

yet the English relief and search expedition were detained by Kirk on an unhealthy island until, as Livingstone expressed it, "all their good intentions ceased out of their finger ends." Kirk meanwhile wrote to Livingstone of his great grief and indignation at the traveler's losses—the result of his own mismanagement; and yet, when Stanley had secured natives to help Livingstone, refused to have them sent or do anything for the traveler, because he said the negroes would only insult him.

All these indignities and cruelties from one who formerly had been a friend, and who had obtained his position through Livingstone's intercession, pressed severely on the man who had already borne so much; and when Kirk represented to the Foreign Office that Livingstone was "living like an Arab, and travelling aimlessly through Africa," the persecution was complete. Livingstone wrote: "I shall not go a begging, but, as soon as I get a new set of teeth, launch out into foreign parts to seek my fortune,—a nice reward for the discovery of the sources of the Nile, is not it?"

To add to the cruelties inflicted on Livingstone, his salary from the Foreign Office was stopped by a clerk named Murray, who had received an appointment while the slave trade was rife on the West Coast of Africa, but who when that trade had ceased, tried to save his own salary by cutting down others.

Had Dr. Livingstone's efforts been seconded by Dr. Kirk in the spirit which the British people who paid that miscreant for attending to his duties desired; had he been supplied properly with food, money and attendants; had it not been for the miserable vanity and envy of Dr. Kirk; who knows how rich a store of information might have been added to that which, under all his difficulties, the indomitable energy of Livingstone gave to the world? Who knows but he might be still engaged in clearing away the veil of mystery from the secrets of the African interior; still engaged in his great mission of usefulness and enlightenment?

**Guelph Evening Mercury**  
THURSDAY EVEN'G, JULY 16, 1874

#### Public Works in Manitoba.

We mentioned last week that Messrs. Morrison and Barclay of Guelph had been awarded the contract for building a Penitentiary in Manitoba. The contract was signed on Thursday last, and the contractors, we believe, leave town this week for that Province to make preparations for commencing work at the earliest possible moment. The dimensions of the building will be 168ft. x 45ft., the main building, with a wing extending in rear, 40ft. x 109ft., three stories high. The stone will be quarried near the site of the building, and the brick will also be made at the nearest point where clay can be found. The early commencement of this public work will be a great boon to the many mechanics and laborers in the Province, who have gone thither in the expectation of getting employment at good wages, and who have been disappointed; and it will enable many of them to get through the winter with some degree of comfort. We also learn from the *Ottawa Free Press* that the buildings for the accommodation of the Mounted Police, whose head-quarters are to be at Fort Pelly, are to be at once proceeded with, under the management of the Public Works Department, and a gentleman is about to proceed to that point to commence operations there. Fort Pelly is situated in a splendid agricultural country, about 400 miles west of Fort Garry, and is a point at which the Hudson Bay Company have raised large quantities of grain. It will probably form a leading base of operations on the Canada Pacific Railway, and will become the focus of a new Province in the North-West. A line of telegraph is to be at once constructed from Fort Garry to Fort Pelly. It is probable also that the contract for the construction of the bridge across Red River at Fort Garry will be given out at an early day.

#### The Sangster Case Again.

Dr. Sangster, in a letter to the *Mail* on Tuesday, tries to explain away the charges made against him of having garbled and misrepresented the opinion as to the divorce which was given by Mr. John Hillyard Cameron. He has to admit that he never obtained a divorce at all, but acted on the one his wife obtained against him, and yet throughout the whole discussion about his family affairs, he has led the public to believe that he was the injured person, and that it was on account of his wife's infidelity that he had sought for, and obtained, a divorce. If she was the offender how could she obtain a divorce against herself in consequence of her own offences? The idea is absurd, and Dr. Sangster in making this explanation has put his own case in a far worse light than it was before. The question now naturally arises, what was Dr. Sangster guilty of, that this wife should sue to be divorced from him? Some evidence must have been advanced, and it must have been held of some weight before even the lax courts of the United States would grant a divorce. Dr. Sangster, however, maintains a profound silence on this most important point, and the only conclusion the public can come to is that if his wife was guilty, he was equally so. No other inference can be drawn from the facts as given by himself.

