

THE HERALD

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The Budget.

On Thursday evening last Premier Peters delivered his budget speech. This annual deliverance by the Leader of the Government for the time being is usually regarded as a matter of considerable importance, as it is expected that the speaker will deal at least ostensibly in a serious manner with our Provincial finances and will outline with some show of sincerity the ways and means by which he expects to procure the revenue necessary to meet his estimated expenditure. In all these particulars the budget speech of Premier Peters was disappointing.

The Leader of the Government at the opening of his remarks said it was the policy of his party to make revenue and expenditure meet. This must appear most astounding to everyone familiar with the record of that party; to everyone who knows from the public accounts that they have had average annual deficits of about \$46,000, and that they have added over half a million dollars to the Provincial debt. While they have been engaged in this work of creating deficits and rolling up the debt they have extracted annually from the people over \$51,000 of taxes. In view of these facts it is perhaps not much wonder that Mr. Peters made the peculiar kind of budget speech that we have described. He intimated that it was not his intention to go back to ancient political history and almost immediately launched out in denunciation of the Conservatives for what they had done and left undone when in office twelve years ago. One of the many extraordinary statements he made was that the deficit of last year amounted to only \$5,800. This in face of the figures in the public accounts showing the deficit was upwards of \$51,000 will serve to show how reckless were the Premier's statements dealing with our Provincial finances. With one breath he undertook to show how much he and his party saved in the different departments of Government, and in the next breath how much more they spent in the public service than the Conservatives; but in every case, according to him, the Conservatives were wrong. One not acquainted with the actual facts listening to the Premier would be at a loss to know how in the word the huge deficit of this Province had come into existence. But despite all his manipulations and all his combinations of figures, the debt is not a myth, but a stern reality. The report of their own auditor shows on its face that the debt is upwards of \$642,000, and that our Liberal friends are responsible for over \$500,000 of it. The draft of \$200,000 from capital came under review once more. What would our Grit friends do at all if they did not have this to talk about? This matter has so frequently been explained that our readers do not need to have the matter threshed out again. Our Grit friends themselves know they have no case here; but being in a tight place they try to ward off public criticism by references of this kind. The Premier estimates his expenditures for the year at \$319,792, and his revenue at \$318,811.88.

He thus starts with an acknowledged deficit of a thousand dollars, and our readers know from the past record of the Liberals that this means a deficit of at least \$25,000. In his estimate of interest he sets down a sum of no less than \$26,500, and we may be sure he is under the mark. At this rate the \$30,000 secured from Ottawa last year will soon all be gobbled up in interest on the Provincial debt. The Premier acknowledged that he had outlined a scheme of taxation that would meet all his estimates of expenditure; but such influence was brought to bear on him in caucus that he was obliged to abandon it. Certainly this budget speech is unique in the political history of this Province, and it is perhaps well for the Premier that his Liberal friends abolished the Parliamentary Reporter, and that in consequence this deliverance shall not be embalmed in any permanent record.

Hon. Mr. Gordon, Leader of the Opposition, in reply to the Leader of the Government, said the budget speech on this occasion reminded him of similar boastful language made by Premier Fred. Peters some years ago when he boasted we did not owe a dollar to the banks, and that everything was flourishing. "We will do," said the Premier of that day, "what is necessary and pay for what we do." Was there ever a greater fallacy? The boast has been repeated on this occasion but since that first boastful speech was delivered the debt of this Province has mounted up to the enormous sum of \$642,000. Still the Premier of this day would appear to regard such a debt as a mere trifle. Our debentures, said the Leader of the Opposition, have been hawked about Nova Scotia and found hard to sell; but the Leader of the Government boasts we are well off and have wonderful assets. He denied most emphatically that it was the policy of the Conservative Government to let matters drift, as insinuated by the Leader of the Opposition. The money spent on the roads last year was improperly spent because nothing was done on the roads. The Leader of the Government said expenditure had been increased on education. The cause of this was the erection and conduct of several political schools. Regarding the \$200,000 from capital at Ottawa he pointed out that the Premier's friends, the Grits, were in a majority in the Legislative Council when that bill was passed. Why did they pass it if they did not think it was quite right to do so? Exhibitions were the great training schools for our agriculturists. Why were we deprived of one this year? Why, he asked, was not the seat for West River filled? What is the Government's excuse for not calling an election in that district? It was not much wonder the Land Office receipts had diminished to almost the vanishing point, when we consider the enormous discounts that were allowed there by the present Government to their supporters. When the Liberals were in opposition they constantly harped on the "exodus" from the Province; but the people are leaving the Province now in much larger numbers than formerly, as shown by the census returns, and not much wonder, when such a Government is permitted to mismanage and squander our public finances. The policy of the Government is well calculated to drive the young men out of the country.

