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TO-DAY'S Messages.

10.00 A.M.

THE NEW HOME SECRETARY. LONDON, To-day. Herbert Samuel, Postmaster General, has been appointed Home Secretary, succeeding Sir John A. Simon, who resigned.

BOMBED SOFIA. LONDON, To-day. A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Saloniki, says a flotilla of French aeroplanes dropped bombs on Sofia, causing damage and indescribable panic among the inhabitants of the Bulgarian capital.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY. LONDON, To-day. A British official last night says there was artillery activity yesterday near Fauquissart in Bois Grenier at St. Eiland about Ypres. Aircraft dropped bombs near Strazeele, Hazebrouck and Stomer. One woman and one child killed.

RECRUITING IN IRELAND. LONDON, To-day. The exclusion of Ireland from Compulsory Service led to a request for the numbers of men available for military service or those actually recruited in that country. This information was communicated in Commons to-day. Men between 19 and 41 available for military service in the four Provinces of Ireland on August 15th last were approximately as follows: Leinster, 174,597; Ulster, 169,483; Munster, 136,637; Connaught, 83,392. Up to Dec. 15 returns show the enlistments approximately were: Leinster, 27,485; Ulster, 40,760; Munster, 14,190; Connaught, 4,689.

ECONOMIC PRESSURE TELLING. LONDON, To-day. Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, under tremendous applause from the Commons last night by a speech in which he declared the Entente Allies must take steps to see that Germany is unable to carry on a trade war against them after peace is signed. There are signs, he said, that at least Germany is beginning to feel the economic pressure of the blockade. Her supplies are becoming depleted, while ours are increasing, al-

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though our exports have fallen and our imports risen. There is no doubt we bear the strain far better than the Central Powers. Bread riots in Berlin and nearly every other big German city do not occur without good reasons. We have not been deprived of many necessities of warfare and possibly some of the necessities of life; their stock of war materials is giving out and the economic pressure—possibly better than any other means—will ultimately persuade Germany of the fruitlessness of continuing the struggle. We can stand the strain longer than Germany, continued Runciman, if we husband our resources. The disaster that will fall upon her will be almost irreparable. We must make it clear, however, that when peace comes we will not permit the outbreak of an economic war which Germany would wage against ourselves and our Allies. Discussing the suggestion of free trade within the British Empire, Runciman remarked the Dominions of Great Britain were not likely to alter their methods or their attitude towards Mother Country. The Colonies were determined to raise revenue and foster their industries. He was afraid the idea of free trade must be dismissed. I feel the same way about the proposed Zollverein to include all the Allies, but if such an arrangement is essential to end the war successfully, we shall have it, for there is no arrangement that the Allies are not prepared to make to that end. He declared the British Empire would recuperate after the war faster than any other country. Then it will be our duty, he added, to aid as far as we can France, Russia, Italy and our other Allies. I would even add Germany at the bottom of the list, for no man would wish to see a period of prolonged poverty in Germany, but we have a right to demand that her recuperation of Germany nothing be done which will make Italy, France, Russia or Britain suffer. Moreover, I am not prepared to wait to take steps to deal with this matter. It has been all along with the policy of the British

Board of Trade to capture the German trade, while war is still on. In the case of South America, however, the war began developed trade which I hope will continue long after the cessation of hostilities. British traders despite the handicap of war have worked wonders in trade developments. We have completely broken down the German monopolies in optical glass, dyes, electrical apparatus, certain chemicals. These monopolies will not again be regained. The policy of the Board of Trade is that there shall be no essential article either for arts, peace or war, that we cannot produce either in Britain or within the Empire. I fully appreciate that one of the first necessities is the improvement of our research methods and technical education in the rising generation. There is also a need for putting patents and copyrights on a different basis. The Board of Trade is looking ahead. We must ask for the co-operation of the Dominions. We must see to it that the control of materials of the Empire passes entirely from German hands. We must keep control of the world's coal. We must secure the control of our ships. While the war is on we must do everything in our power to destroy German trade.

Obituary.

MRS. R. D. McRAE. With regret we record the passing of Mrs. McRae, widow of the late Frederick D. McRae, whose death occurred at her late residence, Harbor Grace, yesterday afternoon. Deceased had reached her 70th year, and had been ailing for some time past. To the sorrowing relatives and friends the Telegram extends sincere sympathy.

