Persian Lamb Coats

It's only a matter of a week or so before the weather will call for fur garments. Early buyers get the best choice

A choice of Persian lamb coats, with shawl collars, drop front, double-breasted, bishop sleeves, plain black or brocaded satin linings,

$100 to $140

A handsome assortment of stylish fur garments tastefully displayed in our showrooms.

THE. . .

W. & D. Dineen Co.,
. . . LIMITED

Cor. Yonge and Temperance Sts.

MORGAN BACKS ROOSEVELT STANDARD OIL FOR PARKER

Millionaire Lawson of Boston Makes Sensational Charges Against Rockefeller and Others.

New York, Oct. 23.—(Special.)—Thomas W. Lawson, the Boston millionaire stockholder, formerly partner of H. H. Rogers, and business associate of the Standard Oil ring, who in a magazine article last week made sensational charges that the "Standard Oil crowd" were raising a huge fund to carry Judge Parker in as president, supplemented his first charges in a signed statement issued yesterday. It is J. P. Morgan, the bitterest foe of the oil trust magnates, Lawson says, who is backing Roosevelt. He continues: "There will be two or three explosions between now and the time the votes are counted that will give things quite a shaking up, and perhaps—perhaps—well, I cover it when I say that it will not do for Roosevelt or his lieutenants to sleep or even take a nap between now and election day."

Lawson's attack is in part confirmed by a story in The Evening Globe, which asserts that large financial interests, hostile to President Roosevelt, have satisfied themselves that Judge Parker's election is still among the possibilities, and have, as a result, replenished the Democratic treasury. A week ago their emissaries who were conducting the investigation reported that while the balance was at present in favor of Roosevelt, time and money might turn the scale. Then the coffers were opened.

Seen by The New York American the various parties implicated in Lawson's charges returned the following replies:

J. P. Morgan: His message said: "Mr. Morgan does not care what anybody says about him."

H. H. Rogers: Miss Harrison, his private secretary, said in anger: "Take this thing—take it! Mr. Rogers is engaged, but if he were not I know he would not even read such stuff, let alone comment upon it."

John D. Rockefeller: A representative said: "Mr. Rockefeller does not care to comment on the statements of Mr. Lawson or any other person."

James Stilman: "You know we never answer such attacks."

Senator McCarren: Wrathful, refuses to answer the charges made against him.

"THE SHOP FOR KEEN PRICES"

Business Suits

Overcoats

This season of the year is suggestive of Autumn outfits.

The new Autumn business suit has several characteristics of its own, distinguishing it from earlier season suits.

The new Autumn overcoat as worn in Regent Street and Piccadilly is particularly smart.

We line up with the best and most fashionable the world produces. In Canada we lead.

Autumn business suits, $22.50 to $30.00.
Autumn and Winter Overcoats, $24.00 to $30.00.

Score's

Tailors, Breeches Makers and Haberdashers.

77 King-street West, Toronto.

SILENCE WILL MEAN GRIEF SAYS MACDONALD OF BLAIR

Globe Editor Answers a Critic—Urquhart on the Dundonald Matter.

St. Paul's Hall was filled to the doors at Mayor Urquhart's meeting Saturday night. The meeting was enthusiastically Liberal, altho at the beginning of the evening a band of Fosterites insisted upon spoiling the climaxes and shouting the name of their candidate whenever an impassioned orator asked them which man they should choose. The mayor delivered his usual campaign oration and Rev. J. A. Macdonald secured a deal of applause by references to Laurier and a greater Canada.

Two of a Kind.

The chairman, R. C. Steele, referred to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mayor Urquhart as having much in common. Sir Wilfrid was characterized by courtesy, high ideals and sagacity, with which few men were endowed. In Mayor Urquhart the constituency had a man to be proud of. He referred to the gas bylaw, which had been passed by 3000 majority.

It marked a new order of things. Heretofore the gas company had been a gigantic monopoly. In future it would be possible for the humblest citizen to secure gas at the cheapest possible rate.

Thomson as an Orator.

D. E. Thomson said that North Toronto needed a good man and they could find no better than Mayor Urquhart. He had had to fight both Dominion and provincial governments in the city's behalf. Against him we have a peripatetic orator from down by the sea, and the reason given us is that the Conservative party needs him in the house.

H. H. Dickenson had known and watched Laurier since '93, and he did not believe that the premier was appreciated at one-tenth his worth. He quoted statistics to show that if more people voted the Liberal candidate would be returned.

