of it over the next eight or ten months, rather than place it in immense quantities upon the market in the next few months, with the certainty—as far as the present outlook is concerned—of bringing prices to a considerably lower level.

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Lake and ocean boat space is more scarce than in previous years; rates for such space are higher than ever before; rates of exchange between this country and Europe are also more adverse than they have ever been, and undoubtedly the flooding of the market with grain immediately after threshing will mean that these charges, which ultimately have to be paid by the farmer, will go higher

It was thought advisable to publicly request the co-operation of the banks and business interests generally in the matter. Their co-operation might take the form of extending the time for payment of liabilities that farmers might have to such banks or business interests, rather than to force the farmers to sell their grain at a sacrifice in order to meet liabilities falling due in October and November. The banks particularly, by

Helping the Hired Man By Allan Campbell

Co-operation in this democratic age is a word that is coming more and more into its own. It is like a strong cement inasmuch as it binds together individuals toward a common end. The best relation between employer and employee is that of co-operation, and the reason why one volunteer is worth three pressed men is, that the volunteer is more of a co-operator than the pressed men. By helping the hired man in studying his interest the farmer sows profitable seed, and the result is shown in the way the man takes hold of his work. The driven man may work while the driver is present, but his work is not of the best kind. There is always a good side of a man to be brought to the surface by the use of a little consideration for human nature, and it is well to say, in passing, that these remarks apply to the farm wife in dealing with her hired help as much as they do to the farmer. At the time of hiring his help, November. The banks particularly, by taking advantage of the powers recently conferred, could make advances to farmers on the security of grain on the farm.

If this method of marketing can be followed, we feel certain that it will result in a greater monetary return for the larmer comes face to face in a good many cases with a young farmer in the making, and in his hands rests the responsible task of helping to mould a character, by kindness and consideration he not only insures good work for himself, but helps to put a good spoke in the wheel of Canada's future. the farmer comes face to face in a good



The average Western farmer has no time to utilize the straw as manure

the crop to the farmers of Western Canada than will otherwise obtain, and it seems apparent that such a result will be a direct benefit to every business interest in the country, and at the same time will insure a steady flow of grain sufficient for the needs of the Empire.

More leisurely marketing of our grain has always been advocated by the leaders of the farmers' organizations, and we make this statement at the present time for the purpose of directing attention to this very important matter at a period when our crop is just beginning to move. We believe that if farmers follow our suggestion in large numbers that the result will prove that the scheme is far more practical than any other that could be suggested to insure a fair return for the

> Signed on behalf of the farmers' organizations:

JAS. SPEAKMAN, Pres. United Farmers of Alberta. P. P. WOOLBRIDGE, United Farmers of Alberta. Sec'v JOHN MAHARG, Pres. Sask. Grain Growers' Ass'n. J. B. MUSSELMAN, Sec'y Sask. Grain Growers' Ass'n. R. C. HENDERS, Pres. Man. Grain Growers' Ass'n. R. McKENZIE, Sec'y Man. Grain Growers' Ass'n. C. RICE JONES, Pres. Alta. Farmers' Co-op. Elevator Co. CHAS. A. DUNNING, Gen. Manager Sask. Co-op. Elevator Co. T. A. CRERAR, Pres. Grain Growers' Grain Co., Ltd.

A Merciful Man

Visitor, "My good man, you keep your pigs much too near the house."
Cottager. "That's just what the doc-

tor said, mum; but I don't see how it's a-goin' to hurt 'em."—Punch.

The beginner on the farm, and especially one who has abandoned a city office life for that of a farm, finds his hours very long, and gets spells of gnawing hunger, long before the regular meal time, and then it is that a light and refreshing lunch will be productive of good results and will be worth many times the price and the trouble it entails in obtaining, for if the man is made of the right stuff he can give this back in labor. To hustle a man out early in the morning after a hurried breakfast may give him an early start, but will he be any more likely to keep up the pace all day, than if he went out better equipped and at a more moderate pace. It is very doubtful. Then again, the beginner is better for being told to take a few rests at intervals in the field, for his own sake and that of the horses, instead of having to "steal" time, while keeping a lookout for the boss. There is no co-operation in that system.