The World's Wheat Situation.

The following extract from an article dated London, England, November 23rd, addressed to the Northwestern Miller, is of interest: "Any material reduction in prices can hardly occur until there is a modification in the rates of ocean transport. It remains to be seen what the Government can accomplish by means of the freight committee which have been appointed, but in the meantime the position is somewhat uncertain, except as regards Australia, where, as was announced some weeks ago, contracts have been made to carry the crop from Australian ports to Great Britain. "In this connection it is stated that the rate arranged represented about 1/2d. per lb., which seems reasonable for a voyage of 11,000 to 13,000 miles. The ocean transport rates in other directions will of course be subject to the control of the freight committee, which will in turn be subject to the conditions prevailing in respect of the supply of tonnage. "Reports as to the intentions of the Australian Commonwealth with regard to marketing the wheat crop has had considerable influence upon market opinion. It was at first intimated that the whole exportable surplus would be handled on the account of the Commonwealth, and that shipments to Europe would be duly controlled according to the possibilities of the supply of freight tonnage. "Subsequently, further information came to hand that the wheat was to be paid for in two instalments, the farmer to receive on delivery 24s. per qr., the balance of the price obtained to be handed to him at the close of the season. This was taken to indicate that the wheat would be sold at auction on its arrival here, and this method did not, of course, commend itself to the market. "Reports from Australia continue good, and harvest is drawing near, farmers are exercised as to the procedure of the Government with regard to the marketing of the wheat."

Germany Under War Conditions.

(News notes compiled from latest available German newspapers by the New York Evening Post.) The Friedenawarte criticises the statement in the Allies have occupied only a small area of German and Austrian territory, the Germans have occupied enormous tracts of Belgium, France and Russia. The peace journal ridicules the pride in the number of prisoners captured, and the number of cannon and machine guns taken. It marks that in this summary of the results of a year's fighting no mention is made of the cost to Germany of Germany's terrible toll of blood and treasure, and it is more notable still, that although Germans are regaled with these "monstrous successes," no mention is made of a time when the final victory may be expected. The Chief Bürgermeister of Berlin, Herr Wernuth, was guilty of the same suggestive fall when he boasted lately that the number of unemployed in the capital had sunk from 15,000 in July, 1914, to 3,354, and that the night asylums now shelter only one-tenth of the normal number of refugees. Are these high officials juggling with the statistics in order to prove that Germany is passing through an unexampled period of prosperity?

A Great All-Feature Programme at THE NICKEL To-Day!

THE VITAGRAPH COMPANY PRESENTS "THE GODDESS," SIXTH EPISODE OF THE SERIAL SENT ANITA STEWART IN "THE FLOATING DEATH"—Enid Markey and Richard C. Stanton in a powerful two-part social drama. "THE PATHE GUY" present Ruth Roland. "When Justice Sleeps." Third instalment of the Great "WHO and Henry King in "THE NICKEL—SHOWING ONLY THE ABSOLUTE BEST OF THE ENTIRE MOTION PICTURE INDUSTRY. WEDNESDAY—PEARL WHITE AND ARNOLD DALY IN "THE EXPLOITS OF ELAINE."

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Death of Mrs. McRae at Harbor Grace.

Special Evening Telegram. H.R. GRACE, To-day. Mrs. R. D. McRae passed away peacefully, yesterday afternoon, at four o'clock. Her funeral will take place on Wednesday afternoon.

Acknowledgment.

