4 O'clock Condon Advertiger. Two Cents

VOL. XXIX., NO. 90.



City of London Election.

The People's Candidate.

The Political Kaleidoscope. Nominations in Quebec, Nova

Scotia and Ontario,

Characteristic Resolutions Passed by Carleton Orangemen.

the Elections in Lennon and Prince Edward-Mr. Laurier's Health-Notes by the Way.

THE MEMBER FOR PONTIAC UNSEATED.

THE MEMBER FOR PONTIAC UNSEATED.
Judges Belanger and Maihoit have unseated Mr. Thomas Murray (Lib.), M. P. for Pontiac, on the ground of illegal payments by sgent. Mr. Murray will appeal to the Supreme Court.

FOR THE LOCAL HOUSE.

Mr. Wm. Harty was yesterday nominated as the Reform candidate for the vacancy in the Ontario Legislature. He was nominated by J. B. Pence, seconded by John Mc-Kelvey, and indorsed by John Carson, men who, up to to-night, were aspirants for the position. The meeting was large and enthusiastic. Mr. Harty accepted.

The Carleton County Orange Lodge at its last annual meeting passed a resolution to oppose any government or party which countenanced an increase of the federal subsidy to Quebec. A second resolution denounced the payment by the Dominion Government of costs incurred by the Manitoba Catholics in legal proceedings against the Manitoba Act abolishing separate schools, inasmuch as the Government refused to pay the costs of a Protestant appeal against the Jesuit Act.

LENNOX. CARLETON ORANGEMEN.

NAPANEE, Feb. 4.—Following are the election returns in this county by ma-

(Lib.)	(Con.)
Adolphustown 10	
Amherst Island 20	*:
Bath	6
Ernestown 52	70
bouth Federicksburg	70
North Fredericksburg 18	54
Napanee	54
Richmend	1
Totals	131
PRINCE EDWARD.	
PICTON, Ont., Feb. 4 The follow	ring are
the majorities by townships:	
Miller.	Platt.
(Con.)	(Lib.)
Picton116	
South Manmahamm 115	

North Marysburg. Hallow....

NOTES.

Conservatives have chosen A. F. Savarie as their standard-bearer for the county of

Shefflord, Que. Mr. Hugh Smith, M.P.P. for Frontenac, injured some time ago while working in his barn in the township of Portland, is very On Thursday Jas. Gircuard, notary of

St. Benoit, was chosen candidate for the House of Commons by the Two Mountains Conservation Conservatives.

Joues and Farell (Liberals), and Kenny and Stairs (Conservative).

d Stairs (Conservatives) were nominated Thursday to contest Halifax for the

Commons.

North Victoria Liberals on Thursday nominated Mr. Barron as their candidate for the House of Commons. Mr. Hughes was nominated by the Conservatives.

for the House of Commons. Mr. Hughes was nominated by the Conservatives.

The Fredericton Supreme Court on Thursday gave judgment in the Queen's county election case on points referred to in agreement of counsel, deciding that Geo. F. Baird was entitled to the seat.

The candidates nominated Thursday for East Bruce were Mr. Truax on the Liberal side, and Mr. Cargill, Conservative. The electors were also addressed by Mr. Somerville, M. P. of Brant, and Mr. Larke, of Oslawa.

In the Supreme Court the judges decided to hear motions to quash election appeals at the close of the Ontario list as follows: North Perth, Campbell vs. Grieve; West Northumberland, Harcourt vs. Gravely, and Prescott, Proulx vs. Fraser.

Mr. Joseph Featherston, farmer, of Toronto township (Reformer), and Jaz. Jackson, farmer, of the same township (Conservative), were nominated on Thursday for the Commons for Peel. The meeting at Brampton was addressed by Sir Richard Cartweight and Hon. Mr. Foster.

A few days ago Mr. Lautier returned to his home at Arthabackaville from Montreal. His general health is much improved, but the bronchial tubes continue to be much irritated. The doctors have shoulted y prohibited his speaking in public for the present. There is some hope olutely prohibited his speaking in pub

Startling Additional Proof of Wholesale Peculation at Ottawa.

