FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25.

EUROPEAN HARVESTS.

At the Vienna industrial grain fair, held on the 26th of August, a paper on the result of the harvest of 1878 was read, which, considering the high authority attaching to these reports, must be regarded as the best statement yet made public on the subject. We present the following summary of the substance of the report:—

The result of the harvest for Austria and Hungary must be called very good indeed. The harvest would have ranked in the first class had it not been for the continued rains during the reaping months, which not only retarded the harvest for several weeks but also spoiled the quality, as the corn could not be brought in from the fields for some time after it had been cut. Still, the wheat harvest in Hungary amounted to two million hectoliters, and in Austria to three-fourths of a million hectoliters over a good average, after 10.15 per cent. and in some parts 25 per cent. have been deducted on account of the quantity blighted. The quantity of wheat and flour ready for export from the monarchy is valued at 12,000,000 or 13,000,000 cwt.; that of rye, 2,125,000 cwt. (rye had but a medium harvest); that of barley, 4,000,000 to 5,000,000 cwt.; and oats, 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 cwt. Turkish corn promises well, but as regards potatoes, complaints are heard from almost all sides. Prussia is expected to have a good average harvest. In Hanover the wheat has been reaped in some parts only, and in inferior quality; rye is damp, and in some parts it has even shot into leaf. In the Rhenish Provinces the same must be said of rye, while wheat is first rate. In Prussian Silesia rye is good, but wheat is for the most part blighted, as indeed is the case all over Prussia. Barley has yielded 10 per cent. above the average result, and rape seed oil from 10 to 20 per cent. above the average. The kingdom of Saxony has had a good average harvest, the quality of which, however, has also suffered from the rain. The Bavarian harvest has been very good, and it will be able to export wheat, rye, and barley. This latter fact will be some disadvantage to Hungary, as Bavaria lies nearer to the countries requiring corn, especially Switzerland, and will, therefore, dispose of its stock more easily. In Baden and Wurtemburg a "good middling" harvest has been reaped. In Switzerland it has been 10 to 20 per cent. below the average. The harvest of Scandinavia, as well as that of Russian and German provinces along the coast of the Baltic Sea, has been a fairly good one, but the corn has suffered in quality from the damp weather. The same must be said of Russian Poland, of Roumania, and Central Asia. Southern Russia, however, has fared much worse. The harvest of Italy has been very good in regard to quantity, but in quality it has suffered from the damp. Belgium is expecting a medium harvest, and Holland a good one, for all descriptions, with the except on of rye, which is very inferior. France has had but a poor harvest, and the result, as regards wheat, is calculated at 20 per cent. under the average. As there is but little corn in store in France, we may expect that it will import large quantities. Great Britain and Ireland calculate upon a good average harvest; and wheat there, as you well know, is expected to yield a better result than last year. The harvest of Egypt is supposed to be far below that of last year, both in quantity and quality. The United States harvest is reported to be good, both for quantity and quality. The quantity of wheat is greater than it has ever been before, because the area sown with wheat has been extended. Last year's wheat harvest in the United States gave 330,000,000 bushels, this year's gives 350,000,000. The export in the year 1874-75 amounted to 76,000,000 bushels; in 1875-76, 72,000,000; 1876-77, 75,000,000; 1877-78, 100,000,000 of flour and wheat. The harvest of Turkish corn amounted to 1,250 bushels this year, against 1,280 bushels last year, but the quality is very good. The export of Turkish corn in 1874-75 amounted to 20,000,000 bushels; 1875-75, to 52,000,000; 1876-77, to 73,000,000; 1877-78, to 80,000,000 bushels.

The following is the official report of the Toronto Stock Exchange, Sept. 25th, 1878:—