Then Dr. Sangster puts himself in even a worse light in trying to explain how he garbled Mr. Cameron's opinion, than he did when he endeavored to represent that opinion as given on his own divorce, while it was on the one obtained by his wife. He states that he asked for a short

non-technical opinion—that the one given by Mr. Cameron was longer and more abstruse than he desired—that he called more than once on Mr. Cameron to get it condensed, but did not find him at home, and that he then condensed it himself, and gave its substance. This is a very disingenuous statement. Even supposing that the opinion was long, any one would have supposed that in a most important matter of this kind Dr. Sangster would have been very careful to give it in full, so as to prevent any charge of garbling being brought against him. But seeing the charge has been made, why has he not the honesty now to publish that opinion in full? Is he afraid of it seeing the light? It would appear so. We suppose it does not suit his object to give it in full, and having acted dishonestly with it in the first place, he now seeks to defend his course, and makes his case—which was bad before—ten times worse.

AFTER leaving Quebec on Tuesday next the Governor-General will proceed to Toronto. He will stay there one night, and then go by Lakes Simcoe and Muskoka to Parry Sound, from which place he will start for Lake Superior on the 25th or 26th. On his return journey he will visit several ports of Western Ontario. Particulars of this portion of his tour have not yet been arranged. In all probability, however, Sarnia, Lake St. Clair, Goderich and other places in that neighborhood will be honored with his presence.

MR. ST. THOMAS *Times* wants "honest" John Carling to run against Colin Macdougall in East Elgin. We fancy one defeat is enough for the "honest" man.

Business men in New Hamburg are agitating the opening of a bank agency in that place.

#### Meeting of Presbytery.

The Presbytery of Guelph met, according to appointment, in Chalmers' Church, Guelph, on the 14th of July. The following is a brief report of the proceedings. Mr. Wm. Milligan was chosen Moderator for the ensuing year, and took the chair accordingly. Committees were appointed to arrange for the preaching of missionary sermons, and the holding of a S. S. Conference in Galt. The Commissioners to the General Assembly present, reported their diligence in fulfilling the duty assigned them. Mr. MacKenzie was introduced as a candidate for the ministry, and a Committee appointed to confer with him, on whose report, at a subsequent stage, it was agreed to apply to the Assembly to have him enrolled as a first year's student in theology. Mr. Lloyd and Mr. McGregor applied to be received as Catechists, when the report of the Committee to whom their application was referred, was given in, and a motion was carried that they be commended to the special oversight of Messrs Bentley and Goodwillie, ministers, and Messrs. Lutz and Lee, ruling elders, till next meeting of presbytery. The list of vacancies, unoccupied congregations and mission stations was arranged for the year. Notice was read of Mr. McGuire's induction at Jarvis and Walpole, on the 12th May, and Mr. Anderson reported that he had in the usual form declared the pastoral charge of Glenallan and Elchivassan, as appointed by the Presbytery. Four students, Messrs S. W. Fisher, G. G. McRobbie, J. Campbell and R. Watt, were, by permission of the Assembly, taken on trials for license, and having gone through these to the satisfaction of the Presbytery, were duly licensed to preach the Gospel. The reference from the Kirk Session of Coteau, involving charges against Mr. Neil Currie, one of the probationers of the Church, was again taken up, and after long and careful deliberation, Mr. Currie agreed to retract in the fullest and most explicit manner all the statements made against Mr. Adam Long in his letter to Mr. Malcolm McEachern, said retraction to be in Mr. Currie's hand writing, and to be read to the congregation at Coteau; and the Presbytery recorded and conveyed its censure on Mr. Currie for the course he had pursued in this matter. It was resolved that the congregation of St. John's, Garrafrax, be requested to accede to the arrangement for the supply of Waldemar by Mr. Milligan in the meantime. Mr. Reeve, at his own request, was heard by the Presbytery, and craved permission to lay upon the table his resignation of Rockwood and Eden Mills on the ground of declining health. The Presbytery approved of the remit of the General Assembly on extending the representation of the Church in the Supreme Court so as to embrace all the Ministers and Elders on the Roll of the various Presbyteries as the time of meeting next year. Sessions and Congregations were enjoined to have their returns to the roll on Union in, at next ordinary meeting. The Committee appointed to examine the plans of the church to be erected at North Luther declared themselves satisfied with the same. Mr. McKay reported that he had moderated in a call at West Puslinch which had had come out in favour of Mr. A. G. Forbes of Kinross and Berrie. The call, signed by seventy-nine members and one hundred and seventeen adherents, with reasons of translation, and both papers were laid on the table, and the clerk was instructed to take the steps usual in such cases. The Clerk reported the amount of supply for the quarter and the distribution he had made of the same, which was approved. A resolution was made by Mr. Doerner in behalf of several members belonging to the German Reformed Church, Preston, to be taken under the care of the Presbytery. A committee was appointed to visit the place, make all necessary inquiries, and report at next meeting, which was appointed to be held in Knox Church, Elora, on the second Tuesday of October, at nine o'clock, forenoon.

