### ALL = RED

Ottawa, Aug. 8.-Lord Strathcon came up from Montreal today and had another conference with sir wilfrid Laurier on the fast line project. Both sir Wilfrid Laurier and lord Strathcona are sanguine that there will be a successful outcome of the negotiations be-tween Great Britain, Australia, Canada and New Zealand for the establish ment of the service. It is understood that the matter will be exhaustively deal with before lord Strathcona leaves

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has not yet made any definite holiday arrangements but hopes to go to Athabaskaville a little later on. Hon, William Patterson has gone to Old Orchard beach for a holi-

It is understood that before lord Strathcona returns to England he will have th eapproved plans of the Canadian section of the new empire office: which are to be established in the heart

Sir William Lyne has already arranged for a portion of the Aldwych site on

the Strand for Australia.

A. P. Low, deputy minister of mines, left today for an extended trip throughout the Canadian west to look over the work of the geological survey and to inspect the various mining districts of the west with a view to ascertaining their needs from a departmental point

Colonel Tilton, president of the Dominion Rifle Association, states that the international contest next month for the Palma trophy will probably be the most important rifle competition ever held on the continent. There will be four teams entered, viz., Canada, Great Britain, Australia, and the United States. The British and Australian will sail for Canada on rFiday next. The United States team will arrive about September 3rd or 4th and will b in command of major general Drail, president of the national rifle association. These teams are said to be exceptionally strong. The Canadian team will be chosen after the D.R.A. matches and will consist of the very best me vailable in all Canada.

### **CELEBRATION: AT FERNIE**

EXCELLENT DAY OF SPORTS CIVIC HOLIDAY.

NELSON BOY, J. M. McDONALD, IS CHIEF WINNER.

Fernie, Aug. 6.-The civic holiday celebration held here yesterday was the most successful in the histroy of the city and the large crowd of visitors from outside points were apparently well sat-isfied with the various forms of amusement and recreation provided for them by the energetic committee of the local athletic association. The early hours of the morning were unpropitious and there was every indication that the days sport would be spoiled by rain but before 11 o'clock the sky had cleared and brilliant sunshine and cool breezes lasted throughout the day and enabled the its entirety, and all the events were watched by an immense gathering. The excursion from Calgary did not mater falize, but all the towns in the Pass sent large delegations and the city was crowded with visitors. The streets and buildings were prettily decorated and presented a very attractive appearance, the C. P. R. station presenting a par ticularly pleasing sight, having a protastefully arranged. The program consisted of foot ball base ball, high jump. hurdle race, running broad jump, tug-of-war, 100 yard race, Oddfellows race, hub and hub race, pony races, Indian horse race, horse races, wet test and in the evening boxing contests. There were no accidents to mar the pleasure and success of the holiday and though there was a little friction in the base ball field in the evening when the referee left the grounds on account of one of his decision being questioned, otherwise everything worked smoothly. The hand rendered excellent music during the day and in the evening the city enjoyed a grand display of fire-

A Nelson boy was the chief winner in the athletic events, John M. McDonald carrying off several firsts and altogether giving a splendid exhibition of clean sportsmanship. He won the 100 yards in 10 3-5 seconds, the high jump, clearing the bar at 5 feet 2 inches, the long jump, covering 20 feet 2 inches, and the hurdle race in 17 seconds. This fine record for the representative of the C. P. R. shops was very popular among the

The Coal Creek foot ball team won ophy in their contest with Fernie In the wettest between the fire brigades of Fernie and Cranbrook the latter won The most interesting feature of the soprts was the 1-4 mile horse race, which was won in three heats by an Indian and horse from Moyle, severa good horses being entered for the event.

CANADA IN LONDON

Handsome Building to be Erected on Aldwych Site

Reference is made in today's despatch to the new Empire building to be erected In London for the purposes of chief col-onial agencies. It is stated that part of Times gives some interesting mformaton: by a record of Canadian experience adopted the recommendation of the im- give. At the end of the conference, how provements committee t grant an option ever, the Canadian premier indemnified to Mr. Ernest Gerard to take a lease for himself for his comparative silence on Mr. Ernest Gerard to take a lease for 99 years, at a rent of £55,000 a year, of the other points by putting forward a pro ambout 124,000 square feet and less between aldwych and the Strand, being bounded on the east and west by the spur streets on the conference showed that about 124,000 square feet and lies between on the east and west by the spur streets which it is proposed to form between the Strand and Aldwych. It has frontages proved that the Australasian states

about 236 feet to the approach on the west side of the site and 231 feet to that on the east side. It is intended to utilize the site for the erection of permanent exhibition ter. The idea of utilizing the site for the purpose of a French exhibition and place of entertainment is not a new one, but has not had practical results unal quite recently. In the present p oject the commercial element predominates and though part of the site will be devoted to a theatre and cafe, the principal feature will consist of a permanent exhibition of a French products.

