

CUTTING OUT DRUGS IN THE HOSPITALS

Interesting Report Made to the American Association at Washington.

Washington, Sept. 27.—That the use of drugs in hospitals has been markedly decreased during recent years was the conclusion reached by Dr. R. R. Ross in a report on hospital efficiency, finance and economics of administration, which he read before the American Hospital Association at the New Willard Hotel this morning. Dr. Ross is chairman of a committee appointed by the association at its last annual conference to consider the questions. He is the superintendent of the Buffalo General Hospital of Buffalo, N. Y.

Hospital statistics, Dr. Ross said, show that fifty years ago the average cost of drugs per patient was \$2.50, while now it is but 10 cents. Hospitals, he declared, are adapting themselves to new conditions, and are recognizing the value of real air, mental and other drugless treatments. The ambulance nuisance was another matter touched upon by Dr. Ross. He said that in many cities the ringing of gongs had been prohibited, and the hospitals were coming to recognize the fact that the sensational runs of ambulances were not attractive, but were sometimes the cause of accidents that brought to the hospitals more than the ambulance was sent for.

Dr. Ross advocated full publicity of hospital work with proper regard for the protection of patients and the observance of medical ethics.

The discussion of questions sent to the question box occupied much of the time at this morning's session.

In conclusion, Dr. Ross made an earnest plea for better care of the incurable patient. Many times, he said, such patients were neglected in hospitals because their cases were hopeless. They were turned over to young physicians and inexperienced nurses.

"And yet," said Dr. Ross, "the incurables need sympathy and tender care for more than other patients. Particular attention should be paid to the many of them whose last days are spent in acute mental and physical pain."

The discussion of questions sent to the time of today's session. The majority of the delegates favored the attendance of hospital superintendents upon the meetings of the trustees or governors. The principal argument in support of this was that the superintendent should be on hand at all times to answer any questions the trustees might wish to ask, and to give them the benefit of his expert knowledge in the direction of the hospital's affairs.

The use of vacuum cleaners in hospitals was heartily endorsed by the superintendents present who had had experience with them.

At a night session the relative merits of the tub and the shower bath were discussed. Dr. R. W. Corwin, superintendent of the Minnesota Hospital at Pueblo, Col., in a paper on "Suggestions in Connection With Hospital Construction," declared in favor of the shower bath, while Dr. R. Ross spoke fervently in behalf of the tub as being best for children and favored by women, who avoided the shower because they did not like to get their hair wet.

In a paper on "The Relation Between the Architect and the Doctor in Planning a Hospital," Dr. Charles P. Emerson, superintendent of the Clinton Springs Hospital, at Clinton Springs, N. Y., declared that European hospitals were far ahead of those of this country from a structural standpoint, and urged the necessity of a more careful study of this question by American architects and doctors.

The session was concluded with a description by Rear Admiral Ross of the navy, of the new naval hospital at North Chicago, Ill. Admiral Ross's lecture was illustrated by stereopticon views.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.
Richmond, Va., Sept. 27.—Despondent because of financial reverses, over which he had brooded for many sleepless nights, W. B. Grover, a farmer of Chesterfield County, attempted yesterday to exterminate his family. He succeeded in killing his 20-year-old daughter, Louise, and then sent a bullet into his own head. Father and daughter died together, but the mother, through brooding over money losses is said to have unhinged Grover's reason.

BURNED TO DEATH.
Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 27.—Three children were burned to death and several persons had narrow escapes from a similar fate last night in a fire which destroyed three residences at Millville, a suburb of the city. The victims, whose ages range from four to ten years, were two sons and a daughter of John Lang, whose home was burned. The children were sleeping in the attic, where rescue was impossible. Mr. Lang and his wife escaped. The monetary loss is \$10,000.

KNOW NOW
And Will Never Forget the Experience.

The coffee drinker who has suffered and then been completely relieved by changing from coffee to Postum knows something valuable.

THREAT OF BOMBS STARTS FATAL PANIC

Stampede Amongst Thousands of School Children at Jersey City.

New York, Sept. 27.—Terrified by Black Hand stories, 1,000 Polish school children stampeded when fireworks were fired in the street below, and in the mad rush half a dozen were seriously crushed. Maria Zeleakshki, 7 years old, was fatally injured. The others comprise five little girls, all ranging from 7 to 10 years of age. All are in Jersey City Hospital, but it is believed that all will recover.

