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TWENTY-SEVENTH YEAR — TEN PAGES—MONDAY MORNING MAY 28 1906—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

CABINET MUST GO

IS DEFI OF LOWER HOUSE

OR---REVOLUTION!

Premier Goremykin's Reply to Douma Demands is Unexpectedly Firm in Refusal to Yield on Important Points and, After Fiery Speeches, Government's Policy Is Rejected.

NEW MINISTRY IS DEMANDED THAT MAJORITY WILL APPROVE

St. Petersburg, May 28.—Premier Goremykin went to Peterhof immediately after the adjournment of Saturday's session to confer with the emperor, and yesterday there were agitated conferences between the ministerial leaders.

The Constitutional Democratic chiefs are displaying calmness in the face of the crisis. They declare that having delivered their reply they purpose to go calmly ahead with the work before them, forcing the government to take the initiative. The strength of their position lies in the conviction that the Russian nation, and especially the peasantry, who are sure to be discontented, at the flat concerning the expropriation of land, is behind parliament in its rejection of the government's policy as utterly unacceptable.

"The government, if it dares fight," said M. Kokoshkine, one of the Constitutional members of the house, "can disperse the parliament, but the victory of the bureaucracy, would be only temporary. It would inevitably be followed shortly, by a bloody revolution, which would not leave a stick of the present government standing. The emperor must choose between a real constitutional government and the loss, not only of his crown, but probably of his head."

St. Petersburg, May 26.—At the end of a memorable seven-hour session the lower house of parliament to-day indignantly rejected the government's policy as presented by Premier Goremykin, and with only seven dissentients, voted lack of confidence in the ministry, practically throwing down the gauntlet to the bureaucracy with a demand for retirement of the present cabinet and its supersession by a ministry approved by the majority in the house.

The spirit of absolute revolution is in the air and a conflict between the crown and the nation now appears to be inevitable.

While the house avoided the appearance of delivering an ultimatum, the government seems to have no alternative except surrender or war. The gloomiest forebodings are everywhere expressed to-night, and the general impression is that the country is on the verge of a titanic struggle, which may be delayed but not averted. Despatches received from the interior indicate that the struggle possibly may be inaugurated Monday with a general strike when the people learn that all amnesty has been refused them.

While the premier's statement promised co-operation with the lower house, "insofar as the latter does not transgress the limits of the fundamental laws," it recognized the agrarian question as paramount, proposing to remedy the deficiency in land thru the operation of an agrarian bank and migration to Siberia. It proposed the introduction of universal and compulsory education, the reform of the administration and the realization of the four liberties. Premier Goremykin's statement, however, returned a non-possumus on the burning question raised by the house in its reply to the speech from the throne. It declared that the government's flat and exceptional laws can not be withdrawn until order and terrorism cease. The expropriation of appanages of the crown and church and private lands was declared to be inadmissible. The right of investigation of administrative acts, the statement declared, belonged to the crown, the house having only the power of interpellation. Amnesty, Premier Goremykin said, was solely the prerogative of the emperor.

Arouse Resentment.

Such, broadly, was the government's reply to the address of the house, and the premier's words seemed to arouse all the latent resentment in the hearts of the members of the house. The Constitutional Democratic leaders for the first time gave free range to their passions, and with flaming words orator after orator declared the government's program inadmissible, and said that the ministry must give way to a cabinet in which the people had confidence. M. Roditcheff announced that the government's reply had dashed to the ground all his hopes of working in harmony with the administration. M. Kovalesky enacted the role of Mirabeau, practically paraphrasing the Frenchman's words, "We are here by the will of the people, and nothing but bayonets can disperse us," while half a dozen peasant members hurled defiance at the ministry. Even Count Heyden, the leader of the right, deserted the government's side, saying that inasmuch as the government had refused to redeem its promise to repeal the exceptional laws, his vote was for censure.

The resolution of censure as adopted provides that the house shall proceed with the order of the day Monday.

Continued on Page 6.

BOMB THROWERS AT WORK ASSASSINATION IS FOILED

Attempt to Kill Governor-General and Chief of Police at Tiflis—Anarchy at Sebastopol.

