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The Evening Gazette.

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VOL. II.---WHOLE NO. 359. ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JULY 20, 1889. PRICE TWO CENTS

AMUSEMENTS.

LANSDOWNE THEATRE

MICAWBER CLUB, Lessees.

E. A. McDOWELL, Manager.

And New York Company.
Every Evening at 8. Saturday Matinees at 2.30.

To-day, Saturday, Matinee and Evening

COLLEEN BAWN!

An immense body of REAL WATER will be used in the Lake and Cave Scene.

Grand Gala Bill, Carnival Week.

PRICES—General Admission, 25 cents, Reserved Seats, 35 and 50 cents.
Seats in advance at the Bookstore of A. Morrisey, head King street.

MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.
CARNIVAL WEEK,
Commencing Monday, July 22.
EVERY EVENING AT 8. WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MATINEES AT 2.30.
ENGAGEMENT OF
BURNHAM & PHILLIPS
Justly celebrated
San Francisco Minstrels, Brass Band and Orchestra.
A combination of artists from all the leading companies; presenting a sparkling programme of MUSIC MERRIMENT AND LAUGHTER!
Replete with all the latest songs, local hits and funny sayings.
25 COMEDIANS, DANCERS 25
—AND—
MUSICAL ARTISTS.
6 END MEN 6
in our brilliant
FIRST PART SCENE.
Seats on sale at A. C. Smith & Co's.
Admission 25c and 35c; Reserved 50c. Matinee prices, 20c. and 35c.

JOHNSTOWN FLOOD EXHIBITION.

A Grand Exhibition of Views and Relics of this awful Disaster by which Ten Thousand Lives were lost, will be held at
THE ROLLER RINK,
CHARLOTTE ST.
A full description will be given by CHARLES F. STINSON, a Survivor, who will tell his Thrilling Story in his own way.
Many relics of great interest will be shown. No person can afford to miss seeing this instructive Exhibition.
Will open by a GRAND MATINEE, Saturday July 20th, 2.30. Evening performance at 8 p. m.
Admission 20 cents. Children 10 cents.

CAUGHNAWAGA
INDIAN
LACROSSE CLUB
—VS—
SAINT JOHN TEAM.

Shamrock Grounds,
JULY 24th.

A. A. Grounds,
JULY 25th.

Admission - - - 25 cts.

EXCURSION.

EXCURSION
—TO—
PORTLAND AND BOSTON
—VIA THE—
ALL RAIL LINE.

THE NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY will issue Excursion Tickets to PORTLAND and Return at $8.00, and BOSTON and Return at $10.00 each; these tickets will be good going on trains leaving St. John at 6.40 or 8.45 a.m. on SATURDAY, July 20th only, and will be good for return passage, if used to St. John before midnight of July 29th, 1889.
J. W. CRAM, General Manager. A. J. HEATH, General Passenger Agent.

WANTED.

Advertisements under this head inserted for 10 cents each time or fifty cents a week. Payable in advance.

WANTED—Ten General House Girls for small families—two sisters or friends in one house—wages $3 and $12 monthly; excellent chances for good girls. Call early and bring reference to LADIES' PARLORS, 134 Prince Wm. street. P S—Also, 4 General House Girls to go to Portland, Me.; wages $4 weekly.

WANTED "to-day" Book-keeper, $7; stenographer, $8 to $10; copyists at 4 cents; lady office manager, $5. A great many exceptionally good openings in and out of the city for educated and reference ladies. Call and investigate our system, at LADIES' PARLORS, 134 Prince William st. Open evenings.

WANTED—Board and Lodgings for people who will visit the Carnival. Every person having unoccupied room or rooms should apply at once to MR. H. H. DISTIN, secretary of reception committee at the rooms of the Young Mens' Christian Association. Blank forms will be supplied on which to furnish information as to accomodation for visitors.

JUST OPENED.
4 Cases Best American Oil Clothing.
For sale low at
NOVA SCOTIA HOUSE.
HUGH NEALIS,
73 Dock st.

WINDOW SCREENS.

Just received another lot of our celebrated
WINDOW SCREEN
The best in the market.
Refrigerators, Water Coolers, Freezers and other seasonable goods at
"THE HOUSEKEEPERS' EMPORIUM,"
38 King St., Opp. Royal Hotel,
SHERATON & SELFRIDGE.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.—Threatening weather, light east and cooler on Saturday, clearing and warmer on Sunday; winds becoming north-westerly.

