# WRECK OF THE PICTON.

*SHE GOES ASHORE ON THE ROCKS AT POINT RONDEAU.*

**Said to be a Total Wreck—On Her Way to the Georgian Bay—No Lives Reported Lost—Her Value and Insurance.**

The hundreds of Toronto people who have enjoyed so many delightful trips on the steamer Picton during the past five years will feel sorry to learn that that favorite steamer is a total wreck. About noon yesterday Mr. C. J. McCuaig received a telegram from Capt. Dann, who commanded the Picton, from Morpeth announcing the total wreck of the steamer. The boat ran on the rocks at Rondeau point, county of Kent, on Lake Erie, during the previous night. The news received in the city up to a late hour was of a very meagre description. A second despatch from Capt. Dunn says that it was owing to the ship's compass going wrong two points hat caused the disaster. The night was very dark, and it was raining. It was also stated that her hull might be saved.

The Picton, which for the last five years plied between Toronto and Port Dalhousie, made her last trip from Toronto on Saturday afternoon last, she having been engaged to run in conjunction with the steamer Africa in connection with the Toronto Grey and Bruce railway between Owen Sound and Sault Ste. Marie, and was to have made her first trip on Monday next. She remained at Port Dalhousie over Sunday, and long enough to receive some strengthening alterations to fit her for the treacherous waters of the Georgian bay, and arrived at Port Colberne on Tuesday, leaving that place at 10.30 on Wednesday, bound for the Detroit river. She was owned by the Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence navigation company, and Mr. McCuaig said she was valued at $25,000. She is insured for $5000 each in the Ætna and Royal Canadian companies. She also carried a $5000 fire policy in the Western. One of the $5000 premiums was just taken out before the boat left her route from this city to Port Dalhousie. She was comparatively new and was completely overhauled at Portsmouth, near Kingston, last winter. The headquarters of the company are at Picton. The boat's official number is 81,206. She is a paddle-wheel, length 158 feet, breadth 20 feet, depth 8 feet, gross tons 801, registered tonnage 491, and she was classed A2½. When she went ashore she was said to have had a cargo of twenty-five tons of merchandise on board.

The officers of the company were expected to arrive in the city early this morning. No lives are reported lost.

*WAS SHE FOUNDERED?*

**Waiting For News From the Nellie Sherwood—Mrs. Blanchard's Anxiety.**

Captain Blanchard, who is supposed to have been drowned with his son through the foundering of the schooner Nellie Sherwood, has been for a long time a resident of Riverside, and his family are now living on High street, Kingston road. The captain is a nephew of the late Capt Sparks, who was buried recently. At 9 p.m. last evening Mrs. Blanchard had not received any tidings of her husband and in an interview with her son, who returned last week from his father, with whom he had been sailing all last summer, he stated that the distance to be travelled was only 250 miles and close to the shore. The vessel was laden with flat cars, which would easily float. The son's impression is that if the boat has foundered that his father and the crew would have made for one of the numerous islands in the course of the vessel, as all the time they would be in sight of land. However Mrs. Blanchard is utterly prostrated with the suspense. Her eldest son is with the father.

*A THIEVING ENGLISH DOMESTIC.*

**The Career of Annie Morrish, alias Emily Himbly, in Toronto.**

A little over three weeks ago Mr. William Clarke, a Manitoba real estate agent, who lives in Sussex avenue, and his wife went to the immigration sheds to procure a domestic servant. They were not long in selecting a comely-looking English girl of 20. The girl was very neat and tidy and had an intelligent expression about her. She gave her name as Annie Morrish. She gave excellent satisfaction at the house of Mr. Clarke, and eight days after engaging the girl Mr. Clarke left for Winnipeg on business. A couple of days after this Mrs. Clarke went down town and left the girl and three small children in the house. She was very much astonished on returning a few hours afterwards on finding the three children locked up in a room crying loudly, the house ransacked from cellar to garret, and no trace of the dark-haired English domestic. Fourteen dollars in money and $120 worth of jewelry and clothing were missing. The case was immediately given to detectives, who made a diligent search of the city, the suburbs and Hamilton for the dishonest immigrant. But justice came at last. Yesterday Detective Burrows was in the court of general sessions when the prisoners found guilty at the term were being sentenced. Judge Boyd was just pronouncing one month on Emily Humbly, who had been found guilty of robbing her employer at Markham of a silver watch and jacket, when the detective took a look at the girl. The officer noticed that she had on a dress that resembled very closely one stolen from Mrs. Clarke. The girl was taken to a room and "interviewed." She denied strongly ever having worked for Mrs. Clarke, or that her name was other than Emily Humbly. She told Detective Burrows that she came from near Southampton, and that she had been in the country four months. Mr. Clarke, who had returned home in the meantime, was sent for. He said, "How are you; Annie?" The girl looked at the floor and did not answer. She was told that it was no use denying her identity, and she wilted immediately. At a valise in the jail nearly all of the stolen articles were found, but the $14 were missing. A warrant will be issued for her arrest when her present time expires.

