Council have set to work in right good earnest. They have, of course, a great deal to attend to, in order to bring all matted with the city into effective organization. therto in the apportioning of salaries, their proceedings have been marked with strict economy. The present state of the funds, and the debt with which the city is burdened, justifies this course. However, some members seem to carry their ideas on this point too far,—for instance, they refused to sanction by their vote, the very essential appointment of Stipendiary Magistrate, provided for by the Act, because a salary of £150 is attached to it; when at the same time it was remarked that the "fees and fines," which went into the city treasury, would make up that amount. In the salary of the treasurer, it apto act also as collector, -he has to furnish security, himself in £5000, and two others in £5000 more—probably the sum of twenty or thirty thousand pounds will pass through his hands, and for all his several duties and responsibilities, he is to get £87. It is well to begin cautiously, but from one extreme one is apt to get.

as apt to go to another.

On Wednesday evening last, the council held its first meeting, "for the description of husiness." It was chiefly occupied ing, "for the despatch of business." It was chiefly occupied in discussing and adopting rules and regulations for their future The device for the seal of the city was also adopted. There were two designs furnished,—and the one submitted by Mr. E. Aeraman, of the St. George's Hotel, was chosen.

The council have entered into arrangements with the Gore Bank, whereby all audited accounts will be at once paid;—the bank advancing the sum of £650, on the credit of the citythe interest only to commence from the date the several sums

we are glad to perceive that one of the first acts of the council is connected with supplying the city with water. A committee of four have been appointed to take this most desirable object into consideration, and report thereon. The committee is composed of Messrs. Carpenter, Freeman, Miller, and Mills. We shall look with some interest for their report.

The following is a list of the officers appointed by the council. The following is a list of the officers appointed by the council:

City Clerk-Chas, H. Stokoe, Esq. urer-R. J. Hamilton, Esq. Bailiff-S. Ryckman.

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CITY ASSESSORS. St. Patrick's Ward-Robt. Kelly. St. George's Ward-Colin D. Reid. St. Mary's Ward-Robt. J. Scott. St. Andrew's Ward—E. Acraman. St. Lawrence Ward—Geo. F. Lynd.

Chimney Inspector—J. T. Thom. Pound Keeper—James McCracken.

was elected to this office, subject to the approbation of the Executive, by a vote of 8 to 2. Solicitors To THE CITY COUNCIL-Messrs. Beasley and Burton were appointed Legal Advisert and Solicitors to

are paid by tees .- Hamilton Gazete.

Secretary. While we cannot agree with all that he advances, try, there are many of his propositions, which, if carried into operation, would tend, in our opinion, to the prosperity of our American colonies, and the maintenance of British connection. and one which has frequently occurred to ourselves. A few ships of Toronto and Trafalgar. tation of the House of Commons. This is an excellent idea,

wise cordially assent to the expediency and justice of this proconsolidation of Her Majesfy's dominions.—Streetsville Review.

The T

THE LAW COURTS.—Some weeks since we gave a passing notice to the "rumoured changes" said to be contemplated in the constitution of the Courts of Law and Equity for Upper Canada and Equity for U Canada. We think we have at length traced these "rumours" to a source on which we can depend, and bave now no doubt that a bill for the purpose spoken of will be among the first measures of the session. The chief defects proposed to be remedied are, the want of a proper and influential Court of Appeal from the Court of Queen's Bench, and the Vice Chancellor's court, the read property of taking exidence. lor's court; the present method of taking evidence in Equity causes, and the expense attendant upon the transacting business in the master's office; as well as the evil to which we alluded on a former occasion, of the great labour of the Vice Chancellor's Court being thrown upon one judge. To obviate these difficulties, a plan, something like this will, we believe, be proposed. To place three judges on the Equity Bench, instead one, one of the new judges being brought from the Common Law Court, which would then only number four, and one more to be appointed. The Court of Queen's Bench would then consist of four judges, and the Court of Chancery of three, while the seven, with the addition of one or more retired judges, ould form a Court of Appeal from both courts. The advan tage of such a Court of Appeal from both courts. The advanhave their causes re-heard in a court composed of several judges, who had not yet heard them, as well as some before whom the question had been already tried. The reduction in the strength of the common Law Bench, would render it necessary that that court receive some assistance in the circuit business. For this purpose, it may be provided that one of the Equity judges take circuits, by commission, as is done in England by the barons of the avel. the exchequer. There can be no objection to this, if the person a lected for the purpose be one whose learning and experience fit him for the difficult business of nisi prius; a branch of judicial duty. cial duty, in the efficient discharge of which, all classes of the great deal of unnecessary expense may be saved, and more disfactory conclusions arrived at by the judge on circuit, hear ing the evidence and deciding the facts in Chancery suits, to be afterwards argued before the full court of Toronto. Should afterwards argued before the full court of Toronto. Should this plan be carried out, another heavy charge upon litigants will be saved by the removal of the business now done in the master's office, and its being disposed of by one of the Equity judges sitting in Chambers, as is done in the Queen's Bench. In that case, the serious item of "master's fees" will be saved to the suitor. The plan, then, embraces all the required improvements; the formation of a good Court of Appeal, which is the principal thing to be considered, being of the very greatest importance to the country and the profession; the more efficient morking of the country and the profession; the more efficient and a most important reduction in the ex-