Documents Discovered Directly Implicating Ministers of the Crown.

The Facts to be Made Public Im-

[Special to the London ADVERTISER.] TORONTO, Feb. 6 .- Additional and start ling evidence has just been discovered in the wholesale robberies perpetrated at Ottawa in the last few years. New evidence has been obtained implicating Ministers of the Crown in the greatest conspiracy of the age. The Canadian Pacific Scandal and the disclosures of last session are as nothing compared to what will be proved by the evidence of documents which will at once be produced.

THE BATTLE FOR BREAD. Belleville Stone-Cutters Strike-Hamil ton Molders Struggling for the Union.

The Belleville Stonecutters' Union de-clared a strike against Hugh Stuart's quarry, Point Anne, where non-union men

have been employed.

The Hamilton Molders' Union met
Wednesday night and decided to engage
the Foresters' Hall as their headquarters,
where meetings could be held just as soon
as the foundries start work. They are satisfied that the employers are aiming directly at the overthrow of the union, and

satisfied that the employers are alming directly at the overthrow of the union, and will fight against this with all their strength. If non-union men are employed in the shops the local molders will endeavor to persuade them to leave, and every lawful means will be taken to prevent the bosses from filling up the foundries.

The action of the Royal Labor Commission in England in appointing four ladies as sub-commissioners to collect evidence as to the condition of laborers of their own sex is universally approved. The sub-commissioners will report upon the treatment of women employees and the sanitary condition of their places of work. All four are well known for their efforts on behalf of woman-kind, but the most prominent of the quartet is Miss Abraham, secretary to Lady Dilke. She led the agitation which was started about a year ago to bring laundries under the operation agitation which was started about a year ago to bring laundries under the operation of the Factory Act, and in that struggle she proved herself a genius at lobbying and general business management. Miss Abra-ham is about 30 years old, and has written interestingly on political economy.

M. B. CURTIS' TRIAL.

Little Important Evidence So Far Intro

duced Against "Sam'l of Posen."

San Francisco, Feb. 4.—The trial of M.
B. Curtis for the murder of Policemen
Grant on Sept. 11 last began yesterday,
District Attorney Barnes made a statement of the case, showing that
after the officer was shot Curtis was
captured with Grant's nippers on his wrist.
The prosecution, he said, expected to offer
other testimony which it was believed
would justify a verdict of guilty. The
most important witness was an Italian
street vendor, who testified in substance as
follows: 'I saw Officer Grant on Sixth street at

side; the efficiency as on the outside. As they passed me they were talking. They were not quarreling. After they turned the corner, of course, I lost sight of them, and thought no more of it. There was one other nan on the street corner."

Curtis denied the shooting and said he

Curtis denied the shooting and said he had not been drinking that night, but he had had some trouble with a party of toughs. When shown the pistol with which the shooting had been done, he denied that it was his.

Throughout the proceedings Curtis was apparently unmoved. His wife, who was by his side, was somewhat affected.

LAST OF THE LOTTERY.

The Louisiana Company Withdraws from the Field.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 4.—John A. Morris, the president of the lottery company, has published a letter in which he withdraws the proposition to pay to the State of Louisiana \$1,200,600 per annum for the privilege of running the lottery. This decision is taken, he says, because of the decision of the United States Supreme Court that the anti-lottery law is constitutional, and because the managers of the company have become convinced that if a charter were granted it would cause a great deal of discontent among a large body of people in the State. of people in the State.

FOR RECIPROCITY STRAIGHT.

President Awrey's Pronounced View Indorsed by the Central Ontario Farmers' Institute.

TORONTO, Ont. Feb. 4.—The Central Ontario Farmers' Institute to day concluded a three-days' meeting which was the most successful held since its organization, and adopted the recommendation of the Legislation Committee that duties upon pork to be equalized. The duty being at present 3 cents per pound upon light pork, ile it is only 12 cents on heavy pork d by lumbermen. The report of the well by lumbermen. The report of the special committee indorsing President Awrey's pronounced views in favor of unrestricted reciprocity was approved.

