

1842.

FEBRUARY, begins on TUESDAY.

Last Quarter, 2nd. d. 6h. 12m. morning, ☾ bearing S. by W.
 New Moon, 10th. d. 7h. 40m. morning. ☾ bearing E. S. E.
 First Quarter, 18th. d. 7h. 27m. morning, ☾ under the horizon.
 Full Moon, 25th. d. 0h. 1m. morning, ☾ bearing exactly S.

D	D	☾'s upper	Days	☾'s	☾'s	☾	☾	☾	Days
M	W	limb.	length.	of	dec. S	rises.	pl	south-	incr's.
		rises. sets.		clock.				ing.	
1	Tu	7 19 5 9	9 50	13 55	17 7	morn.	m	4 50m.	1 1
2	W	7 18 5 10	9 52	14 3	16 50	1 2	m	5 46	1 3
3	Th	7 16 5 12	9 55	14 10	16 33	2 11	m	6 38	1 6
4	F	7 1 5 13	9 58	14 16	16 15	3 15	↑	7 31	1 9
5	S	7 14 5 14	10 0	14 21	15 57	4 14	↑	8 24	1 11
6	Su	7 13 5 16	10 3	14 25	15 39	5 3	☾	9 16	1 14
7	M	7 12 5 18	10 5	14 29	15 20	5 40	☾	10 5	1 16
8	Tu	7 11 5 19	10 8	14 31	15 1	6 12	☾	10 53	1 19
9	W	7 9 5 21	10 11	14 33	14 42	6 41	☾	11 38	1 22
10	Th	7 8 5 22	10 14	14 34	14 23	sets.	☾	a. 20	1 25
11	F	7 7 5 24	10 17	14 35	14 3	6 48a	☾	1 1	1 28
12	S	7 5 5 26	10 20	14 34	13 43	7 50	☾	1 41	1 31
13	Su	7 4 5 27	10 23	14 33	13 23	8 53	☾	2 21	1 34
14	M	7 2 5 28	10 26	14 31	13 3	9 58	☾	3 2	1 37
15	Tu	7 1 5 29	10 28	14 28	12 42	11 5	☾	3 45	1 39
16	W	6 59 5 30	10 31	14 25	12 21	morn.	☾	4 32	1 42
17	Th	6 58 5 32	10 34	14 21	12 1	0 14	☾	5 22	1 45
18	F	6 56 5 33	10 37	14 16	11 40	1 22	☾	6 17	1 48
19	S	6 55 5 35	10 40	14 10	11 18	2 27	☾	7 16	1 51
20	Su	6 54 5 36	10 43	14 4	10 57	3 28	☾	8 16	1 54
21	M	6 52 5 38	10 46	13 57	10 35	4 45	☾	9 17	1 57
22	Tu	6 50 5 39	10 49	13 49	10 13	rises.	☾	10 17	2 0
23	W	6 49 5 41	10 52	13 41	9 52	4 0a	☾	11 15	2 3
24	Th	6 47 5 42	10 55	13 32	9 29	5 21	☾	8	2 6
25	F	6 45 5 43	10 58	13 23	9 7	6 43	☾	m. 9	2 9
26	S	6 43 5 44	11 1	13 13	8 45	8 5	☾	1 1	2 12
27	Su	6 41 5 46	11 4	13 2	8 22	9 25	☾	1 53	2 15
28	M	6 40 5 47	11 7	12 51	8 0	10 42	☾	2 45	2 18

In selecting Cows for the dairy, the following indications should be attended to. Wide horns, a thin head and neck, dew-lap large, full breast, broad back, large deep belly, the udder capacious but not too fleshy; the milch veins prominent, and the bag tending far behind; teats long and large; buttocks broad and fleshy; tail long pliable, and small in proportion to the size of the carcass, and the joints short. The keeping of Cows in such a manner as to make them give the greatest quantity of milk, and with the greatest clear profit, is an essential point of economy. Give a Cow half a bushel of turnips, carrots, or other good roots per day, during the six winter months, besides her hay, and if her summer feed be such as it should be, she will give nearly double the quantity of milk she would afford if only kept

D
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