The Rev. Mother Superior, St. Michael's Convent, Belvedere, wishes to express cordial thanks to the following for their generous donations:—His Excellency, the Governor, \$20. Hon. G. Knowling, \$12. Messrs Halley & Haw, \$10. Very Rev. J. J. McGrath, P.P., Bell Island, \$10.20. A few friends of Presco's Orphanage, Messrs. E. K. Devine and J. P. Grace, \$10. J. J. Tobin, Esq., \$10. W. King, \$8.00 each—Hon. Robert Watson, Hon. P. T. McGrath, Judge Emerson, Rt. Rev. Mgr. Veitch, Rev. C. McCarty, T. J. Edgars, P. J. Morris, J. J. Norris (Three Arms), M. & E. Kennedy, N. Murphy (Undertaker), A. O'Hilly, M. Myrick, B. Ryall, M. Morey, A. Friend, Mrs. W. E. Power, Mrs. Clouston, \$8.00; Mrs. T. Coady, \$2.00; Mrs. J. Coady, \$2; Mrs. Mogue Power, \$2.00; Mrs. W. E. Brophy, \$2.00; Sir W. D. Reid, 130 lbs. beef; the Government four qrs. beef; Rt. Hon. Sir E. M. St. John, 10 lbs. ham; Sullivan, pair of turkeys and brl. apples. Quarter Beef each—Hon. J. D. Ryan, Hon. J. Harris, Messrs. J. Meila, J. Henderson, T. and J. Fitzgibbon, M. O'Regan, Miss Agnes Walsh, quarter beef and box prunes; M. Connors, "New Mrs. J. Holden, Topsyall Road, three fowl; Mr. T. Smith, jr., turkey; tub of sweets, Ayre & Sons and Steer Bros.; brl. apples, Messrs. J. Howley, M. O'Regan, P. J. Morris (Beaconsfield), George Neal, H. Brownrigg, M. J. O'Brien, "The Royal Stores"; brl. butter, Messrs. J. O'Brien, "The O'Brien Estate" and Messrs. Coady and Murphy; brl. No. 1 biscuit, Messrs. C. P. Eagan W. O'D. Kelly, G. Browning; box of "Three Arms" soap, "The O'Brien Candy Store"; box soap, Standard Milk Co.; box fancy biscuits, Miss Mary Kennedy, Mrs. W. Jackman, Messrs. Murphy, "The O'Brien Estate", Duffy, J. Pidgeon, Capt. English, Geo. O'Reilly, P. Maher; 1 doz. brooms, Hooke & Co.; 10 doz. Bona, Mrs. O'Shea, Mrs. J. Holden, Mrs. J. Murphy, Mrs. L. Slattery, Mrs. Summers, Miss K. Duff, Mrs. J. V. O'Dea, Mrs. Shortall (Beaconsfield), Mrs. McGrath, Mrs. Drayton, Mr. Savin, Mrs. Hutton, Mrs. T. Kavanagh, Mrs. J. Parker, Miss K. Ring, Mrs. P. Hanley, Mrs. Kitchin, Mrs. O'Leary, Mrs. W. Howlett, Mrs. Sinnott (Lime Street); Mrs. Buckley, Mrs. D. Barron, Mrs. P. Fortune, Mrs. Halley, Mrs. Kennedy (Fitzgibbon Street); Misses Baron (Patrick Street); Mrs. J. Howley (Military Road); Mrs. J. Mulcahey, Mrs. W. Broderick, Mrs. Capt. Martin, Mrs. A. Mitchell, Mrs. Hackett.

SOMETHING TO READ

- Loneliness—Rev. R. H. Benson, 65c. and 90c. Good Old Anna—Mrs. Belloc Lownes, 90c. The One Girl in the World—Chas. Garvice, 65c. and 90c. The Dust of Life—Joseph Hocking, 65c. and 90c. My Year of the Great War—Frederick Palmer, \$1.50. Gossamer—George A. Birmingham, 65c. and 90c. Scotland Yard, Its Men and Its Methods—George Dilnot, 30c. The Lone Adventurer—Hallwell Sutcliffe, 30c. The Kangaroo Marines—R. W. Campbell, 30c. Wee MacGregor Enlists—J. J. Bell, 30c. Initiation—Rev. R. H. Benson, 90c. The Coward—Rev. R. H. Benson, 90c. Oddfish—Rev. R. H. Benson, 90c. The Little Girls' Knitting & Crochet Book—Edited by Flora Kilkman, 35c. The Daily Mail Year Book for 1916, 17c. The Daily Telegraph War Map of the Dardanelles; Sea of Marmora and Turkey, 30c. Latest Quarterly Division of Spare The Queen Xmas No. with pres. plate, 35c. The Sketch Xmas No., 35c. The Big Double Xmas Nos. of the Strand, Windsor and Pearson's Magazines just to hand.

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A Manly French-Canadian Avowal.