the of Equity. The main fact in favour of this scheme, and it is one of great importance, is, that to carry it out completely, it only requires the addition of one judge; whereas more are required in other plans that have been proposed. The proposed change is only required in other plans that have been proposed. ange is one deserving general attention, and more especially consideration of the "gentlemen of the robe," on whose art we would part we would recommend a careful perusal of the bill when it may be brought forward, and to speak their minds upon the ubject in any manner in their power. During the session we hall again a week time we may shall again advert to the subject, and by that time we may know for whom the new appointment shall be intended. At present, we have no sufficient data to warrant us in mentioning names: names; but hope that such a selection may be made as shall give and the condition of the selection may be made as shall give and the selection may be made as shall give and the selection may be made as shall give and the selection may be made as shall give and the selection may be made as shall give and the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give as a selection may be made as shall give an accordance to the selection may be made as shall give as a selection may be made as shall give as a selection may be made as shall give as a selection may be made as shall give as a selection may be made as shall give as a selection may be made give satisfaction to the public and the bar.—British Canadian.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY. - On the evening of Saturday last, a will to Garrafraxa, was attacked by footpads, near Norval, and obbed of the sum of £20. His assailants were four in num-er, and all wore white hats. One of them held a pistol to his acad while bec, and all wore white hats. One of them held a pistol to his kinaon can ill afford to lose the sum of which he was despoiled to the discovery of the offenders will not fail to so without delay. Streetsville Review.

Crop in England last year, and should bring a tair price nere for exportation. We should increase the cultivation of this grain, because it will not impoverish the soil as other crops, and by careful culture, will be a profitable produce to dispose of in many ways.

Indian corn has succeeded well last year, the season being public service is not obstructed by anything which the Whigs have done or neglected to do. They have shown themselves have done or neglected to do. They have shown themselves have done or neglected to do anything which the

learn that Mr. Horace Sharpe, of this township, met with a very serious accident while engaged in assisting a neighbour in thrashim. ing some grain on the afternoon of Tuesday last. It appears that by some means his right hand was caught in the cylinds. Inder of the machine now in common use amongst the far-ers, and was lacerated in such a manner as to render ampuattendance, and the operation was performed by the first named gentleman in a very skilful manner, and Mr. Sharpe, we are lessons that her operation. This is another of the many lessons that her operation.

as that have been taught of the necessity there is of persons using the greatest care in the management of these useful but dangerous (if carelessly used) machines.—Brantford Courier. ACCIDENT FROM A FOWLING-PIECE. - A melancholy acci-

questioned loyalty to the British Crown, are the only qualifications which a rational elector would insist for in a candidate for civic honours. The man who would stir up national animosities to form.

evening previous, and that the newly elected Councillor for McNab, Mr. Paris, and some other persons arrived about 10 o'clock. Mrs. Connor and the servant man got up and got tea for them, and all retired to bed about 11 o'clock. The travelthe girl and three of the children, in one adjoining, which had the travellers been aware of, when they escaped, it is thought they could have saved them too. The remains of Connor and pears to us, that the onerous and responsible duties attached thereto, have not been properly considered. The treasurer has to act also as collected thereto.

An inquest was held on the remains of the unfortunate family, and young female, 8 in number, on Saturday last before Dr. Holmes, Coroner, when the following verdict was returned: -That "Patrick Connor, Jane Connor, his wife, Margaret Connor, Ellen Connor, Thomas Connor, Rose Connor, Dennis Connor, his five children, and Margaret Donnahue, came to their deaths by fire, and that the said fire originated accidentally in the kitchen of Patrick Connor's house, situated in the township of Lanark."

What an awful warning to careless persons to think that when they lay their heads on the pillow at night—it may be the sleep of death!—ushered without preparation into eternity!
—Bathurst Courier.

A VOLCANO AT WORK .- We last week recorded a very **Counts against the late board, as well as to settle an execution and in the sheriff's hands. The council have ordered, that the than hall over the new Market, he fitted no for the meetings of that body. The expense of fitting up, &c., is estimated at \$162; itenders are advantaged for the meeting of the council have ordered a very wonderful conversion on Lake Ontario. We have this week recorded a very wonderful conversion on Lake Ontario. We have this week the meeting one equally wonderful, as having taken place in Rice Lake, twelve miles to the north of this town (Cobourg.) Late The late was seen to be in great commotion, the ties the description of the petty wonderful conversion on Lake Ontario. We have this week recorded a very wonderful conversion on Lake Ontario. We have this week the meeting of meeting one equally wonderful, as having taken place in Rice Lake, twelve miles to the north of this town (Cobourg.) Late The late was the meeting of the that body. The expense of fitting up, &c., is estimated at ice (eighteen inches thick) undulating in every direction.—

Last Thomas of the north of this town (Cobourg.)

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Last Thomas of the north of this town (Cobourg.) We are glad to perceive that one of the first acts of the a pile to the height of ten feet, in which position it now lies .-

and other advantages, and taking into consideration the urgent want of a Grist Mill, for the accommodation of the infant settlers in this and the adjoining townships, he erected one—a boon which many an old farmer at the present day remembers with

The village has gradually increased since that period, and advance would have been more rapid, were it not for the existence of certain hindrances, which have hitherto acted as drag-chains to its growth. In particular, the principal village lots STIPENDIART MAGISTRATE.—Geo. H. Armstrong, Esq., that the bare mention of them is sufficient to frighten the intending purchaser into the bush. This short-sighted folly prevails to a greater or less extent throughout this portion of the country, and the consequence, as might rationally be expected, is, that what might have been thriving towns, years ago, Salaries.—Clerk, £100. Treasurer—£87 10s. Stipendiary Magistrate—£150. Bailiff—£100. The other officers slowly shead. One or two substantial buildings have been slowly shead. lately erected, and more are in contemplation for the ensuing summer. Beyond all question, it is destined, sooner or later, COLONIAL POLICY.—Mr. Joseph Howe, of Nova Scotia, has summer. Beyond all question, it is destined, sooner or later, Just addressed two very able letters to Lord Grey, the Colonial to be one of the most important villages in this part of the coun-

Churchville is situated on the third concession west of Hurontario Street, in the township of Toronto, and is built on both sides of the line. From the direction of the roads leading Among other things, he advocates a complete incorporation of the colonies with the mother country, by means of a represennorthern and eastern lead out of the townships of Caledon and

more for our real interests than the motley legion of spouters of which our House of Assembly is generally composed. York-being as much a fractional part of the British Empire as the other.