C. W. Kerr presented a biographical sketch of Hon. George E. Foster from his first appearance in public life until, according to the speaker, "Dr. Beatty Nesbitt promised to chloroform the electors of North Toronto, that he might get a seat."

Ruthven McDonald sang two selections with good effect, after which the mayor stepped out.

Mayor Urquhart believed that he could show to every fair-minded person in the hall why the Laurier government should be returned to power.

Draws a Comparison.

He spoke first of the city in its relations to the last Conservative government and the Laurier government. What did the Conservatives do for Toronto in their 18 years. There was very little and paid for mostly by the city. One of these was the Armories. Toronto had always responded to the call of duty. The citizens went down into their pockets for $100,000 for a site.

Toronto asked the Conservative government for improvements to the harbor. The city paid another $100,000.

Again, in '91 or '92, when affairs were being fixed at the Esplanade, they asked for a bridge and it was decided that the city should pay half. They paid it. In the Yonge-street bridge case the Liberals had not only agreed to make the railways build the bridge, but also to pay every dollar of land damage. And this in a constituency which gave them nothing but Conservatives. The Conservative party apparently thought that Toronto was strong enough without any concessions.

The Laurier government had also given them $50,000 for the exhibition.

Get Anything We Want.

When the government had wanted a barracks it sold the city a tract of land on the lake shore for $200,000 that was worth $500,000, and would soon be worth a million.

It became necessary to extend the breakwater, and at the last session a grant was made for extending the breakwater 1500 feet. And it would cost nothing to Toronto.

There is a proposal on foot to make a great postal distributing station at the Union depot, with smaller stations around the city. It will make Toronto the best postal city in the Dominion.

They have granted $25,000 for remodeling the armories.

The future of the city would, to a great extent, depend upon the proper administration of the country. This was no time to make any change in the administration. In the last year of the Conservative government there were 653 vacant stores in the city. Last year there were 65.

Prosperity, he said, was in a great degree, shown by the postal returns. In 1896 the postal receipts in Toronto reached only $447,000. This was under the 3-cent rate. Then Sir William Mulock lowered the rate on both Canadian and British letters, but despite the reduction there was one million dollars on last year's books for Toronto alone.

Question From the Audience.

"What, Mr. Urquhart, is your stand on the dismissal of Lord Dundonald?" asked a voice in the audience.

The speaker replied that when there was a conflict between the civil and the military, the civil should triumph—(prolonged cheering)—and that what Canada was going to spend should not be on militarism, but on development.

Rev. J. A. Macdonald, editor of The Globe, followed the mayor. With the assistance of a map he outlined the government's railroad policy and explained the government ownership of the road from Moncton to Winnipeg.

"How about Blair?" asked one of his auditors.

There was a deal of doubt, he said, as to what Blair had to say, and if Blair did not speak soon there was a large number who would be sorry.

Borden, he continued, had never committed himself to public ownership and operation of railways, in spite of all his speeches that might lead to that conclusion. Mr. Borden had noticed that a bright and active and well-known citizen of Toronto—W. F. Maclean—had advocated these things and had hoped to gain something by going a certain distance, but had been careful not to commit himself. It was no question of government ownership and control, because Borden had never declared himself.

J. A. Paterson, K.C., and N. W. Rowell, in brief addresses, concluded the meeting.

Who Were There.

In addition to the chairman and the mayor, Messrs. D. E. Thomson, H. H. Dickenson, C. W. Kerr, W. D. Michael, John Donaldson, J. A. Paterson, K.C., J. A. Macdonald, B. Westwood, Thos. Reid, N. W. Rowell, K.C., Peleg Howland, W. H. Orr, E. Fielding, Ald. Ramsden, Dr. B. E. McKenzie and R. U. McPherson, occupied seats upon the platform.

Refuses Carnegie's Aid.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 23.—With the departure of Professor Agassiz from New York for Panama on Tuesday comes the denouement in a very unusual incident. It has to do with the case of a Harvard professor who will spend $75,000 out of his own pocket rather than surrender any of the scientific credit which he believes rightfully belongs to him, and of the first case of a downright refusal to accept $25,000 from Andrew Carnegie, offered on condition that Carnegie's name should be given to the expedition.

"THE HOUSE OF QUALITY."

Tweed and Camel's hair Hats Made by Christy —1.50 to 3.00

Dressy and comfortable—and they look the part—a rough weather hat—a hat that fits into the overcoat season to a dot—a hat that's becoming to big men—little men and all men between.

