

Dicker Discussed

Minister Foster's Latest Blunder
Criticised in England.

True Story of the Duke of Cambridge's Resignation.

The Duke of Connaught May Be the
New Commander-in-Chief.

The Astors Said To Be the Proud
Possessors of \$3,000,000 Worth
of Lace.

THE IDLER CHANGES HANDS.

London, June 23.—The principal subject of comment in the London literary world during the past week has been the sale of the Idler, which was first under the joint editorship of Jerome K. Jerome and Robert Barr, and then under the sole editorship of Robert Barr. It is now under the sole control of Mr. Jerome. The shape and general character of the paper are to be somewhat changed.

W. C. T. U. FAREWELL MEETING.

London, June 23.—Miss Frances Willard presided this evening at a farewell meeting in Exeter Hall of the delegates to the World's Women's Christian Temperance convention. The hall was crowded. The platform was decked with palms. Lady Henry Somerset spoke, and she was followed by many others, who made brief remarks. The speakers being limited to a minute each.

LOTS OF LACE.

London, June 23.—According to the English society papers the Astors own \$3,000,000 worth of lace; the Vanderbilts own \$400,000 worth, while the Princess of Wales only possesses, according to the estimate of the papers, \$250,000 worth. But the Pope seems to be even worse off than the Princess of Wales, for the society papers claim he only has \$75,000 worth of lace.

TIRED OF HIM.

London, June 23.—The Afghan prince, who is visiting England, Nasrullah Khan, was present at Ascot on Sunday, and he was sulky as usual. He wore a heavy fur coat, in spite of the fact that the mercury was at 80 degrees. The Amer of Afghanistan has resolved to allow his hopeful son to stay in England until the end of August, and it is an open secret that this sudden resolution of the Amer greatly perturbs the royal family. But he will probably be shunted off to the continent.

CARDINAL GIBBONS' POWER.

London, June 23.—The Standard's Rome correspondent, discussing the attentions which the Vatican has paid to Cardinal Gibbons, says: "The secret history of all this is rather curious. Cardinal Gibbons is a power in America, and, with a few exceptions, holds all the Catholic forces there in his hand. The pope instituted the apostolic delegation at Washington, and the review of checking this independence. Cardinal Gibbons came to voice the American bishops' disapproval of this step. Meantime the matter has been carefully studied here. The result is that Archbishop Satolli will be made a cardinal. This, together with the special attention shown to Cardinal Gibbons, must needs lead to convince him that the presentation of the bishops' memorial would be useless. These incidents have caused many people to think that the election of a foreign Pope is not impossible, and that the Pope himself favors the idea."

THE DUKE'S SUCCESSOR.

London, June 23.—Despite the profound secrecy attaching to the plans of the Government as to the details of the formation of a new supreme military council it has transpired that the intention is to propose the Duke of Connaught as Commander-in-Chief, holding the position of chief of the Imperial Secretariat of State for War and the proposed council of officers. In this matter the Queen has carried her point in insisting upon the observance of the precedent that a prince of royal blood shall be in chief command of the British army.

Another royal appointment is projected which is certain to be received with vehement protests from not only the Radicals, but by a good many Liberals, and possibly some Conservatives. This proposal contemplates the nomination of Prince Henry of Battenberg, the ornamental husband of the Queen's favorite daughter, Beatrice, as viceroy of India.

THE KAISER FOR PEACE.

Berlin, June 23.—Emperor William's speech at the Hamburg banquet was enthusiastically received here, and the stress laid by him on the peaceful significance of the canal fete caused general pleasure. So has the fact that a most amicable entente seemed to exist between the Emperor and all the German sovereigns. His Majesty's pacific utterances have also been very well received in Austria. A dispatch from Vienna states that Herr Dumba, reporter of the budget committee, speaking to the Austrian delegation today referred to the speeches of the Emperor, saying:

"The assurances of peace by our august ally find a mighty echo in Austria, which is in perfect harmony with these words of peace. The creation of such a work of peace as the Baltic canal is a proof that both states and peoples nowadays are engaged in a widely different struggle, and that the competition in the world's trade is purely confined to the domain of economy."

A "TRUE STORY."