Appemattox Court House Burned. Appemation Court House Barned. Encimond, Va., Feb. 4.—The historic Appemation Court House building was destroyed by fire yesterday. All the county records and court house furnishing were entirely destroyed. The building was famous as the scene of Gen. Lee's surrender to the Union forces under Gen. Grant.

Another Alleged Mission of Canadian Politicians to Washington.

An Offer of Complete Reciprocity Alone Will Be Listened To.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—A Washington pecial to the Herald says: Politics for home consumption and not reciprocitythat is what seems to be the real meaning of a contemplated visit here next week of Sir John Thompson and Finance Minister Foster, of Canada. It is suspected here that the Ministers who are now coming do not expect to accomplish any practical result as to reciprocity. What effect that their pretended efforts may have upon the bye-elections at home remains to be seen. But if the commissioners should offer a full reciprocity of manufactures, as well as natural products, there is every reason to believe the American Government would listen to products, there is every reason to believe the American Government would listen to

dispatch bears out the anxiety the Ottawa maneuverers to have the pecple believe that they are anxious to obtain reciprocity, though their paid talkers in many places argue directly against reciprocity. It also conclusively proves the disposition of the United States authorities to negotiate a trade treaty on the boad, states like basis proposed by the Liberals and the friends of trade freedom generally. The story of a proposed pilgrimage is a repetition of the tactics issued before the general elections last march. At that time Secretary Blaine found it necessary to state the attitude of the United States Government, in a letter which he wrote to a Congressman

in these terms:

"WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 29, 1891.—
Dear Mr. Baker: I authorize you to contradict the rumors you refer to. There are no negotiations whatever on foot for a reciprocity treaty with Canada, and you may be assured that no scheme for reciprocity with the Dominion, confined to natural products, will be entertained by this Government. We know nothing of Sir Charles Tupper's coming to Washington. Very truly yours, JAMES G. BLAINE."

The attitude of the United States Ad-

The attitude of the United States Administration has not changed since then, and there are no grounds for believing that it will change, though the trade restrictionists at Ottawa make one hundred pilgrimages to Washington, and tell one hundred different stories about the negotiations. The logic of the situation must be faced. Our rulers have kept dragging long enough.

CONDEMNED CHILIANS.

Guilty Parties Are Imprisoned, and the Families of Murdered Americans Must Receive Damages.

Must Receive Damages.

New York, Feb. 5.—The Herald's Valparaiso dispatch says: "The Judge of Crimes yesterday passed sentence in the long-pending and much-discussed Baltimore assault case. His sentence is subject to review by the Court of Appeals. The document covers 180 pages, and goes all over again the evidence against the accused and compares it closely with the evidence presented for the prosecution. The finding of the court is as follows: Carlos Arena, alias Gomez, sentenced to 540 days' imprisonsented for the prosecution. In anding of the court is as follows: Carlos Arena, alias Gomez, sentenced to 540 days' imprisonment for wounding William Turnbull, the coal heaver of the Baltimore, who died of his injuries; 300 days for public disorder, 60 days for carrying a knife, and 20 days for giving an assumed name. This makes a total of 920 days' imprisonment for injuring Turnbull. Frederico Rodriguez, sentenced to 140 days' imprisonment for woundin Boatswain's Mate Charles W. Riggin, another of the murdered American seamen, for public disorder, and for carrying a knife. It is held by George Foster that the evidence does not show that Rodriguez killed Riggin. On the contrary, it is claimed that Riggin's death was caused by a shot which was fired by some unknown shot which was fired by some unknown person. Gomez and Rodrigues and the a show.

Defron. Gomez and Rodrigues and the Chilian Government must pay the families of Turnbull and Riggin damages. These findings are recoverable by civil suit."

IN ASHES. Montreal Has a Twenty-Five Thousand Dollar Fire.

Montreal, Feb. 4.—A fire broke out tonight in a building on Jacques Cartier
Square, occupied by Lemonde Illustre, and
spread to the premises of A. L. Hurtubus
& Co., Allan & Cattelli, cards and paper,
and Duguis & Co. The damage will amount
to \$25,000.

