

ALL LEUZE WOOD NOW HELD BY BRITISH RUMANIANS THROW BACK GERMAN-BULGARIAN INVASION TEUTON CENTRE PRESSED BACK BY RUSSIANS

Hun Drive At Rumania Defeated On Whole Line; Rumanians Hold Frontier

Attempt to Invade Eastern Rumania Comes to Naught, While Invasion of Austria Goes On Successfully, Important Points Being Carried After Spirited Fighting.

(Canadian Press.)

London, Sept. 6.—Official announcement is made by the Rumanian war office that attempts of the Germans and Bulgarians to invade Eastern Rumania have been defeated, and that the Rumanians are in possession of all the frontier east of the Danube, along which the attack was directed.

INVASION SUCCESS.

The Rumanian invasion of Austria is being carried on with further success. After spirited fighting in the region of Borzeck the Rumanians captured heights west of that point. The announcement follows:

"On our northern and northeastern fronts, after spirited fighting in the region of Borzeck, the heights to the west thereof were occupied by us. We captured 4 officers and 150 men.

HOLD ALL FRONTIERS.

"We possess all the Dobruja frontier (between Bulgaria and Rumania, east of the Danube). An attack south of Basardjik was repulsed. The battle continues on the remainder of the frontier. The enemy bombarded Isiaox and Calafat, on the banks of the Danube.

"In an aerial attack on Constantina (Kustendje) by three aeroplanes, bombs were dropped. Some civilians, including children, were wounded."

THIS SAYS Foe WINNING.

Berlin, Sept. 6.—Via London, Sept. 6.—Seven of the Tatra works, in Southern Rumania, including their armored batteries, have been stormed by troops of the Central Powers, according to today's German official statement.

STORMY SESSION OF HUNGARIAN HOUSE; PREMIER ATTACKED

Nation's Most Serious Hour
May Bring Change of
Leadership.

(Canadian Press.)

London, Sept. 6.—According to a Budapest telegram, says the Reuters correspondent at Amsterdam, yesterday's session of the Hungarian Diet was an extremely stormy one. When Premier Tisza entered the chamber, he was greeted with loud shouts of "resign!" from the party of Count Michael Karolyi.

"The three other opposition parties remained quiet. When order was restored Premier Tisza, who was repeatedly interrupted, said that the attitude of the Rumanians was without precedent in the history of the world and that he hoped measures which had been taken would shortly bear fruit.

"Rumania will not escape her fate," the premier is quoted as declaring. "I am confident that we will win this war."

Ex-Premier Count Julius Andrássy agreed that the entire energy of the nation should be exerted in the fight which was in self-defence, but he criticized the manner in which the Government carried on its business and its lack of foresight. The position of the country, the ex-premier said, was serious, but not critical, and while he had confidence in the outcome, there must be a new leadership.

CONFER ON EXTENSION OF DANUBE TRAFFIC

(Canadian Press.)

Berlin, Sept. 6.—By Wireless to Sayville.—Delegates representing Germany, Austria-Hungary, Bulgaria and Turkey have met at Budapest for a conference in regard to extension of traffic on the Danube.

The Danube has been used extensively for the forwarding of war materials from Germany to Bulgaria and Turkey, and the return of foodstuffs, but the entrance of Rumania into the war has crippled seriously this important means of communication.

MINERS WALK OUT.

(Canadian Press.)
Pittsburgh, Kansas, Sept. 6.—Eight thousand miners in the Southeastern Kansas coal fields walked out late yesterday as a result of dissatisfaction over the delay in closing a new agreement with the Southwestern Interstate Coal Operators' Association. The negotiations for the agreement are under way at Kansas City. Six mining companies were affected, it was said.

FRENCH HOLD THE BIG GAIN ALONG SOMME; BREAK ATTACK

Desperate Counter-Attacks
Unable to Retake Ground.

FRENCH FIRE TOO FIERCE

Machine Guns With Fresh
German Assault at Fleury.

(Canadian Press.)

Paris, Sept. 6.—Noon.—The positions newly won by the French south of the Somme were attacked several times by the Germans last night. Their assaults, the war office announced today, were broken by the French fire.

The German assaults were delivered in the region of Dinecourt. In the Verdun sector the Germans yesterday evening directed an intense bombardment against Fleury, but the French quick-firers prevented the German infantry from advancing.

THE OFFICIAL REPORT.

The announcement follows: "North of the Somme the enemy attempted no counter-attacks during the night. Artillery activity continued to a pronounced degree on different parts of the front.