HERE'S A THOUGHT.

FOLLOW IT OUT.

The shorter the time on which goods are sold, the lower the price and the finer the profit.

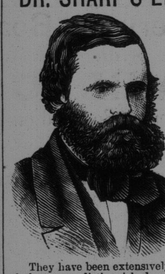
The day laborer who sells his labor at cost must be paid cash. The commission merchant doing business on 2 1-2 per cent, sells only for cash. In the dry goods business, Cotton goods, on which the profits are reduced to a minimum, must be paid for by the merchant in 30 days; and yet that same merchant is willing and anxious to charge goods for six months. Doesn't it look as if he made it up on other lines; and don't you think the profit on dry goods could be smaller if the time was shortened.

—THAT'S WHAT—
HUNTER HAMILTON & McKAY
ARE DOING.

WALL PAPERS.
I have just received another large lot of new Goods of all grades, borders to match, also, a large variety of plain and decorated window shades.
F. E. HOLMAN, - - - 48 King Street.

YARDS OF
BUNTING
AND
FLAGS
AT
DANIEL & ROBERTSON'S,
London House Retail, Cor. Charlotte and Union Streets.
PREPARE FOR THE GRAND CARNIVAL.
FLAGS, FLAGS.
UNION JACK, STARS AND STRIPES, AND DOMINION FLAG.
For sale by
KEDEY & CO.,
213 UNION STREET.

DR. SHARP'S ENGLISH TONIC BITTERS.



These well known and unrivalled BITTERS, prepared by a peculiar and elaborate Chemical process, from rare plants and herbs, and entirely free from all mineral, acid, and other noxious ingredients, have been found the most useful in Dyspepsia or indigestion, Diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, and Irritability of the Bowels.

In all cases of Debility; whether arising from illness, fatigue, or other causes, they prove eminently serviceable and afford *incalculable benefit*; and, being devoid of all spirituous and other injurious stimulants, may be given with happiest effects to *young children*, correcting in them the tendency to the generation of worms, and other Bowel complaints.

FOR FEMALES these Bitters are peculiarly suitable, giving tone and vigor to the system, and imparting new strength to the frame, which *protracted nursing* or other exhausting causes may have impaired.

They have been extensively and successfully used by the Medical Faculty, many of whose most distinguished members in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, the United States elsewhere, have given ample testimony in their favor.

These Bitters produce a feeling of buoyancy, removing depression or melancholy, and hence are of great value in the treatment of Mental and Nervous affection. They produce a healthy flow of the secretions, and should be used by all who suffer from

DEPRESSIONOF SPIRITS, NERVOUSNESS, SLEEPLESSNESS. LOSS OF APPETITE,
And all kindred complaints.

Everybody knows that Sharp's Balsam of Horehound and Aniseseed is the best cough medicine ever offered to the public.

Everybody ought to know that Sharp's English Tonic Bitters cannot be too highly commended for the diseases they are recommended to cure.

The sick should not delay a moment in procuring and using these bitters. Sold wholesale by T. P. Barker & Sons, St. John, and at retail by all druggists. The price is reduced, so as to come within the means of all, to 75 cents per bottle. PREPARED BY
Sharp's Balsam Manufacturing Company, St. John, N. B., to whom orders may be addressed.

F. W. WISDOM,
Mill, Steamboat and Railroad Supplies, 41 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lace Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe; Steam, Gas and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbit Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating supplies.
Lowest Quotations Given on Special Supplies

SECOND EDITION.

JACK THE RIPPER.

THE SUPPOSED PRISONER ARRAIGNED.

His Name is William Brodie and He Says his Confession to the Police is True.

LONDON, July 20.—The name of the man arrested on suspicion of being the White Chapel murderer and who subsequently confessed he was guilty, is William Brodie.

He was arraigned before the Police Magistrate this morning. He stated the confession made by him to the police was true. The prisoner was remanded for a week.

DOCK LABORERS STRIKE.

Men Working Under Police Protection Are Visited—The Police Are Overpowered by the Strikers and the Men Routed.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., July 20.—A general strike was inaugurated yesterday among the dock laborers, and over six hundred are out. They demand an increase from $1.50 per day to $1.75. They visited the St. Paul and Pacific coal docks where 14 men were working at forty cents an hour rate, under police protection. They overpowered the police and routed the men. The strike has an ominous look. The men are determined and the contractors are equally so.

