The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 7TH, 1880.

THE BRADLAUGH AFFAIR.

England has of late been very much excited over the above case. It seems that Northampton returned Bradlaugh as a member, but he refused to take the required oath of allegiance, as he said that he was an atheist, therefore an oath would have no binding effect upon him, at the same time expressing himself willing to make a simple affirmation. The difficulty then arose. A Committee, appointed by the House, took the matter in hand; they, after a short discussion, put the matter to vote, resulting in eight nays and eight yeas—the Chairman then cast his vote with the opposers. This decided the matter on that question, but in no way obviated the difficulty, as upon hearing of the decision of the Committee, Mr. Bradlaugh presented himself before the House and announced that he was ready to take the required oath. A heated discussion then arose, several members objecting to the administering of the oath on the ground that his disbelief in the Deity would render an oath but a senseless form; this point was not argued of course by Bradlaugh's supporters; but they contended that as he was the chosen representative of a powerful constituency he should be allowed to go through the form and take his seat. The matter finally resulted in a vote of the House being taken, and a majority of forty decided that Bradlaugh should be unseated. He then attempted to take his seat; but this only made matters worse for him, as he was arrested by the sergeant-at-arms and locked up in the Tower. He was shortly after released, and through the pressure brought to bear on the House by his sympathizers, a resolution was finally passed permitting him to take his seat upon his simple affirmation; but the matter is not likely to rest here as there is an Act in force which makes it penal for a man holding the same views that Bradlaugh does to occupy a seat in the House on his simple affirmation. His seat will be anything but a bed of roses to him for he is liable to the persecution of the opposite party on every vote he gives or measure that he may propose. The case as it stands at present is an interesting one, and we shall watch with interest the result.

— The executive committee of the Y. M. C. A. for the Maritime Provinces have issued a circular setting forth that the International executive committee of New York have kindly responded to an appeal for a visit from their agents, and have sent out Messrs. G. H. Hall and T. R. Cree, two well-known enthusiastic advocates of Y. M. C. Association work who will visit New Brunswick and Nova Scotia in the interest of the institution. On July 13th they will be at St. John, and on the following day leave for Digby and Annapolis, and will pay Bridgetown a visit of which due notice will be given.

The Fairbairn Family.

On Friday evening next the celebrated Fairbairn Family will give an entertainment in Victoria Hall. The programme is a most entertaining one, and consists of a choice collection of Scotch melodies, than which none are sweeter. Our readers will do well to bear in mind that this company of Scottish Troubadours are strictly first-class in every respect and they should aim to avail themselves of a chance to hear such music as is generally only presented to the audiences of large cities. They have lately been playing to crowded houses in Yarmouth, and the press and people award them the highest praises. Read the flattering notices of the following influential papers:—

"Miss Bessie Fairbairn, the bright particular star of the evening, captivated all by her piquancy and dash, not less than by her good singing, and the historic talent with which she is by nature and art gifted. She was repeatedly encored."—*Toronto Globe.*

"The Fairbairn Family gave one of their unique entertainments in the Association Hall, last evening. All the seats and standing room were occupied. The programme consisted of eighteen numbers, and almost as many encores. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed; the entire audience remaining until ten o'clock, and reluctantly leaving even then. No entertainment of the kind, of equal merit, has been given in Boston by other parties; and it is to be hoped that the public may have a speedy opportunity to hear these justly-celebrated vocalists again."—*Boston Journal.*

"Such a relief to the monotony of the ordinary run of fashionable concerts. So full of quiet humor, natural feeling and "Auld Lang Syne."—*Chicago Tribune.*

We would say in conclusion that we really have a hearty desire to see the merits of these vocalists recognized by a bumper house, as it will encourage others of "like ilk" to visit us. See ad.

LOCAL AND GENERAL EDITORIAL ITEMS.

SCHR. ATWOOD.—Attention is drawn to the advertisement in another column of the Schr. Atwood, and we are also requested to state that she will sail on Saturday 10th inst., for Boston.