Tiflis, May 27.—While Governor-General Timoseieff and Chief of Police Martinoff was driving to-day bombs were thrown at them. Neither was injured, but a Cossack belonging to their escort was killed. The crime was attempted in the centre of the town, a few rods from the scene of the assassination of General Griasenoff, chief of staff of the viceroy of the Caucasus, who was killed by a bomb explosion Jan. 29 last.

General Timoseieff and Chief of Police Martinoff were riding in separate carriages. They were on their way to attend the coronation anniversary Te Deum at the cathedral. Two bombs were thrown simultaneously, one of them failing to explode. Chief of Police Martinoff, who was riding with his revolver in his hand, shot and killed one of the terrorists, but the other escaped. Governor-General Timoseieff's coachman was wounded.

The city is agitated, fearing an armed outbreak.

BOMBS AT MILITARY REVIEW ELEVEN KILLED; 100 WOUNDED

Sebastopol, May 27.—Several bombs were thrown here to-day while a review of troops was being held after the Te Deum in celebration of the anniversary of the emperor's coronation. Eleven persons were killed, including five children, and over 100 wounded. Among the wounded were the commander of the fortress, General Neptueff, who received slight hurts, and the chief of police, who was gravely injured. Other high dignitaries escaped. Vice-Admiral Chouknin, commanding the Black Sea fleet, who is a special subject for terrorist revenge, was not present. Two of the bomb throwers were arrested.

PRISON WARDEN SHOT BY BOY REVOLUTIONIST

St. Petersburg, May 27.—Shakloff warden of the city prison here, was shot four times to-day and mortally wounded by an 18-year-old youth, who was executing a social revolutionist sentence in revenge for Shakloff's bad treatment of political prisoners. The assassin, whose name is Skutilmin, killed a beggar who tried to stop him, but afterwards was arrested.

PRESS OF ST. PETERSBURG TAKE A PESSIMISTIC VIEW

St. Petersburg, May 28.—The press to-day, almost without exception, is pessimistic, recognizing the extreme gravity of the situation and the tempest which the denial of the right of forced expropriation of land will provoke among the peasantry.

The Rech declares that the government's reasoning in this respect is false and fallacious.

Prof. Kareleff in a special article says a parallel of the early stage of the French revolution is now complete. He invites the ministry to substitute for the 1906 events those of 1789, and then to consider whether they wish to continue their present course.

The Slovo, the Octobrist organ, falls behind none of the others in sharpness of criticism, declaring that the government has proclaimed war on parliament.

Orders for the guard corps to go into summer camp at Krasnoye Selo have been countermanded, and it is supposed these will be retained here in readiness to cope with any outbreak.

GOLDWIN SMITH ILL.

Was Unable to Give Address at Unitarian Church.

Goldwin Smith had a sudden attack of illness early Sunday morning, which prevented his appearance in the pulpit at the Unitarian Church as had been announced.

Dr. F. L. Grasett said last night that his patient was much easier, and was able to sit up during the day. There was nothing serious, he said.

After several hundred had been turned away from the Unitarian Church yesterday morning, it was announced from the pulpit that Dr. Smith would not be present.

Elder McVicar conducted a short lay service, in which he expressed his extreme regret that the gifted scholar and thinker could not fulfil his engagement.

THE LOST IS FOUND.

The little girl found wandering in the northwest part of the city yesterday was claimed early this morning at No. 7 police station by her father, Geo. McIntosh of Todmorden. She had left home early in the morning. Last night her friends were searching along the River Don, fearing she had met with accident.

Oscar Hudson & Company, Chartered Accountants 5 King West. M. 4786.

TO-DAY IN TORONTO.

May 28.
Civic inquiry, city hall, 10.
Insurance commission, city hall, 10.30.
School games, Exhibition Park, 2.
O.J.C. races, Woodbine, 2.30.
Massey Hall, Prof. Leacock lectures, 8 p.m.
Labor Temple, Young Liberals, 8.

