WHERE THE GREATEST OF VIRTUES IS EXEMPLIFIED.

GROUP OF THE INMATES OF THE GIRLS' HOME, GEORGE STREET, THIS CITY.

Hamilton has reason to boast of her institutions for the care of the sick, poor and helpless, and among the many which look after those who would otherwise be very badly off indeed no institution does better work than the Girls' Home. This comfortable and happy home of sometimes upwards of fifty girls is situated on George street, and has a record of almost half a century of good work. It was founded in March, 1863, by a number of philanthropic ladies, who elected the late Mrs. Gale as the first directress. The start was made in a very small way. Mrs. Edward Browne paid one year's rent of a house which stood at the corner of Hughson and Peel (now Hunter) streets, and there the first wards of the Girls' Home Association were cared for. It was not until 1877 that the present property was acquired, a number of bequests and subscriptions enabling the ladies to buy the land and erect the building. The importance of the work undertaken was recognized from the very first, and benevolently disposed people of means were ready to assist. Mrs. O'Reilly, wife of the late Judge Myles O'Reilly, succeeded Mrs. Gale as directress, and a goodly list of Hamilton's notable women made up the succession. The late Mrs. Ewing was treasurer for many years, and then was elected directress, holding that office up to the time of her death. Among the earnest workers on the original board were Mrs. John Young, Mrs. Forbes, Mrs. Edward Browne, Mrs. John Bickle, Mrs. Ambridge, Mrs. Bell, Mrs. A. T. Wood, Mrs. J. Geddes, Mrs. Grier, Mrs. Boie, Mrs. Hart, Mrs. Colin Ferrie, Mrs. James Watson, Mrs. (Dr.) MacKelcan, and Miss Bickle.

For a number of years the home on George street was all that could be desired, and the ladies have ever striven to keep it up to the mark by the introduction of modern improvements and systems. They have not been particularly fortunate in the matter of large donations and bequests of late, and just now are in need of funds for a much needed improvement.

The pressing necessity of the day is an isolation ward. Sickness is bound to creep in occasionally where so many children are domiciled, and sometimes a contagious disease will make its appearance. With no facilities for isolation it is very hard indeed to fight contagious diseases, and it is only by the greatest of care and good management that epidemics have not spread through the home. If the money was available the ladies would establish a modern isolation ward at once.

The total income for the last financial year was $3,210.78, which included Government and municipal grants, collections, donations, etc. This was just about sufficient to pay a very moderate salary account, buy food, clothing, fuel, etc., and pay for ordinary repairs and upkeep. The ladies are hopeful that some good citizens will come to their assistance and enable them to erect the much needed isolation ward.

The present officers are:

Mrs. R. A. Lucas, President.

Mrs. Malloch, Mrs. Woolverton, and Miss MacKelcan, Vice-Presidents.

Mrs. F. M. Willson, Treasurer.

Miss Gaviller, Corresponding Secretary.

Miss I. M. Walker, Recording Secretary.

Miss K. Snider, Assistant Secretary.

Miss C. Mathews, Sunday School Superintendent.

Mrs. Bennette is the matron and her good work and efficient services are appreciated.

The accompanying picture is that of a group of the children taken in front of the home in connection with the recent Christmas festivities.

Head Office, Hamilton.

One public function of a chartered bank is to furnish a safe and convenient place of deposit for the surplus cash of the people . . . .

THE establishment of branches of a bank in each small centre of population, is to meet the convenience of the local citizens, and afford them, both a "clearing house" for business transactions and a satisfactory custodian of savings.

Every local branch of a Chartered Bank has the full financial strength of the Head Office.

The Capital and Reserve of THE BANK OF HAMILTON amount to Five Million Dollars; Total Assets are over Thirty Million Dollars. All this stands as security for every dollar deposited for safekeeping in the local branch of the Bank.

The point is, that the Chartered Bank is the natural place to keep your money, and safe, sure and convenient.

