

Shows Her Letters

Professor Constaniin, Reveal That Her Reciprocated.

HER FOR WRITING

frevelation of all. In it Char-

writes—

night I find neither rest nor

sleep I am disturbed by tor-

ments in which I see you,

you always grave, always in-

just me, then, Monsieur, if I adopt

of writing to you again, how

re life if I make no effort to

zterings

but you will be irritated when

his letter. You will say once

I am hysterical—that I have

shits, &c. So be it, Monsieur,

ask to justify myself; I submit

of reproach. All I know in

now, that I will not, resign

use wholly the friendship of

I would rather suffer the

ysical pain than always have

acated by smarting regrets.

withdraws his friendship

entirely I shall be altogether

he gives me a little—

I shall be satisfied—happy;

ve a reason for living on; for

in the poor have not need of

tain them—they ask only for

that fall from the rich man's

If they are refused the crumbs

hunger, you do it, either, need

tion from those I love. I should

that to do with a friendship em-

puisic—I am not used to it. But

d me of your a little interest,

a your point in Brussels, and I

the maintenance of that little

hold on to it as I would hold on

to tell me, perhaps, I take not the

interest in you, Mlle. Charlotte,

longer an inmate of my house;

gotten you?

to tell me so frankly. It

to me, it matters not. It is

so dreadful that uncertainty,

not read this letter. I send it

written it. Nevertheless, I have

consciousness that some people,

common sense, in reading it

"She is talking nonsense. I

me myself on such persons. It

way than by wishing them one

of the torments which I have

eight months. We should, how-

ever, not talk nonsense, too.

ers in length so long as one

length so to do, and when that

ges out one speaks without too

gaining one's words.

Monsieur happiness and pro-

ALIA'S COTTON

SEEKS AN EXPERT.

(Special Dispatch.)

LONDON, August 23.

ST was aroused recently by the

ement of the High Commissioner

Italia that the services of a court-

ner were required to superintend

ation of the plant in the Com-

experiments so far have been

ly in Queensland, where a va-

lton especially favored in that

the cotton-plant cross between

and Mexican. It is said that

back, attains a height of twenty

feet, sandy soil it is said that

has made from \$5 to \$6 an

there are thousands of acres

and to be obtained in northern

and at \$2.50 to \$3 an acre.

ictim of

musings Hoax

quent inquiries which I have

how he obtained the money,

brings me to his alleged inven-

first got in touch with two

men who lent him \$2,500 on the

of the story of his wonderful

device and of his wish to make

experiments. He was also

\$125,000 for one-third share of

tion when it was perfected.

After this Gray got in touch

with the office, and finally, in re-

sponse to a telegram from the War Of-

ice was anxious for his prom-

ises without further

Gray sent a box to the hangar

to him. It was carefully ex-

amined, when he failed to ap-

person, and proved to be only

sand.

What I have discovered since

Gray had no intention of ac-

ing to give a demonstration to

Office, but was simply making

the War Office's offer to read-

one person who had offered him

\$100,000. I feel positive he had

no idea of wire telegraphy. He

could neither transmit nor re-

ceive.

WOMEN RIDING

BESIDE CHAUFFEUR

(Special Dispatch.)

LONDON, August 23.

ICE Magistrate has laid down

principle that a woman should not

be seated in a motor car with a

man at the steering wheel.

Generally," he says, "no one

in an automobile in the streets

of least of all an amateur, should

be seated beside him. The car

should receive him, and drive

him.

ladies are nervous, some are

are garrulous and some are

but in a thousand ways they

may be taken off his guard and an

may occur."

Half Dozen Strikes In Progress In London

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The recurrence of labor unrest in many forms is evidenced by the fact that half a dozen strikes are now in progress in London. Thousands of men are already affected, and there are threats of still further trouble. In almost every case the demand is for increased wages, although the question of trade union recognition figures prominently in some disputes. The building trade is the one most affected. At any moment 50,000 laborers in the metropolis may adopt a "down-tools" policy, and their action would involve another 150,000 skilled artisans.