"On the southern front the Germans made several attacks on our new positions south of Dinecourt, and in the neighborhood of Berny. All these attacks were broken by our curtain of fire, which inflicted losses on the enemy.

"Unable to Deboch. "On the right bank of the Meuse (Verdun front), at about 8 o'clock yesterday evening, the enemy attempted an attack against the village of Fleury after a heavy bombardment. Caught by the hot fire of our machine guns, the Germans were unable to debouch. The number of prisoners taken yesterday in the sector east of Fleury has been increased by about 40.

"In Lorraine a strong enemy detachment was surprised by our fire and dispersed at a moment when it was endeavoring to carry one of our advanced positions. Everywhere else the night was calm."

TRADE UNIONISTS WANT PROTECTION WHEN WAR IS OVER

Fear Unloading of Cheap
Goods in the British
Isles.

(Canadian Press.)

Birmingham, Eng., Sept. 6.—The Trades Union Congress, representing nearly 2,500,000 organized workers of Great Britain, took an important and unexpected step today by adopting a majority of more than 2,000,000 votes, a resolution virtually endorsing the principle of protection. The resolution asks for "the adoption of methods for restricting or preventing the importation of cheap manufactured goods produced at lower rates of wages and under worse labor conditions than prevail in this country."

One of the Labor members of the House of Commons said the meaning of the resolution was merely that measures should be taken to investigate the origin of goods and conditions under which they are produced, with a view to preventing the unloading of cheap goods in this country after the war, which is much feared.

MRS. BARNES CONFESSES TO KILLING HUSBAND

Shot Him While Walking Through a
Chicago Public Park.

(Canadian Press.)
Chicago, Sept. 6.—Mrs. Iva Barnes confessed today, the police said, that she shot and killed her husband, James R. Barnes, while they were strolling in Washington Park last night. Barnes was the Chicago representative of a New York soap firm.

The woman, who had been estranged from her husband, told the police she had attempted to strangle him and that she fired the shots to save her own life. Three bullets entered his head. Until making the alleged confession, Mrs. Barnes had stoutly maintained that her husband had ended his own life.

DRIVING AUSTRO-GERMANS FROM STRONG POSITIONS

Russians Score a Success in the Direction of Halicz, Galicia,
Teutons Being Compelled to Retire Toward the North-
west—Slavs Continue to Advance in Carpathians.

(Canadian Press.)

Petrograd, Sept. 6.—Russian troops today captured a Teutonic fortified position in the region of the Lower Gorodanka, in the direction of Halicz, Galicia, and drove the Austro-Germans toward the northwest, says the Russian official statement issued today.

The number of prisoners taken in the fighting on the Lower Gorodanka, the statement adds, so far amounts to 4,500 men, among whom were about 2,000 Germans.

The text of the Russian official statement follows: "In the direction of Halicz, in the region of the Lower Gorodanka, a left tributary of the Dniester, our troops captured a fortified position of the enemy and drove him to the northwest. The number of prisoners taken here so far amounts to 4,500 men, among whom were about 2,000 Germans.

In the Carpathians. "In the wooded Carpathians our advance continues. Our troops have captured a series of heights and have repelled all repeated enemy counter-attacks.

"Caucasian Front: In the region of Ognott our troops are advancing and inflicting great losses on the enemy. In the region to the west of Ognott we found corpses of our soldiers terribly mutilated by the Turks.

"To the west of Lake Van, British armored motor cars drove out the Turks from the villages situated in the region of Chukhurnorshen.

"Balkan Front: Germano-Bulgarian troops are attacking Rumanian forces in the region of Turtukal."

FOE ADMITS BIG SET-BACK

German Army Headquarters Report That Archduke Charles' Centre in Galicia Has Been Driven Back by the Russians.

(Canadian Press.)

Berlin, Sept. 6.—Via London, 5:52 p.m.—Russian forces, says the official statement issued today at the German army headquarters, have pressed back the centre of Archduke Charles' front between the Zlota Lipa and the Dniester River, in Galicia.

TWO MONSTER ZEPPELINS TO CARRY MAILS FROM GERMANY TO THE U. S.

Expected To Make the Aerial Voyage Between Berlin and
New York in Seventy-two Hours.

(Canadian Press.)

Chicago, Sept. 6.—Two "double" zeppelins, unarmed, and each with a carrying capacity of 60 tons, have been built in Germany, to carry mail between Berlin and the United States, according to statements here by Morris Epstein, agent of the German American Alliance, who returned from Europe yesterday.