Vandaleur Elevators Sold.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

MINNEAPOLIS MINN., July 20.—It is given out on undoubted authority that the Englishmen now in this city closed the deal yesterday for the purchase of the Vandaleur line of elevators. This system includes about forty elevators on the line of the Chicago and Minneapolis, St. Paul and Omaha railroad.

Big Fire in Liverpool.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LIVERPOOL, July 20.—Several cotton ware-houses situated on Red Cross and Grundy streets are burned. Loss $60,000.

Bishop Kean on the Pope.

NASHVILLE, Tenn. July 20.—The American publishes an interview with Bishop Kean, rector of the Catholic University at Washington, who is here in attendance on the National Education Association, Speaking of the health of the Pope, Bishop Kean said:

"So far as the health of Leo XIII. is concerned, there is little likelihood of his dying very soon. I saw him the day before I left Rome, March 19, and he was then the picture of health—stout, robust and active. It is true he is a very old man, 82 years old; but he does not stand alone as the only man of advanced age performing the active duties of a high and responsible position. Bismarck, Gladstone and Manning, as well as Leo XII, are far advanced in life and yet those men are moving the world. Cardinal Newman is 92 years old, and he has only just retired from active performance of his duties. When Leo XII, became the chief bishop of the Church, some twelve years ago, he himself regarded his health as so poor that he said it was useless to make him Pope for he had scarcely six months to live. His health now, however is very good, and I assure you he has no notion of dying to please anyone."

"In the event of the death of the Pope where will his successor probably come from?"

"I should say Italy, beyond a doubt." "Then all this talk about an American cardinal succeeding is without foundation at all?"

"Entirely so. There are many reasons why an American will not be elevated to the Papacy. To begin with, an American, no matter how learned he may be, how well posted on European affairs, is thoroughly unfitted to fill the Papal see. The Pope must be a thorough cosmopolitan. He must be au fait with European affairs, conversant with the political and spiritual conditions of France, Germany and Spain—in fact, the whole world. No American can grasp the situation in all its details. His educational surroundings and life are totally different from that of the man fitted to fill the Papacy. Europe is becoming Americanized. The people are gradually taking up our theories and systems of life and Government, but it will be a hundred years before the conditions are such that it would be possible for an American cardinal to become head of the Catholic Church."

Carnival Music Committee.

On Friday the 26th. inst. at 4. p. m. by the kind permission of the Rector and vestry, there will be an organ recital in Trinity church by Mr. R. Percy Strand and Mr. T. Morley, together with selections from well known Oratorios which have been given by the Oratorio Society during the last few years.

Admission will be free, but a silver collection will be taken up for the benefit of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.

Members of the Oratorio Society will receive due notice of the rehearsal.

FREIGHT TRAIN OFF THE RAILS.—No. 5 freight train on the New Brunswick railway, which was due here at 12.25 to-day, jumped the track at Tracey station, a few miles above Fredericton Junction.

The Boston train, which generally connects with the Short Line train, and arrives here at 2.45 local time, is waiting at McAdam and will come in as soon as the track can be cleared. She may get in by 6 o'clock.

The Short Line train from Montreal is a very heavy train, there being several special cars attached, with a large number of passengers aboard. She left Mattawamkeag at 2.15, five hours late, and will arrive about 7:30 this evening.

The Canadian Pythian Record, which is published at Windsor Ont., publishes two columns in regard to our summer Carnival. The notice it gives is one of the best we have ever seen.

SMOKE B. & L. Planet and Neptune mixture, a fine cool smoke. We have also received a fresh lot of Old Gold smoking tobacco and fresh Vanity Fair cigarettes. WHITEHORNE & Co., City Market Building, Charlotte street.

CRISIS APPROACHING.

So Says Honorable Mr. Laurier.

[Montreal Star]

A caucus in the afternoon at the St. Lawrence Hall and a public meeting in the evening at the Club National were the engagements attended to yesterday by Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, leader of Her Majesty's loyal Opposition in the Commons.

Among others present at the meeting were:—Senator Thibaudeau, Messrs. J K Ward, M L C, Charles Champagne, M P P, P H Roy, E A Porrier, H J Clorran, C Beausoleil, M P, P M Sauvalle, E N St. Jean, J C Madore, S P Leet, L O Gnoiu, Husmer Lanctot and Ernest Desrosiers.