**The London Aquarium.**

An attraction of the London aquarium at present is a company of Japanese musicians and dancers. The musical instruments are great drums, gongs, bells, flutes and violins, all of queer shapes. They are played with considerable skill and harmony. The dances are performed by four Java girls, and they consist of rhythmic movements, like those of the Nauth girls who appeared last year at Daly's theatre, but the occasional use of the voice is introduced. Their evolutions are slow and consist in peculiar shakings and quiet movements with bended knees, the greatest part of the time being occupied by motions of the arms and hands and the twisting of scarfs. The hands of the girls are singularly long and flexible, and the feet also are long, very pointed, absolutely flat and without visible instep.

*LOCAL NEWS PARAGARPHED.*

Mr. W. B. Scarth has returned from England.

Judge Morrison has sailed from England for home.

Detective Reid, who has been on the sick list for some time, is convalescing.

The Grand Trunk express from the east, due at 10 52 last night, was two and a half hours late.

During the last two days a large number of excursionists from Winnipeg have arrived in the city.

On Wednesday night twenty members of the Toronto Choral society gave a very nice concert at the home for incurables at Parkdale.

A through special from the west on the Grand Trunk, composed of six Pullmans, a hotel car and two passenger coaches, passed through at 10 30 last night.

"Jack" Innes, the well-known lacrosse player, formerly of Toronto, now of Winnipeg, is on a visit to the city. Rumor says that Jack made $250,000 in land speculations in the Northwest.

During the past two months it has cost the city $96 for burying friendless or poor people. Ald. Boswell at the executive committee yesterday said that was the largest sum that he had seen for the same period.

Barrie Gazette: As Bishop Sweatman was on his way home from Barrie on the 11th inst., he paid a visit to Wm. Bigsail at his abode on Snake island and spent a pleasant time in conversation with the "genial indian."

*DOINGS OVER THE DON.*

Mrs. Lakey, who died rather suddenly in Bolton street on Wednesday, was a very old and respected resident of Riverside and great sympathy is expressed for her husband and family. A married daughter arrived from the states last evening, having travelled over 800 miles on receipt of the telegram announcing her mother's death. The Lakeys built the first house on Bolton street.

Mr John Smith of the Don grows large potatoes on his farm on the Mill road, Riverside. Mike, his foreman, dug yesterday potatoes averaging 1½ lbs. each. Three selected weighed 4 lbs 3 oz.

It is likely at the coming municipal elections for the township of York that Riverside and Leslieville ratepayers will have an opportunity of voting for or against annexation to the city. Public opinion seems to be that they will follow example of the Yorkville ratepayers.

The city authorities have a gang of men laying a thin layer of stones on the road approaching the jail.

**The Executive Committee.**

The executive committee met yesterday afternoon, Alderman Boswell presiding. Considerable routine business was transacted. Colonel G. A. Shaw claimed doctor's fees ($12) for injuries he sustained by falling on an alleged defective pavement at Yonge and Front streets some time ago. The amount was allowed. The last clause of report 28 of the committee on works was struck out. The clause read: "Your committee beg to report that they have again had under consideration the question of erecting public urinals in the city, and in view of the urgent necessity which exists for these conveniences, it is recommended that the city engineer be instructed to prepare the necessary plans, and that the executive committee be requested to provide an appropriation ($1000) to defray the cost of erecting the urinals required." Numerous certified accounts were passed and ordered paid.

**The Sons of Scotland.**

At the grand annual gathering of the Sons of Scotland, Bro. David Millar was elected grand chief; James McKenzie, grand chieftain; and James Wright, past grand chief. H. F. Ferguson was elected grand secretary, and there were re-elected J. C. McMillan, grand treasurer; grand marshal, John Gray; grand piper, Major Francis Cockburn; standard bearer, George Fraser; grand instructor, A. Morton; inner guard, Roderick McLellan; and outer guard, Alex. Levack. It was proposed, but not settled, that the next meeting of the association be held at Cahoes, N. Y.

**About an Old Toronto Friend.**

United States consul, Albert D. Shaw of Manchester, England, who has so distinguished himself in exposing the cotton frauds perpetrated by scheming shippers, who stuffed their bales with sand and stones, had a very sad experience at Bergin, in Norway, where he was travelling for his health. His daughter Minnie was seized with diphtheria, which threatened to have a fatal ending. By the advice of the medical authorities his wife went with the invalid to the hospital and remained with her for a fortnight till the crisis was passed. Colonel Shaw speaks in terms of gratitude of the kindness of the medical staff of the hospital.