TRENTON, N.J., Feb. 4.—The three-story brick braiding shop of the John A. Roeb-lings Sons' Company was burned to-night. Loss, \$300,000; insurance, \$140,000.

The N. P. in France.

PARIS, Feb. 4.—Prices are rising rapidly as a result of the new tariff. Pork and mutton have advanced 2d per pound.

Italian and Dutch cheese has risen 100 per cent. and foreim soap 200 per cent. The extra cost to workmen for necessaries of

xtra cost to workmen for nec-ife is estimated at I franc daily. life is estimated at 1 franc daily.

Brooklyn Tabernacle Under a Cloud.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 5.—Judgment against
Brooklyn Tabernacle, of which the Rev. T.

DeWitt Talmage is pastor, in the suit of
Charles T. Willis, to foreclose a lien for
\$76,000 was given yesterday by Justice
Pratt, in the Supreme Court. Chag. M.

Stafford, who appeared for the tabernacle,
says all the claims proved by Mr. Willis
amount to \$48,000 only, and that an appeal
will be taken from the judgment.

Canada's Trade Relations With the

Canada's Trade Relations With Bic for the present. There is some hope that he may be able to come to Ontario hext week, but as yet he is unable, with the consent of his physicians, to give a definite piedge to this effect.

OTTAWA, Feb. 5.—Premier Abbott had a long conference with Lord Stanley in the Governor-General's office this morning.

The writ has been issued for an election in West Huron. Nomination will take place on the 16th and polling on the 23rd.

EICHMOND, Va., Feb. 4.—The historic State that is said at the Oppartment of State that no formal armagement has been made with the Canada's Trade Relations With the State that no formal armagement has been made with the Canada's Trade Relations With the State that no formal armagement has been made with the Canada's Trade Relations With the State that no formal armagement has been made with the Canada's Trade Relations With the State that no formal armagement has been made with the Canada's Trade Relations With the State that no formal armagement has been made with the Canada's Trade Relations With the State that no formal armagement has been made with the Canada's Trade Relations With the State that no formal armagement has been made with the Canada's Trade Relations With the State that no formal armagement has been made with the Canada's Trade Relations With the States and Canada's Trade Relations that the States and Cana

Trying to Fool People In the Van of Reform.

Summary of Mr. Gladstone's Manifesto. He Deals With the Condition

of the Agricultural Laborers. They Are Indebted to the Liberal Party for Their Improved

Condition. Serious Accident to the Emperor Germany-Prince George's Matrimonial Prospects-Financial Flurry in Paris,

London, Feb. 4.—The long-expected manifesto by Mr. Gladstone to his adherents, it is understood, will appear on Friday. Mr. Gladstone makes some good points upon which to hang the elements of the Liberal party. He deals particularly with the history and conditions of the rural papulation from the time of the severe depression to the present time. Summing up this review of the condition of the masses, Mr. Gladstone says that he considers that pression to the present time. Summing up this review of the condition of the masses, Mr. Gladstone says that he considers that the condition of the agricultural classes has slowly improved; but, he adds, the improvement is not yet sufficient, and additional legislation for the agricultural population and the passage of furthermeasures to enable them to acquire land are needed. Mr. Gladstone refers to the distressing incidents which happened at Manchester in 1819, when 100,000 workmen held a reform meting, and while doing so were charged upon by cavally, who rode the defenseless people down beneath their horses' hoofs, killing 11 of them and wounding 600. The veteran statesman contrasts that event with the present rights of the people to hold public meetings, which right, he insists, ought not to be hampered in the slightest by unnecessary local regulations or other restrictions. Mr. Gladstone then deals with the question of the repeal of the combination laws and sists, ought not to be hampered in the slightest by unnecessary local regulations or other restrictions. Mr. Gladstone then deals with the question of the repeal of the combination laws and the effects they have had upon the immense growth of trade unionism, which, he explains, has been a great benefit to laborers of all kinds and condition. The liberation of the press, according to Mr. Gladstone, is one of the greatest Liberal measures of the century, and has, in his opinion, been productive of an immense amount of good. In former years, within the recollection of many, Mr. Gladstone also says, the highest wages an agricultural laborer received in England was 9 shillings (\$2.25) per week; while now the same class of workmen average 15 shillings (\$4.75) per week, and there are but few cases where agricultural laborers are only able to earn 9 shillings per week. In Oxfordshire, Mr. Gladstone thinks, some rural laborers may only be able to earn the latter amount, but these are exceptions, to the general rule. Referring to the commissary law settlement, by which a pauper is returned to the parish where he was born, Mr. Gladstone says that he believes that it would be better to make them chargeable the poor-house in the district in which they reside. The present poor laws are not sufficiently broad to cope with the amount of pauperism existing. The present land laws and the large holdings made possibly by them are the cause of much of the pauperism referred to. In other porpossibly by them are the cause of much of the pauperism referred to. In other por-tions of his manifesto Mr. Gladstone prays that the rural workers may be delivered from the landlord, the

