

A FLIMS Y SEIZURE

U. S. Cutter Rush Seizes Aurora for Having Skins With Holes in Them.

These Holes Were Made by the Gaff but Officers Say They are Shot Wounds.

Captain Thomas H. Brown, of the seized schooner Aurora, which cast her anchor off the custom house in Victoria last evening, tells a story which shows that the American revenue cutters in Behring sea are determined to send sealing schooners home upon the slightest pretext. First they wrenched Clause I. of the Tribunal of Arbitration in order to seize the Alnoha and the Beatrice, and then to introduce a little variety they jump to clause 6 and seize the Aurora on the charge of having used firearms in Behring sea. The seizure was made at 8 a.m. on August 11 by the U. S. cutter Rush. Before coming alongside the Aurora, the officers of the Rush boarded the Agnes Macdonald, which had 50 skins on board. Lieutenant Daniels and three others from the Rush boarded the Aurora. Captain Brown showed them several skins in which holes had been made with the gaff, used in drawing the seals into the boats. These holes had been laid aside when salted and an entry made in the log showing how the holes were caused. Lieutenant Daniels examined the log and the skins and then decided to report the matter to Captain Roberts of the R.H.S. Shortly after the party left the schooner, Officer Bellinger came from the Rush, asked for the mutilated skins, received them and took them back with him to the boats. A few hours afterwards another boat's crew came alongside and demanded the ship's papers, and at 4 o'clock that afternoon the unwelcome news came from Captain Roberts that the schooner was seized for having on board four skins of seal which had been "shot" in Behring sea. A prize crew was placed on board the schooner and the captain received instructions to report to the British warships at Omakassa.

Before the Rush left the place one of the Aurora's boats returned with eight seals. Captain Brown called the attention of the officers of the cutter to the fact that there were no holes in the boat. After skinning the seals, holes were found in two of the skins. These were shown to Captain Roberts, but Bellinger remarked that "they looked very much like shot holes." Captain Brown saw it was useless to endeavor to convince those who would not believe their own eyes, and proceeded to Omakassa.

Omakassa was reached on the 17th and Captain Brown at once interviewed Captain Hooper of the U. S. Bear, commanding officer of the U. S. patrol fleet. Captain Hooper was inclined to listen to the captain's story and stated that he thought the cause of seizure was rather slim on Captain Ernest Flett of H.M.S. Icarus, the next officer seen, thought differently, however. He had but "a-d little sympathy for him" and at once ordered the schooner home. As the Aurora had run out of coal for cooking, Captain Brown asked Captain Flett for a few sacks that would do until they reached Victoria. He was gruffly told that he would get nothing. Captain Hooper was more considerate, however, and gave the Aurora six sacks of coal, sufficient for the trip. Captain Brown is of the opinion that isolation does not suit the commander of the Icarus, and that his temper has been considerably shorted since going to Behring sea. While the schooner was at Omakassa, and while the American officer was on board, one of the sub-officers of the Icarus came on board and told the officers that he was relieved from further duty on board the Aurora, as an officer from the Icarus would be placed in charge. The American left, but no British came. In the meantime night came and two of the Aurora's crew took one of the boats, valued at \$75 and a lot of provisions and disappeared. Captain Brown reported the matter to Captain Flett, who replied that he had nothing to do with the schooner as she was in charge of the cutter which seized her!

Captain Brown explains how he came to have bare arms on board the schooner. While in Hakodate, June last, arrangements were made with Captain O'Leary of the Fortuna to meet the Aurora on the Kamshatka coast and receive her firearms, as the Fortuna intended to spend some time in the neighborhood of the Comper Island. The schooner's crew met each other, and Capt. Brown decided to go to Atu and from there to Omakassa to land arms and ammunition. When Atu was reached, the U. S. cutter Grant was seen, and the second lieutenant from the latter paid the Aurora a visit, and he informed Captain Brown that it would be unnecessary to make the run to Omakassa, as the law did not forbid carrying arms only the use of them. The lieutenant then made an inventory of the number of arms, ammunition, etc. Captain Brown, who has had considerable experience in the sea, then asked how it would be if he happened to have skins with holes in them and at the same time have fire arms on board.

"Oh, that's all right," was the reply.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

THE KIDNEYS AND LIVER

THEIR DERANGEMENT THE SOURCE OF MUCH SUFFERING.

A Great Sufferer for Thirty Years Tells How He Obtained Improvement and Should be Followed by Others Similarly Afflicted.