**Accident to a Northern Director.**

Mr. Barnhardt, a director of the Northern railway, met with a painful accident on Wednesday night north of Allendale. Mr. Barnhardt was sitting on the steps of the express train, which was proceeding slowly up a steep grade, and over a culvert the train gave a lunge and Mr. Barnhardt was thrown off. He was not missed from the train until Allendale was reached. A special train was made up and sent back to look for him. He was met walking down the track about two miles from the place where he fell. The unfortunate gentleman sustained a fracture of the arm and other painful injuries. He was brought to the city and taken to his residence on Wellington street where he is doing well.

**A Very Bad Husband.**

Joshua P. Bissell was tried in the court of general sessions yesterday for neglecting to support his wife. Bissell is a one-armed man and put up the extraordinary plea that during the five years he had entirely neglected his wife he had only earned $642 in taking orders for a marble firm. Evidence showed that he earned other money beside. It was also proven against him that during nearly the whole of the time he neglected to support his wife and family he supported another women and her children in the township of Rama. During the whole time that he was away from his wife, all the money he gave her was $1 and he borrowed 50 cents of that back from her. The evidence against him was of a very strong. His wife appeared to be a very respeceable hard-working woman. The man made the pretense that he would make reparation if set at liberty, but the long-suffering woman thought he should be punished. The jury found him guilty and he will be sentenced to-day.

**The Elephant Sir John.**

Harry Piper has just returned from Detroit where he says he bought a five year old elephant at the sale of Coup's circus. This new acquisition to the zoo-zoo is to be christened "Sir John." He should have arrived last night. The youngster boasts to be sprung from the great Jumbo.

# THE GENERAL SESSIONS.

*A PRESENTMENT BY THE HONORABLE GRAND JURY.*

**A General Walk into the "Junk Shops"—The Late Escape of Prisoners—Other Matters.**

The grand jury came into the court of general sessions yesterday and Mr. James Russell, the foreman, made the following presentment, after which Judge Boyd thanked them for their services:

That they carefully considered the indictments submitted to them and returned their findings to the court, and that they are pleased at feeling justified in congratulating the county upon the absence of the more serious forms of crime.

They are of opinion that the facilities offered by the establishments commonly known as junk shops, for the ready disposal of stolen property, is a great inducement to larceny, and they recommend that such shops be placed under license, and that it should be made compulsory that in each of them a book be kept, open at all times to the inspection of the police, and showing a description of all property purchased, the name of the party from whom purchased, and the hour of the day at which the same was bought, and that the absence of such record be held as prima facie evidence of guilty knowledge in respect to any property found on the premises.

The jurors deem it proper to draw the attention of magistrates to the desirableness of the discrimination in regard to complaints laid before them, and of refusing to grant warrants of committal in cases where there is no evidence of felonous intent, and for which the civil courts would afford ample and fitting redress.

The grand jurors are of opinion that the accommodation of the present court house is inadequate, and that its location and surroundings are becoming more and more unsuitable from year to year, and they concur heartily in the recommendation of former grand juries, that a more commodious county court building, in a more suitable location, be erected without unnecessary delay. The escape of the prisoners awaiting trial at this court, from the prisoners' waiting-room forming a portion of the court house buildings, by forcibly removing the iron window-guards, while it affords proof to a certain extent of the unfitness of the present building, demands also that an enquiry should be made into the reason why the prisoners should be permitted to provide themselves with large and strong iron spoons which they used so effectually in making their escape, and further into the conduct and competency of the constables who had those prisoners in charge.

Another failure of justice arising out of the discharge from the central prison, on the expiration of his sentence, of a prisoner who was also committed for trial at this court for another offence, seems to indicate some misunderstanding or defective correspondence between the authorities of the central prison and the jail; and the jurors recommend that suitable provisions be made to avoid the recurrence of a similar mishap.

In the further discharge of their duties, the jurors visited the jail, the lunatic asylum, the central prison and the Mercer institute. In these institutions the appliances for all necessary purposes appear to be excellent in their kind, and abundantly adequate; while the order, cleanliness and discipline prominent in all of them, reflect the highest credit upon the officers in charge, and render the visit of the jurors very gratifying. In the jail were found several old men sent there for no crime, except that of being old, and without friends willing to care for them, and the jurors are of opinion that some other and more fitting place be found for such cases. There were also several insane persons, not criminals, there in confinement—one of them at least for a considerable time—for whom the lunatic asylum would be a more suitable place.

The jurors desire to express strongly their sense of the serious evils arising from the non-employment of labor of the prisoners in jail. The enforced idleness not only unfits them for labor when liberated, but exposes them to be instructed and encouraged in evil ways by the more hardened criminals while in their company in prison, and having nothing else to occupy their minds and bodies, they often come out better prepared and more likely to commit crime than when first sent down; and the jurors recommend that this state of things should be remedied promptly.

The jurors would also call the attention of the court to that numerous class of prisoners who are being sent to jail time and again for short periods for drunkenness. To them the jail becomes a kind of hospital in which after a debauch they are nursed to convalescence and release, only to repeat the course immediately, at the expense of the public, and to their own ruin. Your jurors would suggest that after a certain limited number of convictions every inebriate should be sentenced to not less than twelve months' confinement with hard labor, for his own and the country's benefit.