Mr. David, member for Montreal East, was called to the chair, on the suggestion of Mr. Porrier. After paying a compliment to the leader, of whom he held all Canadians and especially those of his own nationality should be proud, Mr. David declared that the Liberal party had at all times been the warm friends of the French Canadians. The spirit which animated the Liberal party was best exemplified by the fact that their compatriot had been chosen to lead that great party. He impressed upon all the importance of having their votes registered, as it was the only and best way in which they could assist in bringing the honorable gentleman and his friends into power.

Hon. M. Laurier, who had been introduced by the chairman, received an ovation as he arose to deliver one of those addresses for which, in tact, choice language and elegance of expression, he has few rivals. The greater part of his address, of course, referred to the Electoral act, which he claimed had been placed upon the statute book by Sir John, "a gentleman extrordinarily fertile in expedients but remarkably barren in principles," because he had poor confidence in the principles of his party, recognized their weakness, and was not always over anxious that people should vote according to their taste and inclinations. It was of vital importance that all the votes should be registered, because in this country it was the majority and not the minority which should govern. Those who did not see to it in time that their names were placed on the lists would find themselves disfranchised at the next elections. If the majorities were to govern in this province and in this Dominion, he did not mean to say that they should be unjust to minorities, which, under the constitution, had always a recourse to secure justice and fair play. He had confidence in the patriotism of the people of Canada and their ability to effectually settle any difficulties which might arise by constitutional means. The speaker after explaining the Act, and who were qualified to become electors under its provisions, made an eloquent appeal to Liberals to look after the young men, the growing generation, and educate them in the principles of Lafontaine, Baldwin and Blake. Canada was now approaching a great crisis which would decide its future status. The Tory press and Tory party of Ontario were raising Radical issues upon which rested the future peace and prosperity of the entire Dominion for years to come. The French Canadian people, for whom he thought he had a right to speak, held the same attitude now as they had in the past, and were truly loyal to the principles of liberty and even handed justice for all as had been those who had gone before them. If they had been assailed and attacked now and their liberties placed in jeopardy by the Tories of Ontario it was because in that province they had severed their connection with that party. The French Canadians were not anxious nor desirous of infringing upon the rights and liberties of other nationalities; far from that, they were taking an altogether different stand, and he could inform his Ontario friends that if ever the rights and liberties of any class or creed of people were menaced the French Canadians would be the first to vindicate those rights as they would their own. There was no antagonism between the English and the French people. In the past they had worked harmoniously together, and the result had been satisfactory to all. The country had been prosperous, and had made rapid strides in the material, political, and intellectual domain. For this the country was largely indebted to the Liberal party and its great leaders, who had always sought to blend together the different races and creeds. As for him it was natural that the French Canadians should hold the first place in his heart, but when it came to a question of right and justice, as a Liberal, he had the same place for the English-speaking people, whom he would always as readily defend as those of his nationality. The speaker concluded by stating that he would always oppose the coalition of the French Canadians into one distinct element, and would strive to the utmost to secure the triumph at all times of equality, justice and liberty. The speaker resumed his seat amid loud applause.

ENTERTAINING THE CRICKETERS.—On Wednesday evening the cricketers will be guests of one of the members of the St. John team, who has hired a tug boat for the occasion and will entertain them to a sail in the harbor and a view of the marine pageant and pyrotechnic display from the water. A band of music will be on board.

THE OPENING GUNS.—The first gun fired by electricity at the Exhibition, Monday, will be discharged by President Van Horne of the C P R at Montreal; the second by the Mayor of Vancouver, at Vancouver; and the third by Sir Leonard Tilley at the building.

WASHINGTON July 20.—Indications.—Threatening Weather, light, east and cooler on Saturday, clearing and warmer on Sunday. Winds becoming northwesterly, high on coast.

THE SALVAGE CORPS.—The Salvage Corps will meet at their rooms every evening next week.

LATE SHIP NEWS.

Port of St. John.

CLEARED.