NEW PAPER.—We have received the first number of a new monthly called the "Anglo-Israel Ensign," which is to be devoted to the identification of the British nation with the lost ten tribes of Israel, and kindred subjects. Published at Truro. Editor, Rev. James Christie. Subscription $1 per annum.

UPSET.—A boy in the employ of T. W. Chesley, Esq., Granville, was engaged last week in hauling gravel from the bank of Chesley's Creek, so called, and in backing up his team, the wheels of the cart went over a steep portion of the bank, and horse and cart went into the soft mud of the creek below. The horse was uninjured, but he was not much to look at after the neighbors fished him out.

— There will be no service in St. James' Church on the two next following Sundays, as the rector and his lady intend taking a short vacation.

PORT GEORGE.—Elder Stephen Woodworth of the above place had the misfortune to lose a fine horse on the 25th ult. It is supposed the animal was in the act of rolling and got cast.

— This is the season of the year when the small boy goeth to the barber and winketh at him and saith, "cut off the ends of my hair." And behold the barber cutteth off the hair and leaveth the ends.

—The bazaar and picnic at Annapolis on Dominion Day was a grand success. Receipts $460.

— Our thanks are due David Bath, Esq., for a copy of the Prize List for the Provincial Exhibition, to be held at Kentville, in September.

— Crop prospects in Ireland are very encouraging for the coming harvest, but the dearth of food still continues and help is still urgently called for.

FAT OXEN. — Fletcher Bath, Esq., of Granville, weighed a fine yoke of oxen the other day on Murdoch's scales. They balanced at 3665 pounds.

— Landry's Musical Monthly for July, comes to us with a choice collection of vocal and instrumental music, viz: "Friendship, Wine and Love," "Angels of Dawn," and "Moonlight on the Lake," besides musical items, etc. 60 cents a year.

Provincial Appointments.

In the County of Annapolis—To be a Commissioner of Schools for the Eastern District of Annapolis County—Rev. Joshua S. Eaton, of Paradise, in place of the Rev. John Brown, removed from the County.

— We have to chronicle the intended departure of another of our farmers, Mr. W. L. Marshall, of Clarence, who has recently disposed of his fine property, together with all his stock, farming utensils, etc., and purposes removing to the Far West, in a short time.

— In Mr. H. Crosskill's letter of last week a number of typographical errors appeared. "Deo Gracius" was put for Deo Gratias, "gentlemany," for gentlemanly, &c. Mistakes will occur, but we thought it no more than due Mr. C., whose orthography is always correct, that we should shoulder the blame.

BAPTIST S. S. CONCERT.—A concert was held on Sunday night last by the Sunday School children of the Baptist Church of this town, consisting of readings, recitations and music. The children conducted themselves in a very creditable manner, and were well up in all their parts, and the large audience evidently enjoyed the evening's entertainment.

— The ladies of St. James, Bridgetown, and of St. Mary's Church, Belle Isle, intend holding a grand Bazaar and Fancy Sale in Bridgetown, on the 1st September next, when a variety of useful and fancy articles will be offered for sale, and tea and refreshments provided. Further particulars will be given in a future issue.

— Rev. D. W. Johnson, who was appointed at the last conference meeting to the Methodist pastorate of this District, will occupy the pulpit of Providence Church on Sunday next.

Rev. Mr. Parker preached his farewell sermon *last* Sunday—(we were before incorrectly informed as to the day). He proceeded to his new station at Hillsburg yesterday.

PORT LORNE.—Some scamp or scamps committed a most uncalled for injury to the property of Rev. J. E. Blakeney, of Port Lorne, by tearing down some six lengths of his fence and throwing the poles into his field of potatoes, and also defaced the store and storehouse of Mr. Joseph Graves by painting the buildings with tar. It is to be deplored that the unknown offender or offenders could not be discovered and a just punishment meted out.

