

Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, - - Proprietor
W. F. LLOYD, - - - Editor

FRIDAY, July 2, 1915.

The Munitions Bill.

The Munitions Bill which passed the final stage in the House of Commons last midnight is to confer on the new department of Munitions adequate powers to supply the services with what is needed to counter-act the Germans in the devilish ingenuity they have brought to bear in the prosecution of the war. In his speech at Cardiff, Mr. Lloyd George, the head of this new department, put the case quite plainly. He said:—

"Have you studied the problem at the front? It does not require military knowledge—it requires no military experience to know what it is. There you have got deep trenches, with barbed wire in front, which you cannot see till you are on top of it; behind that you have all sorts of concrete and steel emplacements, with machine guns—twelve, I believe, for every battalion. That is what the Germans have got concealed and protected."

"What is the problem? The problem is to beat down the entrenchments, to knock these emplacements to pieces, and throw the machine guns out of position, so that they cannot use them; tear up the barbed wire that our men shall have free passage right through to their enemies. That is the problem of high explosives, and you can supply them; and, if you do, not merely will our men win, but there will be fewer lives lost."

An illustration of this is to be found in the recent fighting around the heights of Krithia, in the Gallipoli Peninsula, where the British met with much success, taking several lines of Turkish trenches, and occupying a mountain top. Preparation had been made for this attack by General Ian Hamilton by the bombardment of the trenches with high explosives. Shrapnel, while destructive of life, is found ineffective so far as wire entanglements and emplacements are concerned. Wells has hit the nail straight on the head when he asks for the mobilization and organization of the inventive talent of the Empire to counter-act it and effect counter-strokes to the ingenuity of the Germans, who have not hesitated to use diabolical engines of warfare, never used before in warfare between civilized nations. Soldiers have lost their lives and been disfigured for life by the use of some concentrated preparation containing formaline. The use of dense poisonous fumes has now become familiar in the West and East. But it is a game both sides can play. But to play it effectively, to supply chemicals for the high explosives, and a large number of machine guns for each battalion requires ingenuity and skill, and the organization of this new department, and the equipment and the manning of steel works and chemical factories require time. But it will be done, and the fight will be fought until the German, Austrian and Turkish powers are crushed and rendered unfit to fight effectively for some generations to come.

Wedding Bells.

WHITE-BUTLER.

On Thursday, July 1st, at 4 p.m., a very pretty wedding took place at the residence of William White, Esq., South Side, when his youngest daughter Jennie was united in the bonds of matrimony to Mr. Donald Butler of the Reid Mfd. Co's. employ. The bride, looking charming in a dress of embroidered net over white silk, trimmed with orange blossoms and bride veil, entered the drawing room leaning on the arm of her brother, preceded by her matron of honor, Miss Jelliffe, in dress of yellow and white yellow satin. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Norman M. Guy, pastor of George St. Church. At the close of the ceremony refreshments were served, after which the bridal party and immediate friends proceeded to Waterford Bridge, where the happy couple set out on their outgoing express for a tour of three weeks. The bride's travelling costume was a suit of alice blue, with cream tucan hat. The large number of beautiful and useful presents of which the bride was the recipient bespeak the high esteem in which she was held. We join in wishing them a long life and a happy one.—Com.

Reids' Boats.

The Argyle sails from Placentia this afternoon on the Red Island route.
The Bruce arrived at Port aux Basques at 6.25 a.m. to-day.
The Clyde arrived at Lewisport at 7.15 a.m. to-day.
The Dundee left Port Burford at 2.20 a.m. to-day.
The Elsie left Clarendville at 4 a.m. to-day.
The Glenoe sailed from Placentia at 4.15 p.m. yesterday.
The Home left Fortune Harbor at 3.15 p.m. yesterday, outward.
The Erik left Carbonear at 3.40 p.m. yesterday, going north.
The Kyle leaves North Sydney to-night.
The Meigle left Port aux Chats at 7.40 p.m. yesterday, going north.
The Sagona arrived in port at 7.30 a.m. to-day.

McMurdo's Store News.