be delivered from the landlord, the clergyman, and the farmer, who he says are holding themselves aloof from the laborers, and setting themselves upon a high plane where they are unknown and do not care for the laborers. The Liberals, by the county franchise, gave the agricultural laborers the greatest boon possible at the hands of a political party, and experience showed that the Liberals were justified showed that the Liberals were justified in adopting this course. In conclusion Mr. Gladstone reviews the work done and the resolutions presented by the recent meetings in London of the Liberal delegates from the agricultural districts just previous to his departure for the Continent, and he again departure for the Continent, and he again advocates the establishment of parish councils as being an indispensable complement to local government, and advises that various economic remedies should be adopted which would bring social salvation to the tillers of the soil. The formation of reading clubs for agricultural and other laborers is one of the suggestions made by Mr. Gladstone with the view of improving their social and moral condition.

BOTH BRIGHT AND BEAUTIFUL.

BOTH BRIGHT AND BEAUTIFUL.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Prince George will be married at an early date. The only doubt is which of the two princesses, Victoria Schieswig-Holstein, daughter of Prince Christian, aged 22, or Victoria of Hesse, youngest daughter of the Princess Alice, who will be 20 next June, will be his choice. Both princesses are bright and beautiful girls, and the former in particular is much admired by Prince George.

GLADSTONE'S SYMPATHY.

GLADSTONE'S SYMPATHY. GLADSTONE'S SYMPATHY.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Mr. Gladasone not only manifested his sympathy by writing both to the Queen and the Prince of Wales, buttelegraphed to express his deep regret that it was impossible for him to return to England to attend the funeral of the Duke of Clarence, and expressed the wish that he might be permitted to send Mr. Herbert Gladastone as his representative. This proposal, however, could not be accepted, as only royal personages are represented on such occasions, and it would have created a most inconvenient precedent to have broken nost inconvenient precedent to have broken

the Princess of Wales will go to Paris at The Princess of Wales will go to Paris at the end of this week, accompanied by Prince George and the Princesses Victoria and Mand, and after a brief stay at the Hotel Bristol will proceed south to St. Raphael.

MAINS.

MENTONE, Feb. 4.—The coffin containing the remains of Rev. Mr. Spurgeon was taken to the Scottch Church in this place, and to-day impressive services were held over the body. The ciurch was decorated with palm branches and a few floral wreaths. A large number of the relatives, friends and admirers of the deceased were present, and the church was not large enough for all those desirous of gaining admission. Telegrams ef condelence from the Prince of Wales and a message from the Prince of Wales and a message from the Prince of St. John were read. Upon the chapter of St. John were read. Upon the chapter of St. John were read. Upon the

conclusion of the services the coffin was conveyed to a hearse beautifully decorated with flowers and taken to the railway station for conveyance to London. The hearse was followed by a number of carriages containing the mourners, and by quite a number of persons on foot. ORIENTAL RUM AND QUININE

ALL LOST BUT ONE. ANTWERP, Feb. 4.—The French steamer St. Andre, from Havre, reports that when off Fecamp she collided with and sank the Danish brig Thor. All the crew of the Thor was drowned with the exception of a boy, who was picked up by the St. Andre.

