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VOL. XXXVII.—No. 13,333

GOOD WORK Australians After Ten Days of Fierce Fighting Capture Most of Bullecourt—Canadians Bombard Lens to Drive Out the Germans—British Carry Part of Roeux With Other Important Works North of Scarpe and Advance on Mile-and-Half Front, Taking 700 Prisoners—French Repulse Desperate Attacks by Crown Prince—Serbian Carry Mountain Summit in the Balkans

ON SUNDAY

ENEMY CLINGS TO LENS TOWN TILL THE LAST Attempt to Leave It in a Pocket Is Not Justified.

GERMANS LOSE TRENCH Told to Hold It Against the British at All Costs.

By Stewart Lvon. Canadian Headquarters in France, via London, May 13.—In the important operations of the past two days, north of the Scarpe, the Canadians had no part, except that the long-range artillery on this front was used in the hope that the enemy might be squeezed out of Lens by an advance north and south of the town, leaving it in a pocket. This hope has not been justified by events. The enemy has clung tenaciously to the town for a month, since the battle of Vimy Ridge, and seems determined to maintain its hold until his losses from our artillery fire become ruinously great. An entire division of Germans is quartered in Lens and its outskirts. All lines of communication above there are under constant fire from our guns.

There are no civilians left in Lens. The southern part of the town is in ruins, and recent aerial photographs show that as before the evacuation of important towns in the Somme region, two months ago, mines have been exploded under the chief high-ways. Thus, all preparations are made for the sudden departure of the enemy. His losses from gun fire are becoming severe, and his men captured in the vicinity say their garrison is most pessimistic. Germans Lose Heavily. The fighting during Thursday and Friday, west of Avion, which is a suburb of Lens, is not likely to improve the spirits of the Germans. They lost an important bit of trench which they were ordered to hold at all costs. They lost also many men in bayonet and bomb fighting. (Concluded on Page 7, Column 1).

RUSSIA BOUND TO STAND BY ALLIES Separate Peace Would Be Eternal Shame, Tseretelli Gives Warning FOE'S TRICKERY SEEN German and Austrian Proletariat Support Plans of Military Conquest.

Petrograd, via London, May 13.—Addressing a congress of delegates of the field army, Minodiviki Tseretelli, member of the council of workmen's and soldiers' delegates, declared that the German and Austrian proletariat had not yet emerged from the state of chauvinistic intoxication into which they had been plunged by Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg, the imperial German chancellor, and the imperialist bourgeoisie. "As long as the German proletariat marches with Emperor William," said the speaker, "our position is clear. Should we now stretch a fraternal hand towards the peoples of central Europe to conclude a separate peace it would be an eternal shame which would lead inevitably to the downfall and annihilation of Russia. We will not seek to break our engagements with our allies. On the contrary, we will do our utmost that the alliance arranged by the bourgeoisie shall be more solidly cemented by the union of the allied democracies."

Kingston Woman Fatally Burned By Clothing Catching Fire Kingston, May 13.—Mrs. Day, wife of Sidney W. Day, set fire to her clothing accidentally, while making a search with a lighted match in her cellar, and was burned to death. Besides her husband two sons survive, Dr. H. E. Day and A. E. Day, lawyer, and one daughter, Miss Mabel Day at home. Lieut. Colmie Day, the first Kingstonian to fall in the present war, was a son.

Bullecourt is Surrounded Important Ground Taken

Two Places Which Have Been Troublesome Since Arras Battle Began Are Captured, and Village of Bullecourt is All But Cut Off.

By R. T. Small, Staff Correspondent of the Associated Press. With the British Armies in France, May 12, via London, 10.35 p.m.—In a series of attacks last night and today the British troops captured several strong German positions, including one or two which have been sources of more or less trouble since the battle of Arras began. The famous chemical works north of the village of Roeux have at last been definitely taken possession of, as well as the Roeux chateau and cemetery. The cemetery has been a very bitter spot, the Germans having fortified the graves into defensive positions and turned the underground vaults into strongholds. Southeast of Monchy the British captured several pits and detached German ranches, as well as Cavly farm. South of the Coloul River, in the neighborhood of Bullecourt, the British materially extended their holdings in the Hindenburg line, and tonight Bullecourt is all but surrounded by the British lines, which include the Australians. It is believed that the number of prisoners in these actions will total more than 600. About 400 men were taken near the chemical works, most of them Brandenburgers and Berliners. The fighting north of Roeux began last night about dusk, just as a score of British aeroplanes were returning from their day's work behind the German lines. The pilots, seeing the battle in progress, joined in as they passed over and poured streams of machine gun bullets into the German ranks. They were cheered by the infantry, and acknowledged the salute by looping and firing rockets. When their ammunition was gone they started for home. The heat today was intense. The artillery men serving the guns were stripped to the waist during the barrage fire. The dust along the roads was choking.