ENA'S PLEA FOR A PARDON SAVES CONDEMNED MAN ON WAY TO GALLOWS

Popular Rejoicing Over Gracious Intercession of Queen-to-Be, Which Adds to Her Hold on People's Hearts.

Madrid, May 27.—The first notable act of Princess Ena of Battenberg since her arrival in Spain to become the bride of King Alfonso XIII has been to induce the king to pardon Fernandino Levera, who was condemned to death after an exciting trial. The dramatic circumstances under which pardon was given, as the condemned man was going to the gallows, attracts widespread attention and further augments the popularity of Princess Ena.

Levera was to have been executed in the neighboring town of Badajos, but the population solicited Princess Ena's intercession, and she spoke to the king, who consulted with the ministers, and, after a cabinet council, the government resolved to grant the request, as it was the first petition the princess had made in Spain. Thereupon the king issued a pardon, and a telegram announcing this fact reached the prison at Badajos half an hour before the time set for the execution. The march to the scaffold was about to begin when a messenger brought word of the pardon.

There were remarkable scenes of rejoicing. The townspeople formed a procession and sang the praises of their queen to be. The people of Madrid also highly approve of the princess' humane intervention, and the papers comment upon the coming queen's first act as being one of mercy.

Fond of the Military.

The Pardo Palace was again the scene of royal ceremonies to-day, the ideal weather permitting of open air religious services on the lawns of the palace, where the military bishop celebrated a campaign mass. It was a pretty sight, with the brilliant uniforms of the soldiers forming a background for the royal personages.

Princess Ena's interest in the Spanish uniform led King Alfonso to summon six soldiers, representing the various arms of the service, for his bride-elect's inspection of their arms and accoutrements. This was a source of special satisfaction to the influential army element.

Later in the day King Alfonso and Princess Ena went in an automobile to the picturesque forests of Pardo.

On one of Princess Ena's visits to Madrid she was permitted to visit the gorgeous nuptial apartments that have been prepared in the royal palace and to try on the wedding dress made here.

The Wedding Dress.

The wedding dress has attracted great interest in Spain, as it is truly a Spanish product, in fabric and finish, except for the wonderful Brussels lace which has been brought to adorn it. It was a fancy of the king and the queen mother that the wedding dress should be made in Spain, and the princess fell in with the patriotic sentiment. The dress is therefore one of the special presents from the king and is a marvel of elegance. The silk was manufactured from a special pattern in one of the large Spanish silk establishments. It is made up with all the artistic skill of the court dressmakers. The silk is heavily overlaid with wonderful silver embroidery, with soft frills of the finest Brussels lace, said to have cost $50 a yard.

The laces were publicly exhibited before being put on the dress, and excited the admiration and astonishment of the aristocratic ladies of Madrid. Orange blossoms are profusely used with the silver embroideries and laces for the corsage, and even in dainty clusters along the train, which is four yards long. According to a Spanish tradition, the bride must afterwards present the wedding dress to the Virgin de la Paloma, the popular protectress of maternity.

The Toast of the Premier.

The cabinet ministers have had their share in the prevailing enthusiasm over Alfonso's fiancee. Premier Moret expressed his official view while drinking a toast to the princess. Addressing King Alfonso, the premier said: "Sire, you have brought us a treasure. May it please God to make us worthily conserve it."

PENNY POSTAGE COMING.

'Twill Be Main Question to Be Solved in the Future.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.)

London, May 27.—Interviewed in Rome Dr. Coulter, deputy postmaster for Canada, said the results of the postal congress were most advantageous to Canada. Special privileges hitherto enjoyed by the United States for mail crossing Canada had been abolished, and a better land rate established, materially favoring Canada.

Mr. Chapman, postmaster-general for Australia, said the universal penny postage was backed by delegates representing a hundred million people, and would be the main question in the future.

Use "Maple Leaf" Canned Salmon—the best packer.

Pember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge Street. Baths 75 cts.; after 10 p.m., $1.

If Not, Why Not?