THE BANK OF HAMILTON specially invites the Savings Accounts of both men and women, and has thoroughly simplified the routine of depositing and withdrawing either large or small sums, whenever desired.

BANK OF HAMILTON

Open Saturday Evenings from 7 p. m. to 9 p. m.

Branches in Hamilton

Deering Branch—N. W. Cor. Sherman Ave. and Barton Sts.
East End Branch—N. W. Cor. Wellington and King Sts
North End Branch—S. W. Cor. Barton and James Sts.
West End Branch—S. E. Cor. Queen and York Sts.

Hon. Wm. Gibson, President.
J. Turnbull, Vice-President and General Manager.

THE LICENSES CUT DOWN.

Toronto Gives Big Vote in Favor of Reduction.

Mayor Oliver Re-Elected by Immense Plurality.

The Board of Control and Education—The Aldermen Elected.

Toronto, Jan. 2.

MAYORALTY TOTALS.

Oliver	27,128
Davies	8,127
Lindala	1,735
Briggs	327
Oliver's majority over Davies,	18,999.
Total vote cast for Mayoralty,	37,317
Total vote cast last year, 32,315.	
Increase, 5,002.	

BOARD OF CONTROL.

Geary	19,027
Hocken	17,380
Ward	15,782
Harrison	13,509

THE BY-LAWS.

	For.	Agst.
License reduction	19,437	18,245
Majority for, 1,192.		
Hospital	12,455	9,946
Majority for, 4,509.		
Wilton avenue bridge	10,168	8,596
Majority for, 1,582.		

FIRST WARD.

Chisholm	2,104
Hilton	1,856
McMillan	1,821

SECOND WARD.

Church	2,776
O'Neil	2,496
Foster	1,981

THIRD WARD.

Bredin	2,989
Bengough	2,650
Maguire	2,488

FOURTH WARD.

McMurrich	3,599
Vaughan	3,175
Welch	2,976

FARD FIVE.

Graham	3,194
Dunn	2,933
Keeler	2,916

WARD SIX.

McGhie	3,433
Graham	3,043
Adams	2,450

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Levee	14,294
Rawlinson	12,797
Conboy	10,853
Ogden	10,330
J. Simpson	8,412
Smith	8,272

The barroom evil in Toronto received a body blow yesterday. The forces of reform triumphed over the power of the liquor interest and its allies, and the verdict of the people is that forty licenses in the city must go. In carrying the by-law, which constituted the supreme interest in the election, the reductionists scored a victory the influence of which will be felt throughout the entire Province. And it was a victory achieved in the face of an opposition that appreciated to the full the significance of the issue and strained its resources to the utmost to preserve the number of licenses intact. Like all great battles, however, it was not won without loss. The cause of reduction triumphed, but its recognized leader, Controller Spence, went down to defeat. The services which Mr. F. S. Spence has rendered to the city are not to be measured alone by the carrying of the by-law, towards which result he probably contributed more than anyone else, and his disappearance, temporarily it may be hoped, from the Board of Control will be a distinct loss to the community.

There never was the slightest doubt as to Mayor Oliver's re-election, and his sweeping majority, the largest ever recorded in a Mayoralty contest, simply confirms the view which all but a few entertained, that he should have been given his second term by acclamation. No stronger endorsation of Mayor Oliver's policy could have been desired than the result, and he will return to his work with the satisfaction of knowing that he has the citizens solidly behind him.

THIRTEEN SHOT.

Awful Result of New Year's Eve Hilarity in New York.

New York, Jan. 1.—A summary of the mishaps attending New York's New Year's eve street festivities show that thirteen persons were shot, none fatally, during the late hours of last night and the early hours of to-day.

The early predictions that New York would outdo itself in the violence and expressiveness of its New Years eve celebration were fully confirmed long before the chimes of Trinity and the factory whistles of Jersey and Long Island announced the passing of the old year and the coming in of the new.

