

The Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 3, 1920

MOSTLY FAIR

TWO CENTS

SMALL BATTLE AT BRURIE, CO. OF LIMERICK

Fifty Armed Men Ambushed Party of Military Cyclists, One of Whom Was Seriously Wounded.

BELIEF VICE ROY WILL RESIGN

Political Gatherings Have Been Banned by Cardinal Logue at Armagh on Aug. 15.

Dublin, Aug. 2.—Details of a fight which assumed the dimensions of a small battle at Brurie, County Limerick, today, are given in an account issued by General headquarters. Fifty armed men ambushed a patrol of military cyclists consisting of an officer and five men. One of the men was seriously wounded, but, owing to the intensity of the attacking party's fire, his comrades were unable to assist him.

Body Used As Cover.

The raiders reached the wounded man, seized his rifle and used his body as cover. This prevented the soldiers from firing effectively and the struggle lasted for half an hour before they were able, with difficulty, to rescue the wounded man and drag him to a cottage. Surrounding the cottage the raiders poured in a heavy fire. The soldiers' ammunition ran short and one of them, discharging himself as a civilian, ran for reinforcements, at the arrival of which the raiders fled. Pursued by the soldiers into the center of the village, they turned and resumed firing. A school boy who got into the line of fire was killed. Finally the soldiers got the upper hand. They searched the houses in the town and discovered a man mortally wounded.

The resignation of Edward Sanderson as private secretary to the Vice-Roy, announced today, is regarded as of political significance and in some quarters it is even supposed his resignation may foreshadow that of the Vice-Roy.

Political Gatherings Banned.

Belfast, Aug. 2.—Political gatherings have been banned by Cardinal Michael Logue in the Archdiocese of Armagh on August 15, the date of the feast of Assumption. The Archbishop says in his proclamation: "From day to day things are going from bad to worse; destruction of life, destruction of property, repression and retaliation, sacking of towns by armed forces, the crown and the shedding of human blood within sacred precincts."

REFUSED TO WORK; SENT TO JAIL

Montreal, Aug. 2.—Refusing to work any longer on the ship Franky on the ground that they had been given bad meat and fish to eat, four sailors Antonio Collores, George Antonio, Cello Yitoo and Juan Drapala were sentenced by Judge Cussen this afternoon to two days in jail.

Some twenty of their other fellow sailors who were in count in connection with the case were sorry that they too could not be sentenced as they saw the four men taken away to the cells. Captain Park, of the Franky said that good meat had been shipped at Louisburg, Cape Breton, but the men had even then refused to work.

GOLD BULLION REACHES NEW YORK

New York, Aug. 2.—Gold bullion valued at \$2,300,000 arrived here today on the steamship Philadelphia from Southampton. The bullion, 263 bars, was shipped by N. M. Rothschild to Kahn, Loeb & Company.

If you don't get your paper on time, every day, and in good condition Kick Like a Bay Steer. If any of our subscribers are not getting their paper as they should we shall deem it a great favor if they will call Mr. Fenton at The Standard office, as we are determined that they shall have the very best service possible.

The Standard's Phone is Main 1910. Get the Habit of Calling up.

ANOTHER FLICKER IN ELWELL CASE

Ruth Jackson Latest Actress Probed by Police in Mystery Murder.

New York, Aug. 2.—Denial that she was in anyway connected with the mysterious murder last June of Joseph B. Elwell, wealthy sportsman and whist expert, was made this afternoon to police officials by Mrs. Elmer Schwartz, Toledo, Ohio, who was shot and wounded here Saturday night in the apartment of Dr. Jose Arenas, Colombian dentist. Mrs. Schwartz, who is known by the stage name of "Ruth Jackson," said that she had never met Elwell and knew of his death only through the newspapers.

PONZI CLAIMS TO BE WHOLLY SOLVENT

Paid All Depositors Yesterday and Will Continue to Do So Today—Making Money on Deal.

Boston, Aug. 2.—The offices of the company headed by Charles Ponzi, whose alleged operations in foreign exchange are under Federal and State investigation, were closed today after another all day run by investors with the announcement that they would be re-opened tomorrow morning and payment in full continued to depositors who desired to have their funds returned.

When the offices were closed for the night a long line of investors was still outside, the last of hundreds who had come there during the day for the return of their funds, after reading in a morning newspaper a statement by a publicity agent, formerly employed by Ponzi, alleging that the company was insolvent.

NEGRO ADMITS TAKING RANSOM

Had No Part, However, in Kidnapping of Blakely Coughlin.