Have you an accident and sickness policy? See Walter H. Blight, Confederation Life Building. Phone M. 2770. 136

W. Harper, Customs Broker, 5 Melinda

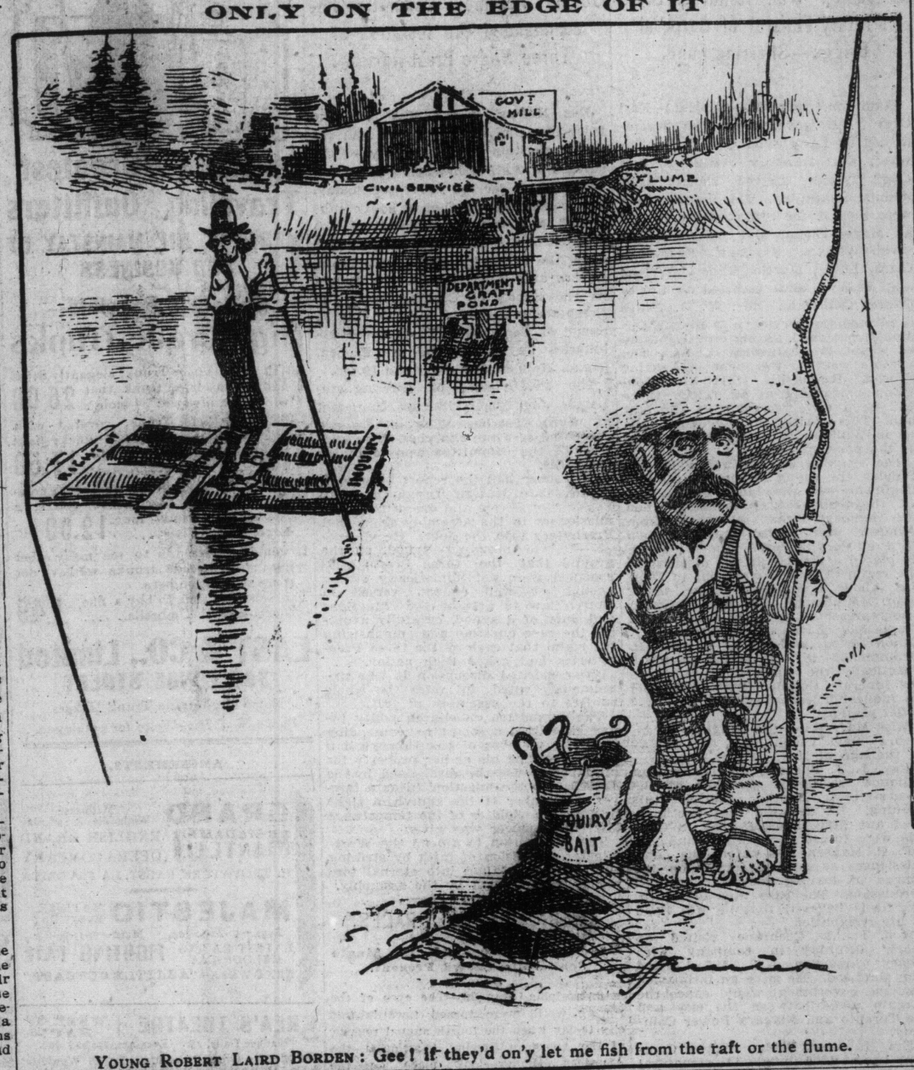
Smoke Taylor's Maple Leaf Cigars.

Toronto Water Rates.

Water-takers are reminded to pay their water rates early, secure the discount and avoid crowding.

Edwards, Morgan & Company, Chartered Accountants, 26 Wellington-st East. Phone Main 1163.

ONLY ON THE EDGE OF IT



YOUNG ROBERT LAIRD BORDEN: Gee! If they'd on'y let me fish from the raft or the flume.

6 SHOTS FIRED; ONE HITS LUCKY ESCAPE FROM MURDER

Wm. Maynard Follows Up Quarrel by Shooting Chas. Sheard, on Danforth Road.

East Toronto, May 27.—(Special.)—A shooting affray took place in Scarboro Township on Saturday afternoon at the home of Charles Sheard, a gardner, when Sheard was shot by Wm. Maynard, who lives on Danforth-avenue, a short distance east of Dawe's Corners.

