W. C. BARRON
PRINCIPAL
LONDON CONSERVATORY of MUSIC AND SCHOOL OF ELOCUTION
340 DUNDAS ST. LONDON

Adam Graeme, of Mossgray.

By Mrs. Oliphant.

So the dining-room door swung open, wider than it needed to do, and Hope came in with a bound. She had hazel eyes and auburn hair, and an animated blithe face, whose claims to beauty, if it had any, no one ever thought of deciding. She was tolerably stout, and exceedingly firm, and active, and vigorous. The "Misses" in Edinburgh whispered among themselves that Hope had a predilection for masculine games, and was as strong as a boy; but Hope denied the slander stoutly, affirming that its solitary foundation was one unlucky slide, and two or three snowballs, in both of which the stupid and docile Adelaide Fendie, whom no one thought of blaming, was as much implicated as she.

Hope was rather talkative; she had a great deal to say about her Edinburgh experiences, and both the father and the mother were good listeners; the sterner parent, however, being by far the most incurgent now.

"And what did your friends say when you came away, Hope?" asked Mr. Oswald; "was there much lamentation?"

"They were all very sorry," said Hope, "and they all wished they were coming too; only big Miss Mansfield that's going to India, she did not care, for she thinks we are only girls and she's a woman, and she's always speaking about Calcutta!—and little Mary Wood would hardly let me go, mamma—she wanted to come too. Will you let her come at the vacation, mother?—for when all the rest go away, Mary has to stay with Miss Swinton, because she has no friends."

"But Miss Swinton is very kind, is she not?" said Mrs. Oswald.

"Miss Swinton is always good to everybody," said Hope promptly, "but when little Mary sees us all going away, and nobody coming for her, she greets—"

"She greets, Hope!" said Mr. Oswald, holding up his hand in reproof.

"Well, father," said the brave Hope, "it is a far better word than cries—cries! as if folk had only cut their finger! and Miss Swinton says our tongue is as good a tongue as the English, and we need not think shame of it."

Mr. Oswald submitted to be defeated, well-pleased and smiling—

"And what does Miss Swinton do at the vacations, Hope?" asked her mother.

"I don't know, mother; sometimes she stays at home, sometimes she goes away to some of those places that the Glasgow girls are always talking about—Rothesay, or somewhere about the Clyde. She was there with Miss Buckanan last year; and oh, mamma, I had almost forgotten—how is our Helen Buchanan? I must go to see her today."

The banker's brow contracted suddenly. His wife was wary, and a good politician; she took no notice of Hope's unsuitable inquiry.

"Miss Swinton went to stay with one of the young ladies, did she? does she do that often, Hope?"

"Sometimes, mother; they are all so fond of her—and I don't think she has ever been in the south country. Perhaps she would come to Fendie, if you were to ask her, mother, and bring little Mary Wood."

"Well, we shall see," said Mrs. Oswald; "and what about Adelaide Fendie, Hope?"

"Oh, Adelaide Fendie is coming home; the school is not good enough for her; and they're going to have a governess at Mount Fendie, for her, and Victoria, and little Fred—Poor Governess! I am very sorry for her, I am sure, whoever she is. I would far rather keep a school like—"

Mrs. Oswald interposed hastily, "Is it some one from Edinburgh, Hope?"

"No, indeed, mamma. Only somebody from England that Mrs. Heavielieigh knows; and I almost hope she will be as stupid as they are, for if she is not, they will kill her. I would not live at Mount Fendie for all the world; and no one can teach Adelaide anything, except to do Berlin work, and thump, thump upon the piano."

"Come, Hope, this is too bad," said her smiling father. "I hope you can thump upon the piano to some purpose ourself. We must hear you to-night, you know."

"I don't care about it, father," said Hope; "It is very dreary, except folk will just let me play my own tunes; but then there's these awful waltzes and things, that were never made for anything but people's fingers. Adelaide could play them for days, father; but they make me dizzy; for there's nothing but noise in them."

"I am afraid you are quite giddy enough already, Hope," said Mr. Oswald.

"Miss Swinton says I am sensible," said Hope, with offended dignity. "Miss Swinton says she can trust me with the little ones better than Miss Manfield—and Miss Mansfield's seventeen!"

The father and mother laughed; but Miss Swinton's testimony to Hope's good sense pleased them nevertheless.