The laborers are asking for reform of rules, an increase of wages, and the same treatment as that meted out to skilled workmen.

The renovation of Buckingham Palace is in no danger of being delayed by the strike, as the men have no grievance against the contractor who has the work in hand.

The masters regard the campaign as the beginning of an organized movement for the suppression of the non-unionist.

HEAVY DOCKET WITH THE POLICE

Ernest Pike Faced Charge of Entering House of Peter Porter—Other Cases

A heavy docket was brought on this morning after a brief holiday. No less than eleven cases were dealt with by His Worship, but the majority of them were of a minor nature and were easily disposed of.

Ernest George Pike faced a charge of unlawfully entering the home of Peter Porter in the Township of Holland on August 13th. A plea of guilty was entered. Porter was not to give evidence, and told the court an interesting story of how he had been broken into while he was absent, attending a Methodist conference, there being an appearance of some disorder when he returned.

A revolver and a box of cartridges, a piece of pie were missing. Witnesses found tracks and traced them to a field where the accused was working.

Other witnesses were heard, testifying to the tracks around Porter's house, and High Court Constable Hughes produced a revolver which defendant had given to him when arrested. Porter testified that the firearm produced looked like his.

The defendant took the stand on his behalf, and denied all knowledge of the theft from Porter's house. The other produced, he claimed to have purchased in Kingston.

A number of witnesses were heard in the defence, the accused being represented by Mr. W. S. Brewster. Magistrate Livingston in summing up the evidence, admitted that there were many suspicious circumstances in connection with the case, but the defence was not sufficiently strong to convict. He therefore dismissed the charge. Mr. W. A. Hollinrake acted for Porter.

When the name of Alan Raffaello, a Canadian, failed to put in an appearance, and a warrant was issued for his arrest, Raffaello appeared in court a few days ago and was granted liberty in order that he should produce two trunks claimed to be the property of R. Dienna. The trunks had not yet been produced.

Byron Fairbairn, who in past years has been a visitor to the police court on various charges, faced a charge of being drunk and disorderly. Evidence was given and a sentence was allowed to go on suspended sentence, after paying the fine amounting to \$4.75.

It had not unlawfully interfere with the duty of the police. The charge against Wm. Cudmore, accused pleaded not guilty to the charge, and the officer was called to give evidence. He stated that while seeing another man under arrest, Cudmore objected and insisted upon seeing the constable's duty. As a result of the loud talk a big crowd was attracted. The patrol was called and Cudmore was arrested.

Cudmore, in his own defence stated that he simply advised the officer to let the prisoner go. Magistrate Livingston told Cudmore that he had no right to "butt in" and a fine of \$5 was imposed.

Frank Clouse was up on the carpet on a disorderly charge. The police asked for a remand which was granted. Several drunks appeared and were summarily dealt with.

Ill at Rosland. NELSON, B.C., Aug. 25.—Dr. Brock, mineralogist at Hull University and member of the International Geological Congress, is in Rosland, B.C. hospital. Other members of the party have proceeded to the coast.

Building New Stables. A number of men and teams are engaged in excavating the property on Colborne street, between the tower house and the old gas plant for the foundation of the new barn and stables being erected by L. Anguish.

MILLION MARK FOR TORONTO EXHIBITION

Premier Borden Pressed Button for the Opening This Afternoon.

TORONTO, Aug. 25.—Following the first official luncheon, at which Premier Borden was the guest of honor, the Premier at 2.30 this afternoon pressed the button which officially set in motion the Canadian National Exhibition of 1913. The gates were open at 8 o'clock this morning, and judging from the thousands who poured through during the early hours, it was considered that the crowd would be a record-breaker for the opening day.