The frontage to the Aldwych crescent will have as its central point, commanding Kingsway, a magnificent structure, surcounted by a dome. On the other half of the site, with frontages to the two spur treets and the Strand, Canadian interests will be centralized and the work accomplished by the high commissioner of Canada will, it is expected, be commemorated by designating the chief building Strath ona hall. The negotiations which have resulted in the foregoing arrangements were conducted by sir Thomas Buiclay for the French syndicate and Mr. C. H. Wilcinson for the British Columbia Develop nent association.

The Strand building will have a frontag to that thoroughfare of 413 feet and of 176 feet to each of the side streets. The cost of the Strand building, or as it may be called, the Canadian block, is estimate at £400,000. The Canadian buildings wil be designed by Messrs, A. Marshall Mac-kenzie and Son, Waterloo-place, Pall-Mall, who, by the way, are the architects of the Waldorf hotel Aldwych, which is now approaching completion. The French building will have a f.ontage of 650 feet to Aid wych and of 48 feet to the side streets, and will be erected from designs by M. E. Gerard at a cost of approxm.t.l.

The island site on which the two build ings are to stand has an area of nearly three acres and the buildings taken together will represent a property value ex

### SIR WILFRID'S RETURN

TOPIC OF APPRECIATIVE ANTICLE IN LONDON TIMES.

WHOLE EMPIRE CONCERNED IN THE ALL-RED ROUTE.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier's return to Canada has been made the occasion, as is very natural, of a great demonstration of popular enthusiasm. We in mothe untry can undersantd and sympathize with the sentiment. Canada is welcoming back her foremost statesman, of whom she is justifiably proud. Sir Wilfrid Laurier is representative of the do minion in an unique degree, since he personifies not only its political exerience and capacity, but also the unhad not come to the conference—and i may be remembered that his coming was for a moment in doubt—that assembly would have been poorer by the absence of a remarkable figure. It is evident that his own imagination was keenly struck by the significance of gathering in which he, a representa-tive of the old French nucleus in Can ada, sat in council at the center of the empire with a representative of the old Dutch colony which has now been added to the imperial states. Face to race with his own people again, sir Wilfrid Laurier has taken a retrospect of th conference. It is interesting to see what he singles out as the main points, and how he defines his own attitude. The first point that rises in his mind is one which many Englishmen may have dismissed as a matter of form, but which the colonies, we belive, regard as a mat-ter of the first importance, and which s likely to be one of the historic fea tures of this conference. The conference, sir Wilfrid declares, was one be tween government and governments, in which the states of the empire met on a footing of parity with the home gov ernment. The alteration of its title to "imperial," and the designation of the British prime minister, not the coloof the change. Compared with this recognition of equal partnership as the new imperial ideal, the failure of the conference to get as far as many would have wished in the direction of sysematizing its deliberations is, perhaps minor importance. That will inevitably come in time. In the meanwhile sir Wilfrid, no doubt, expressed correct y the present feelings of the Canadian people in declining to go further than

he did go on the question of fuller con Sir Wilfrid Laurier touched next in his Ottawa speech on the subject of pref-erence. Here the Canadian government, as we know, contented itself with reaffirming the position it had taken up be-fore. It is not an attitude with which believers in preference need quarrel, for implies absolutely no retreat from the principle. The outstanding fact is that Canada was the first to put this policy in practice, that she still maintains it, and tha tsir Wilfrid Laurier, has repeatedly declared that she means to adher it. He said at Ottawa that the fruit of it had been an era of prosperity with-out precedent in Canada. Where there is little doubt of the substance we need not complain of the form. All that we can regret is that it debarred sir Wilfrid Laurier from putting in a plea for preference as forcible as those urged v Mr. Deakin and the other premiers The value of those speeches as a full the Aldwych site has been obtained for this building. Of this fine site the London still further if they had been supported The London county counci on Tuesday such as sir Wilfrid was in a position to sequents of the creecent site formed in the area of the Holborn-on-Strand the support of the whole dominion. That improvement. The site has an area of is the plan for fast steamship commu-

of about 636 feet to Aldwych, 413 to Strand, were in substantial agreement as to the principle, though many details will have to be adjusted owing to the difference of conditions in the Atlantic and the Pacific. After much discussion a resolution was unanimously agreed to, which, after defining the principle of the route, recommends that for the purpose of carrying the above project into effect such financial support as may be necessary should be contributed by Great Britain, Canada, Australia, and