Under the social conditions existing in this country, where the hired help is more or less one of the family, his stay on the farm can be made pleasant or otherwise, and many considerations shown him he can return by doing such chores that occasionally call for voluntary service. Harmony is an essential point between the farmer's family and the employees. This latter is productive of a good natured willingness to oblige in the way of doing many odd jobs that turn while offhandedness and surliness only produce the minimum amount of work, and that not of the highest mark of

excellence. In regard to work in the field, it is well for the farmer to explain his plan of campaign thoroughly at the start and avoid mystery, so that the hired man will know in which direction his best endeavors are to be used. This will encourage a conscientious interest. A man kept working, figuratively speaking, in the dark, is a mere machine, and, being in the dark, is apt to stumble. The difference between the enlightened man and Doherty Piano Co. Ltd.

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\$10 Cash, \$1.50 per Week—Clinton Piano, been in use about year, 7 1-3 octave key board, overstrung scale, 3 pedals, has been thoroughly overhauled, as is now as good as new; regular line \$350; special \$168.

\$10 Cash, \$1.50 per Week-R. S. William Grand, rosewood case, is beautiful tone; this a great bargain; regular price was \$850;

\$10 Cash, \$1.50 per Week—Clinton Piano, 4ft. 7in., mahogany or fumed oak, 7 1-3 octave key board, full music desk, overstrung scale, empire top; regular price \$375; special \$210.

\$10 Cash, \$1.50 per Week—Doherty Piano, upright grand, mahogany or mission case, 4ft, 8in 7 1-3 octave key board, full length music desk, solid copper bass string, good rich tone; regular price \$450; exceptional bargain at special \$235.

\$15 Cash, \$1.75 per Week—Doherty Piano, cabinet grand, 7 1-3 octave key board, overstrung scale, solid copper bass, made from the best material throughout, has beautiful tone; regular price \$500; special \$265.

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Address....

the man who is kept in ignorance, is the same as between the horse on the road and a horse on the tread power. The first one works with an end in view, and the econd just works.

The strenuous work of the farm puts the farmer in a rather advantageous position in comparison with his men, as he is in a position more or less to choose his work and when to do it, and that fact alone is a considerable lightener of labor. On the other hand the man who does not know what his next job is to be falls an easier victim to fatigue and monotony, and for this reason it is better to have the men know the general system of the season's operations. A few words of approval will cost nothing and will go a long way toward helping the hired

Mange in Horses

The disease known as mange, acariasis, is commonly caused by one of two varieties of mange mites. The common mange is caused by a mite (psoroptes), while a more severe form of skin disease is caused by a mite (sarcoptes), which burrows under the skin. The trouble starts, as a rule, on the withers, the upper part of the neck, and the root of the mane, from which it spreads to all parts of the body except the extremities. A close examination of the skin will reveal small pimples, and elevations, followed by the formation of scabs, which if brushed off show a raw surface beneath.

A mange mite known as the symbiotes, because it is found in groups, attacks the hind fetlocks, and occasionally all four limbs. A horse which stamps continually at night is often suffering from this disease. The sarcoptic form, if allowed to run on, often causes serious trouble; but the other forms are very amenable to treatment. All the affected parts should first of all be thoroughly washed with hot water and soft soap, applied with a hard brush, to remove all the scabs. A currycomb may be necessary to loosen the scabs where they have hardened. Dressings should then be applied, of which there are many different ones prescribed. A good one is linseed oil, seven parts; spirits of tar, one part. This should be put on thoroughly every two or three days, washing with soda and water between each dressing. The mites may be transferred to other animals, so every precaution should be used, and swabs, etc., burnt after use.

The Honest Barber

"I have yet to hear of a more candid "I have yet to hear of a more candid man than one in business in a little town along the Hudson River," said Senator Chauncey M. Depew recently. "Painted on the front of his place of business is the sign: 'W. E., Barber, Hacks, Etc.' In my time I have encountered many barbers who conducted hack establishments, but this is the only instance where I have found the fact acknowledged."