Philadelphia, Aug. 2.—Reports from Egg Harbor, N. J., tonight said that a negro arrested in a swamp there today had confessed he is the man who got the \$12,000 left in hiding by George H. Coughlin, Norristown, Pa., as ransom for his kidnapped son, Blakely. The prisoner, according to the reports, denied any participation in the abduction of the child.

Another report was in circulation here tonight that a white man was arrested in this city today in connection with the Coughlin case. He is said to have been taken into custody by federal agents and State police. Local authorities know nothing of the arrest.

LARGE BUSINESS AT MONTREAL PORT

Customs Receipts at Port for Year Increase Two Million Over Previous Year.

Montreal, Aug. 2.—Custom receipts for July showed an advance of nearly two million dollars as compared with the same month last year for this port. Total amount received was \$5,990,212 against \$3,834,421. The increase is attributed to general commercial activity.

MELITA MAKES NEW RECORD

Montreal, Aug. 2.—The steamship Melita, of the Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, which docked at Liverpool at 5 a. m. Sunday, has just made the record trip of the season. She left this port Saturday July 24 at 7 1/2 p. m., city time, and counting off four hours for the difference in time, performed the crossing in seven days and 11 hours.

CIVILIZATION THREATENED BY RUSSIAN REDS

Defeat of Poles May Mean Collapse of the Rest of Europe.

BOLSHEVISTS DREAM OF WORLD CONQUEST

Food, Fuel and Finance the Three Dangers Which Continental Countries Have to Face.

Special to the London Daily Mail and St. John Standard, Copyright, 1920, by Cross Atlantic News Service.

London, Aug. 2.—Is civilization in greater peril than in 1914? We are yet to learn if the war was only a prelude to the collapse of Europe. The defeat of Poland is the most portentous thing which has happened in Europe since the fourth army broke the Hindenburg line. The Russian stealer moving forward in the hands of desperate men threatens to flatten out Poland, and is a menace to the whole continent. It is too soon to say that the Bolsheviks come out of the north, but the possibility is no longer fantastic.

The Poles knew the Bolshevik government was dreaming of world conquest as did the Germans. They foresaw the first move from Moscow would be the attempt to recover the territories of Imperial Russia, which would mean death to new Poland. The Bolsheviks are converging on Warsaw and it looks as if they may yet get there. If they succeed half of Europe will soon be in the melting pot.

Behind the gayeties of the holidays, checks are gathering as black and grim as those of six years ago. This country wants peace with Russia, and with all nations, if such is available. The question in everybody's mouth is can any peace be made with the Bolsheviks? Today this seems more in doubt than ever.

The people know now that Bolshevism does not even mean the rule of the proletariat, it means the rule of murder. They are at a loss to understand how peace can be negotiated with a gang of assassins. Lloyd George is at his wits end to save Poland, but many cannot see how he can save that unhappy land by talking to the Bolsheviks at the round table.

MILITARY EXPERTS STILL OPTIMISTIC

The Situation in Poland Not Regarded Seriously—Many Hopeful Signs.

Paris, Aug. 2.—The military experts here were still inclined today to view the situation in Poland optimistically. The reports they received indicated that the Soviet cavalry had not advanced further than yesterday's advances indicated, being still about seventy miles from Warsaw.

Other developments they regarded with satisfaction were the action taken towards re-constituting the Polish army, including the replacing of Gen. Mowinski by General Haller; the activity of the Southern army, which is counterattacking with good results, and the regular arrival of great quantities of munitions from Danzig.

The principal menace to the Poles at present is considered to be at the centre of their front, where large concentrations of Soviet troops are reported.

SEARCHING FOR IRISH PRESIDENT

The Whereabouts of Eamon De Valera a Mystery—May be With Australian Prelate.

New York, Aug. 2.—Eamon De Valera, President of the Irish Republic, who is thought Saturday to have been planning to sail on the Baltic with Archbishop Mannix, and run the British gauntlet, has left his hotel here without giving a forwarding address. This was learned today, when an unsuccessful attempt was made to reach him in connection with a despatch from London, stating that differences he had had with Cardinal Lynch, had caused the latter to resign from the Republican Parliament.

"CHEER UP AND GET TOGETHER," SAYS PREMIER

Hon. Arthur Meighen in An Address to His Home Folks Tells How to Eliminate Differences.

APPEALS FOR BETTER UNDERSTANDING

Between English - Canadians and French - Canadians - Right Thinking People Must Crush Demagogues.