In the Mercer institute, which appears to be doing most beneficial work, it is found that commitments for less than one and a half or two years, do not afford sufficient time for the prisoners to get rid of bad, and to acquire new and good habits, and it is desirable that this should be borne in mind by the bench when sending prisoners there; the longer period also makes it more likely that previous associations will have been broken up and former associates dispersed when prisoners are released, and thus they will be more likely to enter upon a better mode of life.

And the jurors desire to express their sense of the satisfactory manner with which the indictments were prepared, and the urbanity of the county attorney in giving them information and advice in regard to the matters brought before them.

**Police Court Paragraphs.**

George Fulljames and Joseph Ellemonge were discharged after four remands on the watch case. Peter Fisher will bemoan his fate for three months in the central prison: he stole two silver cups from G. W. Meyers of Rosedale. Thomas McCarthy and Frank Risch, the two little boys implicated in the theft of old coins at the exhibition grounds, were discharged on their parents' bail. The charge against Andrew Fallas and E. H. Force of stealing a boat from S. W. Hicks, fell through. Walter A. Andrews was charged by James Legood with fraud. Andrews traded a piano with Legood for a gold watch and $25. The money was to be paid in two months, but in the meantime at the instance of Andrews the piano which had been delivered to Legood was removed during his absence from home. Andrews was discharged. Wm. Cowling would not permit Inspector Awde to test his milk and he will answer for it on the 27th. There were seven or eight assault cases disposed of.

**Rev. J. S. Stone Selected.**

Rev. J. S. Stone of this city has been unanimously elected rector of St. Martin's church in Montreal, in succession to Rev. Mr. Dumoulin.

*THE SPORTING WORLD.*

**The Argonaut Rowing Club's Races—Notes of Lacrosse and Other Games.**

To morrow afternoon the Argonaut Rowing club hold their semi-annual club races, together with an "at home" in the club house at the foot of York street. Six four-oared crews turn out, all of them pretty well matched, and from the amount of practice indulged in we may expect some exciting finishes. The Dufferin medal open to the single scullers of the club, will also be competed for on the same afternoon. Appended are the names of the crews:—

FIRST HEAT.

| Blue. | White |
|---|---|
| E Graham Thompson (stroke) | W Ince, jr, (stroke) |
| H T Brock, | F Galt, |
| G G S Lindsey, | F Campbell, |
| H B Travers, | H Bloodgood. |

SECOND HEAT.

| | |
|---|---|
| F Moscow (stroke), | R McKay (stroke), |
| D Simpson, | A B Cameron, |
| H Edgar, | W Meredith, |
| C Brooke, | L Whittemore. |

THIRD HEAT.

| | |
|---|---|
| W Gwynne (stroke), | W R H Moffat (stroke) |
| N Armstrong, | H Wyatt, |
| Bethune, | P Hughes, |
| B Cronyn, | L Dwight. |

The winners of three heats will then row off for the "pewters." Though not so numerous as in spring, the crews are of the right sort and apparently very evenly matched. A single scull race for a cup presented by Mr. Roger Lambe takes place on the 30th inst. The entries for this race, as for the Dufferin medal, are:—W. Lambe, F. Gates, W. Bonnell.

VICTORIAS V. MONTREAL.

The strongest team the Victorias ever put forward will be the one that opposes the second twelve of the Montrealers here on the lacrosse grounds to-morrow. It will be composed of the following:—E. Beaune, S Martin, A E Suckling, G Gibbs, G Orr, G Rogers, J Forster, I E Suckling, W Arthurs, R McPherson, J Drynan, J Meharg; spare men, G Rose and W Robinson; captain, A M Stow. This match promises to be a hotly contested one, the winning side having to be "stayers." A special telegraph wire will be on the grounds from Montreal, and bulletins will be issued showing the progress of the match between the Torontos and Shamrocks in that city.

NOTES.

Chief Hugh McKinnon has made a deposit of $250 on behalf of A. A. McDonald, who challenges Donald Dinnie for $1000 a side in putting the heavy and light stones, weighing 21 and 14 lbs. respectively.

P. H. Conley, of Halifax, has challenged Wallace Ross, of St. John, to row him a five mile scull race, with turn, on Bedford basin, within two or three weeks, for $1000 a side, Ross to be allowed $100 out of the stakes for expenses. The challenge to remain open one week. Conley has made a deposit of $250 as forfeit.

BASE BALL YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburg—Alleghany 6, Louisville 4.

At Philadelphia—Baltimore 6, Athletics 2.

At New York—Metropolitians 1, Boston 1.