ZEEBRUGGE BOMBARDED BY SEA AND AIR FORCES

British Aviators Destroy Four German Machines and Cripple Five Others—Raid on Port Most Destructive Yet Carried Out.

London, May 13.—An official statement, issued this evening by the British admiralty relative to the naval and aerial bombardment of Zeebrugge Saturday morning, says: "A very heavy bombardment of the important area at Zeebrugge was successfully carried out Saturday morning by a portion of our forces under orders of the Dover vice admiral. "The royal naval air service rendered valuable co-operation, and over fifteen aerial combats occurred in which four enemy machines were destroyed and five others driven down out of control. "Two of our machines failed to return. One of these descended in Dutch territory and was interned." According to reports received at Rotterdam, the naval attack yesterday on the German submarine base, Zeebrugge, on the Belgian coast, was the most destructive yet made by British warships. "Two submarine sheds were blown up. Sixty-three persons were killed and upwards of a hundred others were taken to hospital. "An official statement, issued at Berlin, says: "Enemy monitors, during foggy weather early Saturday morning, shelled Zeebrugge from a great distance. Our batteries replied. There was no loss of life. Slight material damage was done."

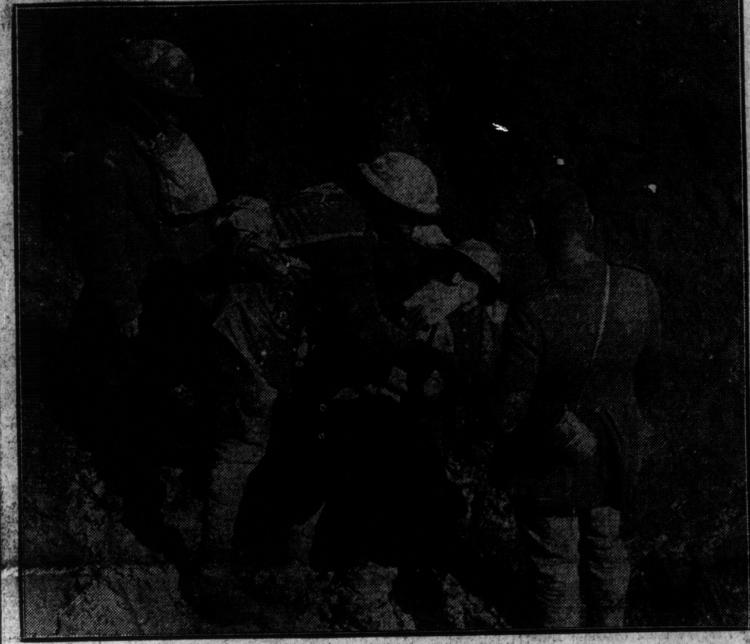
ENEMY LOSES HEAVILY IN ATTACKS ON FRENCH

German Crown Prince Makes Violent Attacks on Champagne Front North of Rheims.

Paris, May 13.—Troops commanded by the German Crown Prince this morning launched several violent attacks against the French lines on the Champagne front, north of Rheims, on the plateau south of Craonne and in the region of Maisons de Champagne. The statement issued this afternoon by the French war office says all the German attacks were smashed by the French artillery and rifle fire, the Germans suffering heavy losses. The official communication, issued by the war office last night, reads: "The day was marked by activity on the part of our artillery, chiefly south of St. Quentin, on the plateau north of the Aisne and in Champagne, in the Verdun region our batteries effectively bombarded German organizations in the Avocourt wood. There was no infantry action, except a spirited surprise attack carried out by one of our reconnoitering parties near Berry-au-Bac, in the course of which we took prisoners. "On May 11 our pursuit airplanes fought numerous engagements, in which seven German machines, brought down by our pilots, were entirely destroyed. Seven others, severely damaged, fell inside their own lines. "Belgian communication: There was reciprocal artillery activity along the whole front, principally in the sector of Ramscappelle. "Quite marked artillery activity took place along the front, vi lent engagements occurring at various points. There was a bomb fighting around the Ferryman's House. "A German aeroplane, attacked yesterday by a Belgian pursuit machine, fell in the forest of Heuchelst. "The war office issued the following official communication tonight: "The day was comparatively calm on the whole front. There was no infantry action. Our artillery continued to shell the enemy works and organizations. The German artillery replied feebly."