Portage La Prairie, Man., Aug. 2.—(Canadian Press)

"Cheer up and get together," this, said Premier Meighen in an address to the people of Portage La Prairie this afternoon, is what Canadians should do if they are to eliminate existing differences and unrest.

It was the duty of the hour, said the Premier, to vigorously address all just causes for complaint in Canada and to back this with the "united moral force of right thinking people."

Appeals To Right Thinkers

The Premier appealed for a better understanding between English Canadians and French Canadians and in this connection he said:

"We ought to have to get away from differences that really are not differences at all from the standpoint of the vital concerns of the country. We have two great races, the fundamental institutions of Canada are just as dear to the one race as to the other. There are just as many friends of law and order and responsible government among French Canadians as among English Canadians.

"The Prime Minister of Quebec, the Hon. Mr. Taschereau, said a few nights ago, that the time had come when, what he described as the isolationist tendencies in a broad way when that Province should take its full part in the government of the Dominion. He appealed for a spirit of co-operation to take the place of a spirit of estrangement. I realize that appeal, and I feel it is my duty to answer that appeal to the utmost of my power. I hope it receives a warm and cordial response in every end of this country. Neither side feels, or should feel, that it is the duty of the other until either side admits responsibility for what estrangement has existed, we will never get anywhere. Let the question of responsibility go by and let us look to the future."

NATION'S PERILS

The peril of every nation has been a tendency to divide on lines of race, on lines of religion, on lines of social caste, on lines of occupation. When this tendency gets too strong the best national institutions in a broad way do not come together and reach a better understanding and a better unity on things that are vital and essential to the state there will be a heavy penalty.

Hon. Arthur Meighen was addressing a non-political gathering of his fellow-citizens, met to honor him in his elevation to the Premiership, and he did not talk politics. He surveyed national tendencies in a broad way and appealed for a closer spirit of co-operation among all classes. The Premier expressed his own and Mrs. Meighen's thanks for the reception given him. It was Portage La Prairie, he said, which gave him his first real start in life and here was his first home. He could not regard the demonstration as an endorsement of his government or his political course, but as an expression of personal friendship. He expressed his pleasure at the presence of Sir James Atkins, and Premier Norris.

"My struggles still are mainly in food and clothing," he said. "It is by performance and not by possession that all men in public life are judged."

WAR'S HAVOC

He spoke of the war and what it had meant to Portage homes. "The war was won but there was need for a lot of real patriotism," before the happiness of the years returned. The war developed epidemics of unrest and disaster. Grievances were intensified by suffering.

U. S. PLANES REACH PRINCE GEORGE

Employed in Blazing Trail From Mineola to N. Me.

Edmonton, Aug. 2.—Three of the four U. S. Army airplanes which are blazing the trail for the Mineola to Nome trip arrived at Prince George, B. C., at 11 a. m. Plane No. 33 burst a tire when landing but otherwise all was well and the weather ideal. Captain Street, whose plane caught fire and forced him to return to Jasper, wired Prince George that he would start again in the afternoon.

ENTENTE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR RUSSIA

Kerensky Places the Blame for Bolshevist Success on the Allies.

RAISE THE BLOCKADE AND REDS DISAPPEAR

Fear of Losing Territory Has Driven Loyal Russians Into the Bolshevist Arms.

(Copyright, 1920, by Public Ledger Company.)

Paris, Aug. 2.—Kerensky, ex-president of Russia, in an interview says: "Talk now or do not talk with the Soviet leaders. It does not matter to us Russian Democrats, who have the unshakable conviction that bolshevism exists only because the policy of the Entente has given it body—the Red army—and soul—the instinct of national preservation—and that this phantom will disappear with the breath of liberty as soon as the blockade is raised. My friends and I have often warned you that in combating bolshevism with armies in Russian territory you give it force and consistency. You have offended Russian national sentiment and have made powerful an army for bolshevism and usurpers."

"As to what policy the Soviets will follow toward Poland I do not know. Unless I am much mistaken the Soviet leaders will be anything but tender and disinterested. It is a little late for the Entente to counsel moderation to them now. The first act of the Russian revolution was to proclaim Polish emancipation. My friends and I unconditionally recognized that a true understanding of Russian interest demanded an autonomous Poland within its ethnic frontiers."

Reconstituted Poland has not recognized the disinterestedness of this act. Portage La Prairie, he said, is the aid of the Entente, she has dreamed of winning, to the detriment of Russian integrity, her historic frontiers of the Middle Ages. All Russia, Soviet or not, has risen against the power which was attempting to take from her during her Bolshevist agony, scraps of her territory. Then with all Russians, regardless of party, I hoped ardently for victory, for victory of our armies. Today I would desire a complete check of the Soviet troops if, giving in to appetite from conquest, they invade Poland and impose on the Polish people the yoke of the Polish national will.