STEAMERS WRECKED.—The record of steamboat disasters has of late presented a black list. On the fifth inst. the fine new iron screw steamer F. W. Harris, Capt. Sheldrake, 1990 tons, went ashore on a reef off the coast of Newfoundland during a dense fog and became a total wreck. Passengers and crew were all saved. Chance Cove was the scene of the disaster. It has been the scene of many a former wreck and great loss of life is also associated with its name.

Another despatch records the steamer Bear, 700 tons, having struck on a reef also in a dense fog on the 4th inst., near St. Chaos, Newfoundland. She was, however soon got off, but with a badly damaged bottom.

—The Superintendent of Education has announced that the first meeting of the Educational Association of Nova Scotia, is to be held in the Normal school buildings, Truro, on the 14th and 15th of July. Among those who will take part in the exercises are Rev. Chancellor Hill, J. B. Calkin, A. M., E. H. Owen, Esq., A. H. McKay, B. C. B. Sc., and W. D. McKenzie, Esq. As the Association meets so near the summer vacation, there will probably be a large attendance of teachers. Arrangements have been made with the railway authorities, by which persons travelling to the Associations may obtain return tickets on the Intercolonial free, and on the other roads at one third of the regular charges.

Closing Exercises.

The closing exercises of the third year's work in the Lawrencetown High School will take place next week as follows:—

Written Examination of the classes in the Literary Department on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, the 12th, 13th 14th inst. Competitive examination for prizes on Wednesday.

Graduating public exercises of those who have completed the three years course at 10 a. m., on Thursday. Address to graduating class and educational mass meeting at 7½ p. m. Several distinguished speakers are expected to address the meeting.

The afternoon of Thursday will be devoted to lawn and field games and sports on the Island, boating, etc., etc.

Former pupils of the school, and the public generally are cordially invited to be present. C. F. HALL.

We understand that apples are bringing good prices in the London market. Messrs. G. B. Harris & Co., of this town, recently made a shipment to this market, which realized about 22s. 6d. per barrel. The same firm sent potatoes to the Demerara market, which sold for $2 per barrel.—*Journal.*

The Seawanhaka Disaster.

A THRILLING RECITAL.

William Smith, one of the Seawanhaka's crew was found at Dover dock last night and gave the following particulars: "I was walking about on the bow of the steamer when the fire broke out, and first noticed flames and smoke coming through the doors of the forward cabin. An instant later I heard a fearful shriek, and all the passengers began to rush forward. Then I noticed that the fire was spreading all over the boat. There was a regular panic among all except the deck hands, who began to yell out to the passengers to prevent them from jumping overboard. Then as the flames reached the upper deck the scene became horrible. The air was filled with the shrieks and pleadings of the women, while the men rushed madly about in terror, not knowing what to do. Hundreds of life preservers were torn from their places and thrown into the crowd on deck, which seemed too much paralyzed to act. The fire was leaping up to the promenade deck and the passengers flung themselves headlong to the main deck, in some cases being stunned by the fall. The deck hands were as cool as though we were merely making a landing. Suddenly the steamer Granite State steamed up and a great cheer went up from the passengers, who rushed to the side of the Seawanhaka and began to beckon and scream for help. The tones in which they begged the Granite State to come alongside were piteous. But the fire had spread so much that it would have been mere madness for the other steamer to come near us, so she stopped for a minute and then passed on. Then the situation bceame dreadful. A few men deliberately stripped themselves of all clothing, and, plunging into the river, swam for the Randall's Island shore. As soon as the rest saw this they began to jump overboard, notwithstanding the effort of the crew to keep them from doing so. As the flames spread every man who wore the blue shirt of a deck hand was surrounded by a crowd, who begged for their lives as though we could save them all. I was driven right out on the extreme end of the bow, and from this position I saw a sight which made me stagger. One after another the frightened people leaped into the water, some without life preservers, while others stood among the flames as motionless as statutes. I think they must have been stupefied by fright and rendered unable to stir. One woman I saw with a baby in her arms right in the midst of the fire. She did not do anything but scream, although the flames swept around her like so many waves. She was being burned slowly, and fell on her knees with her face turned upward and her hands clasped around her infant as though in desperation. The unfortunate woman must have been burned to a cinder, for the place where she lay was literally licked by the fire, which was driven with increased fury by the wind caused by the tremendous speed of the steamer, which was heading for Randall's Island. I saw a stout man hanging from the iron rod which runs from the masthead to the bow. His legs were dangling in the fire, but he would not let go his hold on the rod. His wife stood beside him encased in a life preserver, and as she tried to pull her husband down to a place I could see him shake his head as if refusing to move. Finally the woman had to jump overboard to save her own life and left her husband hanging in the fire like a dead man. The flames twined around his limbs, which began to shrivel and burn under the terrible agony. The beard was burned from the man's face, but still he held on until almost all his clothing was in cinders. Then he dropped upon the deck and his body was burst open with the force of the fall. When we struck Randall's Island the decks were so hot that I got outside of the railing and clung to the jackstaff on the bow. There were two women who stood beside me, and when I told them to jump they held on to the rail all the harder. I then forced them to drop into the water, and swam or waded ashore with them. Then the scenes were appalling. I could hear the drowning men's voices calling for the small boats to pick them up, and a few passengers could still be seen braving the fire and smoke on the Seawanhaka. On the shore the passengers crowded around the dead and those who had been saved. Each one wanted to do something to help his neighbor, but the confusion was so great that few succeeded in doing anything useful. I think the loss of life must be great, for I saw several people who jumped into the river struck by the paddle wheel. There were besides a large number who perished in the flames."—*New York Herald.*