"Adelaide is coming home in a week," said Hope, "and she said the governess would be at the Mount before her. I am to go up every day, Adelaide says, if you will let me, mother; and I would like to go sometimes, but not so often; and I want to go to Mossgray, to see old Mrs. Mense, and the laird; and up to Friarsford to Maggie Irving, and down to the Waterford to see the Flower of Fendie; but first of all—"

"That will do, Hope," said her mother, fearful that the interdicted name might fall from Hope's gay lips again; "but I think you might show us those drawings of yours that you used to write so much about; you can arrange your visits to-morrow."

"But I want to go into Fendie to-night, mother, urged Hope, "to see—"

"We cannot part with you to-night, Hope," said Mrs. Oswald; "and now go and bring your drawings and let your father see them."

Hope obeyed. Mr. Oswald began to walk about the room, almost inclined to be angry with his daughter; this pertinacious attachment to the one person in Fendie whom he tabooed, and the constant recurrence of her name, annoyed him greatly; and the banker; had a consciousness that his wife and his son William were much more likely to submit, so far as external action went, to his stern will, than was the much privileged girl-daughter, who appeared fully as much inclined to sway him, and did it as effectually. The grave and painful constraint with which William curbed a will as strong as his father's, raised in the banker's mind an angry feeling of antagonism; but the frank resistance of Hope was much less easily managed. Mr. Oswald began to feel an involuntary "drither" as to his success in this part of the contest—a dubious consciousness that Hope might be too many for him.

The exhibition of drawings did not succeed. Hope perceived that there was something wrong, and with eager girlish curiosity could not rest until she had fathomed it. William was strangely grave and taciturn, she thought; she seized the earliest opportunity of questioning him.

By the dining-room fireside, the brother and sister sat in the twilight alone. Hope took advantage of the propitious moment.

"William, is there anything the matter?"

William stirred the fire thoughtfully and sighed. The light threw a gleam upon his face, and made it look very gray and grim, as his sister thought. Hope was not inclined to wait for his tardy answer; she plunged into the middle of the questio vexata.

"William, I want to know about Helen Buchanan."

William started.

"Hush, Hope—do not speak of her, I beg."

"Why!" said Hope. "I like her better than anybody else in Fendie; why should I not speak of her?"

There was no point on which Hope and her taciturn brother agreed so perfectly. He smiled a momentary smile, and then answered gravely—

"Because you do like her better than any one else in Fendie, you must not speak of her, Hope—and especially recollect that her name must not be mentioned before my father unless you wish to hear her spoken of with anger and disrepect, which I am sure you do not."

CHAPTER IX.

If I may not speak, I pray,
All the words I have to say,
Where shall I go hide them?
Naught say I 'gainst words of thine,
Do not listen, father mine—
So you need not chide them.

—Song.

Hope Oswald was very much puzzled. She could by no means understand why this perfectly unreasonable interdict should be put upon her free and unfettered speech, and was not in any degree inclined to submit to it. She resolved to be at the bottom of the mystery.

Mr. Oswald and William were no sooner fairly lodged in the office the next morning than Hope began her investigation. Mrs. Oswald sat sewing again; she had an old-fashioned horror of idleness.

"Mother," said Hope, "I want you to tell me what ails Helen Buckanan!"

"Hush my, dear!" said her mother.

"But why should I hush, mamma? and why am I never to speak about Helen? William told me the very same; and it's too bad—as if you could not trust me!"

(To be Continued.)

FUN, FACTS AND FICTION

He who is false to present duty breaks a thread in the loom, and will find the flaw when he may have forgotten its cause.—[Beecher.

Mothers and Nurses.

All who have the care of children should know that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry may be confidently depended on to cure all summer complaints, diarrhea, dysentery, cramps, colic, cholera infantum, cholera morbus, canker, etc., in children or adults.

If we work upon marble, it will perish; if we work upon brass, time will efface it; if we rear temples, they will crumble into dust; but if we work upon immortal minds, if we imbue them with principles, with the just fear of God and love of our fellow-men, we engrave on those tablets something which will brighten to all eternity.—[Daniel Webster.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

There is no commandment in the Bible that tells anybody to love a hypocrite.

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil, is ear ache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, in which the young are specially subject.

The only kind of religion worth having is the kind that costs something.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband; but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they will make her "feel like a different person," at least so they all say, and their husbands say so, too.

You can't take one step with the devil without having to take another.

Carter's Little Liver Pills must not be confounded with common Cathartic or Purgative Pills as they are extremely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

It takes trouble and affliction to get some people wide awake.

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

A good habit is a sword, a bad habit a chain.

Rapid Relief.