We have them in grey—brown and heather mixture—special value to-day in a camel's hair hat at **2.00**

Overcoats to wear with them —12.00 to 30.00.

Fairweathers
84-86 Yonge St.

DEBAUCHERY OF RUSSIANS SUFFERING AMONG WOUNDED

Much Drunkenness Among the Reserves According to Despatches From St. Petersburg.

London, Oct. 23.—The correspondent of The Daily Telegraph at St. Petersburg sends some lurid pictures of matters at the front. At Harbin, where the troops rest in order to prepare for active work, vodka, cards and coarse pleasures, he says, are the preparations that most of them make. He quotes a general order of the day, issued by Gen. Volkoff, which says: "Drunken soldiers are met at every hand's turn on the streets as well as at the railway station. Many who have been insolent and disobedient have been courtmartialed."

A Russian correspondent thus fills in the general's sketch: "I had scarcely quitted the train at Liaoyang when the wounded began to arrive. Gradually the moaning of the bleeding soldiers grew in volume till it deadened the din of the station. More and more the atmosphere became saturated with the peculiar smell of blood, known only on the battlefield.

"But this melancholy picture had no sobering effect upon a group of elegant, dandified Cossack officers who had just arrived from St. Petersburg. Five paces from the dead and dying, they sat merrily drinking champagne and flavoring it with obscene jests. Only in war are such contrasts possible. Here men cease to wear masks, and show themselves as they are. You note the arrival of officers who are lean and wasted from hunger and hardships, and cheek by jowl with these you witness the orgies of half-drunken men, faultlessly dressed, hear the pop of champagne bottles, the laughs that greet ribald jests and the requests of painted women, who, even at this supreme moment, try to wheedle tipsy officers out of their last rubles."

"It is to be regretted," writes M. Danchenko, the leading Russian correspondent, "that some officers on the way to join their regiments go so far as to treat Sisters of Charity as they are accustomed to treat women of the class that follows in the rear of an army."

The correspondent of The Telegraph goes on to say that the commissariat is supposed to be better than during the Turkish campaign, but judging from private letters from officers and the revelations of correspondents it could hardly be worse. The correspondent of The Viedemosti tells the following incident: "For three days we have had nothing to eat," said a soldier to the correspondent. "Here, take your fill," replied the correspondent. "I cannot eat here," said the soldier. "Why not?" asked the correspondent. "There is an officer with me who is worse than myself," replied the soldier. "Well, call him, too," said the correspondent. "He won't come," said the soldier. "He is ashamed; but if you let me take him the food he will be grateful."

An officer writes that it is members of the Red Cross and other societies that are succoring the wounded, who have frequently to feed the soldiers on active service. The head delegate of the Red Cross Society states in a letter received at St. Petersburg that the troops at the front are suffering horribly from lack of victuals and clothing. The Red Cross Society distributes bread and tea and tinned meats to soldiers in battle, and boots and overcoats come from the same source, and not from the commissariat.

GATES' FATHER DYING.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Asel A. Gates, father of John W. Gates of this city, lies at the point of death at his home in St. Charles, Ill. He is suffering from pneumonia, having contracted a severe cold a week ago, and physicians stated to-night that he could not live thru the night.

His son, John W. Gates, was notified by telegraph this morning, and is now racing west on a special train in an effort to reach his father's bedside before death ensues. Mr. Gates is 84 years old. He was born at Syracuse, N.Y., in 1820, and 19 years later he settled on what is known as the Hill Farm, at West Chicago. He removed to St. Charles ten years ago, where he has since resided. He is a breeder of bloodied stock and is said to be worth $6,000,000.

POSSESSES A MADSTONE.

Owingsville, Ky., Oct. 23.—John P. Copher of Olympia, this county, has a madstone, which has become noted all over the country for its power in sucking the poison from dog bites when applied to the wound within a reasonable time after the person is bitten. The stone is about three and three-quarter inches square and three-eighths of an inch thick. It is mottled with red and straw colored spots and is of fine grain. It is very light, however, and feels more like a piece of wood than a stone.

GIVES UP THRONE FOR LOVE.

Paris, Oct. 23.—The Prince of Annam, formerly emperor, and Ham N'zi, King of Annam, who was captured by the French 16 years ago and detained a captive in Algiers, is to marry a French girl, Mlle Lanice, daughter of Judge Faloe of Algiers, whom he met frequently at dinner at her father's house. He came to Paris some time ago for permission of the French government to the marriage, when the consent of the minister was obtained. He will become a Frenchman, and gives up all his pretensions to the throne of Annam.