Mr. Howe further recommends that the doors of preferment, in the civil and military services, should be thrown open to colonists, as well as to residents in the father-land. We like-wise cordially assent to the expediency and justice of this pro-

the principal town-Picton.

States among whom were several U. E. Loyalists. At that period it was the sole resort of bears, wolves, otters, eagles and ospreys. Those hardy adventurers had to undergo great privarious at first, having to erect log huts, and bring all their implements of husbandry and food with them; but their spirits were undaunted, and the present generation, their successors, now reap a rich reward for their industry.

ago, was about twelve hundred, since then another hundred nay be safely added. - P. E. Gazette.

IMPROVEMENTS IN CHATHAM .- Our friends in the country will be pleased to hear that two new Grist Mills, with two run of stones each are to be immediately built in Chatham North. One by Mr. J. Northwood, and the other by Mr. C. Davis. Some twenty other buildings are contracted for by different persons, and material is already getting out. This business state of things has been brought about by the decision of the Board of Works respecting the precise location of the intended new Bridge over the river Thames, at Chatham. The Board have determined to place it at the foot of Fourth street. We are happy at being able to state, that the decision has given

scarcely a doubt, lessened the produce of wheat nearly one balf in measure for the farmer, though not in value for the miller.

And I have known crops that, from their appearance when ing of the Executive organ, that the change "must growing, I would estimate at over twenty bushels to the acre, that did not thrash out fifteen, and, in some cases not twelve. The grain is, however, hard and dry, and yields well in flour,

The grain is, however, hard and dry, and your and will be in excellent order for shipping in spring.

The early sown barley had a better chance of filling perfectly.

Whigs may make.

So, too, of the Sub-Treasury law. A public loan is wanted, So, too, of the Sub-Treasury law. than the late sown, though, perhaps it would not be safely har-vested, if cut down about the last of July, when there was considerable rain. The crop of barley generally suffered by extreme drought and heat, as well as the wheat, and much of the grain is small, though very sound, and will and a most important reduction in the ex-

fered from the same cause as wheat and barley, and the sample | for its own advantage, sees fit to prescribe. is far from good with few exceptions. This should be one of the first sowing with the farmer, and it cannot be sown too early when the soil is fit to harrow. Oats sell at present, in Montreal market, for nearly double the price that hay sells for, in proportion to their comparative value as food for domestic and the Executive Bill which they are asked to make a law, is countried.

most favourable. I cannot, however, give any idea to what extent this grain has been cultivated, but I believe it is not large, from the uncertainty of our climate for the profitable production of this crop. When the crop succeeds well it is a most profitable one, but if the summer is not hot and dry, it will not resources needed for the vigorous prosecution of the war. generally succeed, unless on suitable soil, which will have a great influence in ordinary seasons. Dry and sandy soil is the must be terminated honorably and successfully. The Amerionly one it should ever be planted in, in Eastern Canada. can flag must be defended, if need be, by all the valor and all the treasure of the American people. And the gallant men seed rotting, which it is very liable to do in cold or clay soils, if the month of May, the period for planting, be not fine and warm.

Country must be sustained in their endeavor. The charge of hindering the public service lies solely at the door of the Ad-

the country is favourable for producing a more valuable grain, wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to the name of Morris accidentally shot himself with his own gun, subject to gargut, and it appears extraordinary that this stand he was very respectable young person, and had lately and sound grains. The crops of grain taken generally in Canada East are far from yielding a produce in quality equal to their favourable appearance in the month of July; but, from wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to wheat; and the wheat fly is more destructive to rye than to rye in the same in its duties and its perils. It has erected its wheat; and the wheat fly is also very subject to gargut, and it appears extraordinary that this country must first take his stand upon that. None must aid this City be requested to public to country, who will not first bow down and serve the Party; and sound grains. The crops of grain taken generally in Canada East are far from yielding a produce in quality equal to the same time, fight for the good of the party, and with party is wheat; and the wheat fly is also very subject to gargut, and its queltance in the country must first take his stand upon that. None must first take this country flow subject to gargut, and its queltance in the Resolved Seventhly,—That the country must first take his stand upon that. None must first take his stand upon that. None must first take his stand upon

civic honours. The man who would stir up national animosities to forward his views in this or any other matter, be it civil or religious, most assuredly takes a leaf out of O'Connell's black book; he virtually strives to repeal the happy union which has so long existed among all classes in our father-land, and which has raised that land to its present palmy greatness and grandeur. Sincerely do we trust that on no future occasion will any one be found, foolish or wicked enough to attempt unloosing the compact bunloosing the previous to act as servant, all perished in the flames.

Various rumours are aftent, some of them very unpleasant ones, in reference to this dreadful circumstauce; and it is very difficult to get at the real facts connected with it. We are the members of the committee, and about thirty more sleights. informed that the family had gone to bed about 9 o'clock the evening previous, and that the newly elected Councillor for and proceeded to Mr. Jack's hotel at the Basin, where an abundant and well-served entertainment was provided, and to which about sixty guests sat down. After the usual toasts, the health of Mr. Colville and of Mr. LaMoine, the members lers and servant man, we are told, slept in a room up stairs, and the girl and three of the children, in one adjoining, which had accompanied with an expression of grateful thanks for their parliamentary exertions in obtaining the legislative appropriahis wife were found in the bar-room. The place where they slept was in a room off the bar, and from the circumstance of their having been found where they were it is believed they were endeavouring to effect their escape; but having got stupified or bewildered, could get no farther. tion, by means of which the bridge has been completed. 180 feet, is covered and built on the suspension prinriple. The work is considered highly creditable to the contractors, Mr. Fraser and Mr. John Wilson, of Beauharnois.—Mon. Gaz.