The Army-Worm.

The army-worm which has been devastating parts of Long Island and New Jersey, is so called because it appears in such large numbers, and because, like others of its species, it moves in columns and follows a leader. It is a caterpillar, the larva of a moth, and is noted for its voracity, as it well may be, since it can eat, it is said, more than double its own weight in twenty-four hours. Although less gluttonous, as a rule, it is more destructive than the locust, from its greater fecundity and wider distribution over the vegetable world. It feeds on leaves, flowers, roots, buds, seeds, even the wood of plants; indeed it is nearly omnivorous. The worm is asserted to march in regular and exact order; it lives in society, and moves in procession either in single file, or two, three, and four abreast, the line being so perfect in the columns that the head of one is never beyond the head of another in the row. It follows the leader, stopping when the leader stops, making journeys from plant to plant or from tree to tree in quest of food, and returning to its nest in the same order. The worms form ranks, march and halt, with the precision of soldiers. When several nests are in the same neighborhood, the going forth and coming back of the creeping battalions at the same hour, commonly called nightfall, is very curious and interesting. Caterpillars include more than 1,000 varieties, there being 700 in New England alone. They all have thirteen segments; the first consisting of jaw and mouth; the second, third and fourth of the thorax of the future insect, and the other segments of the abdomen. Their rapid growth and extraordinary consumption are shown by the common silkworm, which, according to Vincenzo Dandolo's treatise on silk, increase, during the thirty days necessary to its full growth, from one to forty lines in length, and from 1,100 to about 95 grains in weight. In that time therefore it increases in weight 9,500 times, and eats 50,000 times its weight of food. In the Northern States there are about 1,000 kinds of butterflies and moths. As each female lays from 200 to 500 eggs, these species would produce, on an average, from each single female 300,000 catterpillars in a year. If one-half of these were females, the second generation would be 45,000,000, and the third, 6,750,000,000. With such fertility, it is easy to see that the destructive power of caterpillars, particularly of the army-worm must be prodigious.