Banks.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Trans.
Montreal	173	172	.....
Toronto	141	138½	.....
Ontario	85	84½	.....
Merchants'	....	98	.....
Commerce	115	114½	.....
Consolidated	76	75	.....
Dominion	118	.....	.....
Hamilton	....	90½	.....
Standard	82	80	.....
Federal	....	105	.....
Imperial	105	104	.....
Molson's	....	....	.....
Loan and Savings Cos.			
Canada Permanent	....	186½	.....
Freehold	....	150½	.....
Western Canada	....	195	.....
Union	141	140	.....
Canada Landed Credit	138½	138	.....
Building and Loan	120½	120	.....
Imperial	....	113	.....
Farmers'	....	114½	.....
London & C. L. & A. Co.	....	144	.....
Huron and Erie	....	187½	.....
Dominion Savings and Investment Society	126	125½	.....
Ont. Sav. and Inv. Society	136	107	.....
London Loan Company	....	114½	.....
Hamilton Prov. and Lon.	....	104	.....
National Inv. Co. of Canada	....	106	.....
Anglo-Can. Mortgage Co.	....	....	.....
Insurance, &c.			
British America	112	110½	.....
Western	152	150	.....
Isolated Risk	96	....	.....
Canada Life	....	196	.....
Confederation Life	....	126½	.....
Consumers' Gas	....	141½	.....
Dominion Telegraph	82	80	.....
Globe Printing Co.	137½	135	.....
Railways.			
Toronto, G. & B. Stock	....	....	.....
"6 p.c. 5 yrs. stg. Bonds	....	....	.....
"6 N. S p.c. 5 yrs. Bonds	....	....	.....
Debentures, &c.			
Dom. Gov. stock, 6 p.c.	....	101½	.....
Dom. Gov. stock, 5 p.c.	....	....	.....
County (Ont.) 20 yr. 6 p.c.	102	101	.....
Tn'p (Ont.) 20 yr. 6 p.c.	....	98	.....
City Toronto 20 yr. 6 p.c.	....	99½	.....

English Markets

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25.

London—Floating cargoes—wheat, at opening; American is neglected, whilst there is a good demand for other sorts; the export demand for France is slackening. Corn, steady; cargoes on passage and for shipment—wheat at opening, about 6d; per qr. cheaper; corn, slow Mark Lane—Wheat, at opening, rather easier; corn, rather easier. Arrivals off the coast, for order—wheat, moderate; corn, moderate; imports of wheat into the United Kingdom during the past week—wheat, 200,000 to 205,000 qrs; corn, 165,000 to 170,000 qrs; flour, 55,000 to 60,000 bbls. Liverpool—Wheat, on the spot, at opening, quiet; corn, rather easier; American western mixed corn, per quarter of 480 lbs, 22s 9d.; Canadian peas, per quarter of 504 lbs, 34s.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF TORONTO WHOLESALE MARKETS

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25.

PRODUCE.

There has been a slightly improved feeling in the market since our last; but scanty supplies have kept business inactive, and the tendency of prices has varied in different cases, being firm in some and weak in others. Sales have been few and far between, but were there a fair supply of grain on the market it would probably go off well. Stocks have varied but little during the week; those in store on Monday morning were as follows:—Flour, 350 bbls; fall wheat, 17,082 bushels; spring wheat, 12,912 bushels; oats, 16,985 bushels; barley, 27,680 bushels; peas, 1,195 bush. English markets have been very weak, and show a fall of 2d on red winter; of 4d on white, and 1d on club wheat. Cargoes have been very dull, despite a demand for the continent, which, however, was falling off to-day. Imports and home deliveries were less last week than in that preceding. The total supply of wheat and flour in the week ending on the 14th inst., was equal to 536,375 to 565,000 quarters of wheat, vs. 403,000 to 411,000 quarters weekly consumption, indicating a surplus in supply over consumption of 133,875 to 154,000 quarters. The supply of maize for the week was equal to 1,160,000 to 1,200,000 bushels. The amount of wheat and flour on passage for the United Kingdom has continued to increase, and on September 19th, 1878, was equal to 1,450,000 quarters, against 1,123,000 quarters on the 5th ult., and 814,000 quarters on the corresponding date last year. The quantity due at ports of call for orders during the four weeks from September 5th to October 2nd, is 295,000 quarters of wheat, comprising 120,000 quarters from Azov and Black Seas and Danube, 90,000 quarters from American Atlantic ports, and 30,000 quarters from California and Oregon; 65,000 quarters from Chili and Australia; and during same period 36,000 quarters of maize from all quarters. Stocks of wheat at Liverpool on the 1st inst. were 268,000 quarters, against 479,000 on the corresponding date last year. Further cable advices to the 16th inst. report harvest operations as finished under favourable circumstances. This fine ending is said to be of inestimable value, although a great deal of wheat, and a still larger quantity of barley, was irretrievably damaged by the wet weather that immediately preceded the fine period. Markets were dull, with millers refusing to buy unless at concessions; and thus although the continental demand for cargoes was still well maintained. It seems not impossible that barley may again be wanted from this side during the coming season, as the samples of English barley offering were mostly discoloured, and the grain was finding great variation in value. Imports of wheat and flour during the harvest-year ending on the 31st ult. reached a total equal to the enormous amount of 14,808,000 quarters, against 12,321,000 qrs in the preceding year. In consequence of the delay of the mails we are without our usual advices of continental markets, and so have nothing to say of them beyond the fact that the failure of the French wheat crop seems to be clearly demonstrated. Markets on this continent have been fairly active, particularly at New York, but there prices have been declining yesterday and to-day. Receipts of wheat at lake ports in the week ending on the 14th inst. show a slight decrease, but the total receipts from August 1 to the 14th inst. were 75 per cent. in excess of those in the corresponding period last year. The exports of wheat from Atlantic ports during the eight weeks ended middle of September have been 24,111,567 bush, and of flour during the same period 656,709 bbls, equal to 3,283,845 bush of wheat, making an aggregate, including wheat and flour, of 27,395,112 bush. The exports from San Francisco from July 1 to Sept. 10 have been 101,448 bbls of flour and 1,614,652 centals of wheat, or an aggregate of wheat and flour of 3,198,326 bush, and including Atlantic ports, 30,593,438 bush, which is a movement without precedent. The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, the rail and lake shipments from Western Lake ports, and the amount on the New York canals at the undermentioned dates:—