Hon. Mr. Rogers, after speaking a short time on Thursday evening moved the adjournment of the debate. The debate was not resumed till near 10 o'clock on Monday evening. In this connection it is proper that the cowardly tactics of the Government should be exposed. After spending a great portion of Monday evening in caucus they came into the House after 9 o'clock, when business was resumed. But instead of taking up the budget debate at once as might most naturally have been expected almost an hour was spent in committee on a tax bill. Mr. Rogers then resumed the budget and spoke at some length. All this was done with the evident intention of preventing Mr. Mathieson from speaking before a crowded House. Such cowardly tactics as these serve to indicate the dread the Government have of hearing their numerous shortcomings criticised before the public. No stronger evidence of their political guilt could be imagined. Mr. Rogers spent most of his time discoursing about the \$200,000, and when he finished started for the Speaker's room to avoid the scathing he knew was waiting for him from Mr. Mathieson.

Mr. Mathieson began his speech a very considerable number of those who had come to listen to the debates still remained, and they were well repaid for their patience, for Mr. Mathieson's arraignment of the Government was masterly, exhaustive and scathing. He laid bare the political duplicity of Mr. Rogers in the matter of withdrawing the \$200,000 from Ottawa, which constituted the text of that gentleman's speech. In the Legislative Council on that occasion the late Alexander Laird moved in amendment to the bill that \$183,000 be withdrawn from capital, and Mr. Rogers voted for this amendment. When an amendment was moved to this that would destroy it, Mr. Rogers voted against the amendment to the amendment. But curiously enough, when the amendment of the Council was rejected by the House and the bill was sent back Mr. Rogers voted to withdraw \$250,000 from capital. Surely this showed sufficient fickleness for almost anything. It was a curious fact that while Mr. Rogers talked himself hoarse about the withdrawal from capital he had not one word to say about the numerous offices he fills. Mr. Mathieson showed from the report of the agricultural department that Mr. Rogers, as Commissioner, had done practically nothing for the salary he was drawing. Dealing with the debt and deficits of the Liberal Government, Mr. Mathieson held up to execration their scandalous record. The Grits never overestimated their expenditure, and when Premier Peters acknowledges at the start a deficit, we may depend it will be at least \$25,000. During the time they have been in office their average annual expenditure was \$36,000 greater than that of the Conservatives. They spent in this way some \$396,000 more than their predecessors. No matter what combination of figures the Leader of the Government might make the fact remains that we are \$700,000 in debt. Then the bogus capital account of the Government came in for a thorough dissection and exposure at the hands of Mr. Mathieson. So far as genuine capital expenditure is concerned the Conservatives spent as much as the Liberals, and did not try to hide it by means of a subterfuge. Then turning his attention to the question of taxation, Mr. Mathieson showed that the Liberals had collected \$404,390 in taxes since they came into power, while the Conservatives, during their term, had collected only \$83,000. In addition to this he pointed out the manner in which they wasted the assets of the Province in the shape of enormous discounts in the Land Office. It is not much wonder the assets in that department have dwindled to almost the vanishing point. The Liberals had milked the cow dry. These are the men, forsooth, who proclaim that the Conservatives should not have treated the receipts from public lands as ordinary revenue; these are the men who talk of extravagance by their opponents, when everybody knows they came into power with the cry of economy in the public service, and from the very start have drifted from bad to worse till now they have saddled on the Province a debt which shall never be paid. Regarding the boast of the Government that they have secured \$30,000 from Ottawa in consequence of the nonfulfillment of the terms of union as to winter communication, Mr. Mathieson called attention to the fact that in 1884 a claim was made by the Conservatives in this matter and the amount was placed at \$5,000,000. Mr. Rogers, the Commissioner of Agriculture, who was in the Legislature at that time said \$5,000,000 was not too much to ask. Now, this same Mr. Rogers was one of the delegation who went to Ottawa and accepted in lieu of this claim one million dollars, or the interest thereon at 3 per cent. In full settlement. Instead of \$30,000 a year we should have received \$150,000 a year. This is the way our Liberal friends are looking after the interests of the Province. Mr. Mathieson excoriated the Government on their duplicity and extravagance regarding the New Prince of Wales College, the new wing to the Asylum, the Hillsborough Bridge and numerous other public matters, but unfortunately our space will not permit us to go into these at any great length in this issue. His arraignment of the Government was complete, and they winced under his exhaustive analysis and withering sarcasm.