CHAMPLAIN AND ST. LAWRENCE RAILROAD. - After de-CHAMPLAIN AND ST. LAWRENCE And Continued ducting expenses and Dividend of 4 p cent, a balance remained leaving as a Contingent Fund for future operation....£ 1,736 6 5 rations Number of passengers,52,477

Number of tons, goods and lumber.17,969

NOVA SCOTIA.

THE LEVEE .- His Excellency's Levee at Government a miscellaneous assemblage of respectable citizens and strangers who deemed it their duty to pay their respects to Her Majesty's Representative on the first day of the year. His Excellency appeared in General's uniform, looked remarkably well, and evidently enjoyed the occasion. After paying their respects to the Lieutenant Governor, the company were severally intro-duced to Lady Harvey, who received them in the room at the STATISTICAL ACCOUNT OF CHURCHVILLE.—Churchville south end, where an interesting tubleau presented itself, in the presence of some of the junior members of the family; from tler in the locality. Observing the "kindly work of nature," this they passed through the Dining Room, where was displayed in the disposition of the land, the course and fall of the river a profusion of wine and cake, to which many of the visitors, we

THE ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH IN NEW BRUNSWICK .- We there can be no question from the great advantages which its water privileges hold out for mills and manufactories, that its sion. It would not at all astonish us, surprising as it may seem, if within two years, the first information of the Mail steamer being off Halifax should be made known almost simultaneously in Halifax, St. John, Fredericton, Quebec and Mon Yet such would be the case, and any important news by the Mail would be promulgated within fifteen minutes after the steamer's arrival at the wharf in Halifax, at each of the places named. The merchants of Montreal are desirous of being possessed of the information by the English Mails at the earliest moment, and without being dependent upon the United

We have no doubt this important matter will receive full sideration form our Legislature, and be treated with every regard for the interests of our fellow colonists .- New Bruns

THE NUMBER OF EMIGRANTS who have arrived in New Brunswick, during the Quarter ending 30th June, Do. during the Quarter ending 30th September,.....1037
Do. during the Quarter ending 31st December,.....216

Whole number during the year Number of Emigrants from Ireland, 9703; ditto from Eng-

United States.

gress, in full possession of all a rescent the laws which the springers, it is still too weak to enact the laws which the It is in the township of Hallowell, situate at the north-eastern extremity of the District, built on two high hills divided by a ravine, an estuary of the Bay, over which there is a bridge. It cannot command either the money or the men, which the war demands. Its most cherished schemes a ravine, an estuary of the Bay, over which there is a bridge. It cannot command either the money or the men, which the war demands. Its most cherished schemes are thrown to the winds by its own adherents. Why is this? What has caused this strange position of public affairs? How water must first go to Kingston, from whence a steamboat plys daily during the season. In consequence of a proclamation by Gov. Simcoe, about 50 years since, inviting settlers with the offer of free grants of land, a number of enterprising hardy individuals came over from the charged with any of the responsibility for this anomalous and critical condition of public affairs. They have always shown themselves ready to sustain the Executive in any measures n cessary to a vigorous, honorable and successful prosecution of the war, into which his counsels, whether rightfully or not have plunged the nation. They have uniformly voted to place in his hands all the money and all the men he might require ow reap a rich reward for their industry.

The population at the last census, which was taken 2 years and then to demand that he strike such blows as should put a speedy and honorable end to the existing war. Why has he not availed himself of these resources and accomplished this Simply because it was determined that the war should be a

party war, waged upon party principles and for party ends.— The Administration from the beginning has sought to conduct he war opon party grounds. The whole nation has been called to sustain it; -but the most resolute determination has bee manifested, to crowd the whole nation upon the narrow platform of the Loco-Focos. All parties have been willing to over-look, for the present, the causes of the war, and to unite in its prosecution. But the executive has actually vetoed any such union, by prescribing conditions which cannot be acceded to.—
It has made all its measures for raising money, and all its plans CROPS IN Lower CANADA.—The wheat crop was most limediately concerned; and which is more cat deal of unnecessary expense may be saved, and more external considerably by the fly, the crop altogether would have party ends. Loco-Focoism destroyed the protective tariff and external considerably by the fly, the crop altogether would have party ends. party ends. Loco-Focoism destroyed the protective tariff and substituted a tariff of its own. That tariff proves inadequate been a very large one, did not the extremely dry and warm weather prevent the filling of the grain, and ripen the straw bechanged, and that the Whigs should aid in changing it. ing of the Executive organ, that the change " must involve no departure from the principles of the existing tariff." The Whigs must aid to change it and make it better; but they must also aid to keep it strictly a Loco-Foco bill; for Loc

to understand that the Sub-Treasury law must not be touched. be very desirable to increase the cultivation of this grain—not to make whiskey, but good sound ale and beer, that every individual in the country would be able to partake of constantly, but in moderation, and I believe there cannot be anything better for a labouring man.

It that law were repealed, or if its most obnoxious features were only suspended for a time, there would be no difficulty in obtaining the loan. And the Whigs point to that as the proper course to be pursued. But the Administration is opposed to domment of party principles, and of course cannot be tolerated the course to be pursued. grain is small, though very sound, and will consequently, be more profitable for the brewer than for the farmer. It would only suspended for a time, there would be no difficulty in ob-The Whigs must sustain the country; but they must, at the The oat crop, sown as it generally is here much too late, suf- same time, do it in the precise manner which Loco-Focoism,

in proportion to their comparative value as food for domestic animals, and this must always, when it occurs, be a disadvanlage to the farmer. tage to the farmer.