The fear of a Red "Bonaparte" is commencing to spread in France and England, and is another ridiculous phantom. Tear down the barriers which separate Russia from Europe. Let life retake its normal economic course. The Russian people will then free themselves from a handful of fanatical theoreticians who oppress my unfortunate country."

NEW CABINET FORMED

BY DAMON PASHA

Said to Be Composed of Men Favorable to British Interests.

Constantinople, Aug. 2.—(By the Associated Press.)—Damon Pasha, the Grand Vizier has announced the formation of a new Cabinet, composed largely of members friendly to British interests, according to political observers who are well acquainted with the affiliations of the new members. Damad will be Minister of Foreign Affairs and acting Minister of War in this ministry, of which he is the only member brought over from the old Cabinet, the objections of which to the terms of the Peace Treaty forced its dissolution.

The Turkish newspapers announce that the day when the treaty is signed will be observed by the Turks as a day of mourning. Stores and cafes will close as one of the signs of protest. It has not been possible, however, for definite arrangements to be made for the demonstration, as there is lack of knowledge as yet of the exact date for the signing of the pact.

PRINCESSES HAVE NARROW ESCAPE

Montreal, Aug. 2.—The Montreal Star published the following cable from London:

The Princess Royal and Princess Maud had a narrow escape from death while motoring on Finchley Road, when the car in which they were seated collided with a private motor. The impact was severe, a shower of broken glass filling the Royal car. The Princesses were shaken up but were unhurt and were able to proceed to their destination.

DISCUSS TERMS OF ARMISTICE

London, Aug. 2.—The Polish and Bolshevist armistice delegates met Friday evening at Kobryn, on the railroad east of Brest-Litovsk, and the negotiations began Saturday morning. Karl Radek representing the Bolsheviks, says a despatch to the Daily Mail from Berlin. It is stated that the Bolsheviks began by demanding the surrender of Brest-Litovsk, which already was in their hands.

COMMONS ACCEPT SPA COAL AGREEMENT

Labor Members See in the Acceptance a Change in Gov't Policy Toward Germany.

London, Aug. 2.—The vote for an advance of 5,000,000 pounds to Germany in connection with the Spa coal agreements came up tonight in the House of Commons. It was not seriously challenged, and was agreed to without revision.

Labor members welcomed in the proposition what they characterized a sensible change in the Government policy toward Germany and a practical revision of the unworkable Versailles Treaty.

In the course of his speech in defence of the plan, Mr. Lloyd George said the proposal for securing coal was much better than sending a large army for it. He argued that Germany must pay her debts either in gold or goods. She had no gold, he declared, but coal was the equivalent of gold or even more usable.

"However," added the Premier, "Germany is unable to produce sufficient coal while her population is unfit and ill-fed. Hence she must be helped."

"There is no doubt about the condition of Germany. We have impartial representatives there, who report the people are not receiving within sixty or seventy per cent. of the food they consumed before the war."

EMBARGO ON CANADIAN COAL A NECESSITY

The Railroads Have No Surplus Stock and Industry is Seriously Affected.

Special to The Standard: Ottawa, Aug. 2.—An embargo on Canadian coal exports is an absolute necessity, according to Hon. F. B. Carroll, Chief of the Railway Board and who is also acting as Fuel Commissioner. Between Montreal and Sydney the railways have no reserve stocks. Industry is also seriously affected in Eastern Canada. The large pulp mills at Bathurst, N. B., have shut down for lack of fuel, its supply being taken by the Government. The Canadian mines have a home market at a fair price for their entire production, and it is probable that commercial price control may follow the embargo on exports. Canadian coal production in Eastern Canada will not exceed five million tons, compared with seven million a few years ago and although there is an equal number of employees and at higher wages, operators claim that production per man has greatly decreased. It is stated that, if the present rate of production is maintained, there may be five and half million tons this year. But this will be one and three quarters million tons below pre-war production. The production now shows an upward trend for the first time in five years.

FOUND GUILTY OF CONSPIRACY

To Overthrow Government of U. S.—Twenty Men Given Heavy Sentences.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—William Gross Lloyd, millionaire Socialist, and nineteen other members of the Communist labor party, tonight were found guilty by a jury charged with conspiracy to overthrow the government of the United States.