BATTLE OF ARMAGEDDON WILL BEGIN ABOUT 1935

Dr. Wild Supports His Theories With Biblical Prophecies and Past Success.

Twenty-five hundred people or more gathered in Massey Hall last night and sang hymns for 20 minutes till Dr. Wild came and opened the service with yet another,

"Then let our sings abound
And every tear be dry."

A cornetist led the melody and the big organ was also used. Basil de Lisle sang two solos and altogether the occasion was most harmonious.

Dr. Wild had received two letters, and invited more. One enquired if there were a sixth sense, and if the sick could ever know the time of their death. The doctor will speak on this topic next Sunday.

"I have had a large experience along that line," he said.

Ten years ago Japan won Port Arthur and part of Manchuria honorably, according to the rules of modern warfare. Russia, France and Germany had deprived her of it, and a year later Russia took it for herself.

"When Japan gets it again Russia, nor France nor Germany nor all put together will take it away from her, for Great Britain and the United States will see to that point," was the conclusive reply to the second letter.

Dr. Wild spoke of the battle of Armageddon. He found data safer to guide him than dates in prophetic matters. They could read the face of the sky, as was said, but they could not discern the signs of the times. The fig tree parable indicated that events were occurring which presaged the approach of the end.

Make One Mistake.

"Our adventist brethren make a great mistake in fixing dates," said the doctor. "Not one of them had been right up to date, and there had been hundreds of mistakes. He referred to his own book published in 1878, as indicative of his own position. No man could study the prophecies who did not distinguish between Judah and Israel. They could know from the great pyramid what was meant by time, times, and half a time. Isaiah xix., 19, described this great monument, he declared. It was there to-day, in the midst, and on the border. He had come to the conclusion in 1878 that Britain would take Egypt in 1882 and so stated in his volume, "The Lost Ten Tribes of Israel."

"Was I right? Certainly I was right," exclaimed the author triumphantly. "By the measurements of the pyramid passages he inferred that 53 years of contentious times in which the world is now plunged, would bring about the beginning of the great battle of Armageddon, approximately in 1935. The world would not be settled down after that until 1957.

"He will be a blessed man who lives to enter upon the millennium. Some of you boys will. I will be gone."

Allowing for 43 years spent by Adam and Eve in Paradise and adding that figure to 1957, the complete period of 2000 was obtained, adding the 6000 years of the Adamic race. After that there would be no death.

"Don't you wish you were living then? The undertakers don't," the doctor remarked.

Foretold by Ezekiel.

The United States civil war had been for the purpose of freeing the slave. The present war was the hook in the jaw of the king of the north mentioned in Ezekiel xxxviii. It would hold Russia back from overrunning the world. The Boer war was for the purpose of waking Britain up to the inefficiency of her army, and to confederate the empire.

"It brought it, as a fact, so that even Goldwin Smith couldn't say it didn't," was the comment.

"Remember what I say. We'll keep it," he remarked of Tibet. Britain had just had the chance to slip in when Russia was busy, and she would stay there.

The nations had great armies. Russia nine millions, France and Germany five millions each, Austria four and a half millions, Italy two and a half millions, Britain had only 720,000 at the most—a mere handful.

"But she could whip the world, for the matter of that."

Admiralty Preparing.

Reading the statement of the admiralty authorities, describing the increase proposed to the navy, equal in one year to the navy of Italy, he said:

"There's a man has some idea of the battle of Armageddon, and he's getting ready for it."

The provision of wheat and other food for the empire was the work of the Lord, who had kept the Northwest until the time had come to "enter into the treasures of the snow."

The great cities of London and Paris and Berlin would fall to pieces at the outpouring of the seventh vial of the apocalypse, and that was why the nations ready to build the great capital, which was to be established at Jerusalem. There were 13 nations mentioned in Ezekiel xxxviii., who would be led by Russia, and four led by England, who would participate in the great war of 1935. They could find the names of these nations on page 154 of the doctor's book. After that, as Joel had said, the nations would not learn war any more.

Will Break all Rules.

The modern regulations of warfare prevented Japan taking Port Arthur at once, as they might. The Hague conference forbade balloon missiles, dum-dum bullets and lyddite shells. When Armageddon began, the nations would break thru all rules and do anything and everything to win. Only the mercy of the Almighty would preserve any of his people to see peace on earth once more.