Dear Sirs,—I had for years been troubled with dyspepsia and sick headache, and found but little relief until I tried your Burdock Blood Bitters, which made a perfect cure. It is the best medicine I ever had in my life, and I will never be without it. HATTIE DAVIS, Clinton, Ont.

While a man is learning mathematics a woman is learning manners.

Mr. Job Scales, of Toronto, writes: "A short time ago I was suffering from Kidney Complaint and Dyspepsia, sour stomach and lame back; in fact, I was completely prostrated and suffering intense pain. While in this state a friend recommended me to try a bottle of Northrup and Lyman's Vegetable Discovery. I used one bottle, and the permanent manner in which it has cured and made a new man of me is such that I cannot withhold from the proprietors this expression of my gratitude."

Parlor and bedroom suites; large stock to select from. Fine cabinets and library cases; picture framing and repairing. WM. TRAFFORD, 95 and 97 King street.

THE FALL FAIRS.

List of Coming Exhibitions Under the Auspices of County and Township Agricultural Societies.

Secretaries of agricultural societies are requested to forward the dates of their annual fall fairs for publication in this column.

WESTERN	LONDON	Sept. 15-24
Winnipeg	Winnipeg, Man.	July 25-29
Midland Central	Kingston	Sept. 1-9
Industrial Exposi'n.	Toronto	Sept. 5-17
Montreal Exposi'n.	Montreal, Que.	Sept. 15-21
Lincoln Union	St. Catharines	Sept. 19-23
Wellesley, NE Hope.	Wellesley	Sept. 20-21
Central	Guelph	Sept. 20-22
Center Bruce	Paisley	Sept. 20-21
North Simcoe	Stayner	Sept. 21-23
Clinton	Clinton	Sept. 21-23
North Bruce	Port Elgin	Sept. 22-23
Central Canada	Ottawa	Sept. 22-Oct. 1
Malahide & Yarm'h.	Aylmer	Sept. 26-28
Barrie	Barrie	Sept. 26-28
Stephen & Usborne.	Exeter	Sept. 26-27
Palmerston Hort'l.	Palmerston	Sept. 27-28
East Muskoka	Huntsville	Sept. 27-28
North Ontario	Uxbridge	Sept. 27-28
Mitchell	Mitchell	Sept. 27-28
S. Oxford Union	Tilsonburg	Sept. 27-28
South Grey	Durham	Sept. 27-28
Mornington	Milverton	Sept. 27-28
Peel county	Brampton	Sept. 27-28
Southern	Brantford	Sept. 27-29
Great Northern	Collingwood	Sept. 27-30
Northern	Walkerton	Sept. 27-30
North Oxford	Woodstock	Sept. 28 29
Northwestern	Goderich	Sept. 28-30
North Perth	Stratford	Sept. 29-30
Welland	Welland	Sept. 29-30
Wilmot	New Hamburg	Sept. 29-30
Orillia	Orillia	Sept. 29-30
N. and W. Oxford	Ingersoll	Oct. 4-5
Haldimand	Cayuga	Oct. 4-5
North Brant	Paris	Oct. 4-5
Collingwood Tp.	Clarksburg	Oct. 4-5
South Huron	Seaforth	Oct. 4-5
Hibbert	Stella	Oct. 4-6
East Algoma	Sault Ste. Marie	Oct. 5-6
Brooke & Alvinston.	Alvinston	Oct. 5-7
East York	Markham	Oct. 5-7
Center Wellington.	Elora	Oct. 6-7
Milton	Milton	Oct. 6-7
South Waterloo	Galt	Oct. 6-7
East Huron	Brussels	Oct. 7-8
South Norwich	Otterville	Oct. 11-13
Howard Branch	Ridgetown	Oct. 17-19
Norfolk Union	Simcoe	Oct. 17-19
W. York & Vaughn.	Woodbridge	Oct. 18-19

PRESS AND PEOPLE.

IN THE SWEET BY-AND-BYE.

When will our politicians come to be as much afraid of the mighty host of farmers as they are of a comparatively few business men at our great centers? It will be when the farmers are educated, wideawake, resolute men, who know what they want and cannot be fooled out of it by talk.—[Vermont Watchman.

WEALTH MUST CONTROL LABOR.