(From the Toronto Globe.) Those who know Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux will feel no surprise at his recent reply to La Croix, a weekly French newspaper of Quebec. Mr. Lemieux, at a meeting held in St. James' Methodist Church, when the Australian Cadets were in Montreal, said he "would like to see all the churches, both Catholic and Protestant, open their doors that they may become recruiting tents." For this La Croix took him sharply to task, and its rebuke elicited from Mr. Lemieux a frank avowal that he had used the language above quoted, and which he had no intention to retract. Asserting that this is no time for "blottering and quarrels," he went on to say: "We have reached the acute stage of the war, and there can only be one issue, the victory of the Allies. Our united efforts, English-speaking and French-speaking Canadians, Catholics and Protestants, must be bent in that direction. We have no less than four new French-Canadian regiments in process of formation, and their ranks are being rapidly filled by the young men of French Canada. In fact, I have accepted the chairmanship of the so-called Asselin regiment effort, and the article is most unfortunate, because amongst the ignorant who read it these views may be regarded as the official sentiment of the Church authorities." Mr. Lemieux was well within the truth when he said the "traditional policy of the Roman Catholic Church has been one of loyalty to the Crown and the institutions of Great Britain." A dozen years after the Treaty of Paris, 1763, which made French Canada British, the French Catholic clergy used their influence to induce the "habitants" to reject the offers held out by Benjamin Franklin and other delegates of the revolting British colonists to induce them to join in the Revolution. In the war of 1812-15 they threw their whole influence strongly on the same side, and the mass of the people did the same thing. And it is satisfactory to learn that, in the absence of Cardinal Begin, his official representative has issued a pastoral letter asking the clergy of the diocese to explain from their pulpits what recruiting means, and to encourage the movement in every possible way. One effective way would be to use the churches as Mr. Lemieux suggested.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES GARTLET IN COYS.

British Industries Fair.

In view of the great success of the British Industries Fair, held at the Agricultural Hall, London, England, from May 10th to 21st, 1914, the Imperial Board of Trade has decided to hold the second British Industries Fair at the Victoria and Albert Museum, Kensington, London, on February 21st, 1916. The Fair will be open for 12 days.

The Fair will be conducted on the same lines as that of 1915, and is intended to extend to British manufacturers the same advantages as have been derived by Continental Manufacturers from the Trade Fairs held in their respective countries. Buyers from the United Kingdom and from all parts of the world are invited to the Fair, and as it is intended for the Trade only (the general public not being admitted), buyers will have an exceptional opportunity of transacting their business in a minimum of time. Manufacturers only will be allowed to exhibit, and their exhibits will be strictly confined to goods of their own make. The Trades exhibiting will be: Toys, Glassware, Fancy Goods, Earthenware and China, Printing, Stationery. Admission to the Fair will be by invitation of His Majesty's Board of Trade only, and will be restricted to bona fide buyers for United Kingdom and Overseas Markets. Buyers from the Dominion of Canada visiting the United Kingdom during the course of the Fair, i.e., February 21st to March 4th, and interested in the above-mentioned trades, should not fail to communicate immediately on arrival in the United Kingdom with The Director, British Industries Fair, 32 Sheepwalk, London, E.C. It will also be to their advantage to notify this office, 3 Beaver Hall Square, Montreal, giving particulars of the firms they represent, and their addresses in the United Kingdom.

Any information may be obtained from C. R. Woods, Assistant to H. M. Trade Commissioner in Canada and Newfoundland.

DIED.

On New Year's Day, on board the S. S. Bellaventure, John Connolly, formerly of the Battery, leaving a wife, father, mother, one sister, one brother and three step-sisters to mourn their sad loss. Montreal papers please copy. This morning, at 2 o'clock, Miss Alice Nolan, native of Carbonear; funeral takes place to train on Thursday morning, at 8 o'clock, from the residence of Capt. Edward Murphy, 169 Pleasant Street, Interment at Carbonear on arrival of train. This morning, at 8.30, after a long illness, Mrs. Mary Ann Cahill, aged 60 years, mother of Sgt. John Robinson, 1st Nfld. Regiment, and daughter of the late Thomas Gardner, of Reenews; funeral on Thursday, at 2.30 p.m., from her son's residence, No. 3 Cumming's Street.



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