#### BIRTHS.

DORAN—In Guelph, on the 13th inst., the wife of Mr. M. J. Doran, of a son.  
CROWE—In Guelph, on the 15th inst., the wife of Mr. John Crowe, Iron Founder, of a daughter.

#### PIC-NIC.

**THE ANNUAL PIC-NIC**  
OF THE  
**Guelph Wesleyan Methodist**  
**Sabbath School**

Will be held on the Grounds of H. W. PETERSON, Esq.,

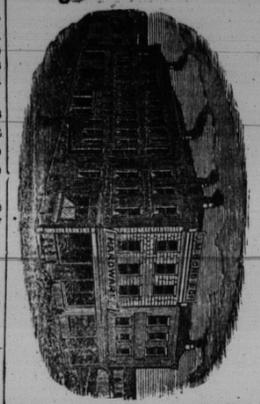
On Thursday, 23rd Inst.

Tickets, adults 25c; Children under 12 years of age, 15c; to be had at the gate.  
A. O. BUCHAM, Secy.

**JUST RECEIVED,**  
**Picnic or Lunch Baskets**  
**Cherry Stoners,**  
**Preserving Kettles,**  
**Clothes Wringers,**  
**Ice Cream Freezers,**  
**Refrigerators,**  
**Ice Picks,**  
**Ice Tongs,**  
**Baths,**  
**Bird Cages,**  
**Floor Oil Cloths**

**MATS, &C.**  
**JOHN HORSMAN'S,**  
**HARDWARE MERCHANT,**  
**GUELPH.**

**Bargains & Hardware**



**John M. Bond & Co.**  
Hardware Importers,  
**Wyndham street, Guelph.**

**IMPROVED FARMS AND WILD LANDS**  
**FOR SALE**

107½ acres, three miles from the Town of Guelph on the leading road to Berlin. The land is of an excellent quality; 60 acres under crop; 47 acres covered with valuable timber, log houses and out buildings, a small orchard, and good water. Immediate possession will be given if the crops are also purchased.  
200 acres in the Paisley Block, five miles from Guelph, on a good road, 155 acres cleared, fenced, and under cultivation, well watered by creek and springs, buildings log. Four acres of an orchard of choice fruit bearing trees, and ten acres of standing hardwood timber.  
200 acres in the Township of Puslinch, seven miles from Guelph, and one mile from Aberfoyle, viz: Lot 22, in the 9th con. The land is of a good quality, 130 acres under crop. The buildings are all of the very best quality, a good orchard and eighty acres of valuable bush.  
5th.—50 acres, two miles from the town of Guelph. Excellent land in a high state of cultivation. Good stone house with 3 rooms, large frame barn and out buildings, good orchard and three acres of timber for fire wood.  
6th.—175 acres, 3½ miles from Guelph, cleared, well fenced and in a high state of cultivation. A large stone house and two barns and out buildings complete, are on ten acres of uncut bush, an excellent orchard, and a never failing spring near the house. This is in every respect a desirable property.  
7th.—100 acres just outside of the Corporation of Guelph, excellent land, well fenced and in good condition. A large stone house, well finished, frame barn, good orchard. A good supply of water, and 10 acres of standing bush.