On Saturday afternoon Maynard went to the home of Sheard, where Maynard's wife was at the time visiting, she was Sheard's daughter and had left her his band, taking away some household articles. This had angered Maynard, and gave Sheard considerable abuse. The latter ordered him from the place and turned to go to the house, when Maynard fired six shots in rapid succession.

One of the bullets took effect in Sheard's shoulder.

Maynard then decamped, while the wounded man was brought to Dr. Demary's surgery and an effort made to locate the bullet. After two hours' work the task was abandoned and Sheard was taken home.

He first swore out a warrant against his assailant. Constable Tidsberry made diligent search Saturday, but failed to locate his man. This morning he, with Constable Brown, arrested Maynard about a mile north of Todmorden. He was brought to town and locked up, and to-morrow morning will be brought before a local magistrate.

Sheard is resting easily, and unless complications develop the wound in his shoulder is not expected to prove serious.

PREFONTAINE READY FOR WAR

Secured 23 Pledged Supporters Lest Laurier Turn Upon Him.

Montreal, May 27.—(Special.)—It appears that there is a "round robin" stowed away in Sir Wilfrid Laurier's pockets.

Le Nationaliste says that Hon. R. Prefontaine was aware of the premier's hostile intentions when the minister of marine went to Paris, and that in order to protect himself Mr. Prefontaine had a "round robin" signed by twenty-three members of the house of commons, pledging themselves to follow his star if he was expelled from the cabinet.

In a word, they would have turned upon Sir Wilfrid.

Empress Hotel, Yonge and Gould Sts., R. Dissette, Prop. $1.50 and $2.00 per day.

Don't look sad! Cluff & Co., Lombard Street, Toronto, can tell you who keeps "Daisy" Boilers.

$9 New York and Return.

From Suspension Bridge, Friday, June 15, via Lehigh Valley Railroad. Tickets good fifteen days. Particulars at 10 East King-street. ed

Pember's Turkish Baths, 129 Yonge Street. Baths 75 cts.; after 10 p.m., $1.

$750 buys a motor boat that seats 16 safe and speedy. Nicholls Brothers, Limited, foot York Street Bridge.

DEVLIN, M.P., IS MENTIONED TO SUCCEED FITZPATRICK

Some Tips on Coming Cabinet Changes—Brodeur to Go on Bench?

Ottawa, May 27.—(Special.)—United Canada, the independent Catholic weekly, publishes the following editorial under the caption, "Cabinet Reorganization":

"That there will be a general reorganization of the Dominion cabinet after the present session, no one seriously doubts. The absolute destruction of the old Liberal party in Ontario—one year ago last January—is taken to mean that the people are aroused and that 'solid Quebec' may be more than offset next time by 'solid Ontario,' and other provinces, unless something is done to satisfy the younger elements, who have come to realize that most of the present cabinet only listens to wealthy grafters, many of whom were Tories up to '96, and have since became losses of the Grit party. Patience ceases to be a virtue. The friends of the government realize also that government-owned newspapers have little influence with the people.

"There is scarcely any doubt but that Mr. Fitzpatrick and Mr. Brodeur will go to the supreme court bench, the latter succeeding Judge Girouard, who will retire next month.

"There are certainly four, and probably six, new judges to be named in the Montreal district within a few months, the present judges retiring under the new law. The sitting M.P.'s want to be judges. It is said that Mr. Henri Bourassa, M.P., could have his choice of these if he desired to leave public life, but United Canada learns that he would not, at this stage, accept any office. The names suggested as probable successors of Messrs. Fitzpatrick and Brodeur are Messrs. Bureau, Devlin, Marcil, Lemieux, Jervais, Cloran and others. Since 1896, it apparently has mattered very little who held the Quebec portfolios, but Ontario, Manitoba and New Brunswick have been dissatisfied, and are now more so than ever, notwithstanding an unorganized opposition. In the proposed reorganization it is expected on all sides, as regards Ontario, that Senator R. W. Scott and Senator Sir Richard Cartwright, and probably the minister of customs, Mr. Paterson, will retire from the cabinet. Who would succeed them? That is the leading question. Hon. Wm. Harty of Kingston would be the unanimous choice of the English-speaking Catholic element, and he would be equally acceptable to all the other sections, but his enormous business is increasing, and his health is not good. However, the Ontario Liberal leaders will insist, remembering that the death of the Ross government was materially hastened by the unfortunate selection of a Catholic who misrepresented that element.