London, June 23.—The true story of the "determination" of the Duke of Cambridge to resign his post of commander-in-chief of the British army announced in the House of Commons by the Secretary of War, Mr. Campbell-Bannerman, throws new light on the same subject. There has long been a strong agitation against the Duke, and the Government, it appears, acting on the principle of expediency, caused it to be known that it would materially assist the Government if the Duke of Cambridge would offer his resignation. Consequently the duke, not suspecting that his offer would be accepted, sent in his papers to the Queen, and the latter handed them to the Government under the impression that they would be returned. The Government, however

accepted the papers as a definite resignation, and Mr. Campbell-Bannerman made the announcement to the House, which was the last thing expected or desired either by the Queen or the Duke of Cambridge.

MINISTER FOSTER AND THE

A. AND L. S. R.
London, June 23.—The Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway Company has, it is announced, instructed its issue house to return to those persons who have subscribed for the bonds of the company the amounts they have paid on account of their subscriptions, the company declining to accept money subscribed under a misapprehension respecting the guarantee in regard to which doubt has arisen through the publication of the alleged statements by Canadian Finance Minister Foster. The Times says the attacks made upon the company are not deserved, while the Standard declares that the Dominion Government, not the company, is blameable for the existing condition of affairs.

Mr. Foster's explanation is a play upon words, and an attempt to show the difference between a "twelve-month" and a "twelve-dec" and asks whether the Canadian Government suddenly realized the misleading effect of the commutation of its subsidies into a guarantee. The Financial News and the Standard continue their attack upon the company. The company's representatives here express absolute confidence that the Dominion Government will fulfill its obligations. They allege that Finance Minister Foster's statements were incorrectly quoted, and that when they are received in full they will justify the company's positions and the statements made in its prospectus.

CANDIDATE FOR CORK.

London, June 24.—Mr. Roche, mayor of Cork, has been adopted as the Parnellite candidate in Cork City to fill the vacancy in the House of Commons caused by the bankruptcy of Mr. Wm. O'Brien.

MR. JAMES E. X. O'BRIEN, M. P. FOR

South Mayo, is the anti-Parnellite candidate.

THE IRISH AND THE G. O. M.

London, June 24.—The Irish leaders are bringing strong influence to bear on Mr. Gladstone to make one pronouncement on the Irish question, either by a speech or a manifesto, which in their opinion would again restore to the rule the predominant question at the general election. Mr. Gladstone's assent has not so far been obtained, but the McCarthyites are hopeful that his unabated interest in the success of home rule may induce him to depart from his oft-repeated resolution never to interfere again in current politics.

DISASTER ON LAKE MICHIGAN.

The Whaleback Christopher Columbus Disabled by an Explosion—Many Passengers Injured.

Chicago, June 24.—The whaleback steamer Christopher Columbus met with a serious accident to her machinery on her return trip from Milwaukee last night. She was making fast time until about 7 o'clock, when directly off Waukegan there was a terrible explosion, followed immediately by a flash of fire, and the boat was immediately enveloped in a cloud of steam. Many persons were injured.

Robert McConkey, a coal passer, of South Chicago, was badly scalded about the face and body, and will die. Following is a list of the others injured: James Lorimer, fireman, may die; John Hopp, fireman, may die; —Steit, coal passer, may die.

Miss Boxheimer, pianist of the Bowman orchestra, severely burned on face and hands.

H. H. Darow, musician, face badly scalded.

Geo. W. Kell, Buffalo, waterman, badly burned about the face and arms.

Geo. W. Keough, meat server, terribly scalded about face and arms.

Arnold Keine, Dubuque, Ia., scalded about face and arms.

Frank Rosner, Pullman, face, breast and arms badly burned.

J. E. Ryan, fireman, terribly burned about face, arms and body.

N. Seter, waterman, terribly burned about head and face.

Miss Jessie L. Stone, scalded on face, not serious.

The Christopher Columbus went into commission for the season yesterday morning. She left on a trip to Milwaukee with 500 passengers on board, and left there on time for the return trip to this city. Everything went all right until off Waukegan, when the accident took place. It is asserted by passengers that the Columbus was racing with the Virginia of the Goodrich Line.

The pipe that burst was disconnected at once from the boiler, and the boat came on slowly under reduced steam, with three boilers in operation, until off Gross Pointe, where she was met by a tug and brought into the river.

EPWORTH LEAGUE RALLY.

Sunrise Prayer Meetings to Be Held Above the Clouds.

Chattanooga Tenn., June 24.—Preparations for the second annual conference of the Epworth League to be held here this week are complete. The immense assembly tent has a seating capacity of 10,000 people in the auditorium, while 1,000 singers will occupy gallery seats. Distinguished Methodists from all over the United States and Canada are to be present.