FRIDAY, July 2, '15.
Among recent arrivals we list Calvert's Carbolic Tooth Powder, large and small sizes, prices 35 and 30c each; Kutnow's Powder, \$1.30; Woodward's Grape Water, 40c, a bottle, and other English specialties.
Bath Salts are very refreshing and pleasant in use, adding greatly to the luxury of bath or toilet. It can be had in different odors and sizes. Prices 50, 75 and 90c, a bottle or jar.

332nd Day of the War.

LATEST

From the Front

10.30 A.M.

MADE A RUN FOR IT.

LONDON, To-day.
Capt. Trickey, steamship Armenian, in an interview to-day, said he only surrendered to the German submarine when the freighter was afire in three places and after the ship's engines had been put out of action. A dozen members of the crew had been killed by shrapnel fire. Most of the members of the crew were American. The submarine, as signal for us to stop, said the Capt. first put a couple of shots over our bow, when we were four miles off. I put my stern to him and ran for it. The submarine then began to shell us in earnest, shrapnell bursting all around us, killing several of the crew and knocking others overboard. I soon realized the enemy was gaining on us, but I did not propose to surrender without a struggle, but my steering gear was soon hit and placed out of commission. One shell fell into the engine room and another carried the Marconi house away and still another cut down the funnel and disabled the stokers, preventing them from keeping steam up. By this time the ship was on fire in three places and I decided to surrender. We had resisted the enemy for an hour and 12 or 13 men lay dead on the deck. The submarine commander then forced me to clear ship. The Armenian went down shattered by two torpedoes. I must say that the submarine commander showed every fairness after we had given up, picking up many of the crew who because of a damaged boat had fallen into the water.

FIGHT FOR MEXICO CITY.

MEXICO CITY, To-day.
The repeated attempts made by Carranza's Army, directed by General Gonzales, to capture Mexico City failed. So far the forces under Generals Zapata and Carza claim to have had the advantage in the fighting. Members of the Diplomatic Corps are meeting daily in an endeavour to protect the lives of foreigners. The shortage of food is becoming serious.

THE LONDON BUDGET.

LONDON, To-day.
The Northward drive of the Austro-German armies from Galicia into Poland is daily becoming more formidable. England is puzzled as to whether they propose to make the main effort in this direction, instead of maintaining a concentrated offensive to Eastward, to force the Russians out Southeast of the Tip of Galicia. The progress in this section but further North on the Arc around Lemberg as well as along what has now become the Western front, between the Vistula and Bug Rivers. Only a hundred miles North is the great Russian base of Brest Litovsk, linked to Warsaw by important railways, lying almost due east of the Polish capital. The development of the Galician campaign has created a situation entirely unexpected by the Allies a few months ago. The Russians were in the Carpathian Passes during the Spring months, and there were confident predictions both in England and France that Hungary would soon be over run. The British press has been optimistic for weeks that the Russians would turn and make a stand, but it now frankly concedes the new invasion Russia is serious. The papers, however, place faith in Russian munitions campaign, much the same as the British public to relying upon Lloyd George's plan so to equip the British army in France as ultimately to match the Germans in explosives and munitions, and especially in machine guns. The Arras section is maintaining its reputation as the storm centre of the Western front, but despite the fact of the losses piling up daily, neither side has been able to deliver a decisive blow. A despatch to-night from Athens says the Allies has taken the Turkish stronghold, Krithia, on the Gallipoli Peninsula, to the Western edge of which Gen. Ian Hamilton reported yesterday he had carried his forces but there is no confirmation. The gratification over British progress in Gallipoli is hardly more pronounced than the realization of the tremendous task which faces England and France in their attempt to clear the Turks from their natural defenses, barring the way to Constantinople. The first stroke against a British naval craft in home waters for some time was announced briefly by the Admiralty to-night which says fifteen men

WINDSOR TABLE SALT

When "Purity" is mentioned, WINDSOR SALT naturally comes to mind.

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ITALIAN SHIP TORPEDOED.

LONDON, To-day.
The Italian ship, Sardonese, timber laden, was torpedoed without warning five miles from Castletown, Bear Haven, Ireland. Two of the crew were killed outright and several wounded or missing. Seven were saved. The Sardonese sailed from Hamburg, February 21 for London.

