11, 1916

OF REGENER ranteed free from p-operative Am's

ROM HARRIS

N \$25 WEEKLY. leaving home of Science, Dept. nada. 41-4

centre and cases special ade to have ad storeroom ent it is also ons to obtain bank on the ceipts. This

ce is one of fered by this ent. Where ent. Where idually, they ait until the

to Help

" plan was e association y special se-t Seed. Ex-t, that many growing and the time nor ir own Elite the ar centres will since there ich will not which will

ers and of ferent Wes-t Saskatoon, hat definite be to locate here a great good pure scellent op-re fortunale ngage in a ese depart-

swered

factory to m instrucrgeable to

land only

before &

unt, from

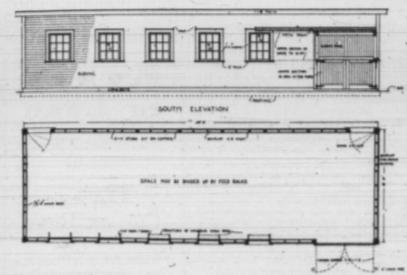
Winter Quarters for Sheep

Sheep can be housed more cheaply than any other class of livestock. They do not require elaborate buildings. Winter quarters for sheep should be of such a kind that the sheep are dry above and underfoot. Therefore, when a sheep barn or shed is built it should be properly located. If possible, a spot of elevated ground should be selected to provide good drainage on all sides. There should never be a time when water runs in to the sheep barn during heavy rains or when snow is melting water runs in to the sheep barn during heavy rains or when snow is melting rapidly in winter. When sheep are forced, contrary to their nature, to lie down on a wet floor in a barn rheuma-tism and stiffness in legs and body will soon set in. Though sheep like dry quarters in winter they do not prefer too warm a place, as their coat of wool

is not too much room for each breeding ewe. Of course the amount of space allowed each ewe will depend somewhat on the size and breed.

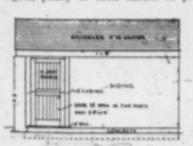
Most sheep breeders provide a separate enclosure in the sheep barn which is divided up into several small pens called "lambing pens." In these are placed the mothers with their newly born lambs, each family by itself. These lambing pens are of great value when lambs are born in the cold winter months, February or March, and prevent much annoyance from ewes disowning their lambs.

In the accompanying illustration is shown an inexpensive building which



Ground plan and front elevation of sheep barn suitable for 100 ewes

keeps them sufficiently warm. Another important factor leading to the welfare of the flock is to avoid all draughts. Coughing, running at the nose, and lung diseases are often due to draughts sweeping thru the barn or shed. The barn should be dry, airy, and well ventilated, but must be free from draughts. It should also be well-lighted, since sheep prefer the light and thus do not thrive so well in a dark place. The barn must have wide doors, so that the sheep do not get jammed and injured by rushing thru too narrow doorways. The results of narrow doorways are broken-down hips, the squeezing and crushing of little lambs, and the abortion of ewes heavy with lamb. Again, plenty of room should be pro-



CORNER OF NORTH ELEVATION

that from eight to twelve square feet vided for sheep. A close, cramped con-dition is very dangerous, especially for

will be found suitable for the keeping of sheep. It is simply a frame building 16 x 50 feet without any interior fittings, not even fixed mangers or feed racks, so the entire floor-space can be used for shelter. The windows are arranged to open in, and should be open at the top most of the time, as also should the door, to amply provide for fresh air. The inside of the wall is covered with shiplap to a height of four feet to eliminate draughts. The harn should be built on a knoll, or at any rate, where ample drainage is afforded. If the interior is filled with earth to a height of several inches above the outside soil a dry floor is assured. This is an essential point, as sheep will not thrive when forced to live in buildings with damp floors.

No provision is made for feed overhead, the idea being to haul roughage from stacks and to feed it during a large part of the time from racks out in the open on the south side of the sheep-barn. With this method of feeding a hundred ewes can be wintered comfortably in a barn of this size.

Plenty of light is provided by the windows on the south side; the north wall being left windowless. A large door on the south side at one end makes it easy for the sheep to pass in and out without crowding. If a large yard is provided by the sheep to pass in and out without crowding. If a large yard is provided by the south side of a building such as this, first-class winter quarters will have been provided for the animals.

In experiments carried on at the Wisconsin Experimental Station very cheap gains have been made by feeding rape previous to placing the sheep in the feed lot. Lambs pastured on rape but fed no grain, made as large gains as others on good grass pasture and fed one pound of grain but no rape. In other words one pound of grain was saved by each lamb daily and the lambs on rape made just as much gain as the saved by each lamb daily and the lambs on rape made just as much gain as the other lambs that received one pound of grain. It was also learned that in finishing both lots off on dry feed that the lambs which had received rape pre-viously did considerably better than the other lot not receiving rape before being put into the feed lot.



VANSTONE & ROGERS

Belgians and Hackneys

North Battleford, Saskatchewan

We have over 50 stallions of above breeds at our stables and these are of the big drafty kind and very few of the colts will be short of a ton

at maturity.

If you need a horse next spring now is the time to get it and you can not only get it much cheaper, but you can break him in and work him this winter, and he will be healthler, surer and will be acclimated in

We have a system of insurance which removes all risk for two years from the purchaser.

Anyone needing an exchange can be assured of a fair and honest deal. We guarantee every horse. Ample time to responsible parties. mers how we use then

Vanstone & Rogers

JAMES BROOKS Sales Manager

North Battleford, Sask.

SHEEP AND LAMBS

3700 Sheep and Lambs will be for sale at MAPLE OREEK, SASK.

Commencing at 10 a.m. OCTOBER 26 and 27, 1916.

2700 BLACK AND WHITE PACE EWES
1000 BLACK AND WHITE PACE EWE LAMBS
All from best pure-bred Oxford and Leicester bucks.

50 PURE-BRED AND GRADE BUCKS. All from well known range.
To be sold in lots to suit purchasers. TERMS ARE CASH.

For further particulars apply to

M. Fleming,

M. Fleming,

MAPLE OREEK

M. M. Fleming,
(Maple Leaf Hotel) AUGTIONEER

Horses Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday at LAYZELL'S HORSE Repository RIVERSIDE, CALGARY.

From two to three hundred head always on hand. Owing to the large number of Ranchers leaving for the front and the closing out of a lot of the big leases, horses in Calgary are cheap. You can buy one or a carload. We have a large stock of yearlings and two-year-olds to sell in lots to suit purchaser. Horses loaded on C.P.R., C.N.R. or G.T.P. free of charge.

If you want horses come to the Recognized Horse Market of Western Canada. CORRESPONDENCE A PLEASURE

Telegraphic address: HORSES, CALGARY. Phone M 2260.

P.S.—We have horses of the blocky type. If you want horses come to Calgary where they are cheap.

of its out a work team Griffith's ROPE Trace

Q. L. Griffith & Son, 70 Waterioo St., Stratford,

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GUIDE