The feature of the four days' meeting will be the sunrise prayer meeting to be held every morning on Lookout Mountain above the clouds. Accommodations have been secured for 15,000 visitors.

NO REMEDIAL LEGISLATION

By the Government—What Will Outimet Do?

(Special to the "Advertiser.")
Ottawa, Ont., June 24.—An English-speaking Catholic member of the Cabinet states that a decision has been reached not to introduce any remedial legislation. This tallies with Mr. Foster's private assurance to the Opposition ten days ago. A member of Parliament told your correspondent today that if Mr. Outimet insists on remedial legislation his resignation should be accepted and the Government dissolve and make it the issue at the polls.

COULDN'T KILL HIM.

Rochester, N. Y., June 23.—Foreman Frank A. Grover, of the Rochester Gas and Electric Light Company, while at work on Thursday evening received a shock of 3,000 volts of electricity, or about twice as much as is used in electrocuting prisoners, and was resuscitated after 75 minutes' hard work.

Exit Rosebery!

The British Liberal Ministry
Decide to Resign.

Friday Night's Defeat Attributed
to Want of Watchfulness.

Chamberlain Forced the Crisis Against
Mr. Balfour's Wishes.

Salisbury Summoned by the
Queen to Take the Reins.

Elections Expected to Take Place
About the 10th of July.

The Unionists Profess To Be Sanguine of
80 Majority in the Next Parliament.

CAUGHT NAPPING.

London, June 23.—It has transpired that at the moment of last night's division there was, according to the Liberal whips, a majority of 18 for the Government. Subsequently the question was asked as to where the missing members were. Some of them had slipped out of the House unseen. The whips were jumping and smoking on the terrace overlooking the Thames. Others had gone away, thinking everything was all right. As a matter of fact, the party was caught napping. The Liberals who are in favor of dissolution say the same thing will occur again. The party, they add, cannot be kept eternally on the strain. On the other hand there is no known instance of a Government resigning on the day of a supply vote, and the patry character of the snatch division, whether it was a trick or an accident, justifies the Ministers in holding out.

ATTRIBUTED TO CHAMBERLAIN.

Ballard Smith cables from London to the World: Mr. Chamberlain has forced the present crisis against the judgment and wishes of Mr. Balfour. The Tory leaders desired that the Government should continue in the expectation that the Tory chance that the Tories might get the majority of the Independent Liberal-Unionist vote, which would have enabled them to adopt a firm attitude in the appointment of places among the Liberal Unionists. Mr. Chamberlain has defeated this policy by precipitating the present crisis. It is now known that the defeat of the Government was secured by an unexpected and abnormal rally of Mr. Chamberlain's followers. It is even said they entered the building through private doors from the Speaker's residence, so as to make a supply vote, and the patry character of the snatch division, whether it was a trick or an accident, justifies the Ministers in holding out.

ROSEBERY WILL RESIGN.

London, June 23.—It is officially announced that the Rosebery Government will resign. Lord Salisbury will be summoned by the Queen to form a Ministry, and his Cabinet will proceed with the routine business of the House, obtain parliamentary supplies, and then dissolve Parliament. It is expected that the elections will take place about the 10th of July.

The second meeting of the Cabinet yesterday afternoon began at 4 o'clock, and lasted until 5:45. The meeting was held to decide whether the Government should resign or dissolve Parliament. It was decided to resign.

AFTER DINNER AT WINDSOR CASTLE LAST

night Lord Rosebery had a long private audience of the Queen and communicated to her the decision arrived at by the Government.

CAUSE OF THE DELAY.

The length of the Cabinet deliberations was due to Herbert Asquith, the Home Secretary, and John Morley, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, who strongly opposed any step involving either resignation or dissolution. They argued that in view of the state of the debate on the Welsh Disestablishment and Irish Land Bills the Government ought to pass both bills.

Wm. O'Brien, who until a few days ago, represented Cork city in the anti-Parnellite interest, was compelled to retire from the House owing to his having been declared a bankrupt, visited Downing street, and urged that it was the imperative duty of the Government to pass the Irish Land Bill.

All the Ministers, with the exception of Premier Rosebery, remained in town over Sunday.

T. P. O'CONNOR PLEASED.

London, June 23.—T. P. O'Connor, M.P., evidently receives the resignation with pleasure. He will say in his paper "The Sun" tomorrow: "I am bound to say I do not think the Government could have adopted any other course and defeat might have come in a much worse form. It might have come from Mr. Lloyd George, and then we should have had the English Liberals lukewarm because of the folly. Or it might have come through the Parnellites, and then we should have had other Liberals protesting against Irish intransigence. On the other hand, the defeat has come on no question of Ministerial policy, and has been brought about by a very shabby trick and a most unusual and, indeed, unpatriotic departure from official Parliamentary tradition."