Why waste time in bemoaning the hard fate that has rendered you a confirmed rheumatic when any druggist will sell you a bottle of St. Jacob's Oil? Mr. Wright of Blair, Neb., connected with the Commercial house, a hostelrie, which the people of Blair justly consider one of the best in this part of the state, says the Great German Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil, goes ahead of anything else as a pain reliver. Mr. Wright has frequently heard the good remedy praised by guests at the Commercial, and when the lumbago seized his back it was the first thing he bought. Purchasing a bottle at one of our drug stores he just went for that pain without ceremony. To say that it benefitted him is not enough. The Great German Remedy just grappled with that pain and made it vacate the premises in two applications. He concludes his eloquent panegyric on an efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil by saying that he had only used one-fourth its contents and there was yet enough remaining to cure two more cases of lumbago.


**The Day of Atonement.**

The Jewish day of atonement begins to-night at 8 o'clock, and ends to-morrow at the same hour. The day is one of the strictest fast days in the Jewish church, and its observance is enjoined upon all Israelites with great solemnity. The warranty for the observance is found in the 7th verse of the 29th chapter of Numbers: "And on the tenth day of the seventh month ye shall have a holy convocation, and ye shall afflict your souls; ye shall not do any work thereon." In the Hebrew calender the tenth day of the monte of *Tishri* corresponds with the 22d of September. The Day of Atonement is entirely devoted to penitence; to supplicate from God pardon for sins, after a sincere repentance, having atoned to those to whom they have offered offence or done wrong. The business among the Hebrew population will be enoirely suspended during the twenty-four hours after 6 o'clock to-night.

**Why Brakemen are Killed.**

They are killed by the hundreds every year owing to the want of a proper connection between the runways on top of freight cars. Mr. Willson of Parkdale has patented a contrivance which gives a continuous runway the entire length of the freight train and which has a hand rail for further security. The contrivance could be cheaply adjusted to every box car and were this done many thousands of young men who are sacrificed under car wheels would be saved. The companies should be compelled to adopt some such contrivance as Mr. Willson's.

**Delegates Elected.**

At a special meeting of the corn exchange yesterday J. L. Spink, W. Galbraith, W. Christie, A. McLaughlin and W. Baird were appointed a deputation to attend the meeting of the board of examiners, for choosing and approving of the standards of flour for the following year, to be held in Monreal on Octoqer 4. The deputation were instructed to select samples of the various grades which in their judgment should be the grades for the year.

**That Female Fakir.**

Mrs. Newton is a milkwoman living in Brockton. She brought her lame little girl to the female cure-all who held forth at the amphitheatre. She healed her and kept the crutches sending the child away as cured. The little sufferer has been confined to her bed ever since.

**The Chicora Riot Appeal.**

This case came up in court of general sessions before Judge Boyd yesterday. When the court arose at 5.30 the case had just barely begun. It will probably take all of to-day to finish it. Messrs. Murphy and Bigelow for the appellants.

**Liquor Cases in Court.**

At the police court yesterday Edward Campbell for selling liquor without a license, was remanded till the 26th, Joseph Power was fined $20 and costs, Wm. Stephenson $20 and costs, James Daly, Jas. Somers and Jennie Hall were remanded till the 26th.

*CANADA METHODIST CHURCH.*

**An Important Resolution—The Proposed Union—The Appointment of a Committee Recommended.**

HAMILTON, Sept 21.—At the conference of the Canada Methodist church to-day the following resolutions were adopted by the united committee:

1. That the principle of lay representation in all our church courts be so recognized as to admit laymen into our annual conferences to some extent and in some form.

2. That paragraph 86, page 39, of the discipline referring to the election by the general conference of its president be so amended as to provide for an itinerant general superintendency in some form.

In reference to the former resolution it was distinctly understood that the lay representation in the annual conferences was not to affect the composition of the stationing committee or the examination of the character.

Your committee, having carefully considered the whole subject, in view of the desirableness of a united Methodism in Canada, would venture to earnestly recommend that the general conference adopt the above resolution.

It further recommends that the general conference direct the appointment of a mixed committee, consisting of 27 persons—viz., seven by Toronto conference, seven by the London conference, five by the Montreal conference, three by the Nova Scotia and New Brunswick conferences, and two by the Newfoundland conference—to meet the committees of the other bodies in the city of Toronto on the last Tuesday in November, the church in which the meeting shall be held and the hour of meeting to be arranged by the Toronto conference.

It further recommends that the members of the above-named committee be elected by the representatives of the several annual conferences here present, and that said committee meet for organization before the rising of the general conference.

It still further recommends that should the joint union, the plan of union agreed upon shall be submitted to the quarterly boards for approval or otherwise at the next February quarterly meetings.

It is further recommended that the superintendents of circuits be required to report immediately to the secretary of the general conference the vote of the quarterly meetings, and should it be found that two-thirds of the quarterly meetings voting thereon have declared in favor of the plan of union proposed by the joint committee, the president of the general conference shall convene the general conference in order to give effect to the proposed union; said meeting of the general conference to be held subsequently to the meeting of the annual conferences.

