wide apart from one another, and therefore completely differentiated in themselves, the necessity for a polariscope test is scarcely apparent. Second, to allow no fares for damaged goods. This will work well and prevent frauds, except in the single case of foreign fruits, where the damage cannot be estimated in advance. nor insured against with any certainty. Third, to tax dress silk according to weight, in order to force French manufacturers to send more silk and less gum in their exports of this article to us. Fourth, to dispense with ad-valorem duties on gloves, and to fix specific duties corresponding to the material, size, number of buttons, and so forth. The last proposed amendment is undoubtedly suggested by the experience of the Government in the long contest with firms in trying to establish by appraisement a different value for kid gloves from that at which they were invoiced. It is virtually a confession on the part of the treasury department of the insecurity and inadequacy of ad-valorem dutiesa confession which was made a year or two ago in the matter of still wines.—N. Y. Shipping

## CANNED FRUIT.

The home and foreign demand for canned fruits and vegetables is said by prominent dealers to be on the increase. Last year a Delaware establishment undertook to put up a small quantity of preserved blackberries and huckleberries as the latest experiment in canned fruits, and a successful one.

Nearly every kind of fruit is now preserved by the canning process. Canned apples, strawberries, whortleberries, cherries, grapes, peaches and pineapples are largely exported to England. So, also, are asparagus, peas, corn and tomatoes, in the vegetable line. A large number of American canners had specimens of their products at the Paris Exposition, as a result of which several sample orders have been received from different parts of the continent. There is also an active foreign demand for canned soft crabs, shrimps and salmon.

The trade in "fruit butter" in America is nearly doubling itself every year. They now make butter out of peaches, plums, apples, quinces and pears. The consumers of this are mostly to be found among the poorer classes, the prices being from 15 to 20 cents per pound.

## STOCKS IN MONTREAL. 3:15 o'clock, Dec. 11, 1878.

STOCES.	Lowest Point in Week.	Highest Point in Week.	Total Transact'ns in Week	Buyers.	Sellers.
Montreal	1383	1444	975	139	139 <del>1</del>
" xd Ontario	fg	723	1746	681	69
Consolidated	6.3	68	246	614	621
Peoples	57	58	332		57 ¥
Molsons	83	58 841	95	80	83
Toronto		119	40	117	1194
Jacques Cartier	34	36	375	33	34
Merchants	804		725	80	80 <del>4</del>
Commerce	104	110	1285	1044	1042
Unio.i		•••••	· · · · · · · · ·	•••••	•••••
Hamilton	601	7:	111	603	70
Exchange Mon. Tel.	107	111	3891	1072	108
Dominion Telegraph		***	3091	10/2	100
Riche ieu & Ont. Nav.	50	538	570		501
City Pass	1	334	3/0	75	82
Gas	. (8	1101	187	106	108
R.C. Insurance				82	831
Sterling Exchange		ļ		ļ	
Gold					
Commerce x Div	100	105	620	100%	101

CRANBERRIES BY TELEGRAPH.—She was a big anxious-looking colored woman, and after look-ing up at the building of the Western Union Nothing doing in inferiors, market closes steady

Telegraph Company in St. John, N. B. she at quotations. Pearls have also participated in entered the business department on the street flat. Mr. Betts was not there, but the other popular clerk, Mr. George Smith, was in charge.

"Dis de 'spatch offis? "Yes, madame."

"Dis de plas dey sends de stuff on de wire?"

" It is, madame.

"Can you sen' by 'spatch stuff to Sussex?" "Yes, madame."

She put her hand under her shawl and produced quite a large sized bundle. Throwing it down in front of George, she said:

"Dem's cranberries, dem is; send them by 'spatch to Sussex."

Being told they were too busy to send them just then, and as she was in a hurry, she said, "Den I'll go to the odder telegraphy offis up de street." And off she started being heard to And off she started, being heard to say, "Dem telegraphy offises is well enuff, but dem's mighty disbleging."

—Hon. Horatio Seymour, of New York, says in a recent magazine article: "The social, political and business evils which affect our country are not to be cured by political strategy, nor by any tricks of statesmanship."

THE track of the Midland Railway at Port Hope is being raised seven inches, preparatory to erecting an iron bridge on Ontario Street higher than the old one which the freshet carried away last fall. The town council and the railway authorities have had an understanding upon the matter.

IT is stated by the Chicago Inter Ocean, that the grain capacity laid up in Chicago harbour this winter is very small, comparatively, and the same may be said of Milwaukee. In the the former city there are twenty-seven vessels, and at the latter (and all other west shore ports) seventeen.

A CURIOSITY in the shape of a combination steam-boat and grist mill is being built at Manitoulin Island. The machinery of a steam wheel propeller will be connected by belts with millstones and flouring gear situate in the forward part of the boat, the intermediate part of the hull being used for freight. She can grind as she goes from port to port, and in winter, when laid up, she is a full-fledged grist-mill.

## Commercial.

## MONTREAL MARKETS.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Montreal, 10th Dec., 1878.

The wholesale trade in all branches in the city, seems to be at a standstill, and there is little to report beyond the supply of local wants.