Epstein said the zeppelins had been christened "America" and "Deutschland." He was permitted to view them, he declared. Their engines are powerful, fully equipped, and they can make the aerial voyage between Berlin and New York in 72 hours.

"They are so constructed," said Epstein, "that they can rise higher than any aeroplane, and thus escape hostile aviators. They also can descend to the water and travel there under their own power."

Epstein said the postage charges for this service had already been arranged, and would be the regular international postage, plus one mark, or 25 cents, for each letter.

"Baron Schenck has not been to the British legation to surrender himself, as has been reported. He stands to be treated by the Greek authorities, like other persons whose expulsion is demanded. The baron's right-hand man, Hoffman, one of the most redoubtable German agents and a major in the German army, was arrested yesterday evening.

Schenck Well Guarded. "After the seriousness of the political crisis had passed the great topic of interest in Athens was that of the doings of the baron. He had brought the German espionage system to a high degree of perfection. His house in a handsome, commodious residence off one of the main streets, and in the very centre of the city. Before his arrest a little reconnoitering showed how well the baron was guarded. At all street corners his sentinels were posted, and his scouts haunted every cafe in the neighborhood. He evidently had quite a formidable garrison inside the house."

Raised a Hornet's Nest. "While looking at the buildings two nights ago," says the correspondent, "the front door opened to admit one of his comelists who, like his comrades in arms, was a man of fierce demeanor. The open door gave me a view of the hall, across which a bodyguard was lined up to make sure of the visitor. At windows heads appeared, and soon after the door had closed, it opened again, and a man emerged to rush down the street.

A Repulsive Band. "This messenger raised a hornet's nest of slouching, gaitered braves. The signal evidently was passed around that I was watching them, and from cafes and narrow streets little groups of men appeared and executed flanking movements were pushed under the front door step. In the space of about five minutes I passed or was followed by nearly fifty of the baron's braves intent on seeing what I was up to.

"The house was a university of lies and pay headquarters for a formidable band of spies and desperadoes. The baron is said to have had a couple of scores of ferocious retainers, while the watchers outside must have numbered around a hundred. Some of them were carrying revolvers in their pockets."

GERMAN'S WAR LOAN. (Canadian Press.)
Berlin, Sept. 6.—By wireless.—Subscriptions to the fifth German war loan, for which the lists were opened officially on Monday, continue to be received in large amounts. Three corporations have subscribed 20,000,000 marks.

BRITISH STRIKE ANOTHER BLOW; GEN. HAIG PUSHES AHEAD AGAIN NOW GRIPPING ALL LEUZE WOOD

Officers' Toll
of Two Weeks
Numbers 2,506

Heavy Casualties for the
British Early in
August.

(Canadian Press.)

London, Aug. 25.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press).—Casualty lists for the first two weeks of August show that the British army lost 600 officers killed, 1,702 wounded and 204 missing, a total of 2,506. This brings up the losses, since the beginning of the war, to 35,322 officers, of whom 11,442 have been killed or died of wounds, 24,880 wounded and 2,800 are missing. In the fortnight six lieutenant-colonels were killed.

GREEK BULLIES BODY GUARD TO BARON SCHENCK

Dregs of Athens Supplied the
Chief Hun Spy With
Agents.

GARRISON AT HIS HOUSE

Place Called a University of
Lies by English Cor-
respondent.

(Canadian Press.)

London, Sept. 6.—A dispatch to the Daily Chronicle from its Athens correspondent says: "From now on no arrests will be effected here by the English or French secret police, but only by Greek authorities. Among those already arrested is Prince Ali Riza, cousin of the Khedive of Egypt.

Hoffman Arrested. "Baron Schenck has not been to the British legation to surrender himself, as has been reported. He stands to be treated by the Greek authorities, like other persons whose expulsion is demanded. The baron's right-hand man, Hoffman, one of the most redoubtable German agents and a major in the German army, was arrested yesterday evening.

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North of the Somme British Troops Make Further Advance Capturing a Large Part of Important Highway.

(Canadian Press.)

London, Sept. 6.—1:45 p.m.—The British again pushed forward on the Somme front last night. They gained possession of all of Leuze Wood, the war office announced today.

Fighting continues between Leuze Wood and Combles and in the vicinity of Ginchy. The text of the British official statement follows: "The artillery of both sides has been active north of Pozieres and in the neighborhood of Mouquet Farm. Last night we discharged gas successfully opposite Gommecourt.