The Best Local Paper The Toronto World on Saturday published 78 local items in 16 pages. The Mail and Empire published 40 local items in 24 pages. The Globe published 65 local items in 23 pages.

MOST OF THE VILLAGE OF BULLECOURT IS NOW IN THE HANDS OF THE BRITISH



A WOUNDED CANADIAN RECEIVES FIRST AID AFTER THE TAKING OF VIMY RIDGE. Canadian War Records Photograph. Copyright reserved.

SERBS CAPTURE IMPORTANT HILL

Gain Ground Foot by Foot and Repulse Counter-Attacks.

ARTILLERY IS ACTIVE Brilliant Work of Hellenic Troops Results in an Advance.

Paris, May 13.—An official statement issued by the war office tonight reads: "Eastern theatre: The artillery was active along the whole front. Violent enemy counter-attacks against the position taken by the Serbs and on Srka-di-Legen were repulsed. "Last night's communication said: "The enemy opposed our attacks by violent counter-attacks, during the course of which he succeeded in gaining a footing in some trenches captured yesterday on Srka-di-Legen, but east of that point Hellenic troops, operating in conjunction with French troops, brilliantly carried an enemy work near Lyminas and took about thirty prisoners. The Serbians, gaining ground foot by foot, after having repulsed several counter-attacks, captured Hill 1024. They continue to advance on Dobrovoje."

GERMAN TASKMASTERS DEPORT MORE BELGIANS

They Are Forced to Work Near Frontiers in France and Germany.

Havre, France, May 13.—Information officially received by the Belgian Government is to the effect that since between the ages of 15 and 65 in the Belgian province of Luxembourg have been deported for work in France and Germany in the environs of the frontiers. The instructions state that the burgomaster, preacher and notary in each community may remain there. A census of women also has been taken and they have been divided into three categories. The first is composed of the able-bodied, who will be compelled to work in the fields, replacing men; the second, mothers with infants, who will be allowed to remain at home; and the third, the others, who will remain at the disposition of the German authorities, and whose mission is unknown. In the census no distinction has been made regarding social standing.

HUGE CROWDS ACCLAIM JOFFRE AT MONTREAL

Triumphal Procession Thru Flag-Bedecked Streets is Followed by Address of Welcome at Fletcher's Field—Stimulus to Recruiting Expected.

Montreal, May 13.—Joseph Jacques Cossaire Joffre, marshal of France, popularly called "Le Héros of the Marne," paid a visit to Montreal today that will rank as one of the great events in local history, and probably no man ever received such a spontaneous and general welcome in this city as "Papa Joffre." Practically everybody on the Island of Montreal who was able to get out of doors was out viewing the procession and cheering and waving flags in honor of the great French general. Apparently the pleasure was mutual, as Marshal Joffre smiled his way thru the immense crowds who lined the streets from west to east, and had his arm at salute almost continuously during the parade. The parade, which consisted of the local military units and as many civilians as could be comfortably carried in practically all the automobiles, was viewed by many thousands. Marshal Joffre arrived in this city from Boston a few minutes before 11 o'clock, and after a brief reception at Windsor station (C.P.R.) from Mayor Martin and representatives of the Dominion and Quebec governments, the parade started. It consisted of the local military units and as many civilians as could be comfortably carried in practically all the automobiles. (Concluded on Page 12, Column 7).

ITALIAN GUNS EXPLODE DUMPS IN FOE'S LINES

Austrian Batteries Cause Slight Damage to Buildings in Gorizia.

Rome, May 13.—vi. London.—"The artillery activity continued normal yesterday in the Trentino and Carnis regions," says the Italian official statement issued today, "but was considerably livelier on the Julian front from Tolmino to the sea. Our fire caused explosions and fires in the enemy lines. Enemy batteries caused slight damage to some buildings in Gorizia. "The skirmishes on the heights east of Vercobizza, where we captured a dozen prisoners, including an officer. "Hostile aircraft dropped bombs on the lower Isosno, killing a civilian. "Seaplanes renewed their bombardment of the aviation base of Prosecco, north of Trieste. During an air fight above Gorizia one of the enemy machines was brought down."