	1878.	1878.	1877.	1876.
	Sept. 14.	Sept. 7.	Sept. 15.	Sept. 16.
Wheat, bu.	11,708,489	12,314,549	8,715,205	8,[illegible]
Corn	10,601,588	11,662,411	11,084,248	7,5[illegible]
Oats	4,318,273	3,942,893	2,620,931	2,336,849
Barley	2,261,901	1,555,814	714,435	746,078
Rye	1,026,123	977,056	536,006	430,073
Total, bu.	29,911,359	30,643,423	21,411,025	19,353,389

"Besides above there are of wheat estimated afloat in New York, Sept. 4, 1,700,000 bush.

The following table shows the top prices of the different kinds of produce in the Liverpool markets for each market day during the past week:—

	Sept. 19. 9 a.m.		Sept. 20. 9 a.m.		Sept. 21. 9 a.m.		Sept. 23. 9 a.m.		Sept. 24. 9 a.m.		Sept. 25. 9 a.m.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Flour	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0
S. Wheat	9	6	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	3
R. Winter	8	10	8	10	8	10	8	10	8	6	8	8
White	10	2	9	10	9	10	9	10	9	10	9	10
Club	10	5	10	4	10	4	10	4	10	4	10	4
Corn, new	23	3	22	0	22	0	22	9	23	0	23	0
Oats	2	6	2	6	2	6	2	6	2	6	2	6
Barley	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0
Peas	33	6	33	6	33	6	33	6	33	6	33	6
Pork	47	6	47	6	47	6	47	6	47	6	47	6
Lard	37	0	36	6	36	6	36	6	36	6	36	3
Beef	67	6	67	6	67	6	67	6	67	6	67	6
Bacon	31	6	30	6	30	6	30	6	30	6	30	0
Tallow	38	3	38	3	38	3	38	3	38	3	38	6
Cheese	42	0	42	0	42	0	42	0	42	0	42	0

FLOUR—The market has been somewhat more active since our last than in the preceding week, though it still has been quiet; prices have been fairly steady, with the downward movement arrested. Superior extra has been easy, and sold at equal to $4.20 here on Monday. Extra has been firm, and brought $4.35 on track on Thursday and Tuesday. Fancy has been easy, and sold at equal to $4.10 on Monday. Spring extra has been rather unsettled with sales at $4.35 on Thursday; at $4.15 on Saturday, and $4.20 and $4.30 on Tuesday, the difference being probably due to old or new wheat. There was no movement reported to-day, but is is probable that previous prices would have been repeated.

BRAN—There was a car sold on Saturday at $9 on track, and at the same price to-day.

OATMEAL—No movement in car-lots has been reported, though they have been offered at $3.85 and $3.90. Small lots unchanged at $4.25 to $4.50.

WHEAT—The market has been very quiet in consequence of small offerings. Old No. 2 fall sold in car-lots at 90½c f.o.c. on Saturday, and new at 91 f.o.c. on Monday. Red winter sold on Monday at 90c f.o.c. Spring has been inactive because scarce, but new No. 2 has been wanted at 96c, and a car, of best quality equal to No. 2, sold by sample on Tuesday at 90c f.o.c. There was no movement reported to-day, but it is improbable that previous prices would have been paid for fall. On the street receipts have been large all week; prices to-day stood at 90c to $1.01 for fall, and 80c to $1 for spring.

