

ter held a warrant for Stimson's arrest and also a search warrant for the offices. The officer applied to the Detective Department here for an officer to accompany him which was granted. A number of letter books were seized and taken to Montreal. When Stimson appeared in Court in Montreal to answer to a charge of obtaining money by false pretences he was confronted by his own letter book and asked to look at some of the letters there. Although he admitted that the signatures were his, he asserted that he had never seen the letters before. These letters showed that Baugh had only taken an option on the mining stocks and had not purchased them as claimed by Stimson in the civil action. Stimson was found guilty and in order to escape the penalty he agreed to forego his judgment and this was accepted.

Stimson returned to Toronto and although he knew that he had never written the letters that appeared in his books, yet he was unable to explain their presence in his books.

About six months afterwards a man named Gariepy arrived in Toronto and asked for an interview with Col. Stimson. The interview was granted, and he explained that he had been engaged in the employ of Baugh at Montreal as stenographer during the years 1914 and 1915, and was still in his employ and had just come to Toronto on a holiday.