Peas were a promising crop, though they have suffered by worm in the grain. Like oats, they require early sowing to insure a certain and profitable crop. Peas have been a poor crop in England last year, and should bring a fair price here for exportation. We should increase the cultivation of this grain have been a poor crop in England last year, and should bring a fair price here for exportation. We should increase the cultivation of this grain heaves it will not intended, to indict the most wanton injustice upon the gallant officers now in the field, to supersede them in the service they have so highly honoured, and to place over Scott and Taylor, because they happen to be Whigs, a superior in command taken from the ranks of party service. And when the Whigs refuse to accede to a proposal so unjust to the whole country, and so insulting to themselves,

though it should not be made much use of as the food of man.

Rye is not much grown in Canada, because it is considered not only in its commencement, but in every step of its prosecu-

This policy must be abandoned, or the Administration must | Wellington District Grammar School. ousent to take all the burden and all the responsibility of the war it is waging. It must cease its endeavours to render the war simply a tool for establishing and renewing its power, before it can count upon the aid of those who believe that power

to be a curse to the country. FATAL DISASTER .- About 10 o'clock on Saturday evening, sudden and tremenduous gale passed through the lower portion of this city, blowing down the wall of the Clinton Foundry, situated a few rods below the Troy Railroad Depot on the Troy and Greenbush Railroad, sweeping away some ten or fif-teen feet of the roof of the building on the west side, killing three of the workmen employed in the establishment at the time, and badly injured several others.

At the time the wall was blown down, there were in all 18

Moulders at work upon the different floors of the building adoining the west wall. The crash occurred almost instantan ously, the wind spending its force with great suddenness, and permitting the workmen no opportunity to escape from the falling bricks and timbers. It is almost miraculous that a larger number were not killed, as all were much exposed to danger. The west wall of the building was 96 feet in lengthsome 50 feet directly in the centre was blown down .- Troy

MELANCHOLY CASE OF SUICIDE .- A servant girl (about 18 years of age), residing with a family in Church-street, short distance above the Romish Cathedral, in this City, comnitted Suicide yesterday morning at an early hour, by suspe ing herself from the banisters of the stairs. It appears that some news she had heard relative to the distress of her family, in Ireland, had for several days preyed on her mind,—this, to-gether with a disagreement she had with a young man, who had been paying her attentions, produced fits of melancholy, in one of which she committed the rash act.

Commercial.

(COMPILED EXPRESSLY FOR THIS PAPER.) a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a

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Sales of Bank of Upper Canada and Commercial Bank Stock have een made at 2½ per cent. disct. Twelve Shares of British America Fire Insurance Stock were sold to-day for £50. A very considerable dyance on our last quotation, which was just before the dividend was

| Banks. | Private. | 104 | 9 @ 10 | | New York on London. | 5 @ 6 | | Toronto on New York | 20 | |

CHURCH SOCIETY.

PRINCE EDWARD DISTRICT BRANCH OF THE DIOCESAN CHURCH SOCIETY.

Feb. next, at Six o'clock, P.M. D. B. STEVENSON, Sec'y.

EASTERN BRANCH. THE ADMINISTRATION AND THE WAR.

(From the New York Courier & Enquirer.)

It begins to be evident that the Administration is not strong pough to carry on the war, into which it has plupped the course.

The Annual Meeting of this Branch will be held at Cornwall, on Thursday, 11th February, 1847, immediately after Divine Service. It is necessary that the Reports of the Parochial Societies be sent to the undersigned as soon as possible. EDWARD J. BOSWELL, Secretary.

> AND AND PRESIDENT PIST The District Annual Meeting will be held at Hamilton, or Tuesday the 9th February, at 7 P. M. Divine Service at 6, in Christ's Church. A full attendance of the Clergy and Laity at the above

> Meetings is earnestly requested. J. GAMBLE GEDDES.

N. B.— The Clergy are requested to appear at the District Annual Meeting in their robes.

To the Members of the Eastern Clerical Association.

Reverend Brethren,—You are hereby respectfully informed that the next Meeting of the Association will, D. V., be held at the Parsonage, Cornwall, on Wednesday and Thursday, February 10th and 11th, 1847. Divine Service each day in Trinity Church, at half-past 10 A. M.
H. PATTON, Secretary.

RAILROAD FROM TORONTO TO GODERICH.

A T a meeting held in the 16th day of January 1847, consisting of Alexander M. Clarke, William C. Gwynne, George Herrick, Henry J. Boulton, Joseph C. Morrison, Tho's. Galt, Esquires, and others, favourable to the construction of a Railroad from Toronto to Goderich, on the plan proposed by John W. Gwynne, Esq., in his letter published in the Globe of the 9th December last, Mr. J. W. Gwynne informed the meet-ing that since the 9th December he had solicited subscriptions in Toronto, for the purpose of having the proposed line explored, and that the above named gentlemen and John Cameron, Esq. Cashier of the Commercial Bank, having consented to act with Mr. Gwynne himself, as a Committee of Management for the due appropriation of such funds as had been already or should hereafter be subscribed for the above purpose, he (Mr. Gwynne) had paid into the Commercial Bank the subscriptions already received to the credit of the Committee as Trustees. Mr. Gwynne also conveyed to the meeting Mr. Cameron's regrets that a press of business prevented his attendance.