The schoolhouse is a four-story building, a stone's throw from an Italian section, which had obtained a permit to set off fireworks during the celebration today.

A rumor went out last week among the children in the lower Jersey City schools that threats had been made to blow up the schools with dynamite. The children of St. Anthony's school have been practically nervous about it, and when the bombs went off suddenly today they ran shrieking from their recitation rooms in the halls.

Cries of dynamite and the Black Hand ran through the building. The calls of the priest in charge had no effect. The terrified children poured into the halls and rushed wildly down the stairs. There are two street doors, but one of them was closed. A few passed safely out of the open door, but at the close of the race there occurred a disastrous jam. Here several of the smaller children were trampled into unconsciousness, while others ran back into the building and sprang through open windows 15 feet to an area way below.

Police men and passersby, attracted by the cries, rushed to the scene, but order was not restored until several had been seriously hurt. Police ambulances arrived from three city hospitals. The police climbed in windows, got the children away from the doors, and laid the injured on the floor.

Several were unconscious, and nearly all were bruised. The report spread quickly, and hundreds of mothers weeping and adding to the general confusion.

MRS. TURNER REMANDED

Her Counsel Accuses Detective Department of Rough Methods.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 27.—Mrs. Turner, charged with child murder, appeared in court this morning and was remanded for a week. No evidence was taken. Her lawyer, Mr. Robinson, K. C., insinuated that the detective department had introduced the third degree, had dragged evidence out of his client. The magistrate said all such complaints must come before the police commission.

Samuel Deane was arraigned on charges of stealing money from his employer, Hilton Coxwell, grocer, of Howard street, and pleaded not guilty. He was committed for trial. In his evidence Mr. Coxwell claimed that Deane had confessed that he had played the Woodbine races with his employer's money, but in cross examination Coxwell admitted that he himself did a little betting, and so did his wife and son.

OFFICIAL REPLIES TO DR. ROCHE

Dr. Somerville Says Charges Against the Presbyterians Unjustified.

Toronto, Sept. 27.—"Absolutely unjustified," was the term used by Rev. Dr. John Somerville, treasurer of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, after reading of the attack made upon the Presbyterian mission people among the Ruthenians of the Canadian West by Rev. Dr. Roche, of Chicago, in St. Anne's Church yesterday.

"It is trickery or fraud to assist a helpless people in eating their way out of their own land," he said. "We have not stepped into Roman Catholic territory with any of our missionaries nor tried in any way to proselytize a single member of the Ruthenian colony."

"We desired to help this people to good citizenship in their new country, and our aim was not to attach them to their church, but to the Presbyterian body. As for the charges that improper articles are appearing in The Ranok, the official Ruthenian paper, I can only say that we know nothing whatever about it, and I should like to investigate, and, if it is true, take action to have such conduct ended. The Ranok is, of course, printed in Ruthenian, which none of us can read. We give it a wide berth, for the people are very poor, but we never authorized the publication of any article reflecting on the Roman Catholic church, or dealing with undesirable subjects."

"The Ranok was first started to give the Ruthenian people the story of Pilgrim's Progress in their own tongue and for nothing else."

MRS. ROCKEFELLER ILL.
Cleveland, Sept. 27.—Mrs. John D. Rockefeller is suffering from a cold which has kept her in the Rockefeller home on Forest Hill, for the last two days. Relatives and friends of the family said that her illness was slight and free from danger of complications. Dr. H. F. Bigger, the Rockefeller physician, declared that while Mrs. Rockefeller had caught a slight cold, which kept her in the house, it could not be called a serious illness. It is believed she contracted the cold while automobile riding. Dr. Bigger says he does not know when the Rockefellers will leave Forest Hill for their New York home.

MISSION CONFERENCE.
Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 27.—The Methodist churches of this city are preparing a big welcome for the 60 delegates to the Methodist missions board of Canada, which meets here on Oct. 7, and will be in session for ten days. The board represents all the conferences of Canada and will deal with home and foreign mission matters.

DARKEST MONTREAL.
Montreal, Que., Sept. 27.—The Montreal Light, Heat and Power Company announces Oct. 1 as the date on which the city will be plunged into darkness, unless further provision is made for lighting the streets. Litigation is in progress between the city and company over the price to be paid.

NOW, ONLY THE BEST COMING TO CANADA

Quality Rather Than Quantity as Regard the Immigrants—Last Year's Figures.