The exhibition management are after an attendance record this year. The only thing that can keep us below the million mark is the weather, and it will keep it mighty busy holding us back," declared J. O. Orr, the manager, after a final inspection of the grounds, which revealed everything in first-class shape.

Premier Borden, accompanied by Mrs. Borden and Hon. G. H. and Mrs. Perley, arrived in the city on Sunday, 10 a.m. to noon at the King Edward Hotel. The day was spent quietly, and in the evening the Premier and Mr. Perley were entertained at the York Club.

On Tuesday Mr. Borden will lay the corner stone of the new technical high school on Lippincott street at 11 a.m., and spend the afternoon at the exhibition, returning to Ottawa in the evening.

Prior to proceeding to the Exhibition grounds to formally open the exhibition, Right Hon. R. L. Borden, Premier of Canada, spent a quiet morning.

The Premier's movements for the day were arranged as follows: 10 a.m. to noon—At the hotel, receiving personal friends and reporters. 12 noon—Visit to the exhibition grounds to deliver opening address at 2.30 p.m.; sight-seeing on the grounds until 4 o'clock, taking lunch at the grounds.

4 to 7 p.m.—Calls on personal friends and an auto ride about the city. Evening—Dinner at Government House. "I can't say," was the Premier's laconic reply to a question as to the probability of an early session.

After a moment's pause, Premier Borden continued: "The difficulty of an early session, say about the middle of October, is in getting the departmental material, such as reports, in shape for presentation to the House. As against that, experience has shown that when Parliament is called towards the end of November little is accomplished on account of the Christmas holidays until after the first of the year."

Dublin Horse Show Will Be Brilliant

Lord and Lady Aberdeen Will do a Lot of Entertaining.

DUBLIN, Aug. 25.—Dublin and its neighborhood will be very full for the horse show, and a brilliant attendance is looked for each day. A large party will be entertained by Lord and Lady Aberdeen, whose arrival at the show on two of the days will be carried out in vice regal state. Their guests will include Ambassador and Mrs. Page.

Many evening entertainments will be given throughout the week. Lady Aberdeen has sent out invitations for her usual big dinner parties, and much entertaining will be done at the Royal Hospital, where Lady Paget, who has been abroad, is expected to give a big ball, which will be attended in state by the vice regal party. Lady Aberdeen will also give a private tea and a fine of \$5 was imposed.

Will Erect New Stores. George MacDonald, the well known merchant of Colborne street East, has decided to erect two stores on the property adjoining his present premises. The stores will be two storey faced with red brick.

POOR HARRY THAW; BREAKFAST FROM HOTELS LATE THIS MORNING

And Harry and the Sherbrooke Jailer Had a Row—His First Display of Temper Since His Detention—Conference Among Lawyers Still Proceeding.

SHERBROOKE, Que., Aug. 25.—Neither William Travers Jerome, of the State of New York, nor Roger O'Mara, for the Thaw family, had arrived at Sherbrooke this afternoon, and counsel for both sides marked time with further conferences. The general understanding still prevailing was that Thaw would be arraigned in the Superior Court Wednesday morning on the commitment under which he has been held a fugitive from Mattegaw, turned over to the immigration authorities, and ultimately deported to Vermont.

Thaw had a row with the jail authorities to-day because his breakfast from a hotel had arrived late. It was the worst show of temper since his detention here.

Sherbrooke, not Coaticook, will be the seat of the immigration inquiry, according to apparently reliable reports. Facilities for holding such a hearing are far better here than at Coaticook, and the proceedings could all take place in the court house where arguments in the habeas corpus proceedings go on.

J. Parkinson of Montreal, connected with Dominion secret service, reached Sherbrooke to-day to keep in touch with the case. Stories of Thaw money corrupting courts, judges and immigration officials—based, all of them, so far as anyone can learn—were being discussed in the hotel corridors and on the streets at noon.

Ex-Governor Stone of Pennsylvania characterized such rumors as an absurdity. "The law will be allowed to take its course in the case," said the ex-Governor. "All we ask for is simple justice."