New Zealand in equitable proportions."
It is understood that a committee appointed by the imperial government is considering sir Wilfrid Laurier's proposals, and its report is evidently being awaited with keen expectancy in Can-ada. The scheme, in fact, is one in which Canada's interest is too obvious to need demonstration, while the interests of the whole empire are likely to be promoted by it in a very great degree. Canadian sympathy with the project has got beyond hie merely the oretical stage. We hear now from Ot-tawa of a syndicate with lord Strathcona's name at the head of it-assuredly the best guarantee for any entergprise of the kind.

# **BREAKS**

Vancouver, Aug. 8.-Bill Miner, the notorious Kamloops train robber and three companions, escaped from the New Westminster penitentiary at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Up to the present they have not been captured, although the neighborhood is aroused and every pos-sible guard and policeman who can be secured has been rounded up and press-

ed into service.

Bill Miner, together with three convicts, J. W. Clark, W. J. Woods and A. F. McClosky, were working in the penitentiary brick yard, they apparently excavated a hole near the brick smoke stack and escaped into another field of the prison grounds. Although this yard is surrounded with high fencing the fu-gitives managed to scale this and got

clear away.

Their absence was first noted at 4 o'clock and an alarm was immediately turned in. All the prisoners at work in the grounds were mustered and marched back to the penitentiary and

the whole force of guards set to work to find the missing men.

Warden White is away but the situa-tion has been taken charge of by deputy

warden Bourke.
In the neighborhood of the jail is In the neighborhood of the jail is a lot of brush, into which the men disappeared and this is being thoroughly searched by the guards. Every police center in British Columbia and the state of Washington has been notified and efforts will be made to capture the fugitives as they head for the boundary line.

that the escape was due to negligeace on the part of the guard whose duty it was to patrol the brickyard. Miner was to patrol the brickyard. Maker
was in for life on a charge of train
robbing near Kamloops. Clarke halls
from Nanaimo and was serving a three
years' sentence for forgery, of which one year had expired, while Wood is a Victoria man and was serving a similar period for theft. He also had been in

custody a year.

McClosky was sentenced in Vancouver for housebreaking. His punishment was seven years, of which he had served three.
Deputy warden Bourke is of the opin-

ion that the escape must have been en-gineered from the betside. The crime for which Bill Miner was sentenced was the robbery of the C.
P. R. westbound express, five miles west
of Ducks, on the night of May 8, 1906. He and his accomplices, William, alias Shorty Dunn, and Lewis Colquion, were captured near Douglas lake on May 14 Dunn was like Miner sentenced by Mr. justice Irving to life imprisonment, while Colquhoun was given 25 years. Neither of his pals were with Miner

CANADIAN BANK CLEARINGS New York, Aug. 9-Bradstreet's report for the week el aggregate of Canadion bank clearings for the week totals \$80,715,000, as against \$74, 419,000 last wek and \$71,129,000 in the same week last yea. The following is the list

		Au.	~
	Montreal \$29,753,000	4.1	
	Toronto 20,662,000	9.4	
	Winnipeg 11,200,000	26.4	
	Ottawa 3,735,000	24.2	
	Vancouver 3,984,000	41.6	
	Halifax 2,006,000		
	Quebec 2,225,000	21.8	
	Hamilton 1,791,000	34.5	
	St. John 1,711,600	33.6	
	London 1,414,000	27.7	
3	Victoria 1,228,000	53.0	*
1	Calgary 1,468,000	48.2	
1	Edmonton 1,025,000	41.3	
	. The last two cities are not	include	d 1
	the totals because compariso		
1	complete.		

ONTARIO MARRIAGE LAW

No Confilct With Dominion Parilament

Toronto, Aug. 9-Attorney general Fox has issued a statement regarding the posi-tion of the provincial government concerning the act passed at the last session of the llegislature under which proceedings are now being taken to annul the marriage of Ellen Maria Fasken and Henry Parr of

Wellington county.