It is further recommended that when the general conference adjourn it adjourn to meet at the call of the chair.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

WM. WILLIAMS, Chairman.
W. C. BROWN, Secretary.

REV. W. C. Brown moved that the report be adopted.

Dr. Potts moved that it be the order of the day for to-morrow morning, and that in the meantime it be printed and distributed to the members.

The motion was put and carried unanimously.

**New Northwest Land Co.**

OTTAWA, Sept. 21—The new land company recently referred to as being organized by Colonel Richardson, has promptly assumed a definite form and shape and an application for the charter under the title of "The Northwest, Qu' Appelle and Long Lake syndicate," capital stock $1,000,000, has been duly filed for record over the following well-known signatures as incorporators: J C Richardson, capitalist, Winnipeg, Man.; Charles E Ferguson, M P, M D, Kemptville, Ont.; A Blackburn, merchant, Kemptville, Ont.; S K Bower, merchant, Brandon, Manitoba; James Porter, merchant, Kemptville, Ont.; H D Smith, farmer, Merrickville, Ont; E. Saunders, notary, Brandon, Man; C W Mitchell, publisher, Ottawa; George Robb, barrister, Orangville, Ont; E Smith, Brunswick hotel, Winnepeg, Man; A Black, wholesale milliuery, Winnepeg, Man; J T Bartram, surveyor of customs, Ottawa; G J O'Doherty, barrister, Ottawa; James Whealy, engineer, Winnepeg, Man; A. Keefer, O W & N Y R R, Ottawa. The lands of the corporation embraces five townships or nearly 100,000 acres in the Qu' Appelle and Long lake district. The aims and purposes of the company are similar in detail to those of the Qu' Appelle farm syndicate of which Colonel Richardson is the general manager.

**Suspected Murder in Ottawa.**

OTTAWA, Sept. 21—Cassimer Deslawries, a mill hand, was arrested to-day on a charge of having murdered his wife. They did not live happily together, and their home was a scene of frequent fights. He was addicted to drink and she bore a light reputation. A week ago they had an encounter, after which the woman went to her parents. On Tuesday, however, she returned home to her husband and yesterday morning was reported dead. The neighbors had suspicions and informed an officer, who examined the corpse, and finding the body badly burned, as with a blunt instrument, he stopped the funeral and arrested Deslawries. An inquest was held to-night but as there was no evidence to show that the woman was murdered, Deslawries was released.

**Wedding Bells at Hamilton.**

HAMILTON, Sept. 21—The nuptials of Mr. J. R. Ambrose, son of the late Judge Ambrose, of the British bank, New York, and Miss Kate Broughton, of this city, took place to-day. At 11.30 o'clock the ceremony took place at Christ church cathedral, being conducted by Rev. C. H. Mockridge, D. D. The bridemaids were Miss Ambrose (sister of the bridegroom), the Misses Lizzie and Fanny Broughton.

**Killed on the Cars.**

ST. JOHN, N. B., Sept. 21.—Henry McAndrews, of this city, employed on the Intercolonial railway, received injuries at Sussex this morning which resulted fatally. He was running along on the top of the cars, and his light going out he missed his footing in the dark and fell beneath the moving train.

**A Case of Husband Beating.**

OTTAWA, Sept. 21—It is seldom that one hears of a case of husband beating being ventilated in the police court. One, however, will come before the police magistrate on Monday, a man named Watchorn, residing in a suburb, having laid information against his better half for maltreating him.

**Accident at the Hull Iron Mines.**

OTTAWA, Sept. 31—A man named O'Donough, employed at the Hull iron mines, yesterday fell from a scaffolding, a distance of some forty feet, to the bottom of a pit. He received probably fatal injuries, and was removed to the Protestant hospital.

**Suicide in Arcade N. Y.**

ARCADE, N. Y., Sept. 20.—A report has been received here giving the particulars of the suicide of a well-known merchant named Cobb, of Yorkshire. His wife found his dead body in the barn. He was a nephew of L. D. Cobb, of Buffalo, and was about forty years of age. His father committed suicide some years ago.

**Anti-Christian Plot in Scutari.**

CATARO, Sept. 21—Two reported leaders of the Albanian league at Scutari resolved to massacre and rob the richest Christians, including the English consul, and two of the hill tribes marched to Scutari to protect their co-religionists, thereby preventing the massacre. The consuls have asked that the garrison of Scutari be reinforced.

**Killed by Lightning.**

OIL CITY, Pa., Sept. 20—During a storm this afternoon lightning struck a farm house some miles from here, and a young man named Kernan Ross, who was in the stable, was instantly killed.

**Fast Atlantic Trip.**

NEW YORK, Sept. 21—The steamship Alaska arrived at Queenstown to-day, having made the trip in six days and eight hours, the fastest time on record.