H. McKewen of the Thaw legal contingent explained this afternoon one of the reasons why they had not yet announced a definite plan of action. "We are waiting for the other side to show its hand," he remarked. "It has never been made clear to us just exactly what the attitude of the Canadian authorities is in regard to Thaw."

A Week and a Day. SHERBROOKE, Que., Aug. 25.—A week and a day since Harry K. Thaw's sensational escape from the Mattegaw asylum, his flight across at least three states and his entrance into Canada, where he was captured, found Thaw still confined in the Sherbrooke jail and the two men who are to lead the forces fighting for and against his return not yet on the scene.

These men were William Travers Jerome, former district attorney of New York, and Roger O'Mara, a Pittsburgh detective, who for the better part of his life, has been retained by the wealthy Thaw family to help Harry K. Thaw in the trouble his dissipation brought him. While O'Mara is not a lawyer, the Canadian counsel employed for Thaw look to the detective officially to represent the family in proceedings that are to

come. The first of these is to be Thaw's arraignment in the Superior court here on a writ of habeas corpus on Wednesday next.

The time of O'Mara's arrival had not been made known this forenoon and Jerome's whereabouts were surrounded with much mystery. During the night it was reported that he had reached a Vermont town not far from the frontier, Jerome more than any other man was instrumental in keeping Thaw in confinement since the killing of Stanford White. He comes to the case now with a better first-hand knowledge of the whole Thaw situation than probably any other man in the world. As an American lawyer he will have no standing in Canadian courts and this will be taken care of on behalf of the new York state interests by Samuel Jacobs, a leading lawyer of Montreal. Jerome's greatest value will be when the matter of Thaw's extradition comes up in Vermont, should he be reported there by the immigration authorities. He would also be of great help in an advisory capacity, if the insanity question is taken up.

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Thaw had a fairly restless night. He is fortunate as are all those who (Continued on Page 3)

BLOODIEST SURGERY IN HIS EXPERIENCE

St. Louis Doctor Who Returned From Big London Congress.

MONTREAL, Aug. 25.—Remarking that in the London hospitals he saw some of the bloodiest surgery in his experience, Dr. W. Stanffer of St. Louis, on his way home after attending the International Medical Congress in London, declares that the medical science in Canada and the United States is ten years ahead of Britain.

The better organization in North America, as well as the greater opportunities for research work, the doctor, the principal reasons. Dr. Stanffer, who is a specialist in a certain branch of surgery, naturally wished to see operative work in the London hospitals. He saw what he described as the bloodiest surgery in his experience there. The operators, small frame, allowed their patients to weaken unnecessarily, thus often weakening the sufferer, when a little care might have obviated such contingency.

In Great Britain, said the doctor, there is little or no organization in the medical profession. Will Attend Convention. Postmaster Alfred Stevens leaves to-morrow morning for Winnipeg, where he will attend the annual convention of the Letter Carriers of the Dominion of Canada.

Lofty Appeal For National Ideals Made at Conference of Canadian Clubs at Hamilton

HAMILTON, Ont., Aug. 25.—The fifth annual conference of the Association of Canadian Clubs opened here this morning with an attendance of over two hundred delegates, representing clubs from coast to coast.

President McClelland, in his address, lauded C. R. McCullough, founder of the Canadian Club movement, and Clementina Fessenden, originator of Empire Day. He strongly urged the appointment of a Canadian Minister of Health to deal with sanitation and proper housing of the masses. Prudery and mock modesty of modernites, he declared, had too long held back knowledge of physical culture, race suicide, maternity, sexology and other questions affecting the vitality of the race. Discussing Canada's political life, he insisted that there was altogether too much partisan politics in the country. The little Canadians and the blind partisans, he said, must be eliminated and way made for the larger Canadians. Continuing, he said: "Some there are who claim with confidence that the politicians of Canada, like many other things, are becoming commercialized and that they are fast becoming like our neighbor-

representatives of the financial interests rather than of the people. When one sees the British flag kicked about, as it were in the political arena for political ends and purposes and with signal effect, on its ap to the possibility of Canadian or British patriotism is the sacred attribute it ought to be, and whether it is yet rooted in the hearts and fibre of the Canadian people. When one sees on an occasion of political contests, some of the Canadian clergy turning their backs into political hustings, one wonders whether the separation of the church and state in Canada is only in name and not in reality.