Ottawa, Sept. 27.—The annual report of the immigration branch of the interior department states that during the last fiscal year the number of arrivals was 146,908, of whom 52,901 came from Great Britain and Ireland, 34,175 from other countries, and 59,832 from the United States. While this total showed a big falling off from the previous year it was exceeded only once before in the dozen years. The total immigration since 1898-7 has been 1,366,650. Stress is laid upon the fact that nearly half of the male population which arrived last year was composed of farmers and farm laborers.

Eliminates Undesirables.
The amended regulations governing emigration from Great Britain have resulted in almost the complete elimination of the undesirable elements, so that Canada has been getting quality rather than quantity.

The immigration from the United States was the largest on record, and even exceeded the number of arrivals from Great Britain.

They are chiefly experienced agriculturists with capital. Practically every man, woman and child was possessed on an average of \$1,000 in stock, cash and effects, meaning that they brought into Canada very nearly \$60,000,000. The immigration from France and Belgium shows a decrease, but those who did come are said to be of good quality. It is interesting to note that while the immigration from France and Belgium in the seven years ended 1903 only totalled 4,558, in the last six years it reached a total of 16,192.

Japanese immigration fell off by 7,109 during the year, and only six Hindus entered Canada, as compared with 2,623 in the previous year.

During the year 3,803 immigrants were rejected at ocean ports and 1,748 were deported. The total number of deportations since 1902, when the system went into operation, having been 5,149. Of the deportations 2,215 have been from the old country and 149 Americans.

BUFFALO IN PERIL

Fire Sweeping the Bisons' Sanctuary Saskatchewan.

Fort Saskatchewan, Sept. 27.—Fires are raging close to Elk Park, in which are some of the buffalo brought by the Dominion Government from Pablo. A large number of teams are at work plowing fire breaks.

A strip of country twenty miles long by eight miles wide has been burned over, and considerable amount of damage done in the timber reserves. Other heavy fires in the Westok and Andrew districts are menacing the property of the settlers here.

There has not been any rain for two months, and everything is highly inflammable.

WANT LARGER COINS.

Toronto, Sept. 27.—On motion of Controller Harrison, seconded by Controller Hocken, the city council this afternoon passed a resolution:

"That this council present a respectful memorial to the Dominion Government praying for the issue of an addition to the present Canadian coinage to consist of gold pieces of \$20, \$10 and \$5, and further that for the general convenience of the public, the Government be asked to consider the advisability of issuing a larger 5-cent piece, and a smaller one-cent piece than those at present in circulation."

MISER STARVED.

Cincinnati, Sept. 27.—The body of Christopher Kuhn, an aged cabinet-maker, was discovered in his squalid room at 1822 Central avenue. He had been dead since Sept. 6, when, according to neighbors, he apparently died of starvation. Secreted in the room were many thousands of dollars worth of securities. The body was found in a safety deposit box in the City Hall Bank and a bank book showing he had on deposit \$1,100. Kuhn was a hermit and seldom ate anything, remaining in his room working on his clock.

ACID FOR MEDICINE.

Bellevue, Ont., Sept. 27.—Through taking carbolic acid in mistake for medicine last night, Mrs. Kiser Hetcken, 30, of the Brock street, had a narrow escape from death. She will recover.

FALL SKIN DISEASES

An Article for Mothers.

When the children "break out" with eruptions and skin diseases, so common in the fall, don't run to useless and nauseating medicines. Zam-Buk is what is needed. It is a skin food as well as a healing balm.

Mrs. Chas. Levere, of Prescott, North Channel, Ont., tells how Zam-Buk cured her baby. She says: "My baby's head and face was one complete mass of sores. The itching and irritation were fearful, and the little one's sleep was so fearful that one time we feared her ears would be eaten off."

"We had to keep her hands tied for days to prevent her rubbing and scratching the sores. Day after day doctor treated her in vain, until we had had five doctors. They all agreed it was a frightful case of eczema, but none of them did any permanent good."

"As a last resource we were advised to try Zam-Buk. The first box did so much good that we felt sure we were at last working in the right direction. We persevered with the treatment until we had used thirteen boxes, and at the end of that time I am glad to say Zam-Buk effected a cure."

Mrs. Holmes, of 39 Glosque street, Hamilton, is quite as eloquent in her praises. She says: "Zam-Buk cured my boy of boils and eruptions when he was so bad that he had been unable to mix with other children. Prior to the boils breaking out he had had a bad eruption, but Zam-Buk cleared this away too, and made his skin clear and smooth. It is a wonderful preparation, and mothers should know the land should always keep it handy."