Alexander M. Clarke. Esq., was then called to the chair,

and John W. Gwynne, Esq., was appointed Secretary, and the following Resolutions were passed:—

Resolved Firstly,—That a Railway communication between

the City of Toronto and the Port of Goderich by the most direct practicable route, passing through the waste lands of the Crown, would be attended with incalculable advantage to that section of the country through which such Railroad would pass, and would in an especial manner enhance the value of property in this city in particular, and would increase in a very important manner its wealth and commercial prosperity, and that such a railroad would also open to settlement a vast tract of waste uncultivated but it. ted lands which must long remain unoccupied without such a communication, and that by the construction of such a road s scheme of systematic emigration might be adopted, highly be-neficial to the Province at large and to all persons who may embark in the undertaking,

Resolved Secondly,—That it is expedient to have an imme-

diate survey made of the said route. Resolved Thirdly, - That the state of the funds already subscribed for this purpose and promised to be subscribed as reported to this meeting by Mr. Gwynne, is sufficient to justify the employment of competent Engineers to enter upon this survey without delay, commencing at the Town of Goderich; and that the Secretary be directed to open subscription books for the raising a sufficient sum to complete the survey and for other necessary proceedings.

Resolved Fourthly,-That Messrs. Galt and Gwynne be a

committee to communicate the above resolutions to the Engineers with whom Mr. Gwynne has been already in corresponence in relation to the survey of the above route, and to au thorise them to proceed upon the survey of the above line from Goderich to Fergus without delay, under the instructions of the head Engineer now before the committee.

Resolved Fifthly,—That this committee will co-operate with

such committees as may be formed at Goderich, and other parts of the country interested in the construction of the above line; in bringing this project and its advantages strenuously under the notice of the Government and the House of Assembly, in order to secure the favourable reception of the proposed mea-sure; and that the Secretary do communicate these resolutions to John Macdonell, Esq., Sheriff of the District of Huron, and Chairman of the meeting lately held in Goderich, upon the subject of the proposed Railway; requesting him to convey to the inhabitants of Goderich the wish of this committee, that a committee should be formed at Goderich for the above purpose. Resolved Sixthly,-That the Secretary do enter into corres. ndence with parties resident at Guelph and Fergus, with the of enlisting the co-operation of the inhabitants of the Wellington district in like manner. Resolved Seventhly, That the Editors of all the papers in

this City be requested to publish these Resolutions, with the A. M. CLARKE, Chairman.

Toronto, 16th January, 1847.

vacant, by the resignation of the present incumbent, ons desirous of being Candidates for that office, are requested send in testimonials as to their attainments and ge qualifications, on or before the 20th day of February next, (pre-paid), addressed to "The Chairmon of the Trustees of Welling-

ton District Grammar School. Guelph."

No person will be appointed to the above situation, unless together with adequate Literary qualifications, be can exhibit atisfactory testimonials as to his experience in Teaching.

Assistant Wanted.

CLERGYMAN, (GRADUATE), resident in a pleasant part of the Diocese of Toronto, is desirous of engaging the services of a Young Man, who can assist in the manag ment of a Small Classical School, particularly in Teaching Arithmetic and Geometry. A Candidate for Holy Orders would have the opportunity of pursuing his studies with considerable advantage to himself.

GOVERNESS.

A N ENGLISH LADY, who has for some time been accustomed to Turnon, is desirous of engaging herself as GOVERNESS in a Private Family. Address to A. H., Box 321, Post Office, Toronto.

January 18, 1847. W. MORRISON, WATCH MAKER AND MANUFACTURING JEWELLER,

SILVER SMITH, &c. No. 9, KING STREET WEST, TORONTO. A NEAT and good assortment of Jewellery, Watches. Clocks, &c. Spectacles, Jewellery and Watches of all

kinds made and repaired to order.

Utmost value given for old Gold and Silver. Toronto, Jan. 28, 1847.

TORONTO BUILDING SOCIETY.

THE SEVENTH MONTHLY MEETING will take place at the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, on MONDAY EVENING, the 1st February, 1847, at Seven o'clock, P.M., at which the Seventh Monthly Subscriptions will be received, and New Members admitted as Original Shareholders.

The above Lands are in Blocks, therefore affording for the content of the content o

n paying up the back instalments since August, 1846.
The Directors will then proceed to Lend or Advance Five The Directors will then proceed to Lend or Advance Five Hundred Pounds of the Funds of the Society, or such further sum as may he at their disposal, which will be put up to com-

ded for by the Directors.

The Secretary will be in attendance at Six o'clock, to allow The Secretary will be in attendance at SIX o'clock, to allow Members in arreat to pay up, and new Members to be enrolled, Frederick Street, Toronto, 1st Jan., 1847. before the Chair is taken. By Order of the Board. W. C. ROSS,

Secretary and Treasurer Toronto, Jan. 19, 1847. Toronto Building Society.

NOTICE.

SUCH persons as intend to become Members of the " Toor ronto Building Society," can do so until the 2d of February, 1847, on an equal footing with original Shareholders, by paying up the back Instalments from August, 1846. All those entering after the 1st of February, 1847, will be charged a premium of Two Per Cent. in addition to their Instalments.

The Society extends to the whole of the Home District, and Property situated any where within the limits of the District, may be accepted as security for loans or advances to Members

of the Society.

By Order of the Board,

W. C. ROSS, Secretary and Treusurer

Toronto, Dec. 24, 1846. THOMPSON'S TRAVELS.

SHORTLY will be published, in two Crown Octavo, or three Duodecimo volumes. The Annual Meeting of this Branch will be held (D. V.) at
St. Mary Magdalen's Church. Picton, on Wednesday, the 10th
The Travels of David Thompson in the Great

North West, DURING TWENTY-EIGHT CONSECUTIVE YEARS. The work is prepared from a complete Journal, noting the vicissitudes of each day, and the Author's remarks thereon.—Copious notices of the various parts of the Rocky Mountains—the District of the Columbia—the Great Lakes and Hudson's Bay, and the several Settlements of the North West Company, will be given. The Author's experience in Exploration and

Survey, together with his literary acquirements, justify the Publishers in beligving the Subscription List will be early filled, when the has volume will be immediately issued. ROBERT W. S. MACKAY, Montreal, SCOBIE & BALFOUR, Toronto,

At whose Stores the Lists lie for Signature. J. P. CLARKE, Mus. Bac. K. C.