Schr Speedwell, 82, Morrill, Boston, boards, Dyment Bros.
Schr Maggie Miller, 92, Gale, New York, deals, C Hamilton & Co.
Schr Anita, 122, Melanson, City Island f o deals, Stetson, Cutler & Co.
Coastwise—Schr Nota Bene, 50, Card, Parrsboro.
Schr Ethel, 78, Hoar, Harvey.
" Dolphin, 36, Wilbur, do.
" Lula Price, 121, Copp, do.
" Myrtle Purdy, 85, Lowe, Joggins.
" G O King, 63, Gates, do.
" Princess Louise, 29, Roop, Annapolis.
" E W Merchant, 47, Dillon, Digby.
" Jessie, 72, Bishop, Waterside.
" Etta, 28, Cheeney, Grand Manan.
" Fly, 5, Carter, fishing cruise.

SAILED.

July 19, Wind SW, SS Beaconsfield, Cotton for Garston, G B. Schr Hattie Turner, Glass, Hunter Tower, Nellie Parker, Harding, Benj T Boger, Henderson, Bess & Stella, Hanx, Maggie Miller, Gale, all for New York. 20th wind S S E SS Aboraco, Temple for Fleetwood.

JACK-THE-RIPPER.

FULL PARTICULARS OF THE LATEST WHITECHAPEL HORROR.

From an East End Music Hall to a Horrible Death. Detectives Completely Non-Plussed. All Possible Precautions Taken Without Any Results.

LONDON, July 17.—Thousands in this great city are quaking with fear of the murderer's knife. Jack the Ripper is back again. The horrible murder this morning enables him to cut another notch in the handle of his terrible knife. The details of this morning's crime leave no doubt that the murderer of Alice Mackenzie, known to some as Kelly, was also guilty of the following crimes:—During Christmas week, 1887, an unknown woman was found murdered near Osborne and Wentworth streets, Whitechapel. On August 7, 1888, Martha Turner was stabbed in thirty-nine places on the landing of Geo. Yard's buildings, Commercial street, Spitalfields. On August 31, Mrs. Nicholls was murdered and mutilated in Bucks row, Whitechapel. On September 7, Mrs. Chapman was murdered and mutilated in Hanbury street, Whitechapel. On September 30, Elizabeth Stride had her throat cut in Berner street, Whitechapel. On September 30, Catherine Eddowes was murdered and mutilated in Mitre square, Aldgate. On November 9, Mary Jane Kelly was hacked to pieces, at No. 27 Dorset street, Spitalfields.

AUDACITY OF THE MURDER.

All these murders were audacious, but the last is extraordinarily so. The police were in front, behind, and all around the assassin when he killed his eighth victim. Before the dreadful work was completed the tramp of Constable 272 droye the ghoul away. The constable left the spot ten minutes before, and on his return he found the mutilated body in front of the house. He raced down Castle alley to Castle street, and the only person in sight was Isaac Lewis Jacobs, who had a plate in his hand. He had been sent for cheese and pickles by his brother. He was arrested, but is evidently innocent. At the sound of the constable's whistle the police came from all directions; bull's eyes threw patches of light everywhere, but there was no trace of the murderer. When the woman was lifted into the hospital ambulance, under her were found a broken clay pipe and a farthing. The pipe may have belonged either to the woman or to her murderer.

THE POST-MORTEM.

The body was taken to the mortuary. The examination developed an unusual feature—Jack has done his work with a dull knife. Heretofore the slashes were clean. Alice Mackenzie's body bore marks of Jack's terrible methods, but there was no execution. The clothes were drawn over the head after the knife had been driven into the neck. A cut four inches long, running towards the groin, had not severed the abdominal wall. On both sides of this cut were slashes the lateral line below the breast bone there were twenty scratches, which would have been slashes had a keen knife been used. Every scratch was an attempt to rip the woman up. She was evidently taken unawares, as she was strongly built, and weighed 140 pounds. She could not have uttered a cry without being heard by the police. Jack adopted his old plan, except that in this case his right hand was placed over his victim's mouth, and the left hand drove the knife into the neck, instead of vice versa.

The murder threw Whitechapel into a condition of fearful excitement. People from all quarters flocked to the scene, and stories of the crime were on every tongue.

THE WOMAN IDENTIFIED.

At ten o'clock the woman was identified. John McCormack, a porter, said he lived with the woman for six years. She was born at Peterborough, and her family lived there until a month ago, when they moved into furnished rooms in Whitechapel. The victim did charing work. She never got a living on the streets. Sometimes she drank too much. She left the house at four o'clock yesterday afternoon. They had had a tiff. He gave her a shilling and advised her not to spend it in drink. He was told that she returned to the house at ten o'clock last night and took a blind boy, George Dixon, for a walk. McCormack knew no more. The woman and the boy went to the Cambridge Music hall. There they met a man and she asked him to treat. She then went home to the lodging-house, and left after saying she was going to meet a man at the Cambridge hall. Whether or not she met him is not known, for the blind boy had no means to identify him except by his voice.