Imports of tea at Montreal for November were 429,933 lbs. showing an increase of 231,-950 pounds as compared with the same month of 1877. Hardware shows a decrease in value in imports for the month this year of \$21,703. Cottons imported this last month are valued at \$41,041, against \$40,871 last year. Silks and velvets show an increase in value for the month of November this year of \$5,162.

The weather has been frosty but not very cold up till last night, when heavy snow fell, followed by a deluge of rain which has continued to fall all day, rendering the streets and roads almost impassable. The retail trade report doing very little, and remittances from the country are the subject of general complaint.

ASHES.—Pots.—The market has again advanced, but as receipts have been very light, there has not been much business reported. Firsts sold from \$3.90 to 4.00 according to tares.

the advance and sold in the early part of the week at \$5.55, but at the close \$5.80 was asked Stocks at but no sales at that figure reported. present in store are Pots 1,130 brls., Pearls 230

Boots and Shoes.-We have nothing to report in this branch of the wholesale trade, business is very dull, a few sorting up orders are coming in, but no activity is anticipated till after the Christmas holidays.

CATTLE.—The supply of cattle on the St. Gabriel market yesterday was somewhat small, while the demand for common stock was good and late quotations were well maintained, prices ranged from 2 to 4½c. per lb. according to quality. Hogs were in fair supply and sold from 4 to 4½c per pound. Dressed Hogs are scarce and firm and sales are reported at \$4.50

to 4.75.
DBUGS AND CHEMICALS.—There has been about the usual jobbing demand and prices do not exhibit much change, but are, if anything, in favor of holders. We quote: Bi Carb Soda \$3.10 to \$3.25 per 112 lb keg, Soda Ash, \$1.40 to 1.45 per 100 lbs, Cudbear, 10 to 18c per lb.; Arrow root, 11 to 15c per lb.; Borax, 10 to 121c per lb.; Cream Tartar Crystals, 25cl to 26cl per lb: do Ground, 29 to 30; Caustic Soda, 2.45 to \$2.50 per 100 lbs. East India Senna, 12 to 13c per. lb.; Sugar of Lead, 11 to 12c per lb.; Bleaching Powder, \$1.25 to \$1.40 per 100 lbs.; Madder, 8 to gc per, lb.; Alum \$1.75 2.00 per 100 lbs.; Copperas, goc to \$1.00 per lb.; Sulphur, 3 to 3\frac{1}{2}c per lb.; Brimstone 2 to 2½c. Epsom Salts, \$1.50 per lb.; Brimstone 2 to 2½c. Epsom Salts, \$1.50 per 100 lbs.; Saltpetre \$7.50 to 8.00 per 112 lb. keg, Blue Vitriol 5 to 6c.

Furs.—We have little change to note in this

market. The weather is much against business, and we would not wonder to see a considerable fall in prices if the present unseasonable weather continues. We quote: Mink, prime dark, \$1.00 to 1.50; Martin, 75c to \$1.00; Beaver, prime dark, \$1.25 to 1.50; Bear, \$2.00 to 8.00, according to size; Red Fox, \$1.00 to 1.25; Lynx, \$1.00 to 1.50; Raccoon, 40 to 60c; Fisher, \$6.00 to 7.00; Otter, \$6.00 to 8.00; Muskrat, fall, large, roc; do. small, 6c; dicto kitts 2 to 3c; Skunk, prime dark, 40 to 50c.

FISH.—There has been very little demand for fish of any kind, and prices are rather lower than this day week. We quote: Dry Ced, \$4.00 to \$4.50; Green Cod, \$4.00 to 4.50; and Labrador Herring, \$4 to 4.50. Salmon is unchanged at \$10, \$9 and \$8 for Nos. 1, 2 and 3 respectively.

FREIGHTS.-The rates asked for goods by the G. T. R. from Portland to Liverpool, are 8/per heavy grain, 6/ for oats, and 4/ for flour, ashes, pots 50/, pearls 60/, and butter and cheese 60/-, per ton.

FLOUR.—Receipts during the week were 7,323 brls; total receipts from 1st January to date, 872,114 brls, being an increase of 82,856 brls, on receipts of same period of 1877, shipments during the week 2,998 brls; Total shipments since 1st January 704,091 brls, being a decrease of 34,295 brls on the shipments for the corresponding period of 1877. Since this day week business has been very fair for the season of the year, little however having been done beyond the supply of local wants. The market closes with with little change avent in the higher quiet with little change except in the higher quiet with little change except in the lighter grades which are a shade dearer. We quote Superior Extra \$4.45 to \$4.50; Extra, \$4.30; to 4.35; Fancy, \$4.10 to \$4.15 Spring Extra \$4.00 to \$4.05; Superfine, \$3.70 to \$3.75; Strong Baker's Flour, \$4.20 to \$4.50; Fine, \$3.15 to 3.25; Middlings, \$2.85 to \$3.00; Pollards, \$2.50 to \$2.70; Ontario Bags \$2.00 to 2.05 Oatmeal, \$3.75 to 4.00; Cornmeal, kiln dried, \$2.25 to \$2.35.

GRAIN.—Wheat.—Receipts during the week

800 bush, total receipts from 1st January to date