



Well Planned Grounds and Driveways in Cobourg, Where Some of Ontario's Most Beautiful Homes are Situated

This illustration shows one of the driveways into the grounds surrounding "Strathmore," the beautiful home of Mrs. Charles Donnelly, at Cobourg, Ont. This handsome property was purchased by the late Charles Donnelly, formerly of Pittsburg, Pa., from the late Judge Clarke, C. P. E. Solicitor. About five years ago the residence was remodelled, and the park-like area, in which it is set, was laid out with artistic effect at a cost exceeding \$100,000. All kinds of flowering shrubbery can be seen here in profusion, including 300 rhododendrons. And yet nothing is more beautiful than the ancient and majestic elm, whose arms have stretched forth a welcome to Strathmore's guests these many years. It appears in the left fore-front of the picture. The cut was borrowed from the last report of the Horticultural Societies of Ontario.

Lawn and Garden Hints for November

REMOVE all crop refuse and rubbish from the garden and burn it. Spade or plow the soil and turn under a good application of manure. Leave the surface rough so that frosts and freezing may have the best chance possible to pulverize the soil and to kill insects that hibernate there. If the soil needs it, install a system of underdrainage.

Dig the late celery and store in the cellar. Pack the stalks upright and close together with the roots in sand which should be kept fairly moist. When applying moisture to celery in storage, do not sprinkle the leaves or stalks.

Take up some rhubarb roots for forcing in the cellar. Leave the roots outside in a cold-frame or in a fence corner until they freeze and then place them in the cellar. When the crop is done, throw the old roots out as they soon decay and become ill-odored.

Beets, carrots, parsnips, salsify and winter radish keep best in the cellar

when buried in light earth. Turnips and potatoes can be stored without covering. Leave some parsnips and salsify outdoors all winter for use next spring.

Store onions in a cold, dry cellar on slatted shelves where there is plenty of ventilation.

FALL WORK WITH FRUIT

Do not be in a hurry about mulching the strawberry bed but do it as soon as the ground freezes hard. Apply a coating of clean straw. Manure will do but it is apt to contain weed seeds.

Place a few forkfuls of manure around the small fruit bushes and around young fruit trees.

Currants and gooseberries may be planted this month. Take some cuttings from the new growth on the old bushes for planting next spring. Store these cuttings in sand, butts upperwards, so that they will callous. Currants and gooseberries may be pruned any time after the leaves fall.

Have the soil around the fruit trees clean so that mice and other pests will have no place of harbor. To be certain that vermin will not girdle the trees, wrap them with building paper and throw a small mound of earth around the bottom.

OUTDOOR GARDEN AND LAWN

Protect the rose bushes. Read the article on another page of this issue. Small tender shrubs may be protected by placing a barrel over them and filling with leaves or straw. Make holes in the barrel for ventilation.

Protect plants in the perennial border by covering them with leaves, straw or stable manure. Cover lightly and not until the soil freezes.

There is still time for planting hardy bulbs. When planted this late, however, the ground must be covered with straw or leaves held in place by evergreen boughs in order to give them as much time as possible for growth this fall. Do not cover the bed until the ground