**\$20,000** Now waiting investment on terms more favourable than hitherto offered. For further particulars, apply to  
**THOMPSON & JACKSON,**  
Estate Agents, Guelph, Ont.  
Guelph, May 22, 1874.

**KENNEDY'S**  
**Marble Works,**  
Opposite side from Mills & Goodfellow's Foundry, and  
**Near Eramosa Bridge,**  
**Guelph.**

**ALL KINDS OF**  
**MONUMENTS!**  
Tomb Stones, Mantel Pieces, &c., made to any size or design, and put up in any part of the country.  
Scotch Granite Monuments imported to order.  
P. S.—A. Kennedy is a practical marble cutter.

#### BLANKETS.

**3,400 PAIRS**  
**White, Fawns, Scarlet, Gentianella,**  
With splendid assortment of  
**Lumbering Blankets.**

**JOHN MACDONALD & Co.,**  
**TORONTO**

**COMPETENT PERSON WANTED.**  
For the Agricultural School at Guelph, to act as Rector, whose duty it shall be to take charge of the boarding house and its inmates when they are not engaged in their field and class-room duties. He is to preside in the hall, to keep the books, to act as treasurer of the Institution, and under the instructions of the Principal, he is to make purchases and sales, and conduct the necessary correspondence. He is to officiate at morning and evening prayers, and must be a man of reliable character, business capacity, kindly yet firm disposition, and unmarried. Salary \$1000 with board. He will be required to enter upon his duties immediately upon being appointed. Applications, with testimonials, are to be addressed to the undersigned. ARCHIBALD MCKENZIE, Commissioner of Agriculture, July 14th, 1874.

**MONTHLY CATTLE FAIRS.**  
HARRISTON—Friday before the Guelph Fair  
BOSWORTH—Saturday before Guelph  
ELORA—The day before Guelph  
DOUGLAS—Monday before Elora Fair  
GUELPH—First Wednesday in each month  
CLAYTON—Thursday before the Guelph Fair  
TEVOTDALE—Friday before the Guelph Fair  
NEW HAMBURG—First Tuesday in each month  
BERLIN—First Thursday in each month  
ELMIRA—Second Monday in each month  
WATERLOO—Second Tuesday in each month  
MOUNT FOREST—Third Wednesday in each month  
HANOVER—Monday before Durham  
DURHAM—Tuesday before Mount Forest  
PEBORG—Thursday following Mount Forest  
ORANBYVILLE—Second Thursday in January, March, May, July, September and November.  
MONO MILLS—Third Wednesday in January, April, July and October.  
ERIN—First Monday in January, April, July and October.  
MANSFIELD—First Tuesday in February, May, August and November.  
BRAMPTON—First Thursday in each month.  
LITTON—First Friday in each month.  
HILLSBURG—Second Tuesday in January, March, May, July, September and Nov.  
MOORESBURG—Monday before Guelph  
HAMILTON—Crystal Palace Grounds, the day after Guelph.



**20 cents**

On the Dollar Saved at  
**Day's Bookstore.**

We commence Stock-taking Aug. 1st. Until then **20 cents on the Dollar** will be allowed on all sales of Wall Paper at Day's Bookstore.

Now is the time to buy.

#### Another case of Ryan

**Dead Balls just received**  
at **Anderson's bookstore.**

**Sole agent for the Dominion.**

1874 — 1874

**BASE BALLS**  
The Largest and Cheapest Assortment  
**AT J. HUNTER'S**  
**EMPORIUM**

Of Wall Paper, School Books, Jewellery, Wools, Toys, and

**Fancy Goods!**

Dead White - \$1.25, worth \$2.00  
Bouncing Rock - 1.15, " 1.75  
Atlantic - 1.15, " 1.75  
Cock of the Walk - 1.15, " 1.75  
Dauntless - 1.15, " 1.75  
Dominion Regulation - 75, " 1.25  
Star - 75, " 1.25  
Practice - 65, " 1.00  
Junior - 50, " 0.75  
Boys, from - 12 cents.