# WESTERN WHISPERINGS.

*HOW THE STAR ROUTE THIEVES BOUGHT THEIR ESCAPE.*

**Lax Administration of Law—A New Palace For the Board of Trade—Execution of Tracy at Chicago.**

*(From Our Own Correspondent.)*

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Few subjects have been more freely discussed in Chicago during the last few days than the latest failure of American justice in the matter of the Star Route swindlers. Of all the legal forces that have disgraced the history of American jurisprudence, this so-called trial of Dorsey, Brady and the rest of

THE PATRIOTIC ROBBER BROOD

is admitted on all hands to be the most disgraceful. The trial of Guiteau in the same court was bad enough, but this last exhibition will revive the old contempt for American institutions that we hoped was quietly dying out. The story of the fraud reveals a most deliberate robbery of public funds on the part of men who had been entrusted with the nation's honor as well as the nation's money. But below this depth of shame there is a deeper depth. The thieves cannot be brought to justice. Of the robbery there is incontrovertible evidence and there is no moral doubt as to the identity of the thieves. But they have escaped. Trial by jury was long thought to be a

HEAVEN-BORN INSTITUTION.

But the finding of this Jury at Washington is a worse disgrace and more perilous to the state than the robbery itself. I remember one Sunday morning last summer being at the Central music hall and Professor Swing in referring to this great fraud said: "It would appear from recent events that we are

A NATION OF MINGLED THIEVES AND CHILDREN,

of which charity hopes that the children are the majority." Colonel Ingersoll said the verdict of the jury was "idiotic." But there was a golden method in their idiocy. The escape of the big operators and their conviction of the little pettifoggers points, I think, this moral—never go into a swindle unless you secure enough money to convince twelve honest, unimpeachable jurymen! All the same it seems to me that it would not be very much out of order to

HAVE THE JURY ARRESTED AND TRY THEM,

only that it would be so difficult to find twelve fit to try them. This is a land of freedom but justice is very scarce. Americans sneer at some of the forms of English law, and make merry jests at the sight of judges wig and robe, and the lawyers' flowing gown; but beyond these mere forms and fashions there is such a thing as the administration of the law, and the full application of its principles and provisions to those who dare to trample it under their feet. Under the reign of English law the wrongdoer is generally caught, convicted and punished.

Turning, however, to questions of more local interest, there are two or three indications of the stirring of that

GIGANTIC SPIRIT OF ENTERPRISE

for which Chicago is celebrated all the world over. We are to have a new and magnificent Temple of Commerce erected in this great western metropolis. The present board of trade building has grown altogether too small for the growing trade of the west. A new building is now in course of erection. It is to be a stupendous granite pile. The architects and contractor say the building will cost $1,500,000. Now my reverence for the truthfulness of architects and the honesty of the contractors leads me to the conclusion that you had better double the estimates and leave a large margin for extras; in which case our new board of trade building may cost in the neighborhood of

THREE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS.

The design for this magnificent building is somewhat mixed. A sort of cathedral, half hotel sort of building. I'm a little sorry for the cathedral look of the building. I can imagine some pilgrim stranger coming to our city and seeing the board of trade building he might be led by its semi-gothic appearance to enter it in a devout mood, thinking it

"A HOUSE OF PRAYER FOR ALL NATIONS."

My heart aches when I think how fittingly he would be mistaken—how he would find a den of thieves; but we are to have a grand summer resort a few miles south of the city that is to rival

LONG BRANCH AND SARATOGA.

We are to have grand hotel that will cost $200,000 situated in a magnificent park on the very sands of Lake Michigan. Chicago is said to be the coolest city in the states during the summer, and every effort is to be made to make this "Chettenham Beech" as it is to be called a point of attraction for the west. The railway companies with one accord will do all they can to aid the scheme. If you really don't want your Island and will cart it over to Chicago—express charges prepaid—we will lick it into shape.

EXECUTION OF JAMES TRACEY.

As you have already noted, James Tracey was hanged in Chicago on Friday last for the murder of Policeman Heulmer. The evidence of Tracey's guilt was wholly circumstantial, save the confession he was overheard to make soon after the murder, which confession, however, he afterwards repudiated. But there is no moral doubt for one moment in the public mind but Tracey was guilty. I have always been opposed to capital punishment, and am still. But the innumberable burglaries that have taken place of late, and the free way in which these midnight robbers draw their revolvers, has led to the feeling that somebody must be made an example of. Tracey made a most pathetic remark shortly before his execution. He said "THE TRUTH IS THE WORLD REJECTS ME!" It is a sad thing for a man to feel that the world has no further use for him. The sooner he shuffles off the mortal coil after that the better.

WILL BLAINE BE THE NEXT PRESIDENT?

That is a question many are asking, and no doubt Mr. Blaine has felt "good," "exceeding good" ever since the grand triumph of republican principles in Maine. The hon. gentleman is in Chicago. I shall have more to tell you of his visit in my next. For this time adieu. ELMO.


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# MONEY AND TRADE.