OATS—The market has been very dull and prices have been very weak. Canadian have been purely nominal as not offered. Rejected American to arrive sold last week and on Tuesday at 25c but good grades have sold at 29 and 30c, the latter being paid for a car of choice black oats to-day. Street prices 30 to 32c.

BARLEY—As in other cases the market has been kept inactive from short supplies. An active inquiry has been heard for No. 1 but none has been offered. There was a car of uninspected new sold on Thursday at 38c f.o.c. and a car of new No. 2 to-day at 73c on track. For new No. 1 there were ready buyers at $1.05 but none offering. On the street 2,500 bushels sold to-day at 75c to $1.

PEAS—Sales have been made on the street at from 64 to 66c but no cars have been offered and prices of them remain purely nominal.

RYE—Cars are probably worth 55 to 56c, and on the street 50 to 52c would be paid, but none has been offered.

HAY—Pressed has begun to move, and has sold to a small extent in car-lots at about $12 on track. The market has been largely supplied, and though prices were very firm up to Monday, they closed easier at $9 to $14, with the general run from $12 to $14.

STRAW—The supply has been sufficient though all offering has sold at $10 for rye-straw; at $11 to $13 for oat-straw in sheaves, and $8 for loose; but out closed lower to-day at $9 to $11.50.

POTATOES—Receipts have increased, and prices have declined to 70 to 80c per bag, according to quantity and quality.

APPLES—Have come forward in very large quantities, and have been selling very low; the general run of the market has been from 90 to $1, but some choice qualities have brought $1.25.

PUTTY—Was offered in considerable quantities on Tuesday, when prices declined, and some lots sold at 40c for duck, and 30c for chickens; these prices, however, are exceptionally low, and chickens may be taken as worth 35 to 45c, and ducks 45 to 55c per pair. A few turkeys have sold at 75 to $1. No geese in.

FLOUR, f.o.c

Superior Extra, per 196 lbs	$4 50	to	$4 65
Extra	4 35		4 40
Fancy and Strong Bakers'	4 10		4 25
Spring Wheat, extra	4 15		4 25
Superfine	3 80		4 00
Oatmeal, per 196 lbs	3 80		3 90
Cornmeal, small lots	2 50		2 60
BAG FLOUR, by car lot f.o.c.			
Extra	$4 20	to	$4 30
Spring Wheat, extra	4 10		4 15
GRAIN, f.o.b.			
Fall Wheat, No. 1, per 60 lbs	$1 03	to	$1 05
" No. 2, "	0 97		1 00
" No. 3, "	0 90		0 92
Red Winter	none.		
Spring Wheat, No. 1	0 93		0 95
" No. 2	0 90		0 92
" No. 3	0 85		0 88
Oats (Canadian), per 34 lbs	0 26		0 27
Oats (American)	0 28		0 29
Barley, No. 1, per 48 lbs	1 05		1 08
" No. 2, "	0 78		0 85
Peas, No. 1, per 60 lbs	0 66		0 67
" No. 2, "	0 63		0 65
Rye	0 50		0 55
PRICES AT FARMERS' WAGGONS.			
Wheat, fall, new, per bush	$0 90		$1 02
Wheat, spring, do	0 80		1 00
Barley, do	0 60		1 00
Oats, do	0 30		0 33
Peas, do	0 63		0 66
Rye, do	0 50		0 52
Dressed hogs, per 100 lbs	4 50		5 00
Beef, hind qrs., per 100 lbs	none.		
Mutton, by carcass, per 100 lbs	none.		
Chickens, per pair	0 35		0 45
Ducks, per brace	0 45		0 55
Geese, each	none.		
Turkeys	0 75		1 00
Butter, lb rolls	0 15		0 20
" large rolls	none.		
" tub dairy	0 13		0 16
Eggs, fresh, per doz	0 12		0 15
" in lots, "	0 11		0 12
Potatoes, per bag	0 70		0 80
Apples, per bbl	0 80		1 25
Onions, per bag	1 00		1 10
Tomatoes, per bush	0 45		0 50
Turnips, per doz	0 40		0 00
Carrots, per doz	0 15		0 25
Beets, per doz	0 25		0 30
Parsnips, per doz	0 30		0 35
Hay, per ton	9 00		13 00
Straw, per ton	9 00		15 00
Wool, per lb	0 23		0 24

PROVISIONS.

TRADE—Has remained fairly active since our last.