11.00 A.M.

MUNITIONS BILL PASS COMMONS.

LONDON, To-day.
The Commons after suspending the eleven o'clock rising rule sat until after midnight this morning in order to put the Munitions Measure through the last stages. The amendment, limiting the Government's power to enforce by arbitration all labor disputes, together with other changes, was adopted. Proposing the new clause, transferring all powers possessed by the Ordnance Department to the War Office to the New Minister of Munitions, Sir Henry Dalsiel declared the management of the department had been recognized as a national scandal and other members criticized the department and urged the Government to enlighten the House on the truth of the accusations. Lloyd George, replying said it was more important to guarantee that the mistakes made in the past should not be perpetuated. He admitted there had been serious mistakes made in judgment and added the questions raised would have to be investigated and the responsibility placed on the right shoulders. He assured the House, the powers already given him were adequate to prevent a repetition of mistakes. After the Minister's assurances, Sir Henry withdrew the proposed clause and the Munitions Bill passed through the remaining stages of the third reading.

SERBIAN SUCCESSES.

NISH, Serbia, To-day.
An official communique issued to-day by the War Office states on June 27th, the Serbians succeeded in forcing the landing at Micharskaada near Shabatz and captured the place, making 185 prisoners and much material.

LONDON, To-day.
Word has been received from Castletown, Bearhaven, that nine of the Sardonese's crew were drowned and two others died of injuries.

MARSEILLES, To-day.
An explosion yesterday destroyed the illuminating rocket factory, where a hundred persons are employed. Eighty women were working in the factory at the time. The fire spread rapidly and four are known to be dead, others with the exception of ten badly wounded are thought also to have perished. The rockets made in the factory were for the use of the army.

1 P.M.

GREECE AND ALBANIA.

ROME, To-day.
A despatch to the Tribune from Antivaria, Montenegro, says two large Greek bands are advancing toward Berat, Albania, after occupying a village along the way. There has been no previous reports of any intention on the part of the Greek Government to lay claim to this section of Albania.

THE THERMOPYLAE OF FRANCE.

PARIS, To-day.
The furious German attacks in the Argonne by an entire army corps, with the object of breaking through the French line, in the hope of reaching Verdun will be repeated, according to Lieut-Col. Rousset, Military critic of Petit Parisien. He asserts the successive checks have not discouraged the Germans and that they will continue the efforts to gain control of this hilly forest region, called the Thermopylae of France. Lieut-Col. Rousset and other military writers agree, however, that the French forces have made such preparations as to insure the failure of all efforts on the part of the Crown Prince's army.

2.00 P.M.

ITALIAN ADVANCE HINDERED.

UDINE, Italy, To-day.
The Italian advance in Tyrol is seriously hindered by continued bad weather, which is exceptional in mid-summer. The mountaineers do not remember the season when there has been so much snow on the heights on July 1st.

SINKING OF ARMENIAN CAUSED STIR IN PARIS.

PARIS, To-day.
The sinking of the steamer Armenian has caused a stir in Paris, stress being laid upon the deaths of Americans on board the vessel, coming so soon after the Lusitania case which is not yet settled. The press wonders what will be the outcome of the latest incident connected with German submarine warfare.

GERMANS NOT JUSTIFIED IN SINKING ARMENIAN.

LONDON, To-day.
Except in despatches from the United States, in which the steamer Armenian is described as a transport, there is nothing in the British press to indicate the status of the vessel. Stress is laid upon the fact that she is the largest steamer, with the exception of the Lusitania, that was attacked by a German submarine. The contention of a few of the morning papers, which discuss the question editorially, is that whatever the nature of her cargo the Germans were not justified in sinking her.

VICTIMS OF THE SEA WOLVES.

LONDON, To-day.
Three British steamers, the Ingemoor, Caucasian and Wellbury, were torpedoed and sunk to-day by German submarines. The crews of the Ingemoor and Caucasian were landed at Fairness. The crew of the Wellbury is safe.

TENSION CONSIDERABLY RELAXED.