Foy said: Before the young girl who is eeking relief in the Ontario high courts, commenced action, she obtained the opin-ion of the bestcounsel that the act was within the jurisdiction of the province. If the act purported to give power to the court to annual the marriage, it would be ultra vires, as the dominion partiament has power in such cases, but the provincial egislature has exclusive jurisdiction under the B.N.A. act as to the solemnization of marriages. The provincial act does not deal with the divorce or the annulment of a marriage, but only treats of a case where the form of marriage is gone through between two persons with-out the consent required by the law and where no valid marriage was effected or

marriage has not been performed or at-feated, and to so declare. When this act was before the legislature it was foreseen that some one, hunting for flaws, might possibly throw doubt on the jurisdiction of the Ontario leg siature and in order to remove any possible question, it was suggested that a similar act should be passed by the domin'on There was no request but merel ya sug-

gestion to those interested in the legisla tion that if a similar act were passed at Otawa there would be no room for any flaw hunters to suggest a shadow of a doubt as to the eff.ciency of the legisla-

### **BIG PROFITS IN MINING**

REMARKABLE RECORD OF PAST SEVEN MONTHS.

INTERESTING FIGURES COMPILED BY MINING WORLD.

Never before in the history of the mining and metaliurgical industries of the United States have profits been so large as during the past seven

According to a careful compilatio by the Mining World, 104 mines and ore treatment works declared dividends ag-gregating a total of \$59,799,332 for the period from January to July, this year Since organization, these 104 companies have distributed dividends of \$510,638, 339, showing a return of almost 93 pe cent on the issued capitalization of \$549, 789,592. Of these properties no less than 34 have paid dividends in excess of their capitalization; while a number of other companies have declared in profits so far over one-half the amount of their outstanding share-capital.

Of the \$59,799,332 declared in divi-dends this year, 27 copper mines contributed \$38,176,214. Since their incom poration these copper properties returned profits of \$329,429,704 on an issue capitalization of \$174,502,250. Fourteen of them, led by the great Calumet & Hecla of Michigan, with dividends t date of \$103,350,000 on a capitalization of \$2,500,000; Boston & Montana, \$56, 125,000 on \$3,750,000, and Aanaconds \$37,200,000 on \$30,000,000 have repaid capitalization. Generally speaking, th shares of working copper mines of proved value are quoted in the open market at a big premium. Calumet of Hecla at one time recently touche Hecla at one time recently 11.000 for the \$25 par value shar n July 31 stood at \$790 to \$795: the last quarterly dividend, paid June 28, was at the rate of \$80 per share per

Fifty-eight gold, silver and lead prop rties declared dividends this yes mounting to \$10,679,209, making a total of \$120,716,401 on the outstanding capilization of \$187,983,392. Sixteen hese properties, led by the Bunker Hill Sullivan of Idaho, with \$10,026,000 dividends to date on a capitilizatio \$3,000,000, the Alaska Treadwell, \$8, 785,000 on \$5,000,000, and Portland of Cripple Creek, Colo., \$7,507,080 on \$3,000,000, have already distributed profit. in excess of their capitilization. The great Homestake mine in the Black Hills, S. Dak., which for twenty-eight years had been paying dividends unt the recent underground fire made i neseccary to temporarily the division of profits, has declared to capitilization gradually increased 21.840.000. The last monthly dividen was at the rate of six per cent per an unm on tht \$100 par value shares, which

now stand at \$81, without sellers, Thirteen zinc properties have paid dividends so far this year of \$1,193,124, making a total of \$12,124,639 on an issued capitilization of \$14,928,000. The argest payer is the New Jersey Zinc Co., which declared this year \$900,000, naking \$10.500.000 in dividends since reorganization, in 1897, on a capitalization og \$10,000,000. A number of Wisconsin

total of \$9±0,000 since incorporation on a capitilization of \$500,000.

In all, 99 metal mines announced divi dends for the seven months ending with July of \$50,108,547, making a total of \$463,210,744 since organization outstanding share-capital of \$377.914.542 This is proof that minnig pays.