ACCIDENT TO WILLIAM.

256 : Dundas : Street, : London. ACCIDENT TO WILLIAM.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The Emperor William met with a rather serious accident during a recent shooting excursion, which has been kept very quiet indeed. The Emperor while engaged in a wild boar hunt slipped and fell heavily on his right arm, which was so severely bruised and sprained that it had to be kept in a sling for two days, and his Majesty was advised to rest it even for a longer period. This accident might have had grave results for the Emperor's left arm is absolutely uscless.

FORTY DROWNED. Late Canadian News

FORTY DROWNED. Berlin, Feb. 4.—Thirty barges were torn from their moorings by drift ice at Breslau to-day. Several of the barges sank, and it is reported that 40 persons were drowned, including many women and children. The fate of the occupanty of the barges was the cause of many heartrending scenes.

FINANCIAL TROUBLE IN PARIS. PARIS, Feb. 4.—The afternoon papers sion Staney, Hastings, was burned wednesday. Loss \$3,000.

Notice of the appeal of the Manitoba School Act case—Barrett vs. City of Winnipeg—to the Privy Council, has been given to the Department of Justice. confirm rumors that have been in circulation here regarding financial troubles of a large banking house in this city. Two of the members of the firm were arrested last night, and subjected to a searching examination, which lasted throughout the night. The names of several houses are mentioned as being in trouble. Shares of the Bank of Paris have dropped 40 francs since Tuesday, and shares of the Credit Foncier fell 25 francs te-day.

Dispatches from the various European financial centers state that all the bourse

financial centers state that all the bourses were'depressed to-day in consequence of the reports in Paris relative to the trouble of some large financial house.

The Paris Temps says it hears that the arrested culprits will be released in order to protect a high political personage who is implicated in the financial troubles and to avoid a crisis which involves 6,250,000 francs.

francs.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—The Times' Paris correspondent says: "What originated the panic was the suspension of the negotiations of the Ottoman Bank with a Swiss banking syndicate for the creation of an eastern stocks trust."

MRS. OSBORNE AGAIN ARRESTED.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—Mrs. Osborne, who figured in the Hargreave jewelry theft case here, was to-day arrested in this city on her return from Gisors. Mrs. Osborne was taken to the Cloak Lane Police Station, and was these formally charged with oband was there formally charged with ob-taining money by false pretenses. She remains in custody, bail being inadmissable

remains in custody, bail being inadmissable in her case.

Capt. Oslorne says his wife is full of courage and will not flinch from or murmur at the punishment meted out to her. It is stated the defense will be that the prisoner was suffering from hysteria and mental weakness when she yielded to temptation and allowed the moment for confession to pass. Then she resolved to brave everything sooner than shatter the confidence which her husband and her friends reposed in her innocease.

THOUGHT SHE WAS THE QUEEN.

Living Half a Century in Poverty and Filth With a \$20,000 Eank Book in Her Room. NEW YORK, Feb. 5 .- Mrs. Anne Flynn, who for nearly half a century, according to the old residents, has lived in filth and ap St. Petersburg, Feb. 5.—A. T. Hubbenet, Privy Councilor and Minister of Ways and Communications, has been dismissed from his place in the Cabinet by the parent poverty in a cellar 5 Batavia street, became convinced three weeks ago that she was the Queen of England. She deciared was the Queen of England. She deciared that the other tenants of the house were trying to starve her, and she tried to set that the other tenants of the base strying to starve her, and she tried to set fire to her room. Anne's neighbors had put up with her eccentricities for many years, but they didn't want to be burned out, so they had her transferred to the insane asylum on Blackwell's Island, where she could find subjects who would recognize her as oneen. missed from his place in the Cabinet by the peremptory dictum of the Czar, Col. Wenderich, engaged under imperial direction in the inspection of Russian railways, found himself thwarted in his efforts to make a genuine inspection, and learned that the adverse influence came direct from the Ministry of Ways. Councilor of State Witte, director of the Department of Railways, showed a sincere desire to sustain Col Wenderich, but was himself obstructed, by his superior, Minister Hubbenet, who seemed desirous of shielding the corrupt and inefficient management of the railway lines.

asylind of macawer Island, where she could find subjects who would recognize her as queen.