WASHINGTON, To-day.
Tension over the destruction of the British steamer Armenian with the loss of a number of American lives was considerably relaxed to-day following receipt of unofficial advices telling of the apparent refusal of the ship's commander to heed the warning of the German submarine to stop. This phase of the matter overshadowed in official view of all other questions involved in the destruction of the vessel. If official reports should bear out the news despatches concerning the attempt of the Armenian to escape, it was said to-day that no new cause of complaint likely would be added to the issues pending between the United States and Germany. Officials held that if the Armenian sought to evade capture the sinking of the ship was justified under international law even though non-combatants were on board. Precedents are cited in support of this contention. Detailed information of the destruction of the Armenian still was awaited to-day. Until such is available the position taken by United States not be announced.

Rod and Gun

July Rod and Gun covers a considerable range in its outdoor stories for this month. Salt Water Fishing near Victoria; The Hunt of L'Anglais, which purports to be the narrative of a French-Canadian habitant; The Home of Jasper the Yellowhead; The Trail Makers of the Quetico; The Greatest of Big Game Fishing, being an account of the catching of a record tuna off Port Medway, N.S.; and One Day's Fishing in Timagami, are some of the articles appearing in this issue, and in addition there is a full account of the Dominion of Canada Trap Shooting Tournament and other Trap Notes as well as the special department devoted to guns and ammunition and fishing matters. This Made in Canada sportsman's magazine is of interest to all Canadian sportsmen as well as to those Americans who come to Canada for their fishing or camping experiences. W. J. Taylor, Limited, publish this magazine at Woodstock, Ont.

Anti-German Riots
Cost \$250,000.

According to the Lambeth Magistrate, Mr. Chester Jones, the anti-German riots have cost England nearly £250,000.
In dealing with several persons charged with stealing and receiving property taken from a German baker's shop in Camberwell, the magistrate said: "You people should think of the enormous amount you have cost this country. I am sure it is nothing on for a quarter of a million. We want all the money we have to fight the Germans. Instead of remembering that, you go and ruin property, all of which has to be paid for."

PLOT TO BLOW UP GRAMM WORKS IS FOILED BY POLICE.

Windsor, Ont., June 25.—A plot to blow up two more buildings, one of them a factory in Walkerville, was uncovered this morning by Provincial Policemen Nash and Smith. Twenty sticks of dynamite were found planted at the door of the Gramm Motor Truck Company, which has been filling orders for the British Government. The explosive was found near the rear of the building, and from it were leading wires.

In a house on Drouillard street, Ford city, another dynamite cache was discovered. The building is a boarding house occupied by foreigners of many nationalities and these men are now under surveillance, move on the part of any of them will mean immediate arrest.

About forty sticks were discovered in the second plant. The police say they expect to uncover more, and possibly arrest a couple of suspects within a few hours.

Since Monday morning, when told to devote their whole time to the explosion at the Ford's plant, the police have been working night and day, but as yet have no positive clue to the perpetrators.

The utmost secrecy is maintained and officers decline to discuss the latest attempts. It is known, however, that the authorities are on the track of the dynamiters, and obtained important clues in Wyandotte, Michigan, where, it was learned, quantities of dynamite have been purchased. It was stated the explosives were to be used in the Northern Peninsula, but the officers believe there is some connection with the plots here.

YOUNGEST RECRUIT WOUNDED.

Private James Marchbank, 8th Royal Scots, Dalkeith, who enlisted last June in the Dalkeith Territorials as drummer, aged thirteen, and is believed to be the youngest recruit, has been wounded in the hand and his body grazed by a shell bursting seven yards away.

WANTED TO BUY all kinds of Men's and Boys' Clothing. Also Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Mattresses, and all kinds of Furniture and everything in the second-hand line. Boots and stoves a specialty. Highest prices paid; cash down. MRS. SMITH, 135 New Gower St. H32, 81

BORN.

On the 26th, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Harris Noseworthy.

WINARD'S LUMBER LUMBER WANTS FRIENDS.

G. KNOWLING'S
BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT!

-We have a large assortment of dainty

Washing Suits, Shirt Blouses,
Cricket Pants, etc.

for Boys. These are exceptional good patterns, and it would be to your advantage to inspect these goods.