There was indeed a sound of revelry. All the four winds converged early upon Broadway, "the great white way" turned crimson and purple, and with them came the high priests of the saturnalia and their followers leather-lunged, brass-throated, delirious and demonstrative. Every known device for making a noise, every form, shape, manner and calibre of horn, rattler, bell, drum and tin trumpet was also abroad.

For some fifty thousand of New York's gilded sons and daughters the celebration began with an attendance at some theatrical, operatic or vaudeville performance, and shifted thence to the gilded restaurants, where on the night of all nights nothing is served but champagne and terrapin. However, for the million or more who vent their holiday exuberance in confetti and noise the fun was out of doors, in Broadway or on the lesser Broadway of Harlem.

Progress was all but impeded by a crowd of merrymakers, who enlivened the night by each contributing his or her utmost to creating pandemonium.

SHOT AT PREMIER.

Disaffected Corsican's Attempt to Kill Clemenceau.

Paris, Dec. 31.—A disaffected Corsican named Beneditti fired several shots from a revolver this evening in the direction of the windows of the office of Premier Clemenceau, in the Ministry of the Interior. No one was hurt. The Corsican was arrested.

M. Clemenceau, however, had a narrow escape. He was seated beside the window, through which crashed two bullets from Beneditti's pistol. At the sound of the firing M. Clemenceau arose and opened the window. In the street was an excited individual branishing a revolver and crying: "Down with the tyrant; long live the republic!"

Just at this moment the Premier's footman, revolver in hand, rushed from the building and started toward Beneditti. "Don't fire!" shouted M. Clemeanceau to the footman. "Don't fire!" yelled the Corsican. "I have thrown away my gun."

Beneditti then submitted to arrest. He claimed he was aggrieved at M. Clemenceau, who, as Minister of the Interior, had refused him authorization to launch a lottery scheme. In all the man fired five shots at M. Clemenceau's window.

MAY DROP ICE PALACE.

Carnival Promoters Seriously Considering Advisability 6

Montreal, Dec. 31.—It was stated today by people in close touch with the winter carnival scheme that there would be no ice palace this winter, this being dropped in deference to the opposition of the railroads and others interested in immigration. Those in charge of the work of preparation for the carnival admitted that the dropping of the ice palace was being considered, but would not state that it had been absolutely dropped.

MORE SHOCKS AT MESSINA.

Ruined Walls Fall and Keep the People in Alarm.

King and Queen of Italy Still Succoring the Victims.

Further Particulars of the Great Quake—The Relief Work.

London, Jan. 1.—William Maxwell, the well-known correspondent of The Daily Mail, who was ordered from the Balkans to the devastated districts of Italy, arrived at Naples, whence he telegraphs to-day as follows: "Naples is like a city receiving her dead and wounded after a great battle. The approaches to the quays are crowded with sympathetic spectators, many of whom come laden with bread and wine as offerings to the victims as they arrive.

"Motor cars, ambulances and stretchers hurry through the streets escorted by soldiers. As they pass one catches glimpses of the agonized faces of men, women and children, on whom are the wounds and terror of the awful catastrophe.

"Churches, schools, and hospitals fail to meet the demands for accommodation, and private houses are opened to receive the sufferers.

"Funeral processions with all the sumptuous ritual of the Roman Catholic Church show that many have reached Naples only to die. Three thousand injured have already arrived, and two ships are now discharged, and two ships are now discharging their cargoes of pain."

The Marquis di Ruvolito telegraphs from Catania that it is proposed to build a new suburb of Cantania and christen it Messina, and quarter in it the survivors from the perished city. Nearly 15,000 refugees have arrived at Catania. Palermo hospitals are full of wounded, and there are not enough doctors. The most recently-arrived wounded are in a terrible condition four days of exposure having brought gangrene to their injuries. King Victor and Queen Helena are still amid the ruined cities, going everywhere regardless of danger.

AS SEEN FROM SEA.