The Russian and Chinese difficulty is now becoming a serious matter to the two most interested parties. According to the telegraphic intelligence it seems that Chinese troops have invaded the district of Kuldja, occupied by the Russians, and captured some of the forts. China has thus given Russia a slap in the face, and has also refused to satisfy the Treaty of Livadia, by which China was to pay several millious of dollars to indemnify Russia for her military expenses in occupying the district. Russia, even according to her own showing, has no real title to the territory, and in refusing to restore it in its entirety to China, and without indemnity, she made the mistake of supposing that China was an extinct power, or perhaps calculating that the Celestial Empire being a bundle of loosely cemented governments, would be incapable of any united or long sustained resistance. Whether Russia herself can now afford another foreign war with her present almost intolerable financial and domestic troubles, is more than doubtful. The last Russian loan was, so far as the continental Bourses were concerned, a perfect failure. Besides the Tartar Blanates of Bokhara, Khiva and Khokand are all ready to throw off the Russian yoke at a moment's notice, and are now in a state of ferment. Colonel Gordon, "Chinese Gordon," as he is generally called, has resigned the post of Secretary to the Viceroy of India, a post he has only just accepted, and started once more for the Celestial Empire. He also resigned his commission in the English army, and doubtless we shall soon hear of his being again Commander-in-Chief of the "Ever Victorious Army" of the Flower Land, with a nation comprising nearly one-third of the entire population of the globe at his back. A leader such as Colonel Gordon might, in a short time, rival the exploits of a Cortes. Russia, however, may well pause before she picks up the gauntlet so defiantly flung in her face. If a war should break out, the present European residents in China would be awkwardly positioned, as the great mass of the Celestials only recognize two races, the disciples of Confucius and the Barbarians.

Three Boys Hanged.

The N. Y. "Herald," of the 28th, says: Bad boys need not go West in order to find adventure, commit crime and swing into the next world from a gallows tree. Two College boys, aged respectively 17 and 19 years, started a year ago for the East in search of adventure, and they found it before half way here by killing an old man for his money. Then, instead of becoming tremendous fellows among other hard characters, as boys in books always do when they have killed their man, they spent a year in gaol, and yesterday were strangled on the gallows. Another boy, younger than either, left the world in company with the couple. He began his business career as stealing, and when a companion threatened to tell he shot him. No member of the trio was old enough to be trusted away from apron strings, and other boys who are panting to distinguish themselves in blood and thunder style would do well to take the hint. An apron string in a boy's buttonhole is not half so annoying as a stout rope around his neck, and when finally untied it leaves him fit for something better than to horrify newspaper readers and feed the worms.

A wonderful clock, said to be superior in mechanism and the variety of its performances to the famed Strasbourg astronomical and apostolic clock, was placed on exhibition in Tammany Hall recently, and for a considerable time will remain there for the inspection of the public. This clock was constructed at Detroit by Professor Felix Meiers, a gentleman who has devoted his entire life to the study of astronomy and mechanics. It is called the "American National Astronomical Clock," and it is probably the most complex and ingenious horological work that the hand of manchas ever produced. The clock is eighteen feet high, eight feet wide, and five feet deep, and weighs 4,000 pounds. It is wound once in twelve days, and is run by weights of 700 pounds. It shows the local time in hours, minutes, and seconds, and the time of thirteen other cities of the world, among which are Washington, San Francisco, Melbourne, Pekin, Cairo, Constantinople, St. Petersburg, London, Berlin, and Paris. It also denotes the movements of the planets, and measures their movements by seasons, years, and cycles, for 200 years, including leap years. Concealed in its interior is a music-box, which plays when Death strikes each hour. At the same moment the figure of Washington, seated in a chair beneath a canopy, rises to his feet, holding the Declaration of Independence in his right hand. A liveried servant sitting at the right hand rises and opens a door, through which come all the Presidents of the United States, who march in review before the effigy of Washington, saluting him as they pass. The procession disappears through a door on the opposite side of the platform, which is opened and closed by a servant in gorgeous livery. The likenesses of these figures, including that of President Hayes, who is in the rear, are said to be excellent. As soon as the door is closed, the figure of Washington resumes its chair of state, and all is quiet until the hammer of Death again sounds the hour on the gong, when the extraordinary scene is repeated. The quarter-hours are struck by an infant, the half-hours by a youth and the three-quarters by a man. The South Church, Boston, has offered $45,000 for the clock, the price of which is $50,000.—*Times.*

SYNOD.—The Church of England Synod opened at Halifax yesterday morning.