Great as may seem the dividends di tributed by metal mines, as above, they

lo not include the large sums paid out by such corporations as the Amalga mated Copper Co., the American Securi ties Co., the Copper Range Consolidated Co., and several others, whose revenue is derived largely from share holdings in mines and works which are being operated by regularly organized con During the seven months this year

six of these securities holding corpora-tions have declared dividends of \$12, 712,050, making a total of \$67,424,619 since organization on an issued capital Copper Co., which has a controlling in terests in the Boston & Montana, conda and other mines whose dividend are included in the total for operating properties given above, has declared \$9,201,276 this year, and isnow earning 8 per cent per annum. Since incorporation, in April, 1899, with a capitilization of \$75,000,000, increased in 1901 to \$155. 000 000, of which \$153 887 900 is now out studing, Amalgamated has declared tota dividends of \$52.618.504. This is the largest mine securities holding corpora-

tion in the world . Aside from the dividends declared by the metal mines and works and the s curities holding corporations, we lear that substantial profits are being distributed by metal selling compan a result of the continued high prices for silver, copper, lead and zinc largest metal selling agency in the United States is the United, incorporated in January, 1900, with a capitiliza-tion \$5,000,000, which is largely conout the consent required by the law and trolled by people affiliated with the where no valid marriage was effected or entered into. The act does not purport to months this year the United Metals

give the court power to annul marriages, but only to find—if the fact be so—a valid marriage has not been performed or attotal to date of \$4,875,000 or 97½ per

cent on the share capitl.

If it were possible to compile the enormous profits that are periodically dis-tributed by the many private and close corporations which are directly inter-ested in the mineral industry, the fact would be emphasized that fabulous wealth is being created by American mines and metallurgical works. To report annually an output of minerals nearly \$2,000,000,000 is a record of which the investors in the inductry may well the investors in the inductry may wen-feel proud. Capitalists are not alone in sharing in the vast profits earned by the mineral industry, for labor also is being greatly benefited by higher wages generally. Manufacturers of mahinery, and dealers in mine and works' upplies, are earning a substantial live lihood by catering to the mineral in-dustry. Last, but not least, are the railroads and other transportation corpora-tions, which are fattening their purses on the receipts from the enormous freight carried for the mineral industry In short, this country's prosperity should be credited largely to the expansion in our mining and metallurgical industries.

STEAMBOAT CENTENNIAL New York, Aug. 9-Tomorrow will be the centennial anniversary of one of the world's most important events, for it was on Aug. 11, 1807 that the Clearmont made her first trip up the Hudson river f.on New York to Albany, solving the proble of steam navigation. In od Trini of steam navigation. hurchyard on Broadway, l'es all that mortal of the inventor of the Clearmon Robert Hudson, whose memory will o honored with a great Hudson-Fulton cele

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#### TIMBER NOTICES

TAKE NOTICE that I, Donald Dewar, of Arrowhead, B. C., woods managed intend to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands, situate on McDonald creek, Up-per Arrow lake, West Kootenay. No. 1.—Commencing at a post planted at the N. W. corner of T. L. No. 7200 One quicksilver property in California, controlled in the east, paid dividends thence south 110 chains; thence east 60 chains; controlled in the east, paid dividends thence south 110 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence north 10 chains; thence at 40 chains; thence north 10 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 129 chains; thence west 60 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commence-

ment. Dated July 10, 1907. No. 2.—Commencing at a post marked "R. T. Dewar's N. W. corner," beginning midway on the east and west line of T. L. 7307, on the south side running east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 0 chains to point of commencement. Dated July 9th, 1907.

No. 3.—Commencing at a post marked "R. T. Dewar's N.W. corner post," and planted at the N.E. Corner of Location No. 2, thence east 80 chains; thence south chains: thence west 80 chains: thence north 80 chains, to point of commence

No. 4-Commencing at a post market "Donald Dewar's N.W. corner post," and planted at the N.E. corner of Location No. thence east 80 chains; thence south nains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains, to point of comm N. 5-Commencing at a post marked 'Donald Dewar's S.W. corner post," and planted at the N.W. corner of Location No. 3, thence east 160 chains; thence north

0 chains; thence west 160 chains; thence

south 40 chains, to point of commencement DONALD DEWAR. Dated July 9th, 1907. NOTICE is hereby given that 30 day after date I intend to apply to the Hon the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut an carry away timber from the following described lands in West Kootenay district: No. 1 Limit-Commencing at a pos planted about 6 miles up

rom the Siecan river, and marked "A. L. McCulloch's southwest corner," thence 8 chains north; thence 80 chains east; thence 0 chains south; thence 80 chains west to point of commencement. Located, April 27, 1907. No. 2 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about 7 1-2 miles up Snake creek

and marked "A. L. McCufloch's north-No. 2-Commencing at a post planted

80 chains west; thence 80 chains north; at the northwest corner of C.S. No. 1 lim-

No. 3 Limit—Commencing at a post planted 7 1-2 miles up Snake creek, and marked "A. L. McCulloch's northwest cornarked "A. L. McCulloch's northwest cornarked "C.S. limit No. 2. planted 7 1-2 miles up Snake creek, and marked "A. L. McCulloch's northwest corner," thence running 30 chains south; marked "C.S. S.W. corner," thence north thence 30 chains east; thence 30 chains; thence as chains; thence north; thence 30 chains west, to pe at of south 30 chains; thence west 30 chains.