This description of the fall of Messina as witnessed from the sea was furnished by the captain of a Cardiff steamer in Messina harbor: "About 5 o'clock I was wakened by a low, growling like distant thunder. Then, all of a sudden the ship gave a terrific leap, broke her anchor chains and started going shoreward, whence came a loud crashing as of falling buildings, made more terrible by the fact that all the lights had gone out. Everywhere the sea to my eyes seemed to grow livid, and then to become white with foam. Vast eddying clouds of dust speedily enveloped everything and settled down over the ship like fog."

John Milne, the seismologist, says the instruments in his house on the Isle of Wight on December 28 registered a world-shaking blow. In forty minutes there were fourteen other pronounced jolts, and the vibrations continued four hours. He believed the submarine bed of the sea suddenly caved in, and along the lines of fractures land settlements will take place.

Prof. Alfani, of the Florence Observatory predicts that the seismic activities will continue for three years to come. He recommends the enforcement of restrictive building laws in the earthquake zones of Italy.

Rome, Jan. 1.—Although graphic stories are coming into Rome of the horrors in southern Italy and Sicily, these are but repetitions of individual tragedies already recorded. What chiefly concerns the Government and the people is the progress that is being made towards the relief of those who have suffered by the dreadful visitation. Considerable advance in this respect have been made at Messina, where, according to official reports received here, the supply service is beginning to work satisfactorily. The different regions on the coast have been allotted to various warships and other ships as centres from which torpedo boats and launches convey and distribute rations and water to the different villages

The Minister of Justice has wired from Messina to Premier Gioletti that large bodies of troops have arrived and are now occupying all parts of the town.

NEW SHOCKS ALARM PEOPLE.

There were slight shocks felt in the earthquake zone to-day, completing the ruin of the crumbling buildings. These shocks are contributing to the keeping up of the alarm of the population. One quite severe shock was felt at 3 o'clock in the morning and another at 9. Fires are still burning, although much rain has fallen. The latest investigations on both sides of the straits make it certain that many more than half the population of the coast towns and villages have been killed. Professor Ricco, director of the observatory at Mount Etna, estimates that the victims of the earthquake exceed 200,000.

Hundreds of dangerous criminals have been arested and are under close guard.

LIPARI ISLANDS SAFE.

Great relief was felt here when the announcement was made that the Lipari Islands, which were reported to have disappeared with their population of 28,000, suffered little or no damage from the earthquake.

New Year's Day in Italy is usually the occasion of festivities and rejoicing as widesprsad as on Christmas. But these ceremonies and the festal spirit were wanting to-day. Instead of rejoicings, Rome is filled with lamentations, the flags wave at half mast and the bells of a thousand churches ring, not the Te Deum, but sad knells for requiem masses.

King Victor Emmanuel has supervised the entire work in the fallen city of Messina and has infused new courage and energy into the rescuers. Often he is surrounded by a crowd of victims, who cheer him enthusiastically and shout: We have a King; we have a protector.

Princess Yolanda, the seven-year-old daughter of the King, having heard the reason for her parents' absence explained to her, carried a contribution among her little friends at the Quirinal this afternoon. She herself put in the box her first tiny gold ring, given to her on Christmas by her grandmother, the dowager Queen Margareta; her younger sister, Princess Mafalda, gave a gold chain, while Prince Umberto, the heir apparent, who is now four years old, contributed a headless doll.

BODIES BURNED AND BURIED.

So far as has been possible quicklime has been used on the dead; many bodies have been buried and others burned. In the relief work the officers and men of the foreign warships have been untiring, and their courage is beyoud words. The crew of the British cruiser Drake gave up everything they possessed for the benefit of the refugees, and practically forgot rest and sleep for more than thirty-six hours in the devotion to duty.

Reports are published that it is the King's intention to sell his property in Sicily and devote the proceeds to the assistance of the sufferers. It is also stated that the Pope will suppress the dioceses of Messina and Reggio, adding them to Catania and Catanzaro respectively.

TWO NOBLE WOMEN.