CUNNING OF THE MURDERER.

Nothing could more clearly indicate the cunning of the murderer than the selection of the locality. The alley is 100 yards long, dark, and encumbered by a mass of waggons and barrows, which formerly were stored in a yard in which excavations were going on a few feet above. At the bottom of the alley is a network of streets, courts, and alleys. Castle alley has no residents likely to go through it at night, the halls being the only tenanted house in the upper part of it. The others on the left side are small factories and workshops. On the right side is a high board fence, shutting the brick yards. A row of small houses, facing on New Castle street, runs parallel with Castle alley, and just below the scene of the murder, they are connected by a narrow court. If he approached therefore from the Whitechapel road the murderer could escape down Castle alley into Old Castle street, through this to Wentworth street, ank thence to Commercial street or the lane. If he approached from Old Castle street, he could escape through Castle alley court into Whitechapel road. This way he did escape. If hemmed in on both sides he could still escape through the connecting court to New Castle street and thence into Whitechapel road or Wentworth street as he chose. There was further cunning and evidence of intimate knowledge of the locality in the fact that he was just on the boundary line of two police districts. Whitechapel road is patrolled by constables from Leman street station, and no street constable comes into Castle alley or the alley, lanes attached, with is in the district belonging to another division. He must have known that an officer could come toward him only from the bottom of the alley, and his familiar knowledge of the locality and police rules made his escape as easy as ever, when it is remembered that in all the eight murders committed he has never once been seen by anybody. The fear of him in Whitechapel can be understood, and the superstition in some of the slums that he is invisible does not seem surprising.

ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT A CLUE.

The police are absolutely without a clue. Inspector Reed so stated this evening. Jacobs was the only person found in the vicinity of Old Castle street, and was simply on an errand and was released directly. Three other men were arrested on suspicion during the early morning and forenoon, but they were almost immediately released upon establishing their identity, and their whereabouts at the hour of the murder. The search of the lodging-houses which followed close upon the discovery revealed nothing. Nobody had come in or gone out within an hour who could in any way be connected with the tragedy. The only hope was the examinations of the barmen and barmaids along Whitechapel road with reference to the presence in their places of the woman Mackenzie prior to the murder. There is a possibility, judging from previous cases, that the murderer took her into one of these and got her stupidly drunk before attempting her death. This investigation appears to be the only chance of finding a clue, but it does not appear to have been made. The attempt to surround the scene with a cordon of constables amounted to nothing, as the murderer had passed out into Whitechapel road, and it would be quite as easy to hem the wayfarers on that populous avenue as to encircle the population of London. Consequently the police stand as before, not knowing which way to turn. No doubt they have done, and are doing all in their power.

THE DETECTIVES NON-PLUSSED.

Chief Commissioner Munro and Col. Monsall were on the spot as soon after the murder as telegraph and horses could bring them. All the detective strength of the metropolitan force has been centered in Whitechapel, and the best brains of Scotland yard not only are but have been at work on the murders. Up to a month ago two constables were nightly on watch in the alley, it being a likely spot for the murderer to select. Up to two weeks ago there was also a night-watchman stationed in the alley by a man who owned a number of barrows stored there. The withdrawal of all these left the place free. There is nothing more for the police to work on at present than there was after the last murder on August 9.

The murderer is clearly a maniac, but so cool that he makes no mistakes and leaves no traces, and furthermore is evidently without that sense of fear which leads to detection in nine cases out of ten.

Jack the Ripper has sent several letters to the police lately after a long cessation of these epistles. They were in the usual braggadocio form, and bear the old signature. A letter was also received by Mr. Albert Brackett, leader of the Vigilance Committee movement, three weeks ago. All the letters stated that the author would begin his work again in July.

CROOKED BASE BALL PLAYING.

Serious Charges Against King and Latham of the St. Louis Club.