ROOSEVELT SURE.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Raymond in The Tribune says that Theodore Roosevelt and Charles W. Fairbanks will be elected No. 8 president and vice-president of the United States almost beyond a doubt. He gives these figures:

Total electoral vote	476
Necessary to choice	239
For Roosevelt	251
For Parker	153
Doubtful	48

WHY APPENDICITIS?

Why is appendicitis so common to-day?

Because we have got into the pernicious habit of eating too fast.

Dr. Curtis, the great authority on this disease, says: "Appendicitis often follows the eating of a very hearty, or particularly indigestible meal."

After carelessly following a foolish custom, you can ensure your safety by taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

It is an accepted, scientific truth, which admits of no dispute, that if you will only keep your digestive apparatus in good order, you will never suffer from this dread disease, which, at best, means a weakening operation, with long weeks wasted in bed and big doctor's and surgeon's bills to pay as souvenirs.

Keep your appendix in health by the proper use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, whenever you have laid yourself open to danger by overeating, and upon the least sign of stomach or intestinal trouble, for otherwise, at any time, this dangerous disease may lay you low.

The curative influence of this great medicine is quickly shown in the gentle, soothing effect it has on all inflamed conditions of any part of the digestive tract.

Stewart's Dyspepsia Tablets tone all these parts up to a proper condition of perfect health, and regulate their functions into a proper working state.

They also make away with all the causes of irritation, inflammation or indigestion, by helping to dissolve, digest and assimilate, or put to proper use, all the food which is lying around in odd corners of your digestive apparatus, fermenting, rotting and curdling like so much garbage in a dirty sink.

Use them, and you need never worry about your appendix vermiformis.

YORK COUNTY AND SUBURBS FOOTBALL GAMES DECIDED

St. Michaels Defeat Independents; Western and Carlton Schools Are Also Winners.

South York Conservative Organization

W. F. MACLEAN, Candidate.

Toronto Junction headquarters, 18 Dundas-street. Tel. Junction 167.

East Toronto headquarters, old Metropolitan Bank Building, Main-street, north of Kingston-road.

For any further information, telephone The World Office, Main 592.

Organization meetings will be held in the various polling sub-divisions this week.

Oct. 25—Young Conservative Club meets, East Toronto, 8 p.m.

Oct. 27—South York nomination meeting, town hall, North Toronto.

Oct. 28—Grand rally at Norway school house, Kingston-road. Songs and speeches, at 8 p.m.

Oct. 28—Grand rally at Boston's Hall, East Toronto. Songs and speeches, at 8 p.m.

Oct. 31.—Grand rally at town hall, North Toronto. Songs and speeches, 8 p.m.

Tuesday, Nov. 1.—Closing rally at Kilburn Hall, Toronto Junction, in evening.

Toronto Junction, Oct. 23.—An exciting and rather rough Rugby football match was played on the athletic grounds yesterday afternoon between St. Michael's College team and the Independents of Toronto Junction. St. Michaels won by 11 to 0. During the progress of the match one of the Independents struck a St. Michael's player two smashing blows on the face, giving the latter a pair of black eyes.

The postponed field day football matches in connection with the public schools of the town were played yesterday afternoon. Western-avenue school defeated Annette-street school, and Carlton school defeated St. Clair-avenue school. The result still leaves the Western-avenue school leading all the others. The tug-of-war was dropped.

The grading of St. Clair avenue has been completed, but it is said that the job is not a satisfactory one, and one citizen says Keele-street should have been lowered two feet more than it was.

There are 88 car loads of stock of a very superior quality at the Union Stock Yards to-night.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Grimshaw, who were wedded at St. Catharines on Wednesday, are the guests of Deputy Chief of Police Flintoff and Mrs. Flintoff, 81 Pacific-avenue. They are on their honeymoon trip and came from Detroit last night. Mr. Grimshaw is a nephew of Mrs. Flintoff. After visiting friends at Aurora, Mr. and Mrs. Grimshaw will return to St. Catharines, where they will take up their abode.

The first public meeting in Toronto Junction in the interest of A. J. Anderson, Liberal candidate for South York, will be held on Tuesday evening.

The members of L.O.L. No. 900 are making preparations for their annual home, which will be held in St. James' Hall on Friday, Nov. 4, at 8.30 p.m. It promises to eclipse all former events of a similar nature.