BUTTER—The demand for shipping-lots has been maintained all week and large quantities have been offered, but by far the greater portion of very poor quality which shippers refuse to take unless as grease, while for nearly all sorts buyers and sellers have been apart. Still considerable sales of shipping-lots have been made at 8c, at 8½c, to 9c, and at 10c for good, which prices would have been repeated to-day. Choice dairy for local consumption has been scarce, wanted, and firm, at from 12 to 13c, or perhaps 14c for extra choice selections. Receipts on the streets have increased, and prices have declined; the general run for pound rolls to-day was 15 to 18c, though some few of very choice quality brought 20c; tubs and crocks of dairy have been worth 13 to 15c. English advices report fine qualities in good request, but inferior unsaleable; extra fine was quoted at 75 to 80s.

CHEESE—Has generally been very quiet, the only movement being in small lots at 8½ to 9½c. The factories have been holding above the views of buyers or sales of shipping-lots could probably have been made. At Ingersoll on Tuesday from 8¾ to 9c was asked, and 8½c bid for August make.

EGGS—Receipts have been of fair amount, but all have been wanted and readily taken at a slight advance; the range for lots to-day was from 11½ to 12½c. Street receipts have been fair and prices steady at 12½ to 14c for fresh.

PORK—Seems to have been easy; cars have been offered at $11.75, and small lots have sold fairly well at $12.50 to $13, the latter being for single barrels.

BACON—The demand has continued to be active and large quantities have been going off, though no large lots have been sold; cars of Cumberland have been offering at 5½c, and tons and cases selling at 6c. to 6½c.; long clear has been comparatively quiet at 7c. to 7½c.; bellies have been steady at 9c. to 9½c. for smoked, and 7c. to 7½c. for green; shoulders have been easier and offering at 5c.

HAMS.—There has been nothing at all doing in round lots, and not very much in small parcels; prices are unchanged at 11½c. to 12c. for smoked, 12c. to 12½c. for canvassed, and 10c. to 10½c. for pickled.

LARD.—No movement in round lots has been reported, but small lots have been going off freely at steady prices. Tinnets and pails range from 9½c. for round lots of tinnets to 9½c. for small lots of pails, and tierces from 8c. to 8½c.

HOGS—Have begun to come in freely and have declined in price; some lots sold on Tuesday as low as $4.00, but the range to-day was from $4.50 to $5.50.

SALT—Liverpool has been quiet with 100 bag lots selling to a very small extent at 75c, but small lots at 80c. Liverpool stored is offering at $1.25 to $1.50. Goderich remains inactive and unchanged.

WHITE BEANS—Range from $1.25 to $1.40 with a fair demand for small lots.

GROCERIES.

TRADE—Has shown increased activity through the week.

TEA—An active demand has prevailed but as holders have been led by reports from New York to seek a small advance which buyers have refused to pay there has been nothing of any consequence doing in lines. Japans have been the sort most wanted and green also have been enquired for, but the only sales reported are those of one line of coarse Congous at 30c, and another of fine Congou at 48c. Quotations are as follows, the outside figures being for retailers' lots:—Young Hyson, common to fair, 25 to 30c; Young Hyson, medium to good seconds, 32 to 37½c; Young Hyson, ordinary to choice extra firsts, 45 to 65c; Twankays, 20 to 25c; Gunpowder and Imperials, common to good, 25 to 40c; Fine to Extra Choice, 45 to 65c. Blacks—Congous, 25 to 70c; Souchong, 35 to 65c; Scented Pekoes, 45 to 55c.

COFFEE—Prices are firm all over in sympathy with New York. One job lot of Rio sold at 18c but besides this the only sales reported have been in small lots. Quotations are as follows, the outside being for retailers' lots:—Government Java, 28 to 30c; Singapore, 21 to 23c; Rio, 18 to 20c; Jamaica, 30c.

SUGAR—The market has not shown very much change during the week. Brights of all sorts have remained very scarce and much wanted at firm prices, and dark much the same as before. Raws have been sold at lots as 7½c for Porto Rico and in one case an extra bright sample brought equal to 8c. Dark Bright has sold in lots at 7¼ to 7½c, and medium at 7¼ to 7½; brights, could they be had would bring 9c. New York yellows have been quiet but one job-lot of extra C sold at 9c. Granulated has been about 25c easier with sales of lots at 9¼ and 9½c. Dry crushed has remained firm with one job lot sold at 10½c; cut loaf also is unchanged. Quotations are as follows, the outside figures being for retailers' lots:—Porto Rico, per lb., 7¼ to 7½; Cuba, 7¼ to 7½; Barbadoes, 7¼ to 7½; English and Scotch refined bright, 8¾ to 9¼c; do., low grades, 7¼ to 8; New York yellows, 7¼ to 7¾; bright yellows, 8¼ to 8½; Extra C, 9 to 9½; Dry Crushed, 10¼ to 10½; Granulated, 9¼ to 9½; Cut Loaf, 10½ to 10¾.