For eczema, eruptions, rashes, tetters, itch, ringworm, and similar skin diseases, Zam-Buk is without equal. It also cures cuts, burns, scalds, piles, abscesses, chronic sores, blood poisoning, etc. All druggists and stores at 50 cents a box, or post free for price from Zam-Buk Company, Toronto.

HIGHLY HONORED

Good Words for Canadian Delegates Sent to Australia.

London, Sept. 28.—The Times' Melbourne correspondent, reviewing the results of the Congress of the Chambers of Commerce, says:

"As a body, the Canadian delegates have undoubtedly won the chief honors and greatly attracted the Australian public. One of their number, Mr. Cockshutt, greatly distinguished himself by his speech even in this land of oratory. The correspondent adds that the Canadian and South African delegates are solid for preference, and that the remarkable vote of the congress made a deep impression on Australian opinion. It is admitted even by the devoted adherents of free trade that 'Australia is rapidly becoming increasingly devoted to a policy of preferential trade, and will probably be willing in due season to accord better terms.'"

UNCLAIMED MILLIONS

Great Treasure Taken From Ruins of Messina.

New York, Sept. 27.—A cable dispatch to the Sun from Rome says: It is estimated that \$2,000,000 in coin, \$6,000,000 in bonds and other securities, and \$1,000,000 worth of jewels recovered from the ruins of Messina are all unclaimed.

In addition to the foregoing there is a further deposit of 100 strong boxes and 4,000 sealed packages, known to contain valuables, which have not been opened, representing at least \$4,000,000. This total of \$13,000,000 does not include the treasures found in the cathedral, churches, and vaults of banks.

The valuables were simply excavated, and were not carefully found, clutched in the dead hands of unidentified men and women. The excavations will be commenced again on October 1, when the unclaimed deposits will naturally increase.

THE FALL OF NADOR

Spanish Strategy Won an Easy Victory Over Moors.

Melilla, Morocco, Sept. 27.—The capture of Nador by the Spanish forces yesterday was considered easy, owing to the strategy employed by General Orozco, who feinted in the direction of Zuelian, to which point the Moors retreated, and then turned his men and marched into Nador.

The defenses of Nador were raised and the town burned by the Spaniards. The Moors had constructed deep trenches around Nador, evidently with the intention of putting up a stubborn defense. From Nador the Spanish artillery shelled Zuelian. The positions surrounding Nador are now occupied by 20,000 Spanish soldiers.

CORRESPONDENCE

Metering Water.

To the Editor of The Advertiser: I was glad to note in your columns that the number of water meters in London is about 500,000, and that it is the intention of the city commissioners to immediately place some more.

I desire to offer a few suggestions in regard to this subject. As we would about to approach the meter era, we should aim at getting established properly. In the first place, there should be a meter shop, and a competent man in charge, who could, after the setting, and do all the repairs. This man should be a first-class machinist, and he should be supplied with the essential tools required in this special line, and that is not a large outfit. Make him responsible for this department.

To meter the whole of the city would mean a larger staff, but by a gradual plan, I think it can be done better and with less loss and less friction. As now the ordinary house meter costs the consumer four shillings—\$4 per annum rental on an instrument which can be set in the majority of houses at less than \$2. It looks too much like robbery. The present plan means double the cost of the equivalent, and suggests that the commissioners buy the meters in quantities of 100 to 500, and sell them at actual cost to owners, and stipulate that they should be no more, no less, and all consumers charged the same.

To the tenant or those who would not wish to buy, the meter should be charged \$1.25 per annum. This would be a fair interest on the amount invested.

A plan like the above would save the city a large sum, and the surplus would take care of those under a rental basis.


Mr. Beck has contracted to deliver water into the mains at something like 3 cents per 100 gallons. Spring-bank should do it for less than his system, as nearly two-thirds of the pumping at Springbank is done by water.

Cleveland claims to have the cheapest water in America. Doubtless many Londoners would not care to drink it at any price. Now let us aim to show the world that London has not only the best, but the cheapest, on the continent.

We are on the eve of a new water era—new system, new commission—let us get a new and better method. I predict that in five years 50 per cent of our system will be under meter, and in ten years the whole system; and that once properly established, water will be cheaper, and much cheaper. The consumer will have more than he requires—and the pump will be reduced fully one-half, and the water will be better than that long-looked-for smile of contentment. Faithfully yours,

JOHN M. PARSONS.
London, Sept. 27.

