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CHILDNENS MTSSIONARY HYMN.
Wo aro but a band of children, Workiug for tho bloseed Ioord.
Not too asiall to do Hin biading. Nor to hood His glorioua Word.
Whon Ho says, go tell tho pcoplo Who liare nerir lieard My name, That to lift thean ont of darknese. Cliriat, tho Lord of glory, oamo.
Come, that thoy might say, "One Eather," And that, in their sal homelives,
llaya of hope anil lovo may enter. Such as Josus' Gospel gires.
So, wo bring our pennien, saking That, like tiny grains of com, They may yieh a rich zonl-harreas In tho resurseolion inori.

And that some of Chine'n obildren, lhund the shrone with un may stand. Brought there by the prayera and peunies Of cur littlo mission liand.
"THE SOFT PLLLOW."

LITTLE ANNIE, before going to bed, lifted up her heart in prayer to Jesus and gave herself into His keeping, while Nettie, her sister, was thoughtlessly undressing herself and jumping into bed without prayer. Annio at once fell asleep and was resting peacefully in the arms of Him, to whom she committed herself, while Nettic was restlessly turning over. At length she awoke Annie, complaining that the pillow was hard and so flat she could not sleep upon it. "I know what is the matter with your pillow," said Annic; "there is no prayer in it." Little Nettie thought $n$ moment, then crept quietly out of bed, prayed, laid down again and found her pillow softer. She then said to herself: "That is what my pillow wanted; it is soft now," and she soon, too, was sweetly sleeping.
Are there not thousands of other pillows in the world which might be softened by prayer?

## "SOMETHLNG HAS GONE WRONG."

" $\mathbf{X}^{\top} \mathrm{HY}$, that's not four o'clock! I'm certain that it cannot be so late," exclaimed Minnie, starting from the seat on which she had been amusing herself with a book, while her work lay neglected beside her. "I looked at the great clock not ten minutes ago, and I'm sure that the long hand had not reached quarter past three."
"Oh! did you not know that something was the matter with the great clock?" replied her aunt, who, with her bonnet and shawl on, had just come downstairs, prepared to accompany her on a walk. "Since yesterday it has gone quite wrong; it strikes one hour, and points to another. I think that the hands must be loose."
"Something has gone wrong indeed!" cried the child, with impatience, "and I never will trust it again!"

She looked up, and saw a quict smile on the face of the lady. "Aunt, what are you thioking of?" she said, quickly.

Her aunt glanced down at the unfinished seam, from which the needle and thread hung dangling down. "Did you not promiso to have that ready-before four?" said she.
"Yes," replied Minnie, looking a little ashamed; "but-but-"
" But there is somebody, I fear, besides the
great clock whoso hands aro in fault; who is swift to promise, and slow to perform; whose words say ono thing, and whoso netions say anothor. Shall I repeat your own words, Minnie, and say, Something has gove wrong indeed, and I never will trust her agnin!"

Dear young reador, ever keop this in mind, that our words and our actions should agree together, as the hands of a good clock with the chime of its bell. Never make a promise rashly; but, if once made, let no pleasure, no feeling of indolence, tempt you for one moment to break it. Let no one ever bo able to say, in speaking of the word which you had given, but not kept, "Something has gone wrong indeed, and I newer will trust him a!ain!"

## A CHILDS CNEED.

I beliove in God tho Father, Who mindo us avery one: Who mado tho narth nall beared, The moon and rtars and rut. All hat we lave cacle diny Wo call him, when we pray, "Our Father who art in bearen."

1 believo in Jemus Christ, The Father'k only Son, Who camo to us from heavon,
Ho taught ns to ter holy. Till ou the cmas Ho died! And now we call Him Sariour And Chriat tho oruoified.

I beliere God's Yoly Spirit Is with ne cerery day.
And it wo do not grieve Him Ho no'er will go nway.
From heryen uprn Josns
He descended liko 8 dove,
And dwelleth ever with na.
To ill our hearts with lore.
GOING TO EED.
Suppose, littlo darling.
1 put jou to bedIs really ill-bred! growling

Off-shoes and stockings ! OI-littlu dress ! On-little night-gown!


Hero is the crib: Hero is the pillow: A nice littlo nest My dear will just 611,0 !
I'll toss you ap onoc, I'll toss yout trice, I'll lay you down An I toss you thrico.
Lio still, my pretty, Ill tuck up sour tors; l'll tuck sou ap warm To the tip of your nose.

Šiss mo now. precious! No, don't lift your healSuch $a$ bid little daughter Won't siay in bed.

## HE KNEW ALL ABOUT IT.

SOME time ago a gentleman was going from Boston to Albany, and on his journey got into conversation with a joung man, a divinity student, who was travelling the same way. Something was said about drinking, when the divinity student said:
"I am only twenty-five ycars of age, but you can't tell me anything about that. I know all there is to know about drinking."
The genileman shewed interest in the young man's experience, and he continued:
"When I was cighteen I went to Boston to take charge of the books in a mercantile house. In the boarding-house where I boarded were four young men. We became companiuns.

They all drank and invited mo to join them. I declined. I said, 'I am eighteen and havo nover drank, and it would not bo just to my Christian home and my family to do so now.' I resisted for a time; but thoy resorted to ridicule, and that I could not stand. I drank, and in two years deliritu tremens overtook me. All terrible things wero present to mo and pursuing me. I suffired agonics. I trombled and realized my danger, and in alarm sought rofuge in my Saviour's strength, and now I expect soon to preach the gospel."
"And will you tell me," said the gentleman, "what has become of your boarding. house friends?"
"Three of them," said the young man, "aro in drunkards' graves, and the fourth is in prison."

What an injurious thing this sting of strong drink is:
MELP THE BOYS TO LIKE THE FARM.

THE splendid rewards brought to the farmers during tho past three years are doing more than all the preaching to keep the boys on the farm. Our idea is that this state of affairs ought to be improved by the farmers, and by those who are interested in the prosperity of the young, to fix the boys' choice of farming, and to teach them their business. And the shortest statement of the way to do it, according to our observation, is to muke them like it. Thero are as many different ways to do this as there are boys to be influenced; but it may safely be said that any boy whose tastes, inclinations, ambitions and abilities lic in the direction of farming, can the more surely be kept at his vocation by rendering his apprenticeship to it as pleasant and hopeful as possible.
The wheels of this generation will not run in the ruts of the last one. Too many farmers forget this. The conditions of successful farming have greatly changed within fifty years. Markets dransportations have worked many mo hreations. Improved breeds of animals, perfected fruits, grain, farm machinery and commercial fertilizers, the classification of the different branches into special-tics-all these have made it necessary for the young farmers to know a good deal more than sufficed for their fathers. And this knowledge must come fiom books, schools, farm journals, observation and experiments. The boy, therefore, should be permitted and encouraged to learn his business, that he may respect and succeed in it.

Kind words do not cost much. They never blister the tongue or lips, and we have never heard of any mental trouble arising therefrom.
A dimpae child beautifully said: "Thinking is kecping still and trying to find out something." Who could have stated the case better than this? It makes one think of these striking words of the Highest: "Be still and know that I am Gorl." Silence, ye harsh noises and babbling tongues of human strife and folly and speculation. Be still. Listen. Find out something. Find out God, if you can. Climb up, in the silence of your soul, to a knowledge of the Alnighty.