SYRUPS—Some lots have been sold on New York account at about a cent advance, but no change has occurred in retailers' lots. Quotations are as follows:—Common, 42 to 44½; Amber, 47 to 52c; Amber choice, 56 to 58c.

FRUIT—There has been scarcely any fruit either new or old offering on the spot and this city has had to some enquiry for lots to arrive. One lot of 400 boxes of Valencias to arrive sold at equal to 5¾c and another at 6c in Montreal; a lot of 100 boxes sold at 6½c; retailers' lots are easier at 7c. Old Sultanas have been in demand; one lot sold at 5½c and another of 500 at 5½c. There are no layers in market. Currants continue to decline; we have sold at 5 to 5½c, and round at 5½c for lots. Nuts have been [illegible] changed. Prices are [illegible] the outside being for re[illegible] Filberts, [illegible] Valencias, 6½ to 7c; new seedless, 6 [illegible] Sultanas, 5½ to 7c; loose Muscatellas, new [illegible] at $1.75; Currants, 1877, 3¾ to 5½c; Filb[illegible] to 9c; Walnuts, 9 to 9c; Almonds, 12 [illegible] 18c; Prunes, none; do. do. (old), none; [illegible] nuts, 7 to 7½c; Lemon peel, 20 to 22c; Orange [illegible] 20 to 22c; Citron do., 26 to 28c.

RICE—Has remained inactive and unchanged, with no movement in job-lots reported this week, but they can still be had at $4.40 for sound qualities. Small lots have continued to sell at $4.50 to $4.62.

FISH—There is no new season's catch yet on the market and prices of all sorts remain nominally unchanged. Quotations stand as follows, the outside prices being for retailers' lots:—Herrings, Labrador, bbls, $3.50 to $4.00; Salmon, salt water, $15.50 to $16; Codfish, new, per 112 lbs., $4.75 to $5; honeless, per lb., 4 to 5c; Whitefish, hf-bbls., $1 to $1.50; Trout, 75c to $1; Mackerel, bbls, $10; hf-bbls, none; Sardines, ¼s, 10 to 10½c; do, ⅛s, 18½ to 19½c.

TOBACCO—More enquiry has been heard since our last, and several job-lots of Peerless chewing have sold at 13c for No. 1, and 12c for No. 2; and Rough-and-Ready has also sold at 12c for No. 1, and 32c for No. 2, sales in all cases being in bond. Solace is scarce and held firmly. Quotations are as follows:—Manufactured 10's, 25 to 37c; do 5's, 6's, and 8's, 27½ to 45c; Navy, 5's, bright, 43 to 54c; Navy black, 37 to 40c; Solaces, 38 to 42c; Extra bright none; Virginia, 80 to 90c.

LIQUORS—Have been quiet, with no jobbing movement; prices are unchanged. They are as follows:—Pure Jamaica Rum, 16 o. p., $2.25 to $2.50; Demerara, $2.25 to $2.50; Gin—green cases, $4 to $4.50; Port wine, $4 to $5.50; Wines—Port, $3.50; Sherry, $3.75; Champagne, per case, $10 to $22; Brandy, in wood, $2.75 to $3.50; in case, Sazerac, $8 to $13.50; Otard's, $8 to $9.25; do. Dupuy, $8 to $9.25; Hennessy, $10.50 to $12; do Martell's, $9.75 to $10; do Julien Robins, $7.50 to $8; do Vine-gr'r Co, $9 to $9.50; Jules Bellerie, $7 to $7.50; Whiskey, Common, $2 to $2.25; do Malt, $2.50 to $3; Scotch, $2.50 to $3; Rye, $1.07 to $1.10; Toddy, $1.07 to $1.10; Spirits, $1.05 to $1.07; Native Wine, per gal, 75c to $2; do do per case, $3.50 to $8; Native Brandy, per gal, $1.40 to $2.50; do do per case, $5.05 to $8.50.

CATTLE.

TRADE—Has been decidedly active all week.