ST. LOUIS, Mo, July 17, 1889. The Post-Dispatch says that for some time past there have been stories afloat to the effect that certain members of the Brown Stocking base ball team were not playing ball. Stories of crookedness in the Browns were first started when they made the disastrous trib to Kansas City. It was then and is still generally believed that the team purposely lost those games to force Von der Ahe to remit the fines he had imposed on Robinson who had refused to play unless it was remitted. Still, at that time no one thought the club was losing for a monetary consideration, although there were stories afloat that they had Robinson against them in the pool rooms. Even those who made these charges, however, did not claim that the players were moved to play off by any other motive than to force Von der Ahe to Robinson's terms. The men against whom the charges are made are Pitcher King, Third-baseman Latham. Instances are cited where King and Latham have been responsible for the loss of games, and one game is cited when the circumstances were, to say the least, suspicious between the Browns and Athletics. King was in the box the first two innings and a well known sport was backing the Athletic heavily. King's pitching was so execrable that he was taken out and Stivetts substituted. At this point, although the Athletics were ahead, the sport commenced hedging, and gave odds to get his money protected. The Browns won by a score of 16 to 12. The charges looked so badly that President Von der Ahe put the matter in the hands of a detective agency and notified King and Latham of the charges against them. They both deny the rumored crookedness, and are very indignant over it. President Von der Ahe states that if found guilty the pair will forever be prohibited from playing ball.

Western Ontario Crops.

(London Advertiser.)

Speculation regarding the season's crops is being superseded by realization. Before the harvest is completed, contingencies may, of course, arise, but a close view of the prospects is now obtainable, and, speaking generally, the outlook is satisfactory.

Nearly two weeks of fine weather, with sunshine and breezes, greatly aided the hay harvest. The cut is excellent and the well-cured, early-saved timothy and clover will be relished by the stock next winter. Promptness is advisable just here in order that meadows by over ripening may not lose in nutritive value. Cut early is a good rule. The crop is not as heavy as some might expect, the rainy season being somewhat raw and cold.

In many places wheat harvesting will crowd the haying, fields being already golden tinted. Here and there fields show the touch of rust badly, but the heads are filling well in most localities and the disquieting reports of crop failure in the Northwest will cause bouyancy among Ontario wheat growers in regard to price prospects. In the course of a few days wheat cutting will begin in Western Ontario.

The oat crop promises a grand yield, there being a strong growth of healthy stalk and well filled heads. Peas and barley are variable, chiefly in consequence of frost and wet. As a rule, it may be said that the core crop is "goin under." This great fodder plant rejoices in air and warm sunlight, but this season early wet and cold have killed it.

Pastures have been unusually luxuriant thus far, the production of milk being greatly stimulated thereby. Greater attention is being paid to the care and feeding of dairy cows and the result is evident at the pail. The cheese trade, too, is hopeful.

Weather Report.

POINT LEPREAUX, July 20th.—9 a. m. wind south east, fresh, cloudy, therm. 52. One three masted schr outward, five inward.

SLEEPLESS NIGHTS, made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's cure is the cure for you. Sold by H. W. BARKER.

SECOND EDITION.

A YANKEE INVENTION.

AN ENDEAVOR TO INJURE THE REPUTATION OF THE CANADIAN NORTH WEST.

Exaggerated Stories of the Sufferings of Canadian Settlers.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

GRAFTON, Dak., July 20.—Dry hot winds in portions of the extreme north of Dakota near the boundary line have played havoc with the crops, and the farmers are reduced to eating field rodents, gophers, etc. for subsistence The crop in the Canadian North West will be a failure. A reporter interviewed a party of emigrants at the Boundary line yesterday from the Sioux conutry. They had travelled 300 miles through a well settled country on the Canadian side, without seeing a fair crop.

Some of the families had eaten nothing but potatoes and turnips for some months. At one place northwest of Turtle mountains, a family of English emigrants travelling back to the mountains, had killed and were eating a young colt. The suffering in that region is awful and those who have the means will leave in such numbers as to depopulate the Canadian Northwest. They are new settlers and have no resource but the wheat crop.

The Truth About the Crops.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

WINNIPEG, July 20,—Telegraphic advices received to-day indicate that the recent rains have greatly improved the crop prospects in many parts. From Portage la Prairie and High Bluff the predictions are that the crop will be almost an average, and in no part are the worst fears likely to be realized.

Famine in Samoa.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

NEW YORK, July 20.—The World prints a letter from King Mataafa stating that the war and hurricane in Samoa have caused a famine and expressing the hope that Americans will send aid to the unfortunate Samoans.