Located, April 27, 1907. planted about 1 1-2 miles up the source fork of Snake creek, and marked "A. b. McCulloch's southwest corner post," thence running 80 chains east; thence 80 chains orth; thence 80 chains west; thence 86 nains south, to point of commencement.

Located, April 27, 1907.

Limit No. 5—Commencing at a post planted about 1 1-2 miles up the south fork of Snake creek and marked "A. L. McCulloch's northwest corner post," themes unning 80 chains east; thence 80 chains uth; thence 80 chains west; thence 80 ains north to point of commencement. Located, April 27, 1907. Limit No. 6-Commencing at a post

danted about 21-2 miles up Snake creek rom Slocan river and marked A. L. Mc Culloch's northeast corner; thence 80 80 chans north, thence 80 chains east to oint of commencement.

Located May 3rd, 1997 .

A. L. McCULLOCH.

JOHN McCOLL, Agent.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT

OF KOOTENAY.
TAKE NOTICE that C. J. Coleman, of Clark's Forks, Idaho, occupation, telegraph operator, intends to apply for a speal imber license over the following described

ands: Commencing at a post planted on the South Fork of the Salmon river on the west side of the stream, about seven miles from its mouth and about one mile and three-quarters from the river in a southwesterly direction and southwest (mag-netic) of Stag Leaf mountain; "C. J. Cole-man's N.E. corner post," thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 120 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement. The location joins the location of E. J. Keogh immediately on the south.

C. J. COLEMAN.

EDWARD J. KOEGH, Agent. Dated July 31, 1907.

NELSON LAND DISTRICT. DISTRICT OF WEST KOOTENAY, B.C. TAKE NOTICE that Fred A. Kribs of Portland, Ore, occupation timber merchant intends to apply for a special timber license over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted about 20 rods west and 350 paces north of the confluence of the South Fork of the Salmon river and Wilson creek, about 14 miles river and Wilson creek, about 14 miles south of Salmo, B.C., thence west 80 skains; thence south 80 chains; thence east 10 chains; thence north 80 chains to point f commencement, and commencement more or less. Said point of commencement can be reached from said confluence of the South Fork of the Salmon river and Wilson creek by going west up a guich about 80 rods to a point where a traif running in a mortherly direction has been blazed

r about 350 paces. FRED A. KRIBS. PHIL. BOSBY, Agent,

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands in West Keotenay district: Commencing at a post planted on the southeast side of Poplar creek, and about four miles from the mouth of the creek, marked "A. G. Johnston's northeast corner post," thence south 100 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 160 chains; thence east 40 chains to point of commencement.

ARTHUR G. JOHNSTON.

ALEX. MACDONALD, Agent. VELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT OF KOOTENAY.
TAKE NOTICE that Edward J. Keegh of

Spokane, Wash, occupation, lumberman, mtends to apply for a sp c'al timber li-cense over the following described lands: Commencing at a post planted on the South Fork of the Salmon river on the west side of the stream, about seven miles from its mouth and about three-quarters of a mile from the river in southwesterly diection and southwest (Magnetic) of Stag Leaf mountain, "Ed. Keogh's N.E. corner pest," thence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains west, thence 80 chains north; thence chains east to place of com EDWARD J. KEOGH. Dated July 31, 1907,

NELSON LAND DISTRICT, DISTRICT TAKE NOTICE that the Bowman Lumber Co., Ltd., of Revelstoke, B.C., occupation lumber manufacturers, intend to apply for special timber licenses over the following escribed lands:

No. 1—Commencing at a post planted two miles north of the N.W. corner of Lot 4273 and marked "Bowman Lumber Co.'s N.E. corner," thence west 40 chains; thence south 160 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence north 160 chains to point of comnencement, and containing 640 acres, more

BOWMAN LUMBER CO., Ltd.. By M. C. LAWLER, Their Agent.