From the Caledonia, N. S., Gold Hunter. Mr. George Uhlman, a well known farmer living near New Elm, is loud in his praise of the benefits he received from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Recently while visiting his daughter in Hemford, he was interviewed by a reporter and to the scribe's satisfaction, "Well, Mr. Uhlman, you are looking ten years younger than you did two years ago," he promptly replied, "Yes, and I am feeling that many years younger. I am now in my 64th year and am feeling better than I did when I was 64. It is pretty generally known hereabouts that I suffered intensely for upwards of thirty years from kidney and liver trouble, during which time I was treated by different doctors, and I can hardly tell how many different kinds of patent medicines I used, but I can say 'heaps' of 'em, but I got very little relief from them. Eventually I began to think my case incurable. But I have found a cure and one which I believe is permanent, and if you are interested I am willing to tell you what this may sound antiseptic, but I have very bad spells and suffering intensely from the effects of liver and kidney troubles. I noticed an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and thought I would try them. After beginning their use I felt that the last vestige of my trouble had disappeared. New blood seemed to course through my veins, and the organs which for so many years imperfectly performed their functions were now in a healthy condition. In addition to this my weight has materially increased, and I can stand a day's work on my farm better than I have been able to do in years before. Of course I do not mean to brag, but I know what Pink Pills have done for me and I naturally feel grateful, and I never lose an opportunity to say a good word for this grand medicine."

The secret of health, strength and activity is pure blood, and sound nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make pure, rich, red blood, and strengthen the nerves, and this is the secret of the marvellous success with which this medicine will cure almost any ailment which arises when other medicines fail. The list of diseases having their origin in impure or watery blood, or a shattered condition of the nerves is a long one, but in every case Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will restore health and strength if given as a charm. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from imposition by retaining a copy of the circular which bears the registered trade mark around the box.

Messrs. Davis, Pooley & Luxton, acting on behalf of the Imperial government, have instituted proceedings against the schooner seized for alleged infringement of the Behring Sea Act, 1894. Messrs. Drake, Jackson & Helmeck have been retained by the defence.

It is reported that R. Dunsour & Sons' steamer Wellington, which has been laid up at Esquimalt for some time, will shortly be placed on the Departure Bay and San Francisco route.

U.S.S. Monterey, which has been in Esquimalt for several days, left this morning for the Sound. Admiral Beardslee's flagship, the Philadelphia, is expected over next week.

The American bark Wilks, Capt. Slaton is on the way from Vladivostok, Russia, to load at Nanaimo for San Francisco.

SOMETHING BEHIND IT.

Two Girls Who Disappeared From Tacoma Arrested Here.

Yesterday afternoon Acting Chief Walker received a dispatch from Tacoma asking him to detain two fifteen-year-old girls, who had disappeared from their homes in that city, and who it was supposed had taken passage on the steamer City of Kingston for Victoria. The supposition proved to be true, for upon the arrival of the steamer they were found to be on board and were thereupon arrested by Detective Perdue. The girls gave their names as Stella and Gertrude Wayne, but these were only assumed, their proper names being Grace De Witt and Ivy Couch. The dispatch simply stated that the girls had run away from home without any reason. The Tacoma papers also state that there were no reasons for the girls leaving home.

On the other hand the girls give an inkling of the cause that led them to come to Victoria. Miss DeWitt says she left Tacoma to shield her uncle, with whom she was implicated in a scandal. Her friend, Miss Couch, also seemed being drawn into the trouble, so they came away together. An officer is expected over to-day to take the girls home. The Tacoma Ledger says of the girls' disappearance: "The girls, Grace DeWitt and Ivy Couch, mysteriously disappeared from their homes Tuesday night. The girls, who are about 15 years old, live in the neighborhood of the court house and have long been intimate friends. So far as is known they keep no company with any other girls. The DeWitt girl is the daughter of Mrs. DeWitt, a pensioner of the country, and the woman who shot Frank Meeker three years ago. Ivy Couch is the daughter of a railroad employe. Both are considered good girls. They have given no trouble at home and were not known to be dissatisfied in any way with their surroundings."

In a recent letter to the manufacturers Mr. W. F. Benjamin, editor of the Spectator, Rushford, N. Y., says: "It may be a pleasure to you to know the high esteem in which Chamberlain's medicines are held by the people of your own state, where they must be best known. An aunt of mine, who resides at Dexter, Iowa, was about to die a few years since, and before leaving home wrote me, asking me to send her some, stating that if they were not she would bring a quantity with her, as she did not like to be without them." The medicines referred to are Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, lame back, pains in the side and chest, and Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. These medicines have been in constant use in Iowa for almost a quarter of a century. The people have learned that they are articles of great worth and merit, and unexcelled by any other. They are for sale here by all druggists, Lansley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

GENTRY'S LATEST

The Handsome Stallion Paces the Fastest Three Consecutive Miles Known.

