditate Visit in Summer to Share Food.

The Hague, June 28.—The widespread impression in North Germany that Bavaria, compared with other German States, is flowing with milk and honey, has led to indications that a big influx of Summer guests may be expected there. This prospect has so alarmed the Munich Government that it has been thought necessary to issue a warning to intending visitors, pointing out that although the Bavarian meat cards entitle the holders to seven hundred grammes weekly, which is considerably more than in North Germany, they include sausage, bacon, preserved meats and fats, which are not included in the North German meat cards. Besides, the Bavarian rations will shortly be reduced about twenty per cent., owing to the shortage of supplies.

It is true that butter cards entitle the holders to a hundred grammes per week, but very rarely is the full ration available. Eggs, sugar, peas and beans are also very scarce, while seafish are much less easily procurable.

The Ministerial communication, therefore, expresses the hope that Bavaria will be spared the threatened friendly invasion, adding that as the country itself is short of supplies it cannot undertake to feed an additional population.

FRENCH REPULSE FOE AT VILLAGE OF FLEURY

Artillery Fire Dies Down Appreciably in Region of Verdun

London, June 28.—In the region of Verdun yesterday the French defeated a German attempt to capture the portion of Fleury Village they still occupy, but otherwise on this sector it was exceedingly quiet. On both banks of the Meuse the bombardment was less intense than usual in the course of the day.

The French on Monday night beat off an attack against one of their trenches at Hill 304. They made some progress in the Thiaumont fortified work in the night.

German ships near the Belgian coast were made targets for 65 bombs thrown from a French aeroplane reconnaissance squadron.

ITALIANS BRING DOWN AN AUSTRIAN AEROPLANE.

Enemy Craft Came to Grief While Bombarding Verona

Rome, via Paris, June. 27, 9.20 p.m.—An Austrian aeroplane while bombarding Verona yesterday morning, was attacked and brought down by Italian aircraft in the Chiampo valley. Another aeroplane, attacking Padua, was driven off by anti-aircraft artillery.

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Poor appetite can only mean that your digestive system is out of condition, that you are not getting nourishment from your food. Where then is strength to come from—strength for body, strength for brain? You simply can't have it. You must become weak and run down.

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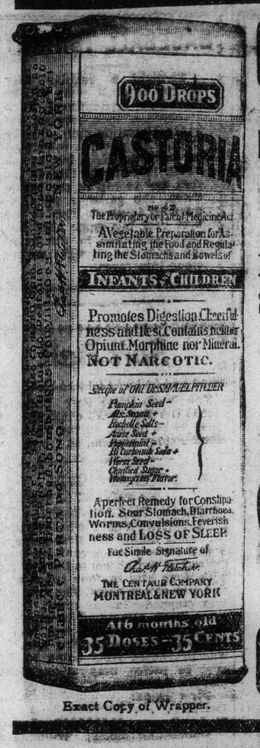

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RUSSIANS TAKE GREAT NUMBER OF PRISONE

Capture Nearly Two H dred Thousand in 2 Days.

KOLOMEA'S TURN NE

Czar's Columns Drive A trians Back to Ten Mil of Town.

London, June 27—Almost 20 prisoners were taken by the Ru army under General Brusilo tween June 4 and June 23 in the offensive against the Austrian Germans in Galicia and Volhyni exact figures as given being 19 of whom 4,031 are officers. trophies captured between dates include 219 guns, 644 m gune, 196 bomb throwers, 146 lery caissons and 32 searchligh

In the south, their flank in wina having been cleared of th emy, the Russians have made fu advance west of Czernowitz, d the Austrians back to the Roud River, an affluent of the Pruth The present endeavor is to ad on Kolomea and Stanislau, Zabl where the Roudovetz and Prut ers join, is about ten miles s Kolomea, the next station ahea the next objective for Russians.

Big Battle Continues.

In northeastern Galicia and s ern Volhynia the big battle on issue depends the possession of Vladimir-Volynski and Brody, tinues to rage, with the Rus maintaining an impenetrable against the Austrians and the ans. An offensive attempted b Germans on the road from Lut Kovel was repulsed. After cro the Shara river, southwest of L and near Lake Vygonovskoye, Germans were dislodged and th back and the Russians retain old positions. On the Kolki fro the Stokhod river, the enemy tinues the bombardment of the sian lines with heavy guns. Inf and artillery firing is the featu the action farther south.

In the northern sector atta the Germans were repulsed on fronts of Riga, Dvinsk, and the region to the southwest.

FOUR FROM STATES ARRESTED AS S

Arraigned in Orangeville Court Will be Deported.

Orangeville, June 28.—This was in the throes of a German scare last evening, when four terious strangers, who arrive registered at a leading local incurred the suspicion of the mi police attached to the 164th B ion, which is encamped at E tion Park for the past month. quartette were rounded up b authorities and spent the night cells. This morning they app before Police Magistrate Pa and gave their names as Frank lin, E. A. Nolte, L. Shamock a Tuck, all of Syracuse. Birkin charged with uttering seditio guage with the intention of r ing recruiting, the other men charged with vagrancy.

The court room was crowded the case was taken up, after noon adjournment. Crown Att J. L. Island prosecuted, Capt. Epps, battalion adjutant, as and A. A. Hughson defe Charges of sedition can only be at the Assizes, and the captain ed the accused interned. Evi was called to show that Bi whose father was a German, made use of very seditious lan in canvassing for orders. Fina was decided to deport, and h be sent back to New York sta morrow morning in charge o officer. The baggage of the prisoners having been examine the noon adjournment by the tary and civil authorities, and ing incriminating found th they were discharged.

The German Naval Attach Madrid is quoted as saying th submarine with a letter from Kaiser to President Wilson is ing New York.

Dr. Kaiser: "On no a state of her health. The sho London, Eng.