The militia is in possession at Homestead, a congressional committee has made an investigation, the Carnegie company is hunting for non-union men to take the place of its old employes whom it refuses to receive back except as individuals and upon terms imposed by itself, and the old employes are holding out for a trial of endurance. If this condition continues, it is almost needless to say that the Carnegies will triumph. So many men are suffering for want of opportunity to work that a law-and-order contest, such as that at Homestead has become, cannot terminate otherwise than favorably for the side that controls the sinews of law and order.—[New York Standard.

BALLOTS, NOT BULLETS.

The American idea of righting wrongs is by ballots, not bullets. Mr. Frick's decree that the workingmen of the Carnegie mills shall not organize for mutual benefit is the attempt of an arbitrary and tyrannical man to impose his will upon men as free as himself. The effectual way to resist such an attempt is to vote down the system which creates Fricks and gives them their opportunity for injustice. The workingmen are at a disadvantage solely because of the system which creates great aggregations of wealth by giving favored men the privilege of taxing all other men under cover of law. That system tends directly to produce those conditions which give to the managers of great industries the chance to exercise arbitrary power in oppressive ways. It tends to the massing of wealth in the hands of a few who have only to combine in order that they might do what they will. It tends to the monoply of opportunities, to the creation of classes, to the exclusion of competition in every market except that of labor.—[New York World.

RESTRICTING THEIR OPPORTUNITIES.

When taxes are put upon landed improvements and personal property, things that workingmen make, and demand is diminished by the consequent increase of price, freedom of employment is restricted, and in some degree men are deprived of opportunities to work; when protection duties are laid upon foreign products, so as to increase the price of similar domestic products, freedom of employment is restricted further, and men both here and abroad are deprived of opportunities to work; when the holding of land cut of use is made possible and promoted by favoring the owners with low taxes, freedom of employment is in a very high degree restricted, and men in vast numbers are deprived of opportunities to work. It is in these ways that the army of the unemployed is created, and it is by drawing upon that army that the Carnegies are able to cut down the wages of their men and to shoot down the men themselves when they undertake to meet subtle economic force with physical force.—[New York Standa rd.

COMMERCE AND CHRISTIANITY.

Commerce has always been the forerunner and must forever continue to be the handmaid of Christianity. Commerce will penetrate and dispel the darkness of heathen lands, and diffuse in its stead the exhilarating sunshine of peace, progress and prosperity. Commerce will distribute the surplus, the superabundance of our country among the needy, the destitute of other lands, thus avoiding want and preventing famine. Commerce will pick up the waste materials, the refuse products of sections that are highly favored, transform these into articles of value and wealth by transporting them to other sections which are less favored. Between men of distant climes and widely-separated regions commerce equalizes the bounties and blessings of nature, tears down man's prejudice, builds up his manhood, teaches him that every other man is his brother, thus emphasizing that eternal truth that God hath made of one blood all the nations. Is there a man among you all who would cast a vote or raise his voice against a blessing so gloriously rich, against a beneficence so nearly universal?—[Hon. Fred E. White, Ohio.

Those hands are most beautiful which do the most good.

Cook's Cotton Root COMPOUND.
A recent discovery by a old physician. Successfully used monthly by thousands of LADIES. Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND; take no substitute; or inclose $1 and 4 three-cent Canada postage stamps in letter and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 stamps. Address Pere Lily Company, No. 3 Fisher Block, 131 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich. Sold in London and everywhere by all wholesale and retail druggists.

ALWAYS TRUE.
RHEUMATISM.—COL. DAVID WYLIE, Brockville, Ont., says: "I suffered intensely with rheumatism in my ankles. Could not stand; rubbed them with
ST. JACOBS OIL.
In the morning I walked without pain."
NEURALGIA.—MR. JAMES BONNER, 158 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont., writes: "St. Jacobs Oil is the only remedy that relieved me of neuralgia, and it effectually cured me."
IT IS THE BEST.

A REGULAR KNOCK-DOWN.
All Summer Clothing
FOR MAN OR BOY,
CLEARING OUT AT COST.
MUST MAKE ROOM FOR FALL GOODS.
OAK HALL
150 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.
ALF. TAYLOR, Manager.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
TO BUYERS OF
Suspenders.
It is an acknowledged fact that the Genuine Guyot Suspenders are not only the very best, most durable and healthful Suspenders made, but are by long odds the most popular all over the world. Numerous imitations of the Genuine Guyots are being offered to the public, and we beg to caution all buyers against these imitations, as they are barefaced attempts to defraud the consumers, and it is the intention of the maker of the Genuine Guyots to prosecute, to the fullest extent of the law, all fraudulent imitations. We therefore advise you to be sure to examine your Guyots and see that they bear the names of Ch. Guyot and Bretelles Hygieniques.