Boys' Cricket Pants	Boys' Linen Hats,	Boys' Middy Suits,
With Belt, Straps, etc., for boys age 2 to 15 years.	15c, 20c, and 25c Cowboy Hats, 14c & 20c	Age 4 to 7 years, short pants, \$1.45 to \$1.60
40c. to 63c.		

SMART

Russian Blouse Suits,
in plain colors and fancy stripes, to fit boys age 2 to 7 years.

80c. 90c. \$1.00, \$1.20,
\$1.45 \$1.90 to \$3.70
According to size and quality.

BOYS' BLOUSES.

Boys' White Blouses, plain white or with light or dark blue detachable collars; for boys age 2 to 8 years.

45c, 50c, 55c, 60c, to \$1.25
According to size and quality.

Boys' Cotton Rompers
36c, 38c, 45c to 75c.

GEO. KNOWLING.

June 24, 11 a.m. to 7 p.m.

SHOE SALE!

Great Clearance Sale

NOW IS THE TIME, HERE IS THE PLACE TO SAVE MONEY—
BUY YOUR SHOES HERE.
100 pairs Girls' Low Shoes, with high and medium heels; sizes 1, 2, 3. Regular \$3.00 value. Now Half Price, only 1.50
150 pairs Child's Tan Barefoot Sandals; sizes 6 to 10, only 60 cents per pair
Girls' Barefoot Sandals; sizes 11 to 2. Price 70 cents per pair
Watch this space for odd lines of Shoes which we intend to clear out at less than cost price.

F. SMALLWOOD.

EUROPEAN AGENCY.

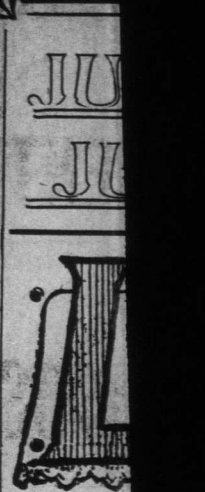
Wholesale Indents promptly executed at lowest cash prices for all British and Continental goods, including Books and Stationery, Boots, Shoes and Leather, Chemicals and Druggists' Sundries, China, Earthenware and Glassware, Cycles, Motor Cars and Accessories, Drapery, Millinery and Piece Goods, Fancy Goods and Perfumery, Hardware, Machinery and Metals, Jewellery, Plate and Watches, Photographic and Optical Goods, Provisions and Oils and Stores, etc., etc.
Commission 2 1/2 p.c. to 5 p.c.
Trade Discounts allowed.
Special Quotations on Demand.
Sample Cases from \$50 upwards.
Consignment of Produce Sold on Account.

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WOMAN CHAUFFEUR AT THE FRONT.
Miss Betty Hutchinson, of Garrick's Villa, Hampton-on-Thames, is serving as head chauffeur to the First Aid Nursing Yeomanry in France.

In her charge are eight motor cars, including ambulance cars, a travelling bath (providing for 125 hot baths an hour), and a travelling kitchen.

FISH SCARCE AT CAPE BRETON.
Nova Scotian vessels that arrived at Channel, report that fish is very scarce along the Cape Breton coast.



The

EDGE

Lawn, Ne wide; splen Reg. 4c. y Reg. 5c. y Reg. 7c. y Reg. 9c. y Reg. 12c. y Reg. 14c. y Reg. 20c. y Reg. 20c. y

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18 ins. wide 21 ins. wide 22 ins. wide 22 ins. wide 22 ins. wide 22 ins. wide 21 ins. wide

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WHITE MUSLIN

Various neck, medic collar effects, and embroide bust to 44 ins. Reg. 70c. ea. Reg. 85c. ea. Reg. \$1.10 ea. Reg. \$1.25 ea. Reg. \$1.50 ea. Reg. \$1.75 ea. Reg. \$2.50 ea. Reg. \$3.00 ea. Reg. \$3.50 ea.

WHITE

SILK BLO Chiffa and J styles and size Reg. \$1.00 ea. Reg. \$1.75 ea. Reg. \$2.50 ea. Reg. \$2.75 ea.

LADIES' SWEATER

Reg. \$2.75 ea. Reg. \$3.25 ea.

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