No. 2-Commencing at a post planted of he S.B. Corner of Lot 4273, and marked Bowman Lumber Company's southwest corner," thence east 80 chains; thence morth 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains to point of commencement, and containing 640 acres, more BOWMAN LUMBER CO., Ltd..

By M. C. LAWLER, Their Agent, Dated June 10th, 1907.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief commissioner of Lands and Works at Victoria, B.C., for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands:

No. 1—Commencing at a post planted on the east boundary of block 5817 and mark-ed "C.S. northwest corner post, limit No. 1," on the west side of Deer creek, running as follows: 80 chains south; thence 80 chains east; thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains west to point of com-

it, marked "C.S. S.W. corner post," thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains east thence 80 chains south: thence 80 chains

south 30 chains; thence west 30 chains, to point of commencement.

No. 4—Commencing at a post planted on the northern boundary of C.S. Hmit No. 3, marked "C.S. S.W. cornel" thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains east; thence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains west, to point of commencement.

No. 5—Commencing at a post planted on the northern boundary of C.S. Ilmit No. 4.

marked "C.S. S.W. corner," thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains east; thence 80 chains west to point of commencement. No. 6-Commencing at a post planted at the southeast corner of C.S. limit No. 5, marked "C.S. S.W. corner," thence so chains east; thence so chains north; thence 0 chains west; thence 80 chains south,

Dated March 27, 1907. CHARLES SCHWARTZENHAUER NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the H Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for special licenses to cut and carry away timber from the following described lands,

point of commencement

situate in the West Kootenay district: Location No. 1-Commencing at a post planted about 20 rods west and north of the confluence of the South Fork of the Salmon river and Wilson creek, about 14 miles south of Salmo, B.C., thence west 80 chains; thence south 80 chains thence east 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of commencement. Said point of commencement can be reached from the said confluence of the South Fork of the Salmon river and Wilson creek by going west up a guich about 89 rods to a point where a trail, running in a northerly direction, has been blazed for about 350 paces.

Located March 9, 1907. Location No. 2—Commencing at a post planted about 20 rods south and 80 chains west of the confluence of the North Fork of the South Fork of the Salmon river, and the South Fork of the Salmon river, about 20 miles south of Salmo, B.C., thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains, to point of commencement. About chains, to point of commencement. About 100 paces north of said point of commencement will be found an earth slide about 50 feet in height, where the said South Fork of the Salmon River makes a turn, and where a small creek from the southwest flows therein.

Located March 15th, 1907.

Location No. 3—Commencing at a post planted about 20 rods south and 30 chains cast of the confinence of the North Fork

and the South Fork of the Salmon river about 20 miles south of Salmo, B.C., thence south 40 chains; thence west 160 chains, thence north 40 chains; thence east 190

chains to point of commencement,
Located March 18th, 1907,
PHIL BOSELY, Agent
N. BANGS.

Dated April 11th, 1907. NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon, the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to out and carry away timber from the following described lands in West Kootenay district:

No. 1 Limit—Commencing at a post planted about nine miles up Fopiar creek, on the north side, about 150 feet from the creek, marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post," thence north 80 chains; thence 80 chains west; thence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains east, to point of commencement. Located April 12, 1907.

No. 2 Limit — Commencing at a post planted about \$ 1-4 miles up Poplar creek, about a quarter of a mile westerly from No. 1 limit, marked "B. F. Reamy's southeast corner post," thence south 30 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence west 80 chains to point of chains: thence east 80 chains to point of Located April 12, 1907.

No. 3 Limit — Commencing at a post planted on the second south tributary, about 1 1-4 miles up tributary, about 200 oresk, marked "B. F. Reamy's northwest corner post," thence west 40 chains; thence south 160 chains; thence east 40 chains; tuence north 160 chains to point of

Located April 12, 1907. Located April 12, 1907.

B. F REAMY.

No. 4 Limit — Commencing at a post planted on the west side of the second south tributary, about one-quarter mile from the forks of Poplar creek, marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post." thence north 30 chains; thence west 30 chains; thence south 30 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement. 0 chains to point of commence

Located April 12, 1907.

B. .F REAMY.

No. 5 Limit — Commencing at a post planted on the east side, about 100 feet from Poplar creek, 14 miles up Poplar creek marked "B. F. Reamy's northeast corner post," thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to point of com-

Located April 15, 1967. B. .F REAMY.