Rev. T. E. Egerton Shore, pastor of Annette-street Methodist Church, lectured in Streetsville on Friday evening on his recent trip to Norway, Sweden and Russia. The chair was occupied by Rev. Geo. C. Pidgeon, pastor of Meadowvale Presbyterian Church. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Streetsville public library.

The body of James Mayo, who was found dead on a farm in Etobicoke, near the village of Islington, was interred in St. George's Cemetery, Lambton Mills, Rev. Mr. Tremayne officiating. It is understood that deceased has relatives living in the United States. An effort is being made to locate them.

East Toronto.

East Toronto, Oct. 23. The condition of the Kingston-road from the foot of Main-street to the westerly limit, Glen Stewart, is such as to render vehicular traffic almost impossible.

The report which has been current regarding an alleged hold-up of a Toronto man on Thursday night, has been investigated by Constable Tidsberry, and found to be without foundation.

Traffic on the Toronto and Scarboro Railway to-day, notwithstanding the lateness of the season, was very heavy. All the parks and points of interest along the lake front were well patronized by visitors from the city.

Norway.

The Norway Tennis Club have concluded a very successful season, this being their first year. Out of six matches played five were won. In the Varsity tournament recently completed, the following members of the club distinguished themselves, winning the following events: Mixed doubles, Mr. and Mrs. Tilston; ladies' singles, Mrs. Tilston, with Miss C. Tocque in second place; ladies' doubles, Miss C. Tocque and Miss Vic. Philpotts. The courts adjoin the rectory and with increasing membership the club look forward to a more active season next year.

A Conservative rally in the interest of W. F. Maclean will be held in Norway public school house on Wednesday evening, Oct. 26.

TO DELIVER THEIR OWN MILK.

Milk Producers' Association Decide on a Radical Move.

At a special meeting of the Toronto Milk Producers' Association on Saturday afternoon it was decided to take immediate steps to organize a co-operative company for the disposal thruout the city of the milk produced by the members of the association. The members were unanimous in their intention to establish a complete system in the city for the proper handling and distribution of the products of their dairies, wholly independent of the Retail Milk Dealers' Association. There has been for a long time differences existing between the two associations.

James Chester, president, was in the chair and John Breakey acted as secretary. The attendance was large and much enthusiasm was manifested. The price of milk during the winter season was fixed at $1.20 per can of eight gallons, delivered in the city. At present the price is from $1 up. On motion of Messrs. Dunnett and Crichton the motion was passed looking to the formation of an independent company.

RECORDS "WIRELESS."

Great Barrington, Mass., Oct. 23.—Stephen Dudley Field, nephew of the Atlantic cable inventor, has recorded the Morse alphabet on paper tape by means of wireless telegraphy.

The experiment was carried out in the presence of friends of Mr Field at his electrical laboratory in Stockbridge, and was the crowning of two years of hard study.

The feat, which has baffled experts since telegraphing without wires became established, was made possible by Mr. Field's invention of what he calls an amplifier. It is a delicate machine of wire coils and magnets, so adjusted as to record variations.

It occupies less than half a cubic foot and one of its novel features is the use of threads of glass one one thousandth of an inch in diameter, to connect some of the smaller parts. In the demonstration the telephone receiver was cut out from the electrolytic responder which received the wireless message. The current was turned into the amplifier instead, and the message was clicked out in Morse characters on the tape. The amplifier, Mr. Field explained, is nothing but a mechanical microscope for electricity.

Auto Postal Wagon.

Paris, Oct. 23.—The automobile postal service in Paris commenced on Monday, after trials lasting three years and costing more than $40,000. The vehicle is of electric motive power, and is provided with two accumulators, one of which is in use, while the other is being charged. They are calculated to run 30 miles without recharging, and carry a driver and attendant with 200 pounds of mail matter. The carriages are not inclosed, and all but one have solid rubber tires. They cost $2000 each.