Waterworks Equipment.
To the Editor of The Advertiser: A bylaw has recently been passed, authorizing the purchase of waterworks equipment for the city of London. This equipment is intended to utilize the hydro-electric power, and will be paid for by the citizens of the city, a large percentage of the taxes being collected from workmen and manufacturers, will be working in connection with the Government's power project, was intended to con-



A Pointer for Ambitious Cooks:

To beat all Bread and Pastry records, use

PURITY FLOUR

The trade mark guarantees satisfaction of your money back.

"More Bread and Better Bread."

IF YOUR DEALER DOES NOT HANDLE PURITY FLOUR SEE

H. RECHNITZER & CO., 422 Park Avenue.

THE VALUE OF MONEY

If you would know the value of a dollar, try to borrow one. Recollections? Then you should by all means build a barrier against the necessity of borrowing by opening an account here—if only with a dollar as a start. 3½ per cent interest paid.

THE ONTARIO LOAN AND DEBENTURE CO.

A Smart Manager
Dundas St. - Market Lane



Napho is an All-around Soap

Napho does work of all those "special" Soaps. It's a three-water Soap: lukewarm, hot, or cold. Does same good work with cold or lukewarm as with hot, besides cutting out old-time clothes-boiling, hot suds, dirty messes, disagreeable odors, steam and chills.

Napho eliminates back-breaking, health-wrecking, knuckle-skipping rubbing—soaking clothes over night and starting wash at dawn. No overtime with Napho—it does work in half time.

Valuable Premiums for Napho Wrappers.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
RECORD PASSAGE—The Turbine T. S. S. Victoria has made the fastest passage on record between Liverpool and Montreal, 6 days, 15 hours, 3 minutes.

STEAMER	DATE	TIME
Montreal to Liverpool	Oct. 1	10:30
Liverpool to Montreal	Oct. 15	10:30
Montreal to Glasgow	Oct. 2	10:30
Glasgow to Montreal	Oct. 16	10:30
Montreal to London	Oct. 9	10:30
London to Montreal	Oct. 23	10:30

RATES OF PASSAGE (according to steamer):
First Class—\$42.50, \$45, \$47.50, \$50.
Second Class—\$25.00, \$27.50, \$30.
Third Class—\$15.00, \$17.50, \$20.
Full particulars on application to F. R. Clarke, E. De La Hogue, W. Fulton, R. E. Ruess, Allan Line local agents.

ARTILLERY VISIT.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 27.—A Canadian artillery team likely will make a return visit to England next summer, English gunners having visited here last year. Negotiations are now in progress.

A REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION

Of the many magnificent features at the London Exhibition this year none was more remarkable nor created more genuine interest than the demonstration of the "Nugget" Shoe Polishes in the Main Building.

The demonstrator polished a shoe with the "Nugget" Polish and immediately afterwards washed it. The water ran off the shoe "like water off a duck's back," and the shine was not destroyed, which proves that "Nugget" is a waterproof polish. The shoe was then wiped on a clean towel, but the polish did not rub off and so the shoe, which is conclusive evidence that it will not come off on the clothes in wet weather.

It is generally supposed that the policy of the Whitney Government, in connection with the Government's power project, was intended to con-

Traction Company

Every Hour Between London, St. Thomas and Port Stanley

Winter Schedule and Rates Will Take Effect, October 1st.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
Corrected to Sept. 28, 1909.
SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.
Arrive from the east—9:45 a.m., 10:50 a.m., 11:12 a.m., 11:28 a.m., 6:30 p.m., 7:30 p.m., 10:10 p.m.
Arrive from the west—12:00 a.m., 12:30 a.m., 1:10 a.m., 1:30 a.m., 6:10 p.m., 7:10 p.m., 11:30 p.m.
Depart for the east—12:14 a.m., 1:04 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:40 a.m., 11:40 a.m., 2:06 p.m., 4:25 p.m., 4:53 p.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:45 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 7:15 p.m., 11:35 a.m., 1:10 p.m., 4:30 p.m., 11:05 p.m.
Depart for the west—12:14 a.m., 1:04 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:40 a.m., 11:40 a.m., 2:06 p.m., 4:25 p.m., 4:53 p.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 11:45 a.m., 1:40 p.m., 7:15 p.m., 11:35 a.m., 1:10 p.m., 4:30 p.m., 11:05 p.m.
STRATFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—9:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:35 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.
Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:25 a.m., 2:45 p.m., 4:55 p.m.
LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.
Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.
Depart—8:20 a.m., 4:30 p.m.
Trains marked run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Arrive from the east—11:25 a.m., 10:30 p.m., 10:52 p.m. Arrive from the west—9:45 a.m., 12:36 p.m., 5:35 p.m. Depart for the east—9:45 a.m., 7:44 a.m., 12:45 a.m., 5:42 p.m. Depart for the west—11:33 a.m., 11:10 p.m., 11:00 p.m.
MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:25 p.m.
Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:30 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 10:25 p.m.
PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.
Arrive—6:10 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 9:40 a.m., 2:30 p.m., 4:40 p.m., 11:20 p.m.
Depart—6:40 a.m., 11:20 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., 11:20 p.m.
*To Walkerville. Trains not started to Port Stanley. From Walkerville.