"It is expected that many important political changes will be made before the next session."

In its news columns, the same paper says:

"Emanuel B. Devlin, M.P. of Aylmer, Que., will probably be the next solicitor-general in the Dominion cabinet."

Warden King & Son, Montreal, R. J. Cluff & Co., Toronto, both handle Daisy Boilers

LIGHTNING AT BALL GAME KILLS 5; INJURES SCORE

Tragic Occurrence Near Mobile, Ala.—Ground Strewn With Clothing of Victims.

Mobile, Ala., May 27.—During a ball game in an open field three miles from this city, this afternoon, a thunderstorm came up, accompanied by vivid lightning, which struck in the midst of a crowd of spectators, instantly killing five persons and injuring about 25 others more or less seriously.

The dead: Donald Touar, aged 21; Steven Touar, aged 19, sons of Steven J. Touar. Arthur Moody, aged 19. Two negroes, John Green and Charles Thomas.

Seriously injured: John Yonkers and Fred Johnson.

At least 20 others were shocked and knocked down by the stroke. They quickly recovered and were able to leave the scene.

The field was strewn with bits of shoes and clothing from those who were killed or seriously injured, and the bodies of the dead presented a terrible spectacle.

A silver dollar from the pockets of one of the victims was melted on both sides.

BIRTHS.

ALLAN—On May 25th, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Allan, 11 Glenbaille-place, a daughter.

BAKER—At 80 Sorauren-avenue, on May 25th, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Baker, a son.

HODGE—At 176 Carlton-street, the wife of Mr. Orville W. Hodge, a son. Both doing well.

DEATHS.

COLLIER—At his late residence, 39 Leonard-avenue, on Saturday, May 26th, Chas. Collier, beloved husband of Jennie Collier, in his 55th year.

Funeral to Union Depot on Monday at 4 o'clock. Interment at Meaford on Tuesday, May 29.

Meaford papers please copy.

DOWLING—On Sunday, May 27, 1906, at 78 Belmont-street, Lyman Boyne, beloved and only son of William and Lillian Dowling, aged 11 months 14 days.

Funeral Tuesday, May 29th, at 11 a. m. to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

IRESON—At his late residence, near Whitevale, on Friday, May 25, John Ireson, in his 85th year.

Funeral on Sunday, May 27, at 2 p.m., to Grace Church Cemetery, Markham, for interment. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

MILLIKEN—On May 27th, 1906, at Unionville, suddenly, Mary Ferguson, beloved wife of Benjamin Milliken, in her 53d year.

Funeral at 2.30 Tuesday to Hagerman. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

PEAREN—At his late residence, Mount Dennis, on Friday, May 25th, 1906, Rev. James Pearen, M.A., in his 64th year.

Funeral service at Mount Dennis Methodist Church, on Monday at 2 p.m., Interment at Mount Pleasant.

SEAMAN—Suddenly, on Sunday, May 27, 1906, Thomas Seaman of 123 Peter-street.

Funeral notice later.

WILLIAMS—On the morning of the 26th of May, 1906, George C. Williams, in his 75th year.

Funeral on Monday, 28th inst., at 4 o'clock, from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Westman, 105 Winchester-street. Newfoundland papers please copy.

The F. W. Matthews Co., Phone M. 2071. Private Ambulance Service.

BIG OGILVIE CO. ELEVATOR STARTS SLIDE TO RIVER LOSS IS $500,000

Pile Foundations Give Way and 360,000 Bushels of Grain Are Shifted Distance of 25 Feet.