Burns The Clothiers
Sole Agents in London for Ch. Guyot, Paris, France.
L. R. C. NOTICE.—L. R. C. Members' Colors in Hat Band Ribbons on sale by Burns. BURNS, The Clothiers.

BINDER TWINE. BINDER TWINE.
OUR BRANDS:
American Sheaf, Golden Sheaf, Standard Manilla.
GUARANTEED SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER.
Hobbs Hardware Co.

—THE—
Lumber Cutting Machine
OF THE FUTURE.
10 Band Mills sold in Canada in 1891 where one was sold in 1890. We predict an equal increase in 1892.
Our present orders indicate it, so place your orders early.
The Circular Saw 22 years ago was as much a novelty and as difficult to run as the Band Saw is to-day. With the experience gained in handling the Circular, knowledge of the Band Saw is much more readily acquired. Special improved tools also facilitate the work. We furnish an expert with each mill to instruct in the use of tools and work on saw.
The adjoining cut illustrates our NO. 1 BAND SAW MILL, capacity 10,000 to 20,000 feet in 10 hours. Our No. 2 mill is much heavier—capacity 20,000 to 40,000 feet per day.
Waterous Engine Works Co
BRANTFORD, CANADA.

-FLOUR-
Ground from Manitoba Hard Wheat.
HUNGARIAN PATENT UNEQUALLED FOR ROLLS
In Sacks, 80c., $1 60 and $3 each.
FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO.,
169 DUNDAS STREET.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

Corrected to June 12, 1892.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

LONDON TIME.

Canada Southern Division—Going East.	Leave London	Leave St. Thomas.
North Shore Limited (daily)	8:30 p.m.	11:50 p.m
Niagara Falls and Buffalo special (daily)	8:30 p.m.	4:30 a.m
American Express (except Monday)	9:50 a.m.	10:55 a.m
Atlantic Express (daily)	9:50 a.m.	1:50 p.m
New York and Boston Express (daily)	2:25 p.m.	4:30 p.m
	1:55 p.m.	3:05 p.m
Mail (except Sundays)	8:30 p.m.	3:00 a.m
Limited Express (daily)	8:30 p.m.	7:00 a.m
Accom d'n (except Sunday)	8:30 p.m.	7:00 a.m

Canada Southern Division—Going West.		
North Shore Limited (daily)	8:30 p.m.	2:03 a.m
Chicago Express (daily)	8:30 p.m.	4:40 a.m
Chicago special (daily)	8:30 p.m.	12:05 a.m
Chicago L't'd Exp. (daily)	9:50 a.m.	10:55 a.m
American Express (except Mondays)	2:50 a.m.	1:30 p.m
Mail (except Sundays)	2:25 p.m.	3:15 p.m
Pacific Express (daily)	2:25 p.m.	6:00 p.m
Accom d'n (except Sunday)	8:30 p.m.	7:40 a.m

Trains arrive in London at 8:15 a.m., 11:40 a.m. and 6:30 p.m.

[NOTE.—No trains to or from London on Sundays.]

JOHN PAUL, City Ticket and Passenger Agent, 395 Richmond street.

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division

CORRECTED JUNE 27, 1892.

MAIN LINE—Going East	ARRIVE.	DEPART
*Limited Express (a)	3:35 a.m.	3:45 a.m
Mail	.....	6:00 a.m
Atlantic Express (a)	12:05 p.m.	12:10 p.m
Day Express	10:50 a.m.	7:20 p.m
*St. Louis Express (a) (b)	4:20 p.m.	4:25 p.m
Mixed—No. 24 Freight (c)	5:45 p.m.	6:50 p.m
Erie Limited	11:20 p.m.	11:40 p.m

MAIN LINE—Going West.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
†Chicago Express (a)	5:25 a.m.	5:40 a.m
West End Mixed	.....	6:45 a.m
†Erie Limited	11:30 a.m.	.....
†St. Louis Express (a)	11:20 a.m.	11:25 a.m
Accommodation	12:40 p.m.	7:15 p.m
†Pacific Express (a)	6:50 p.m.	7:10 p.m
Mail	9:55 p.m.	.....
Accommodation	.....	7:20 p.m

Sarnia Branch.	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Limited Express (n)	3:25 a.m.	.....
Atlantic Express (n)	11:50 a.m.	.....
Accommodation	7:15 p.m.	.....
Accommodation	8:45 p.m.	.....
Erie Limited (n)	11:35 p.m.	.....