PROFESSOR OF THE PIANO FORTE, SINGING AND GUITAR.

62, CHURCH STREET. Toronto, Jan. 13, 1847.

THOMAS J. PRESTON,

WOOLLEN DRAPER AND TAILOR, First House North of the Court House,

CHURCH STREET, TORONTO. J. P. respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he keeps constantly on hand a well selected stock

West of England Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, &c. &c. ALSO, A SELECTION OF

SUPERIOR VESTINGS, All of which he is prepared to make up to order in the most fashionable manner and on moderate terms. Cassocks, Clergymen's and Queen's Counsels' Gowns, Barristers' Robes, &c. made on the shortest notice and in

Toronto, Dec. 4, 1846. THOMAS WHEELER, WATCH MAKER, ENGRAVER, &c.

superior style.

No. 6, King Street East, Toronto, R ESPECTFULLY solicits a share of public patronage. Every description of Watches and Clocks cleaned and repaired with accuracy and despatch, and warranted.

Arms, Crests, Cyphers, Brass and Silver Seals, Door Plates, &c., Engraved. Coats of Arms Emblazoned. Jewelry nearly repaired, Hair inserted in Lockets, &c. China and Glass iveted and repaired. * Reference for integrity and ability kindly permitted to

THE LORD BISHOP OF TORONTO.

Terrestrial GLOBES! GLOBES! Celestial. G. JOSEPH, OPTICIAN AND MATHEMATICAL IN-

could inform them, that he has just received direct from Eng- ville, Esquire, third son of Rear-Admiral Sir William George and, CELESTIAL AND TERRESTRIAL GLOBES. rom 5 to 18 inch diameter, which he offers on reasonable | Hector, Esquire. terms. Also, in connection with his former assortment of Spectacle, Mathematical Instruments and Jewellery, he has received Ladies, and Gentlemen's Gold and Silver L'Epine.

On the 23rd insts. in St. George's Church, Grafton, by the Rew. J. Wilson, George Burnham, Esq., Surgeon, of the town of Peterboro, to Adeline, daughter of T. M. Spalding, Esq. of Lever and Vertical Watches, ditto, ditto, Chains, Broaches and Grafton. Pins, and Rings; Silver Snuff, Scent and Presentation Boxes; pure Gold Wedding Rings; Tea, Table and Soup Spoons; Venble, Aachdeacon Stuart, Mr. Charles J. Clarke, R. Eng'r. Sugar Tongs; Plated Candlesticks; Salvers; Cake and Fruit Depart., Bytown, to Mary, daughter of the late Abner Ives, Baskets; Papier Maché Trays-to which he invites the inspection of his friends and the public, and hopes to give general satisfaction; and any article purchased of him, and not approved of on trial, will be exchanged. All kinds of Instruments. Spectacles, Jewellery, and Watches, made and repaired Wood, of Quebec. to order, by experienced Workmen, Nov. 26, 1846.

GEORGE SAVAGE. CHRONOMETER, WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER.

Jeweller, Silversmith, &c. Bhas REMOVED from his old stand, King Street West, to Magistrate. 54, VICTORIA ROW,

And next door to Mr. Joseph, Optician &c., King Street. Also, that he has just received a splendid assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, Plated and Bronzed Ware,

Gold and Silver Watches, Jeweilery, Flated and Bronzed Ware, Ladles' and Gentlemen's Dressing-Cases, and Writing-Desks, Work-Boxes, Papier Maché Goods, superbly finished; Small and Table Cutlery, of exquisite workmanship; German Silver Goods, and do. plated on German Silver; COMMUNION SERVICES, Cloth and other Brushes;—all of which will be sold at unusu ally low prices for cash.

Thursday, January 28:

19th Nov., 1846.

R. CUTHBERT. BOOKBINDER,

ACCOUNT-BOOK MANUFACTURER, &c., RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his grateful ac-knowledgements to the Gentry and Inbabitants gene-rally of Toronto, for the liberal parronage he has hitherto-received from them, and to inform them that he continues to

carry on his business at his Old Stand, 65, Richmond Street, East of Church Street,

Where he will be at all times happy to receive a continuance of

N. B .- Every description of BOOK-BINDING, both

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, including LAW, MUSIC, AND SCRAP BOORS, done with neatness and dispatch, and on the Toronto, Dec. 11, 1846. 490-tf

Prable advantage to himself.

Apply to Thos. Champion, Esq., Church Society's House, oronto.

Language 28, 1847.

497.4

Hall & Sons FF and FFF, in Cannisters, in half-pounds and

Hall & Sons FB, F, FF, FFF, Coarse + at Private Sale. Toronto, January 4, 1847.

Eight Hundred Thousand ACRES OF LAND IN THE

HURON TRACT.

NOTICE TO OLD SETTLERS, EMIGRANTS AND OTHERS.

THE CANADA COMPANY have again thrown open all their LANDS in the HURON TRACT for disposal, by way of LEASE for TEN YEARS, NO MONEY by way of LEASE for TEN YEARS. NO MOVES BEING REQUIRED DOWN. The Rent, payable on the 1st February in each year, is not much more than the Interest upon the upset price of the Land,—the right to purchase the Freehold at any time within the ten years, at a fixed price named in the Lease, is secured to the Settler, who would thus save all further payments of Rents.

The Huron District is known to be one of the most healthy and fertile Tracts of Land in Canads—it has more than doubled

petition in single sums of £100, and in manner already proviat Toronto, and Goderich and Stratford, in the Huron District

PIANO FORTES.