Messina, Jan. 1.—Two noble female figures stand out as guardian angels watching over the afflicted population of Southerni Italy. They are Queen Helena and another Helena, the Duchess of Aosta. The Queen has given the sufferers her tears, and with her own hands she has bound up their wounds, using her handkerchiefs when other bandages were lacking. She has given also of her worldly possessions, including the rings from her fingers. The Queen looks far from well. She is exhausted, and the terrible scenes she has witnessed hace affected her strongly. The King has asked her to return to Rome, but this she has consistently refused to do, saying she could not sleep from thinking of the miseries of her subjects. By remaining on the spot she feels she can do something to relieve the general misery.

The Duchess of Aosta, who still proudly signs herself a Princess of France, is performing miracles of love, pity and endurance at Naples, where the wounded are arriving in great numbers. The presence of the King and Queen in the stricken district has done much to infuse energy into the different relief committees.

KING CHIDED PHOTOGRAPHERS.

King Victor Emmanuel returned to the ruins of Reggio to-day and he has been indefatigable in succoring the afflicted. He traversed the ruins from one end to the other, comforting the sufferers and cheering the rescuers. Meeting a group of photographers engaged in taking pictures of the sad scenes, the King chided them for their occupation. "You had much better turn your efforts to succoring the afflicted," said he.

The Duke of Aosta, who is on the scene, told his aides this afternoon that all efforts would have to be directed towards caring for the wounded survivors. All hope of saving those unfortunates who after four days are still alive beneath the ruins would have to be abandoned. It was hard and horrible, but it was no longer possible to think about them.

TROOPS OF HOMELESS CHILDREN.

One feature of the disaster at Reggio is the large number of homeless children. In some cases little babes were found creeping about in the ruins. These poor waifs could give no account of themselves and it seems impossible to restore them to their parents, even if the parents are alive. A sailor who went ashore at Reggio relates that during his work of rescue he was attracted by a sound of infant voices. Looking under a fallen beam he found twins about a year old in a basket. They were uninjured and their clothing was of the best. They have not yet been claimed. A youth, himself wounded, carried his two little brothers from their devastated home. When the party was found they were lying by the side of the road. The young man was dead, but the children were uninjured.

In many cases survivors recovered consciousness to find themselves far away from the scene of the disaster. Then they would make desperate and pitiable efforts to go back and search for their loved ones. Numbers of survivors have gone suddenly insane. They try to throw themselves overboard if they are at sea, or to hurl themselves out of car windows. One poor woman relates that in her family were her husband and eight children. She was awakened by a great rushing noise. She then lost consciousness and knew nothing further until she found herself on board a steamer far away from her home.

WHAT A MARQUIS SAW.

London, Dec. 31.—The Marquis di Ruvolito, in a despatch from Messina, via Catania, says the estimated number of dead in Messina, Reggio and all the towns of Calabria has now risen to 300,000.

In the list of dead and missing foreigners there are no names of Canadians.

The Marquis telegraphs as follows: "I am sending this message by motor car to Catania, as it is still impossible to telegraph from Messina or the neighborhood. The disaster exceeds all efforts of imagination. The havoc is so vast and universal that I scarcely know how to begin to describe it. The horror of it all is indeed beyond words. Among the buildings wrecked were the barracks of the carabiniers. Fifty carabiniers perished in the ruins. A palace of twenty-six rooms collapsed, and of the inmates only four escaped. Of the Hotel Trinacria only the facade remains. The ruins of the rest of the building are still burning. The cathedral, with all its works of art, has been destroyed. The famous Victor Emmanuel Theatre no longer exists. The seaward fronts of the university and the Palazzo Municipale remain, but the interiors have been burnt out.

"Buildings along the waterside collapsed like houses of cards. Elia Barracks were destroyed, with most of the troops in them, only thirty soldiers escaping out of 230. The immense military hospital was wrecked, with the sick and convalescents in it. The prison collapsed and buried 400 prisoners, while thirty more made their escape. Many officers of the garrison have been removed from the ruins still living. The moment the troops and fire brigade from Catania arrived the work of rescue was begun.