**LACROSSE AND RUBBER BALLS**  
Of all kinds cheaper than ever.

Full lines of Fancy Goods, Wools, Jewellery and Toys.  
Hair Goods, Combs and Small Wares  
**AT J. HUNTER'S**  
Berlin Wool, Fancy Goods and Toy Store  
Wyndham Street Guelph.

**FRUIT,**

**FRUIT, FRUIT!**

**Strawberries,**  
**Cherries,**  
**Currants,**  
**Gooseberries,**  
**Tomatoes,**  
**Green Peas,**  
**Beans,**  
**Pine Apples, Bananas;**

—ALSO—

**20,000 Cigars for Sale**

To the Trade at City prices at  
**R. EVANS'**

**Cheap Fruit Store,**  
**WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH,**

Next to Jackson & Hallett's.  
June 23rd, 1874.

**AMERICAN**

**HOTEL CAR.**

The subscriber begs to intimate to the public that his new cab attends all trains at Stations, and will convey passengers to any part of the town.  
Pleasure or other parties hiring the Cab by the hour can have it at very reasonable terms by applying at the hotel.  
THOMAS ELLIS,  
Proprietor.  
Guelph, July 2, 1874.

#### New Advertisements.

**Co-Operative Store.**

**REDUCED PRICES OF SUMMER GOODS**

**LINEN COATS, \$1,** REDUCED FROM \$1.25 and \$1.50  
**STRAW HATS 50c** " 65c, 80c and \$1  
**FELT HATS, 75c** " \$1 25, 1 75 and 2 25  
**TWEEDS, 75c,** " 87c, and \$1  
**PRINTS, 12c,** " 14c, 15c and 16c  
**BROWN HOLLANDS, 20c** " 25c per yard

WILL SELL THE HOLLANDS BY THE PIECE FOR 18½c.

**SUGAR, SUGAR, SUGAR!**

Come and get samples and quotations.  
**J. C. MACKLIN & Co.**  
GUELPH, July 16, 1874.

**CHEAP GOODS,**

**CHEAP GOODS,**  
ALL THIS MONTH

AT THE

**FASHIONABLE WEST END**

CHEAP DRESS GOODS,  
CHEAP MANTLES,  
CHEAP SHAWLS,  
CHEAP MILLINERY,  
CHEAP PARASOLS,  
CHEAP PRINTS,  
CHEAP MUSLINS,  
CHEAP LAWN,  
CHEAP DRESS LINENS

**A. O. BUCHAM,**  
Fashionable West End Dress, Mantle, and Millinery Establishment.

**REMOVAL OF PREMISES**

**WM. TAWSE & SON**

Be glad to intimate to the inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding country that they have leased the store lately occupied by Messrs. E. O'Donnell & Co.,  
**East side of Wyndham Street,**  
Which they will open with an entire new stock of Boots and Shoes on or about Saturday July 16th, 1874.

ALSO, THAT PREVIOUS TO THEIR REMOVAL THEY WILL HAVE A

**Great Cash Clearing Sale for Four Weeks,**

During which time the entire stock of Boots and Shoes in the store now occupied by them (opposite the Town Hall) will be cleared out regardless of cost  
In tending Purchasers will consult their own interests by calling and examining our Goods and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.  
Remember the House,

**The Dominion Boot and Shoe Store, opposite the**  
**Town Hall.**

Guelph, July 10th, 1874. **WM. TAWSE & SON.**

**On Draught and in Bottle.**

**BARCLAY & PERKINS'**

**IMPERIAL**

**LONDON STOUT**

**HUGH WALKER.**

Guelph June 23, 1874  
Wyndham-st., Guelph.

**To the Inhabitants of the Town**  
**of Guelph and surrounding country.**

**JOHN HOGG'S**

**NEW STORES**

Will be Opened for Business by the 1st  
of September, 1874,

**WITH THE**

**Newest Goods that the Fashions of the day present**

And the community may look forward with great joy at the prospects of once more getting

**GOOD GOODS, CHEAP GOODS,**

And the best value in the Dominion from

**JOHN HOGG,**  
Guelph, July 2, 1874.