forward to the eastern provinces. remains unchanged at \$3.60 to 3.75. Mill-feed is in fair demand at unaltered quotations.

GRAIN.--The advance in wheat which we reported last week has not only been main-tained, but increased strength has characterized the market again this week. The demand is confined principally to that from local millers, but values have almost reached an export basis. Oats continue unchanged and the recent advance in freight rates appears to have kept prices down. A steady market in barley can be reported ; some shipments of superior quality have been sent to the United States, but other-wise the trade done is of a local character. Rye is dull. Corn continues to be uninterest-

The stocks of grain in store at Port Arthur on Nov. 3rd were 1,421,580 bushels. During the week there were received 650,427 bushels, and shipped 922,222 bushels, leaving in store on Nov. 10th, 1,149,785.

TORONTO	STOCKS	IN STORE.	
	Nov. 10,	Nov. 3,	Nov. 11,
	1894.	1894.	1893.

Hard wheat, bush 52,500 56,400 2	3,500
11aru wiicat, 54311.192,900 90,400 2	
Fall wheat "29,769 28,005 5	9,238
Spring wheat, " 500 500 15	6,766
Goose wheat, "	53
Barley, "44,304 75,910 2	8,700
Peas, " 713 400 2	7,502
Oats, "15,149 17,795	600
Buckwheat, "3,586 2,951	

GROCERIES .--- Trade on the whole may be described as good. Navigation will close on Nov. 30th, if not before, and the movement to North points is attaining daily larger volume. Shore points is attaining daily larger volume. Dried fruit brought per steamer "Avlona" is now in stock. Valencia raisins remain easy, with off stalk quoted 41, and fine off stalk 43c.; Sultanas are worth 51 to 81c. There is a good general movement of sugars, and prices are very low, as we note elsewhere. Domestic syrups are scarce. Teas are very firm, espe-cially Ceylons and Japans.

HARDWARE - The general volume of trade HARDWARE. — The general volume of trade is keeping up well, and during the last few weeks the movement has been good. This has been practically the result of a desire to take advantage of the lower freight rates, as a change in the tariff was made to-day, Thurs-day. The near approach of the close of Upper Lake navigation has also stimulated trade. Beyond these reasons there is, however, a good general demand from country merchants for general demand from country merchants for general lines of hardware. In the early season retailers placed their orders very cautiously, and it is but natural that large repeat orders should be given now.

HIDES AND SKINS .--- If anything the hide and buyers are selling to better advantage. The consumptive demand is being well sustained, stocks are light, and no accumulations are taking place. Dealers are still paying $3\frac{1}{2}$ c. for cows and 4c. for steers, with sales at $4\frac{1}{2}$ and 5c. Sheepskins are unchanged at 55c. There ap-pears to be an accumulation of skins through bout the country, and stocks are not selling as readily as they should. Tallow is being well sold up, dealers paying 5_4^3c , and selling at 6_4^4c .

LEATHER .- We cannot say that the lapse of LEATHER.—We cannot say that the lapse of a week has brought any distinct improvement to the tanners' commodity, but on the other hand trade conditions are no worse than they were seven days ago. Spanish sole moves well, and there is no accumulation of stocks: slaughter, however, is just a trifle slow. For the descrip-tions which Canada exports there is better en-uring abroad and shimments of Spanish sole quiry abroad, and shipments of Spanish sole will be made during the coming week.

PROVISIONS .- Trade in this line is not char-PROVISIONS.—Trade in this line is not char-acterized by any special activity. A marked dulness still hangs over the butter market; choice rolls are quoted at 16c. and tubs at 17c. per lb. Common descriptions are entirely neglected. Only the usual moderate jobbing trade is doing in cheese. Hog products have not gained any strength this week, and in sympathy with dressed hogs stocks are selling at low values. Dressed hogs are worth \$5 to 5.25, the latter price being paid for choice 5.25, the latter price being paid for choice weights. Eggs are quiet at 15c. per dozen for held fresh and 18c. for new-laid; pickled bring 14c. Country merchants are paying $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{3}{2}$ c. per lb. for dried apples and selling here at $5\frac{1}{2}$ c. Evaporating apples are offering at low prices, but buyers do not appear anxious to take them. The market is, at the moment, glutted with poultry and quotations are low; we enumerate : Turkeys 7 to 8c., geese 4 to 5c. per lb.; chickens

wheat markets. Some shipments are going 25 to 35c., ducks 40 to 60c. per pair. There is forward to the eastern provinces. Oatmeal no life to the few transactions taking place in hops, and prices remain on a low basis

SEEDS.—Since our last report little has trans-pired to move the market either up or down. The frost of last Saturday will put a stop to out-door work on the farm, and we may expect farmers to turn their attention to threshing out their seed and marketing it. Quotations remain without change for any descriptions.

Woot.—The situation remains rather disapwool.—Inestituation remains rather disap-pointing. Domestic mills are not enquiring after stock, while the demand from the United States for Canadian fleece wools is at present non-existent. The local wool buyers continue to make a few purchases at 18c., but receipts are small and holders in the country are evidently waiting for better prices.

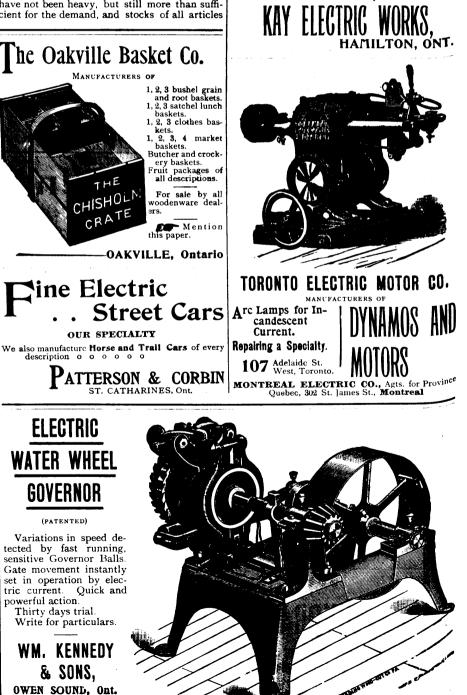
BRITISH MARKETS.

Farnworth & Jardine's Liverpool wood cir-cular, of 1st November, shows that the arrivals at that port of timber ships during October from British North America have been 42 vessels, 36,517 tons, against 32 vessels, 28,501 tons, during the corresponding month last year and the aggregate tonnage to this date from all places during the years 1892, 1893, and 1894, has been 370,828, 342,002 and 369,354 tons respect-ively. N.S. and N.B. deals, it will be seen, have been overshipped and the stock has ac-53 cumulated.

The dulness reported in our recent circulars still continues; imports, with few exceptions, have not been heavy, but still more than suffi-cient for the demand, and stocks of all articles



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