BEGGING FOR RELIEF.

"When I enter the ruined area from Catania I find myself each time a prey to indescribable emotions. The spectacle that greets the eye here is beyond the imagination of Jules Verne. The Corso Cavour at Messina is nothing but a huge mound of stones, partly the prey of the flames. In company with Deputy De Felice I endeavored to explore. It was 5 o'clock in the evening and already dark. Rain was falling. We first saw a homeless family sitting on a heap of stones. They were half-naked and huddled together under a single umbrella. We asked them to come with us and be relieved. They refused, saying that they preferred to die on the ruins of their home. Hard by a poor, white-haired woman was shivering on the ground, covered with only a bedquilt. She begged for help, saying she had been an artist at the Pelolo Theatre. She was barefooetd and practically naked, and said she had eaten nothing for three days. We asked her to come with us to the station, but she would not save on condition that we should buy her a pair of shoes. This was impossible. We were then forced to return on account of the darkness.

NO WATER; NOTHING TO EAT.

"Tired and hungry, we arrived at the station. It was thronged with a half-mad, terrified crowd. There was no water, nothing to eat, and nowhere to sit down. Numbers of peasants from the country round Messina have flocked into the town to rob the corpses and sack the ruins. The authorities have ordered that these ghouls when found be immediately shot. Twenty were thus executed yesterday. One wretch was discovered by a Russian sailor in the act of cutting off the finger of a sorpse for the sake of a ring and was shot with a revolver. Martial law has been proclaimed.

INVESTED WITH ORDERS.

General Lake and Macdonald Receive Honors From Earl Grey.

Ottawa, Dec. 30.—At Rideau Hall today his Excellency the Governor-General invested Major-Gen. Sir Percy N. Lake, inspector-general of the Canadian militia, with the Order of Knight Commander of St. Michael and St. George, and Brig.-Gen. Macdonald with the Order of Companion of St. Michael and St. George. These decorations were recently conferred by his Majesty.

Mr. Thomas Blakeney, secretary of the London Club, is dead.

CHRISTMAS DONATIONS.

The committee for the Home of the Friendless and Infants' Home acknowledge with thanks the following Christmas donations:

Anonymous, $5.00; Sheriff Middleton, $5.00; The G. W. Robinson Co., $5.0; Mrs. Douglas Alexander, $10.00; Mrs. Martin, $2.00; Mr. Fred Dickenson, $2.00; Mrs. Breckenridge, $2.00; Central Presbyterian Sunday School, $1.00; Mrs. Carrey, $5.00; Zion Tabernacle Sunday School, $5.00; W. A. Child, $5.00; Mrs. J. Dunlop, $1.00; Mrs. Lloyd, $2.00; Mrs. A. McKay, $5.00; R. A. Robertson, $1.00; Mr. John Riddell, $2.00; Mrs. Watson, $1.00; Mrs. C. S. Escott, $1.00; Mrs. Husband, $5.00; Mrs. Barben, $1.00; Mr. A. Turner, $10.00; Miss Bell, $1.00, T. H. Pratt, $5.00; Mrs. Sanford, $2.00; Mrs. A. Herbert Bickford, $5.00; Mrs. Hunt, Evans, piece of pork and begonias; R. K. Hope, crate of oranges; Mrs. George Vallance, oranges; Mrs. A. E. Mallock, turkey; The B. B. Club, oranges; Ethel Winhill, toys; Mrs. Cahill, toys and oranges; Master Warren Lloyd, pop-corn and candy; Mrs. Randall, 2 bushels apples; Mr. C. W. Beelow, basket apples and oranges; Lois McKey, toys, candy, dolls and books; Mr. Cowdon, crate of oranges; Mrs. Kerr, books and candy; May Drope, dolls, candy and doll's carriage; Charlton Avenue Sunday School, doll, candy; a friend, 2 doz. oranges; Mrs. Bisby, large box of candy; Mrs. P. Kompass, bag of potatoes; Mr. D. Morton, box of soap; Mrs. Cook, 6 little dolls and bird-cages; Mrs. Berne, large box of candy; Mrs. Fletcher, 3 pairs of bootees and a game; Pure Milk Co., 2 gallons ice cream; Mrs. J. Kilgour, sugar, flannelette, rice, oatmeal, biscuits and jelly; Mrs. E. D. Zealand, oranges; Mrs. Lees, fruit cake. Mrs. Turner, nuts; Mr. George Hope, basket of apples; Mrs. J. D. Ferguson, centre piece, jar of fruit; Mrs. J. S. Hendrie, bag of apples; James Street Baptist Church Sunday School, 5 skirts and 2 dresses; Mrs. Slatter, animal biscuits; Kenneth Baxter, candy and holly; a friend, box of candy; Miss Wickens, candy; Mrs. Johnston, cakes; Mrs. Wm. Vallance, tea and rice; Miss Forbes, cake and bread and butter; Mrs. Dr. Wickins, malted milk; Dr. Dickson, basket of pears; Mrs. W. S. Braden, 25 yds. of flannelette; Mrs. J. S. Kerr, hymn books; Mrs. R. M. Breckenridge, flannelette; St. Paul's choir, sandwiches and cake; King's Daughters, outfit for little Earle; Mr. Laidman, bag of potatoes; Central Church, coffee, sandwiches and cake; Mrs. Herring, basket of apples; R. B. Hill, cakes and buns, weekly; currants, soap; Central Church Sunday School, 8 scrap books and toys; senior 1st class, Central Sunday School, toys and books; kindergarten Ryerson School, dolls, blocks and clothing; Miss McLeman's class, scrap books; Mrs. Urquart, 2 pairs of boots, children's bib; Mrs. Herman Levy, 4 pairs of boots; Junior King's Daughters, toys and books; Mrs. J. H. Taylor, 2 night dresses, skirts and dresses; Grace and Jack Taylor, biscuits; Mrs. Robt. Hobson, 50 lbs. oatmeal; Mrs. Dr. Olmstead, Xmas tree and pair of chickens; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Hill, tea, sugar and carrots, Mrs. Le Riche, 5 ars of fruit; Mrs. Fred Gates, toys; Mrs. Haines, basket potatoes, apples, onions and cake; Mr. D. Henry, meat; Alex. and Elizabeth Olmstead, toys and books; Miss Dorothy Hobson, toys and dolls; Mrs. W. E. Sprague, groceries, oranges and candy; Mrs. Huerner Mullen, infants' clothing and toys; Mrs. Maitland Roy, stockings, toque and mitts; Mrs. Wm. Carey, sugar and oatmeal; Retter Ford, toys; a friend, large box of figs; Mrs. W. C. Hawkins, barrel of apples; Mr. McFarland, Paris, box of canned goods and groceries, etc.; Mrs. E. Watkins, infants' clothing and turkey; Mrs. Wm. Torrens, clothing; a friend, flannelette; a friend, 6 pairs of stockings; Miss Alice Cousens, Marjory Zealand, Vera Cooper and Ida Fairgrieve, books, toys, dolls and oranges; Wm. Lees & Son, percentage off bread account; a friend, infants' clothing; Mr. A. C. Turnbull, a number of beautiful books for the children.

The monthly meeting will be held at the Home on Tuesday, January 5th, at 10 a. m.

Wilbur Wright covered a distance of over ninety miles with his aeroplane in a flight of two hours and nine minutes at Lemans.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is Laxative Bromo Quinine. Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days. E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

We're OFF!

New Year's track's open. The race is to be run—and *you will run* as your health gives brain and physical force. Bad bowels, liver and stomach kill more GOOD EFFORT than any other trouble. CASCARETS will keep you healthy—THEN you can produce results. Take CASCARETS—keep tuned up—your liver working—and then you can go for all you're worth.

CASCARETS—10c box—week's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.