No. 6 Limit — Commencing at a post
painted by No. 6 limit, about 14 miles up Poplar creek, marked "B. F. northwest corner post," thence 40 chains west; thence 160 chains south; thence 40 hains east; thence 160 chains north to point of comme Located April 15, 1907.

B. F. REAMY. NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and carry away timber from the following de-scribed lands, situated in West Kooteeing at a pos No. 1 Limit-Commen planted one mile up and on the east side of the first south fork of Poplar creek, marked "C. O. Woodrow's and Jack Port-gal's N.W. corner post," thence 80 chains outh; thence 80 chains east; thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains west Located April 9th, 1907.

C. O. WOODROW.

JACK PORTGAL.

### WANT 'PHON

before a well attended meeting board of trade last night, chiefly, i connected with the visit of the journalists, arrangements for whose from were authorized.

The question of the press serv

vestern Canada its nature and its newspapers then came up. The me of the board considered the matter cus one and one that merited the help of the board for in further ration they were helping the opment of the country.

A startling development was the duction and passage of a resolution, was endorsed by Mayor Gallet', th present telephone service be ng ina the needs of the outlying ports the city, a committee be appointed the end in view of considering pub neiship of telephones of the private pany, and operating the lines wou meet the desires of the citizens.

There were present F. Starkey, pr.

G. Ebbutt, scretary, D. C. Mich. L. B. DeVeber, W. W. Beer, H. G. eve, P. Lamont, C. W. Busk, H. W. G. Gdlett, J. M. Lay, E. B. McD. J. Johnson, A. W. Dyer, I. G. Nels M. Brydges, Letlle Hill, H. E. Do

J. A. Brving.

After the reading and adoption minutes of the previous meeting the into. A trifling error having been rected, the point was raised that w in December last the furniture of the was valued at \$100 in the auditor count this was represented by a s for an explanation he replied that it sold a part of the furniture for \$11. did not stay what had become of mainder—a part had gone to the club. Mr. Brydges could not rem what part of the furniture had bee cluded in the \$11.25. Mr. Brydges was astructed to hand in a detailed ment las to the disposal of the assumbtion that the audit by F. W. Swabe adopted, being lost.

The question of the entertainment the first party of British journal sts ing Nelson tomorrow then came up.

It was moved by A. W. Dyer and se
ed by Jae. Johnstone that the recom
dation of the council of the board
the reception of the journalists be a
ed and that the president noming

the reception of the journalists be a sed and that the president nomins committee to arrange for their receipt of the journalists be a sed and that the president nomins committee to arrange for their receipt of the journal of their receipt of the journal of their receipt of the journal of their receipt of their receipt of the journal of their receipt of their receipt of the journal of their receipt of their rec side were to form a company to or a regular telephone system then the Telephone company would refuse to nect with the city. There were at 25 people up to 13-Mile on the north

all of whem would take telephones also light. Dr. LaBau said ten more ther up would also come in. Alto at least 50 people would become sub J. M. Lay thought the B. C. Tele company could not well be asked to e

so inclined.

C. W. Busk said he had not been to get Central for the last six week J. Johnstone moved that a community of the company and if no redress could be tained that steps be taken to form some scheme of municipal ownership. Mayor Gillett thought a pole I ine be built and the city supply teler communication and also I ght. H

conded the motion. The motion was carried unanimously Messrs Johnstone, Busk and Irv.ng. appointed a committee.

It was then moved by Alfred W. and seconded by James Johnstone, Whereas, the telegraphic news servive western Canada is wholly within the i of the Canadian Pacific telegraphs. Whereas, this service does not in important news from either the capithe dominion or of the province, the to be read for her persentence. has to be paid for by newspapers extra, the extras often amounting to than the amount formerly charged for than the amount formerly charged a Associated Press service, \$175, and Whereas, the Canadian Pacific que put up its rates for its Associated service to \$450 a month, an incres \$275 a month, or over \$3000 a year Whereas, this is a serious tax up papers, especially the raily papers upper country, published in a o Sparsely settled.

sparsely settled, Be it therefore resolved, that this petition the Canadian Pacific teles that some relaxation be made in th denly onerous terms demanded so be possible to adequately continu publication of daily papers in the enay, without which publication the enay will suffer a serious drawback endeavors to build up the country .. Further, that a copy of this r be sent to the railway commission request for their good offices as

mediaries in the matter.

W. W. Beer thought the matter important indeed and that Nelson wits daily papers would be shorn of