THE Subscribers have received, on Consignment, four F GRAND SQUARE MAHOGANY PIANO FORTES, having 496-2 Metallic Strung Plates, with all the recent improvements, and made expressly for this climate—the Manufacture of COLLARD

& COLLARD, London. For sale cheap. THOS, CLARKSON & Co. Toronto, Nov. 23, 1846.

MEDICAL STUDENT. RESPECTABLE YOUTH will be received as an A RESPECTABLE YOUTH will be received a Articled Pupil, with every advantage for studying the Profession; and to be treated as one of the Family.—A Pre-

Apply to C. Jones, L.M.P., Surgeon, &c., at the late resis dence of Dr. Clarke, Market Square, Guelph. Guelph, Nov. 26, 1846.

Young Ladies' Seminary. RS. CROMBIE begs to announce in the same re-opened her and the public generally, that she has re-opened her seminary for the Tuition of Young Ladies, and that the business of the same research in th RS. CROMBIE begs to announce to her former patrons, ness thereof is now in active operation.

Terms of Tuition, and other particulars made known on ap-

lication to Mrs. Crombie at the Grammar School, Nelson Toronto, 27th Oct., 1846.

EDUCATION. MRS. HERRMAN POETTER receives a limited number of Young Ladies, to instruct in the usual branches of a sound and lady-like Education. References kindly permitted to the Rev. W. M. HERCHMEN, owhom Mrs. Poetter is indebted for the superintendence of

the religious instruction of her pupils,—and also to the under-mentioned gentlemen, whose daughters she has educated:— THOS. KIRKPATRICK, ESQ., of Kingston. GEORGE S. BOULTON, ESQ., of Cohourg. JOHN TURNHULL, ESQ., of Belleville.

Mrs. Poetter will be happy to forward her terms to any pers on who may require them.

King Street, Kingston, Sept. 16, 1845.

EDUCATION. MRS. PETER KEEFER continues to receive a limited number of voung Ladies as Boarders, to whom she devotes her most watchful care and attention, using every endeavour to promote their Moral and Religious welfare, intellectual improvement, lady-like deportment, health and happiness. That she has not been unsucce-sful in these efforts, she is hankful and happy to state; and likewise requests that any persons wishing to send their daughters from home for educa-

Thorold, which is a pre-eminently healthy place, and from its delightful and retired situation, well adapted for a School. TERMS may be had on application to Mrs. Keefer. Thorold, August, 1846.

ion, will make some inquiry concerning the Establishment at

Wanted, FOR the BATH GRAMMAR SCHOOL, a well qualified CLASSICAL TEACHER, to whom a liberal, salary will be paid. Apply to PETER DAVY, Esq., or DR. STEWART

Bath, 7th Nov., 1846. WANTED. A CLASSICAL MASTER, to take charge of a Small School, a short distance from Montreal. alified to direct the children in the ordinary branches of s

Address, post-paid, stating qualifications and references, to the Rev. A. B., at the Rev. D. B. PARNTHER'S, Montreal. July 14, 1846. BOARD AND EDUCATION.

Classical and General Education.

CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, YORK STREET. MR. LOSCOMBE respectfully announces to his Friends and the Public that he will RE-OPEN HIS SCHOOL, on Monday, the 7th September, in a new and spacious School House, on the CORNER OF YORK STREET AND BOULTON STREET WEST, when he trusts, by pursuing a course of un-remitting attention, to merit a continuance of that support which has hitherto favoured his exertions.

MR. L'SCOMBE has removed into a spacious brick house in Yonge Street, opposite to the new Protestant Free Church, and has vacancies for Four Private Boarders.

Satisfactory references can be given.
Toronto, August 20, 1846. MARRIED.

On the 27th inst., at the Cathedral, in this city, by the Honand Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Toronto, Henry Parker, of Cooksville, E.q., second son of Rear-Admiral Sir William G. JOSEPH, OPTICIAN AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENT MAKER, 56, King Street. Toronto, returns
his sincere thanks to his Friends and the Public generally, and
his sincere thanks to his Friends and the Public generally, and
eville. Esquire, third son of Rear-Admiral Sir William George

Parker, Bart., to Jessie, youngest daughter of the late Thomas

On Thursday, the 21st inst., at Willow Cottage, by the Esq., Kingston.
In Montreal, on the 16th inst., at Christ Church, by the

In this city, at the residence of her Brother-in-law, J. P. Clarke, E-q., on the 22nd, Susan Tillerton, aged 33.

In Cobourg, on Saturday the 23rd inst., Mr. Wm. Grieve,

Jr., aged 33 years and four months.
On the 24th ult., Richard Lowe, Esq., of Hay Bax, Adolphustown, in the 71st year of his age; the deceased was a DEGS to inform his friends and the public generally, that he warm friend of the Church, and for many years an efficient

> At Picton, on the evening of the 4th, of consumption, aged 26 years, Jane Catherine, the beloved wife of Captain W Johnson, and the second daughter of the Hon. Simeon Wash-On Jan. 14. Roxana Maria, the beloved wife of David Can-

> field, Esq, of Ingersoll, West Oxford.
>
> The Morning Chronicle of the 8th Dec., mentions the death of the Hon. Robert Dickson, of Niagara, Canada West. Mr. Dickson died at Leghorn on the 27th of Nov., after a short ill-

Gold and Silver Spectacles and Eye-glasses made on the Rev. A. Palmer; Rev. C. J. Morris, rem.; Rev. W. Abbott,

rem. Rev. W. A. Adamson, add. sub. and rem.; Mr. W. 487-14 Harvey; Thos. Benson, Esq.; The Lord Bishop of Montreal

DURHAM yal subject y Parliame as from neasure whi ic administration

t. 2, 1838

IT IS A MONTE

We mean exion with ly is tolerate or peace in cally ring or ST. George