An Accomplice in Fraud.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LEBANON, Ohio, July 20.—Charles Thompson treasurer of Warren county was arrested yesterday charged with complicity with the absconding auditor A. L. Graham, in defrauding the country of a large sum.

Surrendered to the Russians.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BERLIN, July 20. The police here have delivered to the Russian authorities a Russian student suspected of being a nihilist. All the other Russian students here will all be expelled.

Doubts of the Servian Army.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

BELGRADE, July 20.—It is reported that the government's preparations to arm the reserves are due to doubts of the loyalty of the regulars in the event of Ex-King Milan returning to Belgrade.

Burglars Make a Big Haul.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

LYNN MASS, July 20.—Burglars last night robbed the safe of H. J. Bodwell's jewellery store of $12,000 worth of watches, jewellery, silver plate etc.

Stricken With Paralysis.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE GAZETTE.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 20.—Grand Duke Constantine uncle of the Czar has suffered a stroke of paralysis. He has lost the power of speech.

MONEY AND TRADE.

Rates of Exchange—To-day

	Buying.	Selling.
London, 60 day	9	9⅛ p. cent
Do., sight	9⅛	10¼ p. cent
New York	¼ dis	¼ prem.
Boston	¼ dis	¼ prem.
Montreal	¼ dis	¼ prem.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, July 20, '8

	Tuesday Closing.	To-day's Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	1.30 p. m.	Tuesday Noon.
Chi. Bur & Quin	99¾	99¾	99¾	98¾	7300	
Canada Southern	51				200	
Deleware & Hudson	143½	143½	143½	143½		
D & Lack	143½	143½	143½	143½	10000	
Erie	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¼	4400	
Consol. Gas						
Hocking Valley	13	12½	12½	12		
N J Central	110½				200	
K & T	19½					
Lake Shore	101½	100¾	101	100¾	3000	
Lou and Nash.	68½	68	68	67½	2500	
Mich Pacific	67¾	67½	67½	66¾	500	
N Y & New England	46½	47½	48½	47½	13000	
Northern Pacific	27½	27	27½	27		
Northern Pacific pref	63	62½	62½	62½	5700	
Chi. & Nor.	106½	106½	106½	106½	4300	
Omaha		31½	31½	31½		
Oregon Trans	29½				1000	
Pacific Mail	32½				100	
Ph. & Reading	44½	44½	44½	44½	19000	
Richmond Term	21½	21½	22	21½	7600	
St Paul	68½	68	68	67½	25000	
Texas Pacific	18½	18½	18½	18½	600	
Union Pacific	57½	57½	57½	57½	5000	
Western Union	84	83½	84	83½	2700	
Wabash						
Wabash pref	28½	27½	27½	27½	1500	
Norfolk & W pref						
National lead Trust	24½	24½	24½	24	15000	
Cotton Oil Ctfs	33½	33½	33½	33½	4700	
Top. & St Fe	37½	37½	37½	36½		
Rock Island	93½	93½	93½	93½		
Chicago Gas Trust	57½	57	58	57½		
E W pref	57½					

Chicago Markets.

	Yesday Close	To-day Open	Highest	1.30 Close
Wheat—Aug	78½	78½	78½	77½
Sept	77½	78½	78½	77½
Dec	79½	79½	80½	79½
Corn—Aug	35½	35½	35½	35½
Sept	35½	35½	35½	35½
Pork—Aug	11 07	11 10	11 10	11 10
Sept	11 15	11 12	11 27	11 22
Petroleum	94	93½	95	94½

London Markets.

LONDON, July 20.

Consols 98⅛ for money and 98⅛ for account
United States Fours, ... 129
Do Fours and a half 109½
Atlantic and Great Western firsts 29½
Do. do seconds 19
Canada Pacific 57½
Erie 26½
do. Seconds 10½
Illinois Central 116
Mexican ordinary 55
St Paul Common 70
New York Central 115
Pennsylvania 53
Reading 23
Mexican Central firsts 79
Bar Silver 39 1-16
Spanish Fours 73

Money 4 @ 5 per cent. Rate of discount in open market for both short and 3 months bills is 1 7-16 @ 1½ per cent.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, July 20. Cotton quiet with small business. Middlings 6¼ sale 4,000 bales. Speculation and export, 500 bales. Receipts 23,000 bales. American bales. Futures quiet. steady.