BEEVES—The market has been largely supplied since our last, but an active demand has absorbed all at firm prices. First-class of fine quality, and averaging not under 1,350 lbs., have been in demand for shipment, but have sold usually at $4.75, though a few extra choice and picked have brought $5. Second-class have been abundant, but have sold well in consequence of an active enquiry for the town to supply the local market during the exhibition week; prices have been tending upwards, and have usually stood at $4 to $4.25. Third-class have sold fairly well to supply the trade from $3 to $3.25. Large shipments will be made for England this week; one firm is likely to ship 800 head. Sales reported have been few; a car of picked steers, averaging 1,400 lbs., was bought by J. Britton at 5c per cental, and a lot of 10 steers, averaging 1,220 lbs., at $4.75; a car of mixed, averaging 1,000 lbs., was bought by J. Walsh at $35, and a lot of five heifers, averaging 1,200 lbs., at $200.

SHEEP—Receipts have been large, but they sold well in consequence of a shipping demand until Tuesday, when they became rather fast. Still there cannot be said to have been any change of consequence in prices. First-class averaging from 125 lbs. upwards have continued to sell at $5 to $6 each, or $3.75 to $4 per cental. Second-class have remained quiet at from $3.50 to $4.25 each.

LAMBS—Offerings have been on the increase, but, like sheep, they sold well until Tuesday, the cause in this instance being a good local demand. Prices have been from all over at $3.25 to $3.50 for first-class dressing from 45 lbs. upwards, and at $2.50 to $3 for second-class. Third-class have not been wanted. There was a car, dressing about 55 lbs., sold at $3.75; a lot of 150 head, dressing 45 lbs., at $3.27½, and a lot of 72 head, dressing 49 lbs., at $2.90.

CALVES—Have been in rather better demand, and some few of very choice quality have sold high to satisfy present wants, but this enquiry is now satisfied. Prices are generally unchanged. First-class dressing from 120 lbs do not bring over $6.50 to $8. Second-class dressing from 75 to 110 lbs are very slow of sale at $4 to $5.50. Third-class are unsalable.

HIDES, SKINS, AND WOOL

TRADE—Has been fairly active for the season.

HIDES—All the green offering have been wanted and readily taken at unchanged prices. Cured have been selling readily; one lot of 400 and another of 200 No. 1, for the Montreal market, have sold at 7½c, but other lots have gone off at 7½c.

CALFSKINS—Remain nominally unchanged at quotations.

SHEEPSKINS—Have been offering abundantly and selling readily, but still at 60c for the best, prices; dry have been coming forward more freely, and usually going off at 40 to 50c.

WOOL—The market may be said, on the whole, to have been quiet; but appearances indicate an increased demand from the mills as probable. Fleece has sold in small lots at 22c, but one lot of 2,000 lbs. brought 24c, as would more. Lambs-wool has been moving; a lot of 5,000 lbs. sold at 22c, and a lot of 1,200 lbs. at 21½c. Super remains inactive and prices nominal at quotations.

TALLOW—Large quantities have been offering and selling at former prices.

Quotations stand as follows:—No. 1 inspected, choice, $7.00; No. 2 inspected, cut, and grubby hides, $6.00; No. 3 inspected, $5.00; Calf-skins, green, 8 to 10c; Calfskins, cured, 11½ to 12c; calfskins, dry, none; Lambskins and Pelts, 60c; Wool, fleece, 23 to 24c; Wool, pulled, super, 20 to 22c; Wool, pickings, 10 to 11c; Tallow, rough, 4c; rendered, 6c.

DRUGS.

TRADE—Is fairly active, and payments are made a little better. Ammon Carb, Cubebs, Gum Arabic, and Linseed Oils are quoted higher. Glycerine, Salicine, Santonine, Otto Rose, and some other small items, are lower. Acid, Tartaric, 42 to 46c; Alum, 2¾ to 3c; Ammon, Carb, 20 to 21c; Ammon, Liquor, 21 to 22c; Antimony, Black, 15 to 16c; Antimony, Tart, 55 to 65c; Ether, Nitrous, 25 to 26c; Camphor, Refined, 40 to 45c; Gum Aloes, Cape, 20 to 22c; Iodine, $5.25 to $6.25; Mercury, Chlorid, 95c to $1; Morphia, Sulph, $2.70 to $2.85; Oil, Castor, 15 to 16c; Oil, Lemon, $2.50 to $2.75; Oil, Peppermint, $2.50 to $2.75; Opium, Tky, $5.25 to $5.50; Potass, Bitart, 30 to 32c; Potass, Iodid, $5.00 to $5.50; Quinine, Sulph $4 to $4.10; Root, Rhubarb, 8 to 12c; Root Hellebore, 17c; Root, Ipecac, $2.25 to $2.50; Seed, Canary, 4½ to 5c; Seed, Hemp, 4½ to 5c; Soda, Caustic, 3½ to 3¾c; Sal, Epsom, 2½ to 3c; Saltpetre, 8 to 9c; Sal Soda, 1¼ to 2c; Soap, Castile, 9 to 10c; Sulphur, Roll, 3½ to 4c; Sulphur, Sublimed, 4 to 5c; Extract Logwood, 10½ to 11c; Indigo, Madras, 90c to $1; Madder, 10½ to 12c; Blue Vitriol, 7½ to 9c; Cochineal, 75 to 88c.