E. C. LOCKETT,
LICENSED
AUCTIONEER,
Consignments Solicited. Prompt payments and satisfaction guaranteed.
Bridgetown, July 1st, 1880. n126m

New Advertisements.

VICTORIA HALL.
FRIDAY EVENING NEXT,
July the 9th.
THE MUSICAL EVENT:
The celebrated
FAIRBAIRN FAMILY,
Scottish Troubadours,
VOCALISTS, COMEDIANS
—AND—
Instrumentalists,
in their new Entertainment, entitled
AN HOUR IN SCOTLAND
Presenting the Gems of Scottish Melody; and the Comic Operatic Extravaganza,
THE REHEARSAL!
Written by Angus Fairbairn;
Replete with Songs, Scenes, Duetts, Trios, &c.
Popular Prices.
Reserved seats, 35 cents. Admission 25 cents. Children, 15 cents.
Tickets at the POST OFFICE and at the door.
Doors open at 7.30. Concert at 8.

Corbitts' Packet Line
SCHR. ATWOOD,
Between Annapolis and Boston, carrying Freight and Passengers.
THIS Vessel has been re-fitted and a new Cabin built on her, and can now accommodate 40 passengers with all comfort.
Passengers to Boston, $4.
Agent at Boston—
W. B. FORREST, 338, Atlantic Avenue.
A. W. Corbitt & Son.
ANNAPOLIS.

BARGAINS
—IN—
Farming Implements.
WE are now offering the following kinds of
SCYTHES!
and other articles necessary in farming at Bargains.
SCYTHES, OF CANADIAN MANUFACTURE:
Clipper; Razor Blade;
Tip-Top; Golden Clipper;
Oshawa Chief; Dominion Champion;
AMERICAN MANUFACTURE:
Dunn Edge Clipper; Racer; and the CELEBRATED GRIFFIN.
2 and 3 tined HAY FORKS and BOYS FORKS; Scythe Snaths, Whet Stones; 6 doz. HAY RAKES, 15 cts. each; Fork Handles, and other articles too numerous to mention.
TO ARRIVE—Womens', Misses and Men's
KID BOOTS, Latest Styles.
MURDOCH & Co.

Haying Tools!!
5 DOZ. Best Quality
SCYTHES!
English Griffins,
10 doz. HAYING RAKES, 14 cents each.
J. LOCKETT.
Bridgetown, July 7th, 1880. 2it14

GREAT BARGAINS!
GREAT BARGAINS!
THE Subscriber will offer to the public of Bridgetown and vicinity at auction and private sale, a choice lot of goods selected from the Yarmouth Crockery Store, consisting of
SILVER WARE
In all patterns, shapes and designs, from the best makers.
Glass, Fancy & Crockery Ware,
Cut, Engraved, Plain and Decorated.
Ladies particularly requested to call and examine.
R. Z. CLEMENTS,
YARMOUTH CROCKERY STORE.
P. S.—Sale commences TO-DAY at 2 and 7 o'clock, p. m. and will continue afternoon and evening until further notice. R. Z. C.
July7tf n12

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Tenders for Rolling Stock.
THE time for receiving tenders for Rolling Stock for the Canadian Pacific Railway, extending over four years, is extended to 2nd August.
By Order,
F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
DEPT. OF RAILWAYS & CANALS, Ottawa, 23rd June, 1880. 5it17

MIDDLETON.
THE Subscriber has received Rockingham Tea Pots, Cream Crocks, from half-gallon to four-gallon sizes; Milk Pans, Jar; and Flower Pots, Oatmeal, Brown and Granulated Sugar, Dairy Salt, Canned Salmon, Oysters and Lobsters of Extra Quality; American Scythes, (36 to 40 inches) and Scythe Stones all of which he will sell at his usual low prices.
ON HAND—Scythe Snaths, Two Pronged Hay Forks, Shovels, Spades, etc., which he will sell at about 20 PER CENT. LOWER THAN LAST YEAR'S PRICES.
H. CROSSKILL.
Middleton, June 28th, 1880.

