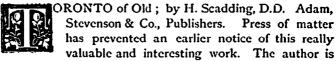
was one from Ægina, the place where coins were first struck, and which was said to be 2,500 years old. An Athenian coin was also exhibited, and one that had either been struck in Corinth or in one of its colonies, it being uncertain which, as both used the same signs. The lecturer then exhibited some specimens from Bætia, Amphipolis and Thasos, as also from the Island of Rhodes. Among the remainder were some from Metapontum and Posidonia, cities of Magna Græcia, or southern Italy, which had been colonized by the Greeks. Of two Sicilian coins, one came from Syracusæ, and the other from Panormus, the modern Palermo. was also one from Cyrene, celebrated as being the place where Artistippus founded the sect of the Cyrenaici, and another from the city of Tyre, with an inscription on it to the effect that Tyre was sacred and an asylum. A specimen was then exhibited which was struck at Cnidus, the city that owned the celebrated statue of Venus executed by Praxiteles as also one from Sinope, the birthplace of Diogenes. a very elaborate description of the coins, the lecturer gave some interesting information respecting the cities where they had been used. The chairman having thanked the lecturer on behalf of the meeting Mr. J. Paterson announced that that it was proposed to start a Numismatic Society in Toronto and requested that gentlemen who might wish to become members of it would send in their names to Mr. Bronsdon."

Mr. Bronsdon, who was one of the founders of the Montreal Society, and subsequently its President, will prove a host in himself.

REVIEWS.



well known as a painstaking and reliable writer, whose pleas-