"During the night our troops gained possession of the whole of Leuze Wood. Fighting continues between the wood and Combles Village and around Ginchy.

"Yesterday afternoon our heavy artillery effectively shelled the enemy's abutments in Polygon Wood east of Ypres."

THE GERMAN REPORT. (Canadian Press.)
Berlin, Sept. 6.—Via London, 4:48 p.m.—The text of the German official statement reporting the operations in France says: "The Western Theatre: The battle on both sides of the Somme continues with undiminished intensity. Twenty-eight French divisions are engaged in the attack. North of the Somme their attacks have been singularly repulsed. The enemy gained ground at small places in limited areas. Clerly is in his hands.

"South of the river, in a ding-dong infantry battle, our first position has been maintained against attack of the French on a front from Barleux to south of Chilly. Only there, where the most advanced trenches had been evacuated, later attacks all have been repulsed with the most severe losses. The Mecklenburg, Holstein and Saxon regiments especially distinguished themselves.

"Up to last night, as the result of the two days' battle south of the Somme, 31 officers and 1,427 men, from ten French divisions, and 23 machine guns were recorded in London during the night. In aerial fights and by anti-aircraft three enemy aeroplanes were shot down."

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IMMENSE CROWD AT
FUNERAL SERVICE
OF ZEPPELIN CREW

Sixteen Who Perished in Last
Raid Are Buried.

LITTLE DAMAGE BY RAID

British Press Bureau Again
Denies Exaggerated Report
of Germans.

(Canadian Press.)
London, Sept. 6.—A great crowd gathered today to witness the funeral of sixteen members of the crew of the zeppelin which was brought down during Saturday night's raid. In view of the strong protests which have been made against the burial of the German airmen with military honors, a strong force of police was on duty to maintain order. The whole route to the cemetery in the little village of Potter's Bar, where the bodies of the Germans were buried, was lined with police.

Spectators began to arrive by train, automobile and bicycle long before the time set. Others gathered in nearby fields, for entrance to which farmers made a small charge. During the night a common grave was prepared for the bodies of the men and smaller one for the body of the German officer.

DAMAGE WAS NIL. (Canadian Press.)
London, Sept. 6.—1:15 p.m.—Commenting on the German official report regarding the zeppelin raid on England, the British official press bureau gave out this statement: "It is only necessary to repeat that the damage done, viz., practically nil, was exactly what was reported in the British communiqués. There were no inflammations of any importance and no explosions."

THE GERMAN STORY. (Canadian Press.)
Berlin, Sept. 6.—Via London.—An additional official report on the zeppelin raid on England the night of September 4, issued here today, says: "The fortress of London city and the northern and northwestern portions of London were repeatedly bombed. Within four hours numerous inflammations proved the success of the attack.

"Other airships attacked the factories and fortifications of Norwich, where strong explosions and fires occurred. Searchlights, batteries and industrial works at Oxford, Harwich, Boston and the Humber were bombed and numerous fires caused.

"In Yarmouth the gas works and an aerodrome were attacked and a battery was silenced.

"At Nottingham military works and factories were attacked and a fire caused."

CORONA ASHORE. (Canadian Press.)
Toronto, Sept. 6.—The steamship Corona went ashore at 7 a.m., while crossing the Niagara River from Lewiston to Queenston. The heavy fog caused her captain to misjudge the distance from the dock. There were no passengers on board at the time.

THE WEATHER
LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 64; lowest, 62.
The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 70; lowest, 60.

TOMORROW—FAIR AND WARM.
Toronto, Sept. 6.
Forecasts.
Moderate east to south and south-west, fair.
Thursday—Moderate to fresh south to southwest winds, fair and warm; some scattered showers at night.
Temperatures.
The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:
Stations. High. Low. Weather.
Victoria 66 50 Clear
Calgary 64 40 Clear
Winnipeg 72 40 Cloudy
Port Arthur 54 52 Cloudy
Perry Sound 64 58 Fair
Port Stanley 80 60 Cloudy
Buffalo 76 60 Fair
Toronto 72 60 Cloudy
Kingston 62 58 Cloudy
Ottawa 62 56 Cloudy
Montreal 64 56 Cloudy
Quebec 60 52 Cloudy
Father Point 58 40 Clear

Pressure is now highest over the Maritime Provinces, while several depressions of minor importance exist on the coast. A few light scattered showers have occurred from Alberta to Lake Superior, but the weather in Canada has been fair generally.