For reporting purposes the weights of individual items in the batch shall be added together before rounding to the nearest unit.

- 102. "Book inventory" of a material balance area means the algebraic sum of the most recent physical inventory of that material balance area and of all inventory changes that have occurred since that physical inventory was taken.
- 103. "Correction" means an entry into an accounting record or a report to rectify an identified mistake or to reflect an improved measurement of a quantity previously entered into the record or report. Each correction must identify the entry to which it pertains.
- 104. "Effective kilogram" means a special unit used in safeguarding nuclear material. The quantity in "effective kilograms" is obtained by taking:
 - (a) For plutonium, its weight in kilograms;
 - (b) For uranium with an enrichment of 0.01 (1%) and above, its weight in kilograms multiplied by the square of its enrichment;
 - (c) For uranium with an *enrichment* below 0.01 (1%) and above 0.005 (0.5%), its weight in kilograms multiplied by 0.0001; and
 - (d) For depleted uranium with an enrichment of 0.005 (0.5%) or below, and for thorium, its weight in kilograms multiplied by 0.00005.
- 105. "Enrichment" means the ratio of the combined weight of the isotopes uranium-233 and uranium-235 to that of the total uranium in question.
- 106. "Facility" means:
 - (a) A reactor, a critical facility, a conversion plant, a fabrication plant, a reprocessing plant, an isotope separation plant or a separate storage installation; or
 - (b) Any location where nuclear material in amounts greater than one effective kilogram is customarily used.
- 107. "Inventory change" means an increase or decrease, in terms of batches, of nuclear material in a material balance area; such a change shall involve one of the following:
 - (a) Increases:
 - (i) Import;
 - (ii) Domestic receipt: receipts from other material balance areas, receipts from a non-safeguarded (non-peaceful) activity or receipts at the starting point of safeguards;
 - (iii) Nuclear production: production of special fissionable material in a reactor; and
 - (iv) De-exemption: reapplication of safeguards on nuclear material previously exempted therefrom on account of its use or quantity.
 - (b) Decreases:
 - (i) Export;
 - (ii) Domestic shipment: shipments to other material balance areas or shipments for a non-safeguarded (non-peaceful) activity;
 - (iii) Nuclear loss: loss of nuclear material due to its transformation into other element(s) or isotope(s) as a result of nuclear reactions;
 - (iv) Measured discard: nuclear material which has been measured, or estimated on the basis of measurements, and disposed of in