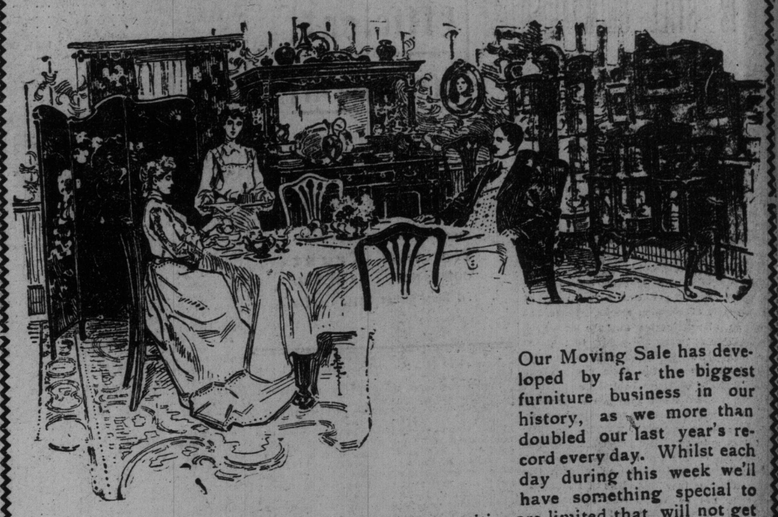
THE ROBERT **SIMPSON** COMPANY, LIMITED

H. H. FUDGER, President
J. WOOD, Manager

STORE CLOSES AT 5.30 P. M.

Monday, Oct. 24

A Big Movement of Furniture



Our Moving Sale has developed by far the biggest furniture business in our history, as we more than doubled our last year's record every day. Whilst each day during this week we'll have something special to tell about, there'll be lots of things where the quantities are limited that will not get special mention in the papers. Anyone in need of furniture of any kind will do well to take advantage of this opportunity to buy furniture at less than the present factory cost.

DINING-ROOM CHAIRS.

5 sets of Dining-room Chairs, in solid quarter-cut oak, solid leather upholstered, regular price $21.00, Moving Sale price 16.90

10 sets of Dining-Room Chairs, in solid quarter-cut golden oak, solid leather upholstered seats, regular price $25.00, Moving Sale price 18.50

8 sets of Dining-Room Chairs, in solid quarter-cut oak, saddle-shaped wood, or solid leather upholstered seats, regular price $27.50, Moving Sale price 21.50

9 sets of Dining-Room Chairs, solid quarter-cut oak, golden, leather upholstered seats, and upholstered backs, regular price $35.00, Moving Sale price 25.00

EXTENSION TABLES.

12 Extension Tables, in hardwood and selected ash, golden finish, 8 feet long, heavy turned post legs, regular price $10.00, Moving Sale price 6.90

6 Extension Tables, in solid oak, golden finish top, extend 8 feet long, regular price $10.50, Moving Sale price 7.90

20 Extension Tables, solid oak, golden polish, finished tops, 44 inches wide, extend 8 feet long, 3 different patterns, post legs, regular price $16.50, Moving Sale price 10.00

9 Extension Tables, solid quarter-cut oak tops, 8 feet long, heavy post legs, regular price $20.00, Moving Sale price 13.50

SIDEBOARDS.

5 Sideboards, in quarter-cut oak, golden polish finish, regular price $43.50, Moving Sale price 31.50

3 Sideboards, in quarter-cut oak, plain colonial design, regular price $56.50, Moving Sale price 35.00

6 Sideboards, in quarter-cut oak, 5 feet wide, 2 patterns, colonial designs, regular price $70.00, Moving Sale price 45.00

4 Sideboards, in quarter-cut oak, golden polish finish, large canopy tops, swell shaped drawer fronts, regular price $85.00, Moving Sale price 55.00

CHINA CABINETS.

3 China Cabinets, in quarter-cut oak, bent glass ends, glass door, regular price $22.50, Moving Sale price 16.90

2 China Cabinets, in quarter-cut oak, regular price $25.00, Moving Sale price 19.00

2 China Cabinets, in quarter-cut oak, golden finish, regular price $29.00, Moving Sale price 21.50

2 Corner China Cabinets, extra large size, in quarter-cut oak, regular price $50.00, Moving Sale price 30.00

BOOKCASES AND SECRETARIES.

12 Ladies' Secretaries or House Desks, in hardwood, golden oak finish, 27 inches wide, regular price $4.75, Moving Sale price 3.50

10 Ladies' Secretaries, in hardwood, golden oak finish, enclosed double door cupboard, drop leaf writing table, regular price $7.50, Moving Sale price 5.50

4 Combination Bookcases and Secretaries, in quarter-cut oak, glass door, bookcase neatly carved, regular price $17.50, Moving Sale price.. 13.00

4 only Combination Bookcases and Secretaries, in quarter-cut oak, 42 inches wide, 74 inches high, regular price $23.50, Moving Sale price 18.50

Overcoat Time Has Come

The time is here all right—the only question is, have you got the overcoat? Here's the best overcoat value we've offered this year.