Port Arthur, May 26.—(Special.)—The Ogilvie Company's grain elevator at Fort William, which was erected two years ago, started to slide into the river about 9 o'clock last night, and alarming reports were current as to its collapse and total loss of the building and contents. It was found, however, early this morning that the elevator had only moved about 25 feet from its foundation. The building is now stationary, and the bins and machinery intact. A large force of men were soon at work removing the grain, but it is thought only about 40 per cent. can be saved. The loss is placed at about $500,000.

At the time of the accident there was in the neighborhood of 360,000 bushels of wheat in the elevator, and of this quantity a percentage belonged to outsiders. The elevator had a capacity of 500,000 bushels, was of entirely fireproof construction, and was built by the Macdonald Engineering Co. of Chicago, which had previously constructed a two million bushel plant of similar design for the C.P.R. at the same place.

The elevator was on a pile foundation, which was driven to the rocks, and was tested and loaded to its full capacity the past two seasons, and up to the time of the sudden collapse showed no signs of weakness.

Competent engineers who have examined the wreck attribute its cause to defective concrete. The building is valued at about $350,000, and will be a total loss.

It was about 9 o'clock last night the watchman of the elevator had his attention drawn to the building by the cracking of timbers. It was soon seen that the foundation of the building was settling, and that it was toppling over into the river. In an hour's time the building had gone over considerably, and to-night it is slanting many degrees towards the river.

The grain began running out of tanks into the water. Cupolas on top are all wrenched off, and are a complete wreck. In these were the machinery of the building.

Owing to the nature of the accident there is no insurance recoverable.

Shareholders Protected.

Montreal, May 27.—(Special.)—F. W. Thompson, vice-president of the Ogilvie Milling Co., says that the accident will in no way affect the company's operations, as they have ample supplies of wheat in all their other elevators east and west for regular requirements. With respect to the financial loss, even if the loss were four times the amount, the undivided profits for the past four years would be more than sufficient to take care of it.

DAVITT IS DYING.

Famous Irish Politician Not Expected to Survive the Night.

Dublin, May 28.—1 a.m.)—The condition of Michael Davitt is extremely critical, and grave fears are entertained for his recovery.

He is hardly expected to survive the night. After steadily improving during the past week, Mr. Davitt had a serious relapse Sunday. He maintained his ground during the day, but at noon his condition grew worse. Three doctors are in attendance on the patient.

Dineen's Seasonable Hats.

Summer hats, straws an dlight felts, at Dineen's, corner Yonge and Temperance-streets.

FAIR AND COOL.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, May 27.—(8 p.m.)—Rain has fallen to-day over the greater portion of the Maritime Provinces and a few local showers have occurred in Alberta and Ontario. Cool conditions prevail generally.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Kamloops, 48—68; Calgary, 32—44; Edmonton, 36—50; Qu'Appelle, 32—60; Winnipeg, 28—62; Port Arthur, 30—52; Parry Sound, 36—50; Toronto, 42—60; Ottawa, 38—64; Montreal, 40—58; Quebec, 36—64; Halifax, 44—60.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fresh northerly to northwesterly winds; fair, not much change in temperature.

Superior—Light to moderate winds; fine and a little warmer.

Manitoba—Fine and a little warmer.

Saskatchewan—Generally fair; stationary or a little higher temperature, and a few local showers, chiefly in southwestern portion.

Alberta—Cloudy, a few showers; stationary or a little higher temperature.

FURNITURE STORAGE.

Forster Storage & Cartage Company, 543 Yonge St. Phone North 923.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

May 26	At	From
Empress Britain	Liverpool	Quebec
Weimar	New York	Naples
St. Louis	New York	Southampton
Etruria	New York	Liverpool
Bleucher	Plymouth	New York
Tagus	Kingston	Southampton
Caledonian	Liverpool	Boston
Tunisian	Liverpool	Montreal
Calabria	Marseilles	New York
Sarmatian	Havre	Montreal
Celtic	Queenstown	New York
Ethiopia	Moville	New York
Meromincee	Boston	Antwerp
St. Paul	Plymouth	New York
Umbria	Queenstown	New York
Potsdam	Boulogne	New York
Canadian	Liverpool	Boston
Celtic	Liverpool	New York
Columbia	Moville	New York