Her neighbors were sure, from the way in which she lived, that she had no money. Her room, for which she reluctantly paid \$3 a month, was dirty, and almost without light. Occasionally, however, she would bring a beggar to her room and feed him, for with all her poverty she always had plenty to eat. Mrs. Flynn kept a stand for apples and tinware in Washington Market for many years, and when her husband died it was said that he left her a life insurance. It was not supposed that she had any money, however, until last week bank books showing deposits amounting to \$20,000 were found in her room. Her relatives will to-day make application to the Supreme Court for the appointment of a committee of her person and property, and Anne will be taken to a private asylum where she can reign as queen more comfortably than on Blackwell's laind. where she can reign as queen more comfortably than on Blackwell's Island.

The Eheep Breeders.

The Eheep Breeders.

Tononto, Feb. 4.—The Sheep Breeders' Association held its annual meeting today. Officers for the year were elected as follows: President, James Russell, Richmond Hill; vice-president, John Jackson, Abington; director for Shropshires, R. Gibson, Delaware; for Leicesters, John Kelly, Shakespeare; Cotswolds, J. C. Snell, Edmonton: Merinces, A. Smith, Fairfield; horned Dorsets, Hector, Springfield; Oxfords, Jus. Folton, Walkerton; Hampshires, J. Kelly, Shakespeare; Lincolns, W. Oliver, Avonbank; general, John I. Hobson, Mosboro; auditors, John S. Pierce, London, and R. Gibson, Delaware; secretary, F. W. Hodgson.

Avenged His Daughter's Wrongs.

Avenged His Daughter's Wrongs.

D. 9170.

WHOLE NO. 9169.

HAIR TONIC.

Cooling and invigorating to the scalp, pre-vents the hair from falling out, removes and prevents dandruif, imparting a delightful odor to the hair.

Prepared by

Cairneross & Lawrence

PERFUMERS, ETC.,

Death of Lord Mount - Stephen's

Mother.

An Extensive Mica Mine Discovered in

J. E. Wilson & Co., stove dealers, Hali-

ax, assigned Thursday. Liabilities placed

Mrs. Ballantyne's house, third concession Sidney, Hastings, was burned Wednes

given to the Department of Justice.

O. S. Weeks died on Thursday at Halifax, N. S. He was attorney-general of Nova Scotia for a few years and a member of the Provincial Legislature. He was a man of great ability.

Proceedings have been commenced to unseat H. H. Hollingshead, reeve of Dutton, on the ground of disqualification because at the time of his nomination he was security

the time of his nomination he was security

for the village treasurer.

The annual meeting of the Dominion Ayrshire Breeders' Association was held on Thursday at Teronto. The association herd book just issued contains 3,364 entries. Among the officers elected for the year are: President, Thomas Guy, Oshawa; vice-president, M. Ballantyne, St. Marys.

Therewish has been solved to Lord Marys.

president, M. Ballantyne, St. Marys.

The news has been cabled to Lord MountStephen to-day of the death of his mother,
Mrs. Espeth Smith, widow of the late Mr.
Wm. Stephen. Mrs. Stephen died of
pneumonia and paralysis, followed by
pleurisy. She was born in Morayshire,
Scotland, nearly 90 years ago.

Scotland, nearly 30 years ago.

Dr. D. B. Gordon, V.S., D.S., Ottawa, died last night from pneumonia.

A boy named Robert Kerr, aged 16 years, living with Wm. Farr, near Woodbridge, was fatally gored by Farr's bull Wednesday. Mr. Farr was away from home, and the boy took the bull from the stable to

water.

A Montreal telegram says: "The Dominion Line steamship Texas from Portland, Me., Jan. 24, with a shipment of 473 head of cattle arrived at Avoumouth Doct Thursday, Feb. 4, and landed her livestock in good condition, with the exception of six head."