Men's Winter Overcoats, regular $8.50, $9.00, $10.00 and $10.50, to clear Tuesday at $5.95.

150 Men's Winter Overcoats, medium and dark Oxford grey and black English cheviots and friezes, made up long and loose, with broad shoulders and close fitting collars, lined with good Italian cloth, sizes 36 to 46, regular $8.50, $9.00, $10.00 and $10.50, to clear Tuesday at..... **5.95**

Another Hat Chance

The hat man has been housecleaning, so to speak. Here's another lot of odd lines and sample hats — some worth up to $2.00, none less than $1.50.

YOUR CHOICE MONDAY FOR $1.00.

Men's Stiff and Soft Hats, fine grades English fur felt, good fashionable fall shapes, sample lines, balances and a few straight dozens, about 16 dozen in the lot, color black only, regular prices were $1.50 and $2.00, Tuesday special **1.00**

Trousers Made to Your Order

Men's $5.50, $6.00, $6.50 and $7.50 Custom Made Trousers, Tuesday and Wednesday } **$4.00**

150 Trouser Lengths, fine English worsteds and Scotch tweeds, a large variety of patterns to select from, all first-class goods, nobby fall patterns and new designs, in light, medium and dark colors, neat single and double stripes, two-tone effects and medium and wide stripes showing pattern through and through, from some of the best English manufacturers; we will make to your order your choice of these goods from measures taken Tuesday and Wednesday for..... **4.00**

Trimmings, workmanship and fit guaranteed perfect or money refunded.

GUNS

SPECIAL SALE THIS WEEK ONLY

DOUBLE BBL. SHOTGUNS AT FROM $7.25 UP.

RIFLES

WINCHESTER—MARLIN—SAVAGE—30-30, 32-40, 38-55, 44-40, .303, FROM $14.25 UP.

TENTS, STOVES, HUNTER'S OUTFITS, COATS, BOOTS, ETC., ETC.

THE D. PIKE CO., LIMITED

123 KING E. PHONE M. 1291

Develops 7000 Degrees Heat.

St. Louis, Oct. 23.—The pyrhiliophor, or sun machine, the invention of Father M. A. G. Himalaya, a young Portuguese priest, has succeeded at the World's Fair in generating more than seven thousand degrees of heat (Fahrenheit).

DR. W. H. GRAHAM, Late of No. 193 KING STREET WEST

No. 1 Clarence Square, cor. Spadina Avenue, Toronto, Canada treats Chronic Diseases and makes a Specialty of Skin Diseases such as PIMPLES, ULCERS, ETC., ETC.

Private Diseases, as Impotency, Sterility, Varicocele, Nervous Debility, etc., (the result of youthful folly and excess), Gleet and Stricture of long standing, treated by galvanism—the only method without pain and all bad after effects. 194

DISEASES OF WOMEN—Painful, profuse or suppressed menstruation, ulceration, leucorrhoea, and all displacements of the womb

OFFICE HOURS—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 1 to 3 p.m.

$MONEY

$10 to $300 to loan on furniture, piano, on one to 12 months' time, security not removed from your possession. We will try to please you.

KELLER & CO.,
144 Yonge St. (First Floor).
Phone Main 5336.

MONEY TO LOAN

If you want to borrow money on household goods, pianos, organs, horses and wagons, call and see us. We will advance you any amount from $10 up same day as you apply for it. Money can be paid in full at any time, or in six or twelve monthly payments to suit borrower. We have an entirely new plan of lending. Call and get our terms. Phone—Main 2231.

D. R. McNAUGHT & CO.

"LOANS."

Room 10, Lawler Building 6 King St W

White Robin in Clinton.

Clinton, Oct. 23.—The sight of a white robin has aroused considerable interest in town, and many have expressed a desire to see it. Most of the residents in the vicinity of the electric light plant have seen it, and pronounce it a rare and pretty bird. Its wings and tail are pure white, with a flourish of black over its head and back, and on its breast a spot of red the size of a fifty-cent piece.

Strike for Mustaches.

Paris, Oct 23.—The strike of the theatrical supers has been successful at the Gaite des Varietes and the Olympia. The terms demanded have been conceded. The male strikers demanded liberty to retain mustaches. Isola Brothers offered to supply barbers to shave them gratis, but the supers expained that it was not parsimony but aesthetic feeling which prompted the demand.