The Portland Plate-Corbett and Fitzsimmons Arraigned to Fight.

THE OAR. JOHNSTON THE BOW MURPHY. Winnipeg, Sept. 7.—Negotiations are in progress for a race for a subscription purse between Dan Murphy, of this city, and Johnson, of Vancouver, who recently won the amateur and professional sculling events at the Terminal City carnival, beating Dr. McDowell, of Chicago, in the first named race. It is proposed to have the contest take place at Nelson, B. C. Murphy may also find backing for a match race with the Parolok, owned by the company which he is very much better condition now than when he rowed against Hackett last fall.

GAUDAUR'S CAREER. There is probably no oarsman now before the public who has experienced so many of the vicissitudes of the athlete as Gaudaur. He took to aquatic sports early in life but not until several years did he attain his greatest successes. At the present time, and at the age when the powers of the ordinary athlete begin to decline, he is rowing faster than ever before, and to judge from indications he has not yet reached the acme of his speed. It is estimated that he has participated in over 100 contests and his victories have been about 65 per cent.

Perhaps 1886 was the most important year of Gaudaur's life. On June 12 he defeated Teemer at Peilman, Ill., for the championship of America over a three mile course, and again at White Bear Lake, where he defeated Teemer and Hamm, and made the best record up to that time, 19:54. On September 18th he rowed his famous race with William Beach, the Australian, for the world's championship and \$5,000 a side on the Thames, London, England. The Orillon was beaten over a four and a half mile stretch by a short half boat length. Rowing men who saw the contest say it was the greatest that has ever taken place in the history of the sport. At four miles (Barnes Bridge) Gaudaur was then half a length in the lead, but his opponent's stupidity threw him the race. He was directed to deviate from his course, when he should have gone through the middle span.

During Gaudaur's career he has been twice defeated by O'Connor in the single mile, but to many the results of those races were scarcely sufficient to prove O'Connor's superiority. At Sturgeon Point, where they first met, there was five contestants. A strong breeze was blowing and the Gaudaur boat was in a position to occupy No. 1, under the lee shore and was protected from the wind. To the turn it was all one hand pulling for Gaudaur, and O'Connor rounded his flag six or seven strokes before he was able to return however, Gaudaur crossed over to the bank and gained it all back but half a length. In the second race, at San Francisco, a similar condition of affairs prevailed. Gaudaur had not rowed a dozen strokes before he was overtaken by Gaudaur's brilliant performance at Austin in 1893, is still fresh in the public mind, when he defeated Stanbury, the world's champion, Peterson, Hanlan, Teemer and the rest of the crew.

THE JUDGESHIP.

Victoria Bar Association Asks for the Appointment of a B. C. Man. The Victoria Bar Association yesterday passed a resolution asking the Dominion government to appoint a British Columbia man to the judgeship of the bench of the Supreme Court of British Columbia. The resolution follows: "Whereas it has been rumored that there is a possibility that the vacant office of justice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia may be filled by the appointment of a barrister not a member of the bar of British Columbia, contrary to the practice which has prevailed with respect to such appointments for a period of over 40 years; and whereas it is therefore resolved by the Bar Association of the city of Victoria that any departure from the said practice would be detrimental to the best interests of the public as well as of the province of British Columbia; and whereas it is further resolved, that in the opinion of this association the province should be regarded as within the benefit of the provisions of section 97 of the B. N. A. Act, taken together with section 10 of the Terms of Union with respect to such appointments; and whereas it is further resolved, that this association do respectfully protest against the appointment of any person who is not a member of the bar of British Columbia in active practice; and whereas it is further resolved, that it is necessary to the due and effective administration of justice within the province that the said vacancy be filled with as little delay as possible; and whereas the delay of the association is not that the appointment of judges properly belongs to the province instead of the Dominion," as stated by the Col. onist, but that according to section 97 of the B. N. A. Act, taken with section 10 of the Terms of Union, the B. C. judges must be appointed from the B. C. bar. Section 97 of the B. N. A. Act reads: "Until the laws relative to property and civil rights in Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and the procedure of courts in those provinces, are made uniform, the judges of the courts of those provinces appointed by the Governor-General shall be selected from the respective bars of those provinces," and section ten of the Terms of Union provides that the B. N. A. Act shall apply to British Columbia, except those parts which specifically apply only to the other provinces.