New Advertisements.

MANHOOD:
HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently published a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the radical and permanent cure (without medicine) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc., resulting from excesses.
Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents, or two postage stamps.
The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from thirty years' successful practise, that alarming consequences may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicines or the use of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.
Address,
The Culverwell Medical Co.,
41 Ann St., New York.
Post Office Box 4586.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
ANNAPOLIS SS.,
In the Supreme Court 1880,
IN EQUITY.
CAUSE: George Litch, Pltff., vs. Charles H. Phinney, Defdt.
TO BE SOLD AT
Public Auction
By the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis, or his Deputy, at Middleton, in the County of Annapolis, aforesaid,
ON SATURDAY,
THE 7TH DAY OF AUGUST, NEXT,
at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,
Pursuant to an order of foreclosure and sale made in this cause, on the 29th day of June, instant, unless before the sale the amount due to the plaintiff with interest since the issue date of the writ and cost be paid to the plaintiff, or the sheriff, or into court,
ALL the estate, right, title and interest of the said defendant, of, in and to, or out of, all that certain piece or parcel of
LAND,
situate in Wilmot, bounded as follows: Beginning on the north side of the post road, at a stake and stones on the south-east corner of land owned by Jeremiah VanBuskirk, and occupied by Francis VanBuskirk, northwardly along said Buskirk's line 160 rods, or until it comes to Samuel Tilley's south line, eastwardly along Tilley's said line 35 rods, or until it comes to William Nichol's north-east corner, thence southwardly about four rods, or until it comes to Tilley's south-west corner, thence eastwardly 1 rod from Nichols' line, thence southwardly, the course of Nichol's east line, until it strikes the said William Nichols' line by the barn along said Nichol's line to the post road, to a stake and stones, thence westwardly along the post road to the place of beginning, containing forty acres more or less, together with all and singular the privileges and appurtenances.
TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent. deposit at time of sale; remainder on delivery of the deed.
PETER BONNETT.
High Sheriff.
E. RUGGLES,
Pltff's Attorney.
Dated at Annapolis Royal, in the County of Annapolis, this 30th day of June, A. D., 1880.
5it17

1880. 1880.
Haying Tools
CLARKE, KERR & THORNE.
NOW READY FOR THE SEASON.
600 DOZ. HAY RAKES,
120 Bundles HAY FORKS,
325 doz. GRASS SCYTHES,
12 doz. GRAIN DO.,
300 Boxes SCYTHE STONES,
120 Bundles SYTHES and SNATHES;
41 dozen REAPING HOOKS;
46 " SICKLES;
40 " HAY FORK HANDLES;
60 " HOES;
150 Bundles SHOVELS;
50 " MANURE FORKS;
20 Dozen POTATOE HOOKS;
20 " " FORKS;
10 Tons GRINDSTONES;
Our Clippers are the genuine
West Waterville Scythe.
As usual at
Lowest Wholesale Rates.
Paints, Oils, Rosin, Tar, Pitch, Nails, etc., etc.
CLARKE, KERR & THORNE,
60 and 62 Prince Wm. Street.
St. John, June 29th, '80. 13it24

CARD.
Edmund Bent
LICENSED AUCTIONEER,
Sales attended to promptly in any part of the County. Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made.
Bridgetown, N. S., May, 1880. n5tf

Selling Off.
THE Subscriber in Closing up his business, will sell very Low for Cash the balance of his Stock in Trade.
ALSO:
200 M. Shaved Shingles,
AND
1 Carload Berwick Sawed Shingles.
All accounts not settled by the 15th of July, 1880, will be left for immediate collection.
N. F. MARSHALL.
Middleton, June 19, 1880.