GETTING OUT THE LISTS.

Thomas E. Ellis, first Liberal whip; George G. Levenson-Gower and Ronald C. Munro-Ferguson directed business at the Liberal whips' office during the afternoon. They were engaged on the electoral lists. The Liberal central offices were also open.

THE PREMIER AT WINDSOR.

Prime Minister Rosebery this morning walked unattended to the 8 o'clock service at St. George's Chapel, Windsor Castle. After breakfast he strolled through the castle grounds. At 11 o'clock he went to Frogmore, where the Queen, Princess Beatrice and Princess Christian had breakfasted. He attended a private service in the Frogmore royal mausoleum with the royal family, and afterwards had an audience with the Queen. He then had luncheon, after which he was driven to the station, where he took a train for London. Arrived at the Paddington station, he took a carriage and drove to

his official residence in Downing street. Here he found waiting for him Lord Tweedmouth, Lord of the Privy Seal and Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and Arthur Morley, Postmaster-General. Mr. Asquith arrived soon after Lord Rosebery. The quartet conferred until 4:45 p.m., after which the decision to resign was first officially made known.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

Of course nothing is yet definitely known as to who will be selected by Lord Salisbury for Ministerial and other positions. Complete harmony is said to prevail between the Liberal Unionists and the Conservatives. It is generally supposed that Mr. Chamberlain will have a post in the Salisbury Cabinet, but what his office will be is purely a matter of conjecture as yet.

SALISBURY SENT FOR.

Lieut. Col. Bigge, an assistant private secretary to the Queen, today conveyed her Majesty's summons to Hatfield House, Lord Salisbury's residence in Hertfordshire. Lord Salisbury will obtain the views of the Duke of Devonshire, the Liberal Unionist leader in the House of Lords, before he goes to Windsor tomorrow. Mr. Chamberlain had an interview with the Duke of Devonshire on Saturday, and afterwards Mr. Chamberlain received visits from several of his Liberal Unionist followers. It is not doubted that a joint ministry will be formed of Liberal Unionist and Conservatives, and that it will be called a Unionist Government.

VERY SANGUINE.

The Unionist rank and file advise a prompt appeal to the country. They believe that they will be able to obtain a majority of 80 in the next Parliament. They are now very enthusiastic and sanguine.

THE OFFICIAL DOCUMENT.

The court circular contains the following: "The Earl of Rosebery, First Lord of the Treasury and President of the Council, arrived at Windsor Castle Saturday and tendered his resignation to her Majesty, by whom it was accepted."

ROSEBERY'S CAREER.

Lord Rosebery's retirement again calls to mind the prediction he is said to have made concerning himself when he was a school boy. He then declared that he would marry the richest heiress in England, win the Derby and become Prime Minister. He in 1875 married Hannah (deceased, 1890), only daughter of the late Meyer de Rothschild, who was then the richest heiress in the country; in 1894 he won the Derby with his horse Ladas, and repeated the victory this year with St. Victor, and he has filled the office of Prime Minister for a little over fifteen months. Lord Rosebery is only 48 years old. He has been on the point of retiring from office for some months on account of protracted, depressing illness, precipitated by the grip and aggravated by insomnia. But has yielded to persuasion and has held on till now.

SUITED THE QUEEN.

The Daily News, the organ of the Liberals, will say that the Queen accepted Lord Rosebery's resignation as she did that of Mr. Gladstone, without the expression of reluctance with which she favored Lord Salisbury when he retired from office.

When Sir William Vernon Harcourt announced the resignation of the Government in the House of Commons Monday afternoon he will probably move that the House adjourn for a few days.

THE RETIRING CABINET.

Following are the members of the retiring Ministry: Lord Rosebery, Prime Minister, First Lord of the Treasury, and Lord President of the Council; Lord Herschell, Lord High Chancellor; Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Lord Tweedmouth, Lord Privy Seal and Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster; Earl of Kimberley, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; Herbert H. Asquith, Secretary of State for Home Affairs; Marquis of Ripon, Secretary of State for the Colonies; H. Campbell-Bannerman, Secretary of State for War; Henry Fowler, Secretary of State for India; Earl Spencer, First Lord of the Admiralty; James Bryce, President of the Board of Trade; A. H. Dyke-Ackland, Vice-President of the Committee of the Council; George Shaw-Lefevre, President of the Local Government Board; John Morley, Chief Secretary for Ireland; Sir Geo. Trevelyan, Secretary for Ireland; Arnold Morley, Postmaster-General.