The resolution was telegraphed to the minister of justice and copies will be mailed to the B. C. members and the Vancouver Bar Association. It was also decided to send representatives to the meeting to be held at Montreal on Sept. 15th for the purpose of forming a Dominion Bar Association. Messrs. Anley Morrison, M. P., W. W. B. McLean, M. P., and P. S. Lammiman were chosen as delegates.

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable; small, and easy to take. Don't forget this.

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The Handsome Stallion Paces the Fastest Three Consecutive Miles Known.

The Portland Plate-Corbett and Fitzsimmons Arraigned to Fight.

THE RING. CORBETT-FITZSIMMONS. New York, Sept. 12.—Robert Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, and Martin Julian, his manager, gave a dinner at which James J. Corbett was challenged by Fitzsimmons. Dave Holland was made temporary stakeholder, and \$5000 forfeit was placed in his hands. It is to remain up for thirty days. Fitzsimmons proposes that the fight be to a finish for \$5000 or \$10,000 a side and the largest purse offered. He proposes that it take place before or after the Sharkey fight, or in the same ring, or at any place within a reasonable time after that fight. When Corbett was notified at Asbury park to fight Fitzsimmons' challenge he simply laughed and said: "Fitzsimmons is bluffing again. I chased him nearly two years to get him to fight. Now, that I am to fight Sharkey he issues a challenge. I am going to accept it, and I do accept it. I will fight him 20 minutes after Sharkey leaves the ring. I am positive, however, that Fitzsimmons will never enter the ring with me. He has refused so many propositions from me that he shows he does not want to fight me and is only bluffing. His bluff is called."

EXTENSION OF TRADE.

The Government Seeking Information From Boards of Trade. The following circular, from the deputy minister of trade and commerce, will be considered at the next meeting of the council of the B. C. Board of Trade: Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, Aug. 28, 1896.

Sir,—I am directed by the minister of trade to request you to call the attention of your board to the subject of the possible extension of the trade of the Dominion in various directions. The minister will be pleased to receive and consider any suggestions which you or your colleagues may see fit to offer as to the methods whereby, in your opinion, existing trade can be increased, or new traffic developed in any direction. In particular, he would be glad to be advised whether you have to report any material alterations within the past year in the quantities and values of the principal articles now exported from your section of the Dominion to other countries. Secondly, whether in your opinion the traffic in any of these articles could readily be increased, and if so, in which classes and to what countries. Thirdly, whether there are any other articles which you consider might be exported to advantage, and if so, which and to what markets.

W. G. PARMELEE, Deputy Minister.

"CHINAMAN HEAP SMAHLT."

"Ketchum Clos, Alle Same Li's Man, and go Chinee, See?"

Toronto, Sept. 12.—A story is told here of a local Chinese laundry keeper, who much resembled the servant of Earl Li's retinue, who took a visiting Chinaman to his laundry, gave him opium to smoke and got him liquor. After he was drunk he changed clothes with the man, and leaving a note pinned to the visitor's jacket, telling him when revived that the visitor would be on his way to China, left on the train with Li's suite.

SKIN DISEASE!

The Remedy Which Has Never Failed—Tried and Tested Ointment.

Because other alleged remedies for piles, scrofula, eczematous eruptions, scald head, chafing, black heads, salt rheum and skin diseases generally have proved useless, don't condemn Dr. Chase's Ointment. It has never been known to fail. For instance, Nelson Simmons, Meyersburg, Ont., writes: "I used Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching piles, and an recommendation highly. Since using it I have had perfect freedom from the disease." Peter Vanallen, L'Amable, Que., had the eczema for three years. He tried three doctors, but received no benefit. One box of Dr. Chase's Ointment and three boxes of Dr. Chase's Pills cured him completely. Large scales covered his legs and body, but the Ointment soon removed them. He will swear to these facts. Chase's Ointment may be had from any dealer or from the manufacturers, Edmondson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard street, Toronto. Price 60 cents.

Mother's greatest remedy for coughs, cold, bronchial and lung affections is Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. The medical taste is wholly disguised, making it pleasant to take. Large bottle 25 cents.

Hon. J. H. Turner and Mrs. Turner returned last evening from the interior.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

RAPID BUTTER MAKER.