J. G. H. PARKER,
BARRISTER-AT-LAW, CONVEYANCER,
and REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Practise in all the Courts. Business promptly attended to.
OFFICE—Fitz Randolph NEW BUILDING, Bridgetown. 7ly

New Advertisements.

Bargains! Bargains! Bargains!
—AT—
Edwin C. Lockett's,
GRANVILLE STREET,
BRIDGETOWN.
THE Greatest Inducements ever offered in
CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS.
Below is a list of prices:
Rogers' Satin Handle Triple-Plated Dinner Knives, from $5.00 to $7.50.
Roger Bros'. Best Quality Tea Spoons, $4.00 per doz.
Roger's Dinner & Dish Forks, $7.00 per doz.
" Table Spoon, $1.25 per pair.
" Plated Cake Baskets, Best Quality, $5.50 each.
Castors, Cream Pitchers, Spoon Holders and Butter Coolers Equally Cheap. Heavy Plated Watch Chains, $2.00 Each; Large Size Silver Chains, Warranted Sterling Fine from $2.25 to $6.00. Silver Button Studs, Ladies' Sets, Assortment of Gold Rings, Napkin Rings, &c., &c., &c., 25 per cent. below Regular Price.
I have also the best and cheapest line of
American Clocks
Ever offered in the County, in fine Movements and Imitation and Walnut Cases, very stylish, varying from $2.50 to $6.00.
I will also clear out my entire stock of
Fancy Goods,
—at prices—
Lower than the Lowest.
—Consisting of—
Wallets, Purses, Fancy Soaps, Combs, Brushes, Machine Needles and Oil, Memorandum Books, Vases, Games, Puzzles, Toys and other useful and FANCY ARTICLES.
I also take this opportunity to remind my numerous friends and the public in general, that my
GERMAN WORKMAN,
Whose skilful and reliable workmanship has given such universal satisfaction, it still with me. He invariably makes
PERFECT TIMEKEEPERS
of Clock and Watches, which others professing to understand the trade have rejected as
NOT WORTH FIXING.
Give him a trial before going elsewhere.
I thank all my friends for the very liberal patronage they have bestowed upon me and assure them that it will always be my endeavors to deserve a continuance of the same.
E. C. LOCKETT.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ALL Persons having any demands against the estate of
Joseph Wheelock, Esq.,
Deceased, are requested to render their accounts duly attested to within twelve months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said estate, are requsted to make immediate payment to
EDWIN RUGGLES,
W. Y. FOSTER,
Executors.
Bridgetown, May 4th, '80. 3m

Room Paper
AT
MIDDLETON!
H. CROSSKILL has received from Boston a large lot of very choice patterns of Room Paper.
NO CANADIAN STOCK.
Please call and examine.
Middleton, May 3rd, 1880.

PURE VIRGIN RUBBER, Assorted sizes—at CONNOLLY'S Bookstore.
AUTOMATIC PENCILS—with Moveable Leads—at CONNOLLY'S Bookstore.
COPYING LEADS and Artist's Leads for Automatic Pencils, at CONNOLLY'S Bookstore.
GAYLE'S INDELIBLE INK, for marking woven fabrics, and Clarke's Indelible Pencils, at CONNOLLY'S Bookstore.
SOMETHING NEW—Roman Puzzaline—at CONNOLLY'S Bookstore.
EVERY ARTICLE in the Book and Stationery Line at
Connolly's Bookstore.
Cor. George and Granville Sts. Halifax N. S. my12

Wholesale Warehouse!
CANTERBURY STREET.
Spring Arrivals
Ex "Moravian" and "Nova Scotian,"
30 PACKAGES
NEW GOODS!
CONTAINING:
PRINTS, New Styles;
SHIRTINGS, MERINOS;
CASHMERES, RIBBONS;
TAILORS' TRIMMINGS,
BROADS & DOESKINS.
Worsted Coatings, Hosiery,
And a General Assortment of HABERDASHERY and SMALLWARES.
Buyers are requested to call and examine.
Further arrivals by every steamer.
T. R. JONES & CO.
St. John, March 22nd, '80.