FLOUR UP AGAIN. Montreal, May 13.—Flour went up another fifty cents per barrel today, making \$14.50 a grain this week. The prices now are: First patents, \$18.50; seconds, \$16, and strong bakers, \$15.50. Yonge street.

Western Section of Roeux Also is Occupied—Australian Troops Galantly Maintain their Positions in the Hindenburg Line Against Feroocious Counter-Attacks.

London, May 13.—Most of the Village of Bullecourt, in the Hindenburg line, is now in the hands of the British, who also, according to the official report from headquarters in France, occupied the western section of Roeux. The text of the report reads: "Early this morning the enemy made two further counter-attacks upon our positions in the Hindenburg line east of Bullecourt. In both cases his attacking troops were repulsed and left a number of dead in front of our trenches. "During the past ten days the Australian troops have gallantly maintained their positions in this sector of the Hindenburg line, having during that period repulsed at least twelve determined hostile counter-attacks. "The greater part of the Village of Bullecourt, which lies in the Hindenburg line, is now in our hands. North of the Scarpe our troops established themselves during the day in the western houses of Roeux and again made progress on the western slopes of Greenland Hill, capturing a few prisoners. "Five German aeroplanes were brought down in air fighting yesterday; five others were driven down out of control. One other hostile machine was shot down in our lines by our anti-aircraft guns. Six of our machines are missing. "Battle Still Rages. The battle at Bullecourt, on the southern end of the Arras front, where heavy fighting has been raging for the past week and one of the most desperately defended sections of the famous Hindenburg line, is still going on, according to the official statement by the British war office. North of the River Scarpe the British made a slight advance last night. "The text of the statement reads: "There were patrol encounters last night northwest of St. Quentin and northeast of La Verguer. Casualties were inflicted on the enemy and our posts were advanced in some places. "Fighting continues at Bullecourt. "We advanced our lines slightly during the night south of the Scarpe and improved our position on the western slopes of Greenland Hill, north of river, capturing a few prisoners. "Early in the night a heavy counter-attack east of Roeux cemetery was repulsed. We took 50 prisoners. "Successes Confirmed. "The text of the British official statement issued last night reads: "Further details which are now available concerning last night's attacks on the Hindenburg line show the success of our operations. Yesterday evening considerable bodies of the enemy were observed massing for a counter-attack in the neighborhood of Bullecourt. They were effectively dealt with by our artillery, and the hostile attack did not develop. "Later in the night our troops attacked and, after heavy fighting lasting throughout the night, have today established themselves in the Village of Bullecourt, where fighting still continues. "This afternoon an enemy attack on the positions gained was scattered by our artillery. "At the Arras-Cambrai road we have captured some 1200 yards of a German trench, including a strong point known as Cavalry farm. North of the Scarpe our troops last night stormed Roeux cemetery and the chemical works to the north of it. They have continued their advance and have carried enemy positions in this neighborhood on a front of about one and a half miles. "In the course of these operations we have captured over 700 prisoners, including eleven officers, and a number of trench mortars and machine guns. "In the air fighting yesterday seven German aeroplanes were destroyed; five others were driven down out of control. Four of our aeroplanes are missing and a half missing. "ITALIAN FIRE INTENSER FROM TOLMINO TO SEA Austrians Record Great Activity With Gunfire and Mine-Throwing. Vienna, May 13.—Via London.—An official statement issued today by the Italian war office says: "Italian front, Isosno area.—Along the entire front from Tolmino and the sea the enemy was active with artillery and mine throwers. The fire lasted thru the entire night and still continues. Our artillery replied successfully. "Other theatres.—The situation was unchanged."

MEDDLING COMPELS KORNILOFF TO RESIGN

Head of Petrograd Garrison Will Take a Command at the Front.

Petrograd, May 13, via London.—General Korniloff, commander of the Petrograd garrison, who arrested the former Empress Alexandra, resigned today. The general explained to an interviewer that his resignation was due to an impossible position arising from the efforts of various organizations to control the garrison, and said: "Well, then, let them take the responsibility." The last straw which led to the commander's resignation was the demand made yesterday by the executive committee of the council of soldiers and workmen's delegates that all Korniloff's orders should be presented to the committee for its endorsement. General Korniloff will go to the front to command one of the armies.

THE SELLING AT DINEEN'S.

Selling will be in progress during alterations at Dineen's until the store is repaired and redecorated, then a grand opening will follow. The particular features for today are men's hats and raincoats. Dineen's, 140 Yonge street.