R & O Fall Excursions

Via steamers "Toronto" and "Kingston," leaving Toronto 3 p.m. daily, except Sunday, until Sept. 18, thereafter, Mondays, Wednesdays, Saturdays. Low rates, in dining meals and berth. Steamer "Bellville" leaves Hamilton 12 noon, Toronto 7:30 p.m., every Tuesday. Very low rate on this line to Montreal.

WABASH

LOW ONE-WAY RATES TO THE WEST AND NORTHWEST

Daily, until Oct. 15, the Wabash will sell one-way colonist tickets at greatly reduced rates, to:

CALIFORNIA, MONTANA, ARIZONA, IDAHO, WASHINGTON, NEVADA, AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The Wabash is the short and true route to the above points. Full particulars from your nearest agent, or address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, 63 Yonge street, Toronto, and S. Thomas, Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

New York and Return \$17.55

From London, via Niagara Falls, Sept. 23 to 30, inclusive, return limit, Oct. 1, 1909, account

Hudson-Fulton Celebration, Through Car Service.

Low Colonist Rates

VANCOUVER, SEATTLE, PORTLAND, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, SAN DIEGO, \$41.05

Via Chicago, from London, daily until Oct. 15, 1909, one way, second class.

Secure tickets and further information from any Grand Trunk agent, or write J. D. McDONALD, D.P.A., Toronto, Ont.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Low Colonist Rates

LONDON TO

NELSON, B. C., \$41.05
SPOKANE, WASH., \$41.05
VANCOUVER, B. C., \$41.05
SEATTLE, WASH., \$41.05
PORTLAND, ORE., \$41.05
SAN FRANCISCO, \$41.05

One-way second-class tickets on sale daily until Oct. 15, 1909. Through tourist cars leave Toronto daily for Vancouver. Berths secured early. Call for tickets and full information at C. P. R. City Ticket Office, 161 Dundas, corner Richmond, London. R. L. Thompson, D. P. A., Toronto.

Michigan Central

"The Niagara Falls Route"

Hudson-Fulton Celebration!

New York City

Reduced rate tickets on sale, Sept. 2 to 30; limit to return, Oct. 10.

For full information call on Michigan Central agents or address THOMAS EVANS, ticket agent, 406 Richmond St. W. J. Lynch, O. W. Ruggles, W. J. M. Chicago, G. F. A. Chicago, B. H. Palmer, D.P.A., St. Thomas.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS

AMERICAN LINE.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—St. Hampton. Philadelphia—Quebec—Liverpool. ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE. New York—London Direct. LEYLAND LINE. Boston—Liverpool Direct, sailing Wednesdays. New York—Dover—Antwerp. WHITE STAR LINE. N. Y.—Queenstown—Holyhead—Liverpool. M. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—St. Hampton. Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool. New York and Boston—Mediteranean. WHITE STAR DOMINION LINE. Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool. E. DE LA HOGUE, W. FULTON, F. R. CLARKE OR R. RUSS, AGENTS.

Empresses

From Montreal to Liverpool.
Oct. 2, Lake Champlain, Sept. 15
Oct. 8, Empress of Britain, Sept. 24
Oct. 16, Lake Erie, Sept. 29
Oct. 22, Empress of Ireland, Oct. 6
Oct. 30, Lake Manitoba, Oct. 13
Nov. 5, Empress of Britain, Oct. 22
Nov. 12, Lake Champlain, Oct. 27
Nov. 19, Empress of Ireland, Nov. 5
All steamers are equipped with wireless, and all conveniences for the safety and comfort of passengers.

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