John Ress Robertson, grand master of the Grand Lodge of Canada, A. F. and A. M., went last night to Ottawa to de-liver an address at Goodwood Lodge, Richmond, but owing to the lamented death of Wor. Master Manhart, the meeting was

DISMISSED IN DISGRACE.

The Czar of Russia Turns One of His

Witte sent his resignation to the Czar.

The latter had Witte summoned before him and asked him the ground for his

resignation. Witte thereupon told how he

had been hampered and the work of inspec-tion obstructed by Minister Hubbenet. The

tion obstructed by Minister Hubbenet. The Car closely questioned Witte as to facts and circumstances, and caused documentary and other evidence to be sent for and submitted. Two hours later came the order dismissing Hubbenet in disgrace. The Car sent for Col. Wennerich and said: "Do not mind how disagreeable they may make it for you. I am with you. Turn your back on them, and go ahead thoroughly with your work."

The radical action of the Czar has caused dismay in corrupt official circles.

Rowntree's Chocolate Creams,

Jordan Almonds (shelled),

ALL THIS SEASON'S GOODS.

E. B. SMITH,

125 Dundas Street and 9

Market Square.

Finest Table Raisins,

Soft Shelled Almonds.

Finest Layer Figs,

Grenoble Walnuts,

Filberts.

six head.

for the village treasurer.

POWDER

hoice iding (

DUNDA

then you want della lakes. Made fresh ITS PER POUND LAWRENCE

t, London, Ont. as' Prescriptions

m the door of the e on the east side, he lumber necessary Carried.

vacated the chair, by Mr. Davidson. Leigh seconded, and nimously the follow-vote of thanks to han during 1891, for in that position be han during 1891, for in that position be ressive of their sym-is present illness be stary of the Board, at 9:45 p.m.

HOEMAKERS.

VERTISER:

Business Under striction.

ies a Few Timely a Situation.

in the Free Press of hoes, the writer seems vages paid than shoed how the business it ake from \$10 to \$15 are is not a half dozen y making those wages hem don't average \$7 i. Talking about the n London this smart at all about it. He at all about it. He holesale shoe factories there are only two one the other is Stevens, the first named factory but pegged and rives r lines they but from the other factory nufacture all the work rester wages are not y on hands and turns, we names of the London thave gone to the k and have all got a nter M. Kelley, T. nor and C. O'Connor, s Friendship, F. Morindney, F. Sullivan, J. ton, James Harris, W. chapelle. All these have gone to Detroit, aces, and are earning ek. This is no cleer, straight facts, which all you.

A SHOPMARE holesale shoe factories

A SHOEMAKER. A PRISON.

Caused by the Over the Institution. Send us 50 policemen, the telephone message island by Superintend-Boston police depart-iorning at 7:30 o'cleek. f a hundred policemen the reformatory down

biggest riot ever seen ress. Three hundred ome the guard and took reformatery and were ig property when the the night before, when named Morrill tried to e guard house. There h with the intention of er. Morrill drew his ed, "Stand out!" Other officers not then the prisoners and went to their they passed the night t, shouting and dancing. I had their clubs with

had their clubs with irs failed to interfere. ter breakfast the prison-yard 300 strong. They a sheds and seized pick-ners and iron drills, all w into the harbor. They yuard house and nearly were breaking windows olice arrived. olice arrived.

O went quickly to their massed themselves to and with their pick.

nd ice picks made a carance. The police em with clubs drawn, utes there was a red hot utes there was a red hot ich nearly two score of has their heads laid open the hospital for repairs, icemen were, somewhat were seriously hurt, and been overpowered in tere being placed in their resisted and renewed the officers. The outbreak, kly quelied.

Phocolate Creams. Raisins, r Figs, onds (shelled). f Almonds.

SEASON'S GOODS

ulnuts.

SMITH,

as Street and 9 et Square.

RASON, CE FI T BLC WO OR se. App AT

YORK AS, COFF iid Japan did Black iid Hyson cor. Dund

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gardless six W Fine O Girl Overs all wir

ctions. tario.

Save