The balance of the president's address was a lofty appeal for high national ideals and warning note against the possibility of the country being ruled by Canadian millionaires. One had to admit that in the States materialism ruled as supremely as any monarch. This was something for Canada to avoid.

Touching on civic government, he said in part: "Civic government throughout Canada is one of its weakest points. It has much to learn in this regard from European cities. The larger and more

WOMEN OF DISTRICT SIGN ROUND ROBIN

Wives of Strikers Complain That They Cannot See Their Husbands.

VANCOUVER, B.C., Aug. 25.—An attempt is to be made to start No. 1 mine with nonunion men by the Western Fuel Company. Trouble is expected. This notice is posted at the headquarters of the U. M. W. of A. "An attempt is being made by the Western Fuel Company to operate No. 1 mine by non-union men. Unless martial law is proclaimed, the right of picketing is ours. All union men are ordered for picket duty. Remember those in jail."

There is grave anxiety as to the outcome. In the meantime the Jingle Pot Mine is working full blast. Arrests continue to be made. Women of the district have forwarded a round robin to the attorney-general complaining that they are not allowed to see their husbands in jail.

Toronto's Defunct Club. MONTREAL, Aug. 25.—That the owners of the defunct Tecumseh Hockey Club of Toronto, will be given another opportunity to sell out, is the statement from one of a syndicate of ten ready to buy. The syndicate now after the franchise have offered to assume all the club's liabilities and pay the owners \$3,000 a cash. The syndicate will, if they secure the franchise, place a first class team on the ice, probably the St. Michael's team intact.

Gathering of the Clans Will be Notable Event

LONDON, Aug. 25.—King George and Queen Mary have announced their intention of being present at the Braemar gathering with the Princess Royal in the park at Braemar, September 4. The gathering of the clans was not held last year, owing to the death of the Duke of Fife. It is anticipated that this year it will be a brilliant success, owing to the presence of their Majesties. As this is the fashionable event of the year in Scotland, many well-known people will be in attendance at the gathering, an event which has been in existence for close to a century.

Except when a death occurs among the patrons, the gathering of the clans is an annual fixture and a fete day in the Highlands. The scene presented of men in tartans and women in smart gowns, sashed with the colors of the clans and wearing their badges, is most picturesque. The King is chief patron of the event, which, it is interesting to note, received royal recognition from Queen Victoria more than sixty years ago, when she first graced the gathering with her presence.

BRANTFORD FIRM LOSES IN A WESTERN BLAZE

Cockshutt Warehouse Destroyed in Mayfield, Sask., Fire.

REGINA, Sask., August 25.—Fire broke out at Mayfield, Sask., yesterday morning and totally wiped out the building and contents owned and occupied by the Odfellows and Masonic lodges. The warehouse of the Cockshutt Plow Company, of Brantford, Ont., and White Bros. furniture and general store, was also gutted.

CHANNEL TUNNEL SCHEME SUPPORTED

Paris Papers Loud in Their Praise of Wonderful Project.

PARIS, Aug. 25.—Great enthusiasm is expressed everywhere in France in regard to the increasing probability of an Anglo-French tunnel under the Dover Straits becoming an accomplished fact. "Le Temps," "Le Journal Des Debats," "Le Figaro" and "M. Clemenceau's paper," "L'Homme Libre," are all favoring the scheme, which to meet French ideas should be