LUMBER.

There is a fair demand for fall trade with, however, no advance in prices, nor need any be looked for before next spring. It is anticipated that the volume of trade to be transacted this fall will exceed that of last year, and a gradual slow improvement is expected. Stocks at the mills are getting very light and it is impossible to find dry stock of any quantity. There will be less lumber wintered over this year than in any year for the past ten. Prices at the yards are unchanged:—Clear, $28 to $30; siding, $18 to $20; common box, $10 to $12; culls, $5 to $6; flooring, undressed, $12.50 to $13.50; flooring, dressed, 1¼ inch, $18 to $20; flooring, dressed, 1½ inch, $25 to $28; fencing, $10 to $12.50; bill lumber, 10 to 16 feet, $10 to $10.50; bill lumber, 18 to 20 feet, $10.50 to $11.50; bill lumber, 24 to 25, $12.50 to $14; bill lumber, 26 to 30 inch, $14 to $16; bill lumber, 31 to 35 inch, $23 to $25; bill lumber, 36 to 40 inch, $19 to $20; bill lumber, 41 to 50 inch, $25 to $30.

Medical.

SANDFORD'S RADICAL CURE For CATARRH.

INSTANTLY RELIEVES AND PERMANENTLY CURES SNEEZING OR HEAD COLDS, CALLED ACUTE CATARRH; THICK YELLOW, AND FOUL MATTERY ACCUMULATIONS IN THE NASAL PASSAGES CALLED CHRONIC CATARRH; ROTTING AND SLOUGHING OF THE BONES OF THE NOSE WITH DISCHARGES OF LOATHSOME MATTER TINGED WITH BLOOD, AND ULCERATIONS OFTEN REYNDERING TO THE EAR, EYE, THROAT, AND LUNGS, CALLED ULCERATIVE CATARRH. ALSO NERVOUS HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, CLOUDED MEMORY, DEPRESSION OF SPIRITS AND LOSS OF NERVE POWER.

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30 YEARS A PHYSICIAN.
12 YEARS A SUFFERER.
TRIED REGULAR REMEDIES.
TRIED PATENT MEDICINES.
PERMANENTLY CURED.

MESSRS. WEEKS & POTTER—Sirs: I have practiced medicine for 30 years, and have been a sufferer myself for 12 years with Catarrh in the nasal passages, fauces and larynx. I have used everything in the *materia medica* without any permanent relief, until finally I was induced to try a patent medicine (something that we allopathists are are very loth to do). I tried —— and divers others until I got hold of yours. I followed the direction to the letter, and am happy to say have had a permanent cure. Your RADICAL CURE is certainly a happy combination for the cure of that most unpleasant and dangerous of diseases.

Yours, respectfully,
D. W. GRAY, M. D.,
Of Dr. D. W. Gray & Son, Physicians and Druggists, Muscatine, Iowa.
Muscatine, Iowa, March 27, 1877.

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MESSRS. WEEKS & Potter—Dear Sirs: Your SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE sells better and gives more satisfaction than any similar preparation we have ever handled. Respectfully,
WAKEFIELD & CO.,
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SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE is a local and Constitutional Remedy. It is *inhaled*, thus acting directly upon the nasal organs. It is taken *internally*, thus neutralizing and purifying the *acidified blood*. A new and wonderful remedy, destroying the *germ* of the disease. Price, with improved inhaler and Treatise, $1. Sold by all druggists, and by WEEKS & POTTER, Wholesale Druggists, Boston.

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An Electro-Galvanic Battery, Combined with a Highly Medicated Plaster, composed of the Choicest Medicinal Gums and Balsams Known to Modern Pharmacy.

It is *instantly* soothing, healing and strengthening. It begins its wonderful curative action the moment it is applied. In the Annihilation of Pain and Inflammation, in the Vitalization of Weak, Paralyzed and Painful Nervous Parts and Organs, in the Curing of Chronic Weaknesses and Inflammatory Ailments and Diseases, in the Absorption of Poisons from the Blood through the Pores and the Prevention of Fever and Ague,