This Ministry, with the exception of Lord Rosebery, as Prime Minister, and the Earl of Kimberley, as Foreign Minister, was formed by Mr. Gladstone in 1882, when he became Prime Minister for the fourth time.

THE TIMES' CABINET.

The Times says that Lord Salisbury will be Prime Minister, but that he is unlikely to care to resume with that office the heavy labors of the Foreign Office, which will go to the Duke of Devonshire, if he desires to accept it. The paper does not regard this as an ideal arrangement, as Lord Salisbury has unequalled knowledge of foreign affairs, while the Duke of Devonshire's strength is merely domestic. Yet the latter possesses prudence, firmness, and common sense and high patriotic feeling, while he will always be ready to office the heavy labors of the Foreign Office, which will go to the Duke of Devonshire, if he desires to accept it.

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SALISBURY SEES THE QUEEN.

London, June 24.—Lord Salisbury went to Windsor this forenoon.

REDMONDITE TREACHERY.

Dublin, June 24.—The Freeman's Journal says: "The Irish supporters of the Government are keenly disappointed at the abandonment of power by the Ministry. The Ministry were reduced and destroyed by a band of Irish posing as genuine exponents of national feeling. They may well be wearied of trying to serve the Irish people in the face of the treachery of the Redmondites."

ANOTHER CHURCH COMPLAINING

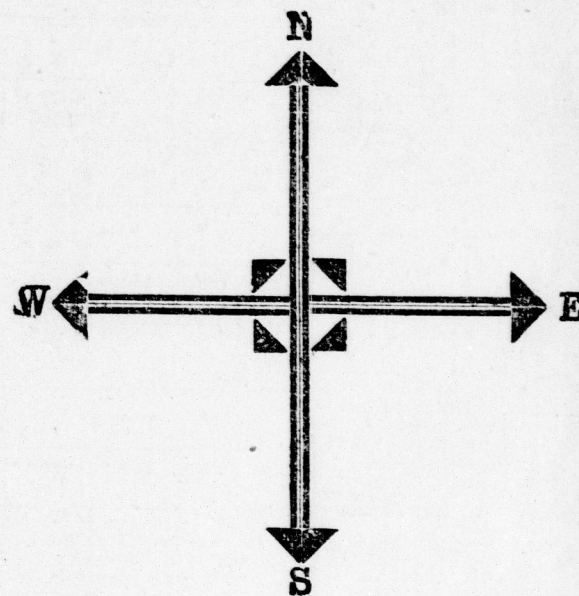
Blenheim, Ont., June 24.—The quarterly board of the Methodist Church in Blenheim have passed a strong resolution in the matter of the contemplated removal of their pastor, Rev. P. W. McTavish, and ask the committee to reconsider their action. A deputation will wait upon the chairman of the Chatham district to press the matter.

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SUCCESS.

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Never Underbought,
Choicest Stock,

Never Undersold,
Largest Variety.



THE
Four Cardinal Points

—OF OUR—

SUCCESS

1st==The Way we Buy:

Our buyer visits the great American and European markets twice every year, and makes his purchases direct from the manufacturers. He arrives on the markets weeks in advance of others, and deals with men who are willing to sell without a profit rather than bear the expense of storage. The profits of the middleman find their way into the pockets of our customers, who reap the advantage of our superior business methods. In nearly every case we

BUY FOR CASH.

2nd==What We Buy:

Our object is to select a stock that cannot be improved upon. Our styles are always the latest, the quality the best. Especially do we pride ourselves on the selection we have made of Carpets, Silks, Dress Goods and all summer lines. In dealing with our customers our aim is to

SUIT ANY TASTE.

3rd==The Way We Sell:

No words can characterize our selling price unless they be "RIDICULOUSLY LOW." Never are we undersold. Our prices are the lowest compatible with good qualities for wear. You are invited to examine our prices and contrast them with those of our competitors. In marking our goods our aim is to

SUIT ANY PURSE.

4th==Our Past Record:

"There's nothing succeeds like success" is a proverb which finds a ready proof in our business. For years our name has been synonymous with "satisfactory dealing," and the best recommendation we can give you, and the strongest guarantee of our perfect reliability is the patronage which we have enjoyed in the past, and the confidence reposed in us at the present time.

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