The defendants were given various sentences, most of them getting from one to five years in the penitentiary, a few being given fines in addition, and several were sentenced to one year in jail. Lloyd got the heaviest sentence, being given one to five years in the penitentiary and a fine of \$5,000 in addition.

PROHIBIT IMPORT OF AMMUNITION

Washington, July 3.—The United States Government has refused a request of Governor Cantu, of the Northern District of Lower California, for permission to import arms and ammunition from the United States for use in repelling the reported threatened occupation by Mexican provisional government forces. The request was made by a Washington representative of Governor Cantu.

SIR THOMAS LEAVES FOR ENGLAND

New York, Aug. 2.—(By Canadian Press.)—Sir Thomas Lipton will leave for England tomorrow on the British steamer Olympic, which is scheduled to sail with 2,400 passengers, making her second trip to Europe as an oil-burner.

Sir Thomas will be accompanied by Lord and Lady Ferguson and Lord Dewar, who have been his guests during the America's Cup races.

FRANCE TO SIGN PEACE TREATY NEXT THURSDAY

Paris, Aug. 2.—The signing of the Turkish Peace Treaty has been definitely fixed to take place next Thursday at four o'clock in the afternoon.

CHARLIE CHAPLIN SUED FOR DIVORCE

Los Angeles, Aug. 2.—Mildred Harris Chaplin, today filed suit here for divorce from Charlie Chaplin. She alleged cruelty.

MANNIX CAN DO NO HARM IN IRELAND

Moderate Opinion in Ireland Seriously Questions Wisdom of Gov't in Deciding to Exclude Him.

SINN FEINERS NEED NO ENCOURAGEMENT

If He Were Better Acquainted With Affairs His Speeches Would Be More Moderate.

London, Aug. 2.—Moderate opinion in Ireland, says a Dublin despatch to the London Times, is seriously questioning the wisdom of the government decision to exclude Archbishop Mannix of Australia from Ireland. Many arguments are used against it.

In the first place it is pointed out that the Sinn Fein need no encouragement from anybody and that Archbishop Mannix probably could do more harm in the United States than it given the freest hand to preach an anti-British crusade in Ireland.

Secondly, says the Times' despatch, there are some who think the speeches of the Archbishop may be due to his ignorance of the real state of affairs in Ireland, and that close contact might have a sobering effect on him.

Finally according to the Times' correspondent, the government's decision is considered likely to place heads of the Catholic Church in Dublin in a false position. It is believed probably that church influence would support any wise and generous scheme for an Irish settlement within the Empire, but in some quarters it is declared that the church must be greatly embarrassed by restrictions on Archbishop Mannix's movements.

Go Slowly

Leading Catholic laymen are reported by the Times' correspondent to be of the opinion that if the Government insists on making a martyr out of the Australian Archbishop, the Bishops will virtually be compelled to champion his cause, and their genuine desire for peace may be rendered unfruitful by consequent developments. On the other hand, they say, if the Archbishop is permitted to come to Ireland like any other homecoming ecclesiastical dignitary, he will have an opportunity to acquaint him quietly with its differences and probably will be able to influence his course of action. At any rate, says the Times' correspondent, it is generally considered certain in Dublin that the expenses of the Archbishop's martyrdom would be paid not by himself, but by the government, and the Irish people.

SINN FEIN LEADER LEAVES DE VALERA

Doesn't Like Actions of Irish Leaders in Their Work in United States.

London, Aug. 2.—Diarmid Lynch, Sinn Fein member of the House of Commons for the South East Division of Cork and Food Controller of the Republican Government who went to the United States some months ago, is reported to have resigned as member of the Republican Parliament on the grounds of differences of opinion between Lynch and De Valera and leaders of the Irish Party in the United States.

Mr. Lynch has sent a long explanatory letter to the Speaker of the Republican Parliament. It is predicted in Irish political circles that his resignation will lead to important developments in the Sinn Fein ranks.

NEW WARDEN AT DORCHESTER

Brother of Premier Meighen to Have Charge of N. B. Penal Institution.

Prince Albert, Sask., Aug. 2.—William Meighen, of this city, who was deputy warden of the Edmonton penitentiary when that institution was closed, has been appointed warden of the penitentiary at Dorchester, N. B. He is a brother of Premier Arthur Meighen. He began his career in the service as an accountant at the Prince Albert penitentiary and is said to have made a great success of his work.

Until further notice The Standard will continue to present, free of charge, a three months' subscription to any newly married couple residing in the Province of N. B.

Call, write or phone to let us know of the happy event.

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