

B4.0

CHANGING THE SEMI-MAJOR AXIS OF AN INITIALLY ECCENTRIC ORBITInitial Orbital Elements  $a_1, e$  (Orbit 1)Final Orbital Elements  $a_2, e$  (Orbit 2)  $a_2 > a_1$ 

Semi-major axis increased by an initial burn at perigee followed by a correcting burn at apogee.

$$\begin{aligned} R_{P1} &= a_1 (1-e) & R_{P2} &= a_2 (1-e) \\ R_{A1} &= a_1 (1+e) & R_{A2} &= a_2 (1+e) \end{aligned}$$

$$V_{P1} = \sqrt{\frac{2\mu}{R_{P1} + R_{A1}} \cdot \frac{R_{A1}}{R_{P1}}} \quad \text{initial perigee velocity}$$

$$V_{PT} = \sqrt{\frac{2\mu}{R_{P1} + R_{A2}} \cdot \frac{R_{A2}}{R_{P1}}} \quad \text{transfer orbit perigee velocity}$$

$$V_{AT} = \sqrt{\frac{2\mu}{R_{P1} + R_{A2}} \cdot \frac{R_{P1}}{R_{A2}}} \quad \text{transfer orbit apogee velocity}$$

$$V_{A2} = \sqrt{\frac{2\mu}{R_{A2} + R_{P2}} \cdot \frac{R_{P2}}{R_{A2}}} \quad \text{final orbit apogee velocity}$$

$$\Delta V = V_{PT} - V_{P1} + V_{A2} - V_{AT}$$