some of the women and children fould get injured in the crosh. Before. twelve the doctor gave up in deopair. Every one wanted to be treated first and pressed forward., Then those who came merely for curiosity jammed up the yard in front so that there was no getting in or out. Remonstrance was of no avail.

## We coold do nothino.

We even went so far as to say, if they would not cease crushing forward we would pack up the the medicines and go away to another city.

This afornoon I gave up teaching and manned one of the doora, only letting one-in at a time. The Chinese don't seom to care for their own people, but when we took a stand they yielded. At first they commenced to climb in through the windows, but to enforce the losson upon others we ejeoted them beck through the windows. This fell to tho foreigpers, one man jumped in through the window and refused to go out when asked by our helper to do so. They appealed to ue. I took him by the shoulder and pushed him out. Even the

## woyen climbed in by thb windows.

We allowed this for a time, but for the sake of order, we were forced to ejoct the females who camo in by. the wrong way. But we did not wonder at the poor women trying to get in at the windows, because the men were so gelfish that the women could not come near the door. Then, to overcome this, I would not let the men in while women were waiting outside but made theni give away enough for the women to squeeze in.
The doctor treated 158, besides examining many whose diseases were eithor hopless or too difficult to undertake without a suitable place in which to treat them. Darknes came on, aud many of the rick had to be turned apoy.

## THE WORK ABROAD. Three Telegu Brothers.

## $\triangle$ REFRESITEN BTORY.

Missionaries are often discouraged at the low spiritual state of the Christians under their care. Here snd there howevor we see an amount of zeal and consecration that rovives our hopes. But probably it is not often that we fad three brothers all of one mind in deciding to do business for the Lord Jesus Christ.
The men, of whose devotion I am writing, live in two villagos some miles north of Gudivada in the Kistna District. By occupstion they are farmers, but the second brother has been a preacher of the Gospel for fourteen yoars or more. Still he has always been regarded as a partnor in the faiming. The oldest brother has been munsiff or headman of his villago for a long time; yot he has preaohed the gospel to very many, and helpod in the oreation of school-houses in neighboring villages, where some had becorme Ohristians. The third brother has had the most to do with the farm-work, and yot even he has not failed to let his light shine. He has often conducted the services on the Lord's day in his own villages.
I ahould say here that these men had a good mother, they never learned to use tobacco, because she punishod them when they began. And this was before they knew Ohrist.' Thoir mother believed aftor they did.

A fow years ago these men started a good school in their village, and lately somo of the girls as woll as boya of that region studied for the middle sohoul examination. Othor Christians have helped some in bearing the burden of that achool. Still our three brothera. have had to give freely themselvas.

For the last two or throe yaars they have had another enterpriso on band, namely, the orection of a brick chapel. Missionaries and other friends have sent in donstions, but the Christipns themsolves will have good reason to consider the cliapel their own, when it is finishod. Among others our thres brothers are likely to have a large sum investod in this onterprise by the time it is tinished. The second brother, who is pastor of the church, assured me some months ngo of tho libaral intentions of his brothers and himeolf. BūI was groatly pleasod a few weeks ngo to hear the same sentiments from the joungost brother also. We were talking priyately about the benvy oxpense of finishing the chapol, when his brothor anid, "Nover mind, we have decidod to give the bulk of our profita-ke the Lord's work, so the ohapel may have it now ; and after the chapel is finished wo shall give it to support preachers and taachera in the villages round nbout.'

God bo praised for His grace in the hearts of these Telugur disciples 1

Joun Craig.

## The Work on the Tuni Field.

Since the meatings in January I have been touring all the time, having travelled several huindred miles in oxcart, on horseback and on foot, and proached in many villages, distributod many hundred tracta and sold portions of scripture. In tho village of Ballagattaim a man and wife wera baptized who formerly did Mission work among the Telugus on the island of Mauritius.

On February 10th the great annual bathing festival, which takes places in the aea, at Pentakata, was risited. Some 50,000 or more peoplo were there; Abol and I spoke as woll as we could for the beating of hundreds of oymbala and many druma, together with the ruariug of the waves and the ahouting of the bathers, made preaching difficule. A much better hearing was given at Nakikopalle, a village 11 miles from here, where a grast annual feast in hold, to which tens of thousands of people flock. My wife accompanied me, and wo stayed several days preaching to the poople. Mr. Laflamme came down from Tellamunchelli. We were each accompanied by two preachers, and evory morning and ovouing for two or three hours we preached to crowds of penple; if strength had permitted we could have had an audience all day and most of the night. A little town built of bamboo poles and palm leaves had sprung up near the tomples where numbers of ehopkeepers sold their goods, which ranged all the way from silks to vegetablea. There were idol processions, illuminations and music; a large car, something like the Juggernath car, was drawn along in proceasion ono day. On a hill stood a little temple, reached by 284 stone steps; some nights those stepa hold a little lamp on each side. Up these stops betwoon these lights the people walked and gave their offorings, which amounted to many thousand rupoes.

There has been a great amount of fever in this seotion. during the past oold neason. In our Mission house wo hare our little medical disponsary, and while on tour my medicine ohest is my constant companion, During the past fow months I have given more than thirly rupees' worth ef quinine, basidos othor modicinga, to thanativos.