"A machine has been invented by a Swedish engineer," says the Medical. Not only is time saved in one minute, it is made absolutely pure and free from germs. The milk is heated in the sterilizer to 160 degrees F. From the sterilizer it is cooled down to 60 degrees in cooling frames, through which it passes constantly, and which revolves with the churning chamber at the rate of 6,000 revolutions a minute. Several advantages are claimed over the ordinary machine, which bids fair to create a revolution in butter-making upon a large scale. The process of butter-making is so rapid that there is very little chance of any germs that may exist in the atmosphere of the dairy getting into all, air must be forced out of the chamber of the machine by the extreme velocity of the butter is once pressed the remaining 97 per cent impregnation is almost eliminated. Thus a wholesome and permanently pure butter is produced. Another advantage is that milk can be converted into butter directly after being obtained from the cow."

TEA-TASTERS.

Good tea-tasters receive about \$2000 a year. The largest number of them are gathered at Shanghai, Foo Chow and Yokohama, where reside the largest number of foreign buyers. The taster's business is to taste all samples coming on the market and enter in a book describing the dry leaf, the infused leaf, and the liquor. This requires a most delicate and carefully cultivated taste. The tasting results in a feeling of fullness at the stomach, destroying the appetite and resulting in injury unless care is taken. It is generally considered an unhealthy business, though Mr. J. R. Hendry, for many years a tea-taster in China and now a resident in Tacoma, tells me that he experienced no ill results. It takes four or five years to acquire the sensitive taste requisite, during which the taster receives no salary, and frequently pays for the privilege of learning.—The National Magazine.

Think It Over.

Have you ever heard of a medicine with such a record of cures as Hood's Sarsaparilla? Don't you know Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier, has proved, over and over again, that it has power to cure, even after all other remedies fail? If you have impure blood, you must take Hood's Sarsaparilla with the utmost confidence that it will do you good.

HOOD'S PILLS assist digestion. 25 cents.

Companion—He has sent you a beautiful poem in which he sings your praises.

Rich Widow—How lovely. When he calls remind me about it, so that I may give him a glance full of gratitude.

Rev. P. H. McEwen returned from a visit to the Sound cities yesterday.

SUNLIGHT SOAP. PICTURES WRAPPERS. FOR LEVER BROS., Ltd. 23 Scott St., Toronto.

CHOICE GROCERIES. Unsoked Bacon, 9c. per lb. 85 per cent. M.M. Tea, 5 lb. box, \$1.35. Vic. Rolled Oats, (90 lbs) \$2.25 sack. Best Cheese, 12 1/2c. per lb. Victoria Flour, \$4.25 per bbl. Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour, \$5 per bbl.

The above Prices are Strictly Spot Cash.

R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort Street, Victoria, B.C.

J. PIERCY & CO. Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods AND CLOTHING. Gents' Furnishing Manufacturers.

Large and varied stock of New Fall Goods just arrived.

Twice

Specialty Const Ship Through ans Plung

LONDON TIMES A Prepared to Face European

Sultan May be In European Po Its

London, Sept. 15. Constantinople pub that a wholesale m is planned to occur night, and that A departed from there have been drowned about through spe

The Chronicle ex that Mr. Gladstone address a meeting. Chester in favor of The Times, in an the utterances of I Henry Asquith on lion, says: "Lord R quith have the aed responsibility. It is whirlwind of nat would baffle the stro sagacious judgment which it raised. An ased to face a C let them pause while Vice Admiral Sir Hopkins, K.C.B., has succeeded Sir Michael C.B., as commander of the British fleet. Mrs. Emily Craw Sunday Times, say has been admitted professional reasons tan ought to be a interests, and that murdered by the Jes He never sleeps in the nights running. He isseries are in the by even after the fact a grave question with same, like his broth posed. Sultan. The power to depose a monarch is a privilege who have eyes to se more evident the an the affairs of the Ot the Turk himself off appreciation of the in the limit that reached in the European powers with termination of the A been steadily and r Turkey. There is no dimini displayed by the M the Armenians, and linqushing of the oris and the aed determined revolution against the sovereign and as such invite the sive measures that against them. Some of this contented to the fact that powers, have receive from the Hittichak mitte, declaring that the committee is busy of the raid by them bank are not grante more serious outbreah ish authorities and d every day the last, w apparently indisciplin Armenians in this cit

Since Friday there increase of the patri Tappia, the suburb of which are attracted lish embassadors' re Bunkinder and Pera tan's precautionary future outrages, in co warning contained in the powers of the aut come under the auth are warned that they if outbreaks involving the troops are dis ed to use their arms they are attacked. T cautionary measures 2000, but have the extend the feeling of count of the feeling of secondary and vellel hidden behind the let the troops. Meanti help the distressed

The official Turkish number of victims of this city is 1300. Of this figure, the coupl with the alle of those killed were but that they were b done. The actual of the disaster was probably more 60 authorities state that killed and thirty wer