Sarnia Branch.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Chicago Express (n)	.....	5:30 a.m
Accommodation	.....	7:35 a.m
Erie Limited (n)	.....	11:35 a.m
Accommodation	.....	2:30 p.m
Pacific Express (n)	.....	7:00 p.m

London, Huron and Bruce.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Express	10:15 a.m.	8:05 a.m
Mail	6:55 p.m.	4:30 p.m

London and Port Stanley.	ARRIVE.	DEPART
Mail	.....	6:10 a.m
Accommodation	7:20 a.m.	9:30 a.m
Mail	2:10 p.m.	2:50 p.m
Accommodation	5:35 p.m.	7:00 p.m
Mixed	6:55 p.m.	.....
Mail	11:15 p.m.	.....

St. Marys and Stratford Branch.	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Mixed—Mail	11:20 a.m.	7:35 a.m
Express	2:05 p.m.	.....
Express	5:40 p.m.	2:40 p.m
Express—Mixed	9:00 p.m.	5:55 p.m

Toronto Branch.

Hamilton—Depart—						
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m
*7:00	9:15	11:05	12:30	4:10	5:40	a*6:55	9:10

Hamilton—Arrive—						
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m
12:30	10:00	†10:25	†12:25	4:00	6:25	8:15

* These trains for Montreal.
† These trains from Montreal.
(a) Runs daily, Sundays included.
(n) Runs daily, Sundays included, but makes no intermediate stops on Sundays.
(c) No. 24 carries passengers between London and Paris.
(b) This train connects at Toronto for all points in Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia via North Bay and Winnipeg.

E. DE LA HOOKE, City Passenger and Ticket Agent, No. 3 Masonic Temple.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Going East.			
DEPART—			
London	4:00 a.m.	8:00 a.m.	5:20 p.m
Woodstock	4:49 a.m.	8:52 a.m.	6:10 p.m
Galt	5:42 a.m.	9:53 a.m.	7:18 p.m
Guelph	9:25 a.m.	11:05 a.m.	8:30 p.m
Toronto	8:15 a.m.	12:00 noon	9:40 p.m
Peterboro	11:45 a.m.	.....	12:02 a.m
Kingston	4:05 p.m.	.....	5:20 a.m
Ottawa	6:45 p.m.	.....	6:00 a.m
Montreal	7:55 p.m.	.....	8:05 a.m
Quebec	6:30 a.m.	.....	3:00 p.m
Portland, Me.	8:20 a.m.	.....	8:00 p.m
Boston	8:05 a.m.	.....	8:50 p.m
Halifax, N. S.	11:10 p.m.	.....	.....

Trains arrive from the east at 11:25 a.m., 7:00 p.m., 10:00 p.m.

Going West.			
DEPART—			
London	7:00 a.m.	11:35 a.m.	7:05 p.m
ARRIVE—			
Chatham	9:25 a.m.	2:05 p.m.	8:50 p.m
Detroit	.....	2:45 p.m.	10:40 p.m
Chicago	.....	10:15 p.m.	7:20 a.m
St. Louis	.....	7:45 a.m.	6:15 p.m
Kansas City	.....	6:10 p.m.	9:20 a.m

Trains arrive from the west at 3:55 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 10:15 p.m.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Ticket and Passenger Agent, No. 1 Masonic Temple.

ERIE & HURON RAILWAY.

Trains South.		Exp	Exp	Mix	Mix
Stations.		A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sarnia (G. T. R.)		.....	6:10	7:40	.....
Courtright		.....	5:40	8:20	.....
M. C. R. Junction		.....	5:45	8:27	.....
Chatham (C. P. R.)	arr	.....	7:45	10:35	3:30
	dep	7:45	.....	10:40	4:40
Fargo (M. C. R.)		8:13	.....	2:35	5:10
Blenheim	arr	8:25	.....	11:20	5:35

Trains North.		Exp	Exp	Mix
Stations.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Blenheim	dep	8:30	2:55	5:45
Fargo (M. C. R.)		8:43	3:10	6:00
Chatham (C. P. R.)	arr	9:08	3:30	6:20
	dep	9:13	3:37	.....
M. C. R. Junction		11:20	.....	.....
Courtright		11:25	8:55	.....
Sarnia (G. T. R.)	arr	12:00	6:25	.....

WATEROUS BRANTFORD
MANUFACTURE
DRY PRESS & PLASTIC BRICK MACHINERY.
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