**Toronto Stock Market.**

TORONTO, Sept. 21.—Montreal 208¾ and 208, trans 5 at 218¾, Ontario 124¼ and 122, trans 30 at 126¼, 10 at 125¾ 10 at 125¼, 20 at 125¼, 20 at 122¾. Toronto 191 and 189, Merchants sellers 128¾. Commerce 143¼ and 141¼, trans 40, 20 at 142¾ 20 at 142¼, Imperial 143 and 142¾, Federal 150 and 149¼, trans 20 at 149¾, 50 at 150, 10 at 149¾, 15 at 150, 50 at 150, delivery 30¼, Dominion 211 and 210¼, trans 20, 35 at 211, Standard 112¾ and 112¼, Hamilton sellers 120. British America sellers 129, Western Assurance 166¼ and 166, trans 29, 168, 20 at 167, 41, 50 at 166¾, Consumers' Gas Company 148 and 147¾, trans 20at 148, 2 at 148¾, Canada Permanent sellers 230, Freehold sellers 170, Western Canada sellers 200, Canada Landed Credit 124 and 123¾, B & Loan Association 106 and 104¼, Imperial S and Investment sellers 111, National Investment sellers 108¾, Real Estate, Loan and Debenture Co sellers 100, London & Ontario buyers 117, The Land Security Company sellers 198, Manitoba Loan buyers 120¼, Huron & Erie sellers 161¼, Dominion Savings and Loan buyers 120, Hamilton Provident buyers 125, Brant Loan and Savings Society sellers 110, Ontario Investment Society 140 and 136, British Canadian L. and Investment buyers 105.

**Montreal Stock Market.**

MONTREAL, Sept. 21—Bank of Montreal 209¾ and 209, sales 25 at 209¾, 140 at 209; Ontario Bank 128¾ and 126¾, Banque du Peuple asked 89; Molsons' Bank xD 129 and 125 Bank of Toronto, 190¼ & 190, Banque Jacques Cartier 120 and 115, Merchants' Bank 129¾ and 129¼, sales 53 at 129, 25 at 129¼, 10 at 129¾, 25 at 189¾, Bank of Commerce 142 and 141¾, sales 25 at 141¾, 100 at 142, 25 at 142¼, 25 at 141¾, Exchange Bank, 180 and 175, Federal Bank, 155 and 150; Montreal Telegraph Company 131¾ and 131¼, sales 200 at 131¾, Dominion Telegraph Company asked 96, Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company xd 71 and 70¾, City Passenger Railroad 157 and 156¼, sales 50 at 156, 150 at 156¼, 175 at 156¼, Montreal Gas Company 195 and 194¾, sales 25 at 194¾, 291 at 194¾, Canadian Cotton Co. 140 and 130, Dundas Cotton Company 125 and 119, Ontario Investment 138 and 135, St Paul M & M 159 and 158¾, sales 125 at 159.


# E. STRACHAN COX

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Receives legraph quotations of the New York, Chicago and Montreal markets, daily reports and financial papers.


**Grain and Produce.**

CALL BOARD.—TORONTO, Sept. 21.—No. 2 choice barley, was offered at 80c with 70c bid; western oats, on track, were offered at 49½c; five cars of oats, present delivery, to arrive, were wanted at 44c.

THE STREET MARKET—TORONTO, Sept. 21.—There was a rather poorly attended market. Vegetables are in fair supply, but keep firm. Potatoes are 80c; onions $. a bushel for large variety, and increase in price to $4 per bushel for pickling onions. Tomatoes are coarer; worth 60c to 70c a bushel. Corn, 10c to 12c a dozen. Beans $1 a bushel. Butter is firm at quotations, and higher would be paid for selections. Apples are unchanged. About 35 loads of hay on the market sold at $12 to $15; a few loads of straw sold at $12 for loose and $12 for bundled. There were about 100 bushels of fall wheat selling at 95c to $1; goose sold at 83c; 2000 bushels barley sold at 50c to 51½c; about 800 bush. of oats sold at 45 toc 49c. There were no peas nor rye, and quotations are not given.

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|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat, fall | 0 95 to $1 00 | Peas | 0 50 to 0 60 |
| do spring | 1 10 to 1 10 | Apples, brl | 1 00 to 1 25 |
| do goose | 80 to 85 | Lettuce doz | 10 to 0 00 |
| Barley | 0 63 to 0 76 | Rhubarb dz | 0 00 to 0 00 |
| Oats | 0 49 to 0 50 | Radishes | 0 15 to 0 20 |
| Peas | 0 75 to 0 85 | Tom toes, bu | 50 to 60 |
| Rye | 0 60 to 0 65 | Beans, bu | 50 to 60 |
| Clover seed | 0 00 to 0 00 | Onions, bu | 1 00 to 0 00 |
| Beef, hd qrs | 7 50 to 9 00 | Chickens, pair | 0 40 to 0 45 |
| do