The debate was continued on Tuesday evening when Mr. McKinnon poured some very hot shot into the Government ranks and from their own statements and the reports of their own officials showed up their recklessness extravagance and duplicity. The committee stage was

reached before the House adjourned last night. The Government have increased the income tax from one per cent to one and a half per cent. The road tax one all mail persons from 21 to 70 is increased from 75 cts. to \$1.00. The tax on banks is increased from \$200 to \$1,000 except the Merchants' bank of P. E. I. where the tax is from \$100 to \$500. On page 9 of the Public Works Report, in connection with the expenditure for the Hospital for the Insane occurs this item: "D. Farquharson, Trustee, 6 1/2 years to '97 \$325. What does this mean? Mr. Farquharson a trustee during those years and was entitled to receive a salary as such; or was he a member of the Government and consequently debited from receiving the \$50 a year? In either case it seems most extraordinary that this philanthropist should be paid this sum of \$325, as soon as he ceases to be Premier of this Province. The Government of the day does some wonderful things to be sure!

Ottawa Weekly Letter.

OTTAWA, April 12th, 1902. THE WEEK IN PARLIAMENT. The budget debate concluded early Tuesday morning. Hon. J. Israel Tarte and Mr. John Charlton, who had been in order to escape voting against the government. The Liberals present registered a solid vote against "Canada for Canadians." The last speeches of the debate brought out forceful criticisms of the "Fit Reform" method of government, from Messrs. Broder, Lennox, Northrup, Ward, Keadry, Clancy, Henderson and others. Charges of perjury and maladministration were made in connection with the scandalous record of the Liberal administration. Hon. F. W. Gordon, Minister of the Interior, refused to recognize the claims of South African miners for precedence in appointments to the coronation contingent. Mr. Blair's bill to establish a railway commission, whose duties will be to supervise all roads in Canada with the exception of the Intercolonial, was brought down. It will go over until next session. ANOTHER AMERICAN PURCHASE. All the planks in the Liberal platform of 1897 might be struck out of the stamp-cancelling machine which Hon. William Mulock is importing from the United States. THE COST OF THE CENSUS. According to statements made for the Government in the House of Commons the census of 1891 cost \$496,994, and the census of 1896 cost \$711,115. That of 1901 has cost \$886,298 to date, and is expected to cost altogether \$1,170,000. The cost of the census is a heavy burden on the Government, but it is a necessary expense.

WHAT THE INTERCOLONIAL COSTS. The Intercolonial railway, as it is conducted at present, is the most expensive heavy Canadian industry since 1867. Mr. Blair has exposed the capital account \$8,773,783. He has lost in operating the road \$901,424, so that his aggregate over-expenditure has been nearly \$10,000,000 during five years. The average annual excess of outlay over revenue has been over \$2,000,000. Under Conservative rule the total capital expenditure and deficits on the Intercolonial during a similar period from 1892 to 1896 was a little over \$2,000,000. Mr. Blair's claim, that his is a progressive policy is self-evident—from an expense standpoint. A LIESON FOR MACHINE MEN. In the Court of King's Bench, Judge Wurtels recently sentenced Eugene Gagne, to two years in St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary, for impersonating voters and perjury during the municipal elections at Montreal. The long term of imprisonment meted out to Gagne should serve as an object lesson to those who have engaged in machine politics in Ontario. Private persons have at last found it necessary to conduct prosecutions, when those in authority, whose duty it is to bring the guilty to justice, fail to do their duty. During the coming campaign in Ontario violations of the elections laws will be met by equally severe measures. The day of the political thing is rapidly drawing to a close, now that prison doors have been thrown open for his reception. MR. TARTE DIDN'T VOTE. Hon. J. Israel Tarte refused to vote against the amendment offered by the Leader of the Opposition, in connection with the present tariff to be unsatisfactory and calling for adequate protection for Canadian products. The Minister of Public Works has warned the Government that the trade of the country needs support; he threatened to take Sir Richard Cartwright to the court in the event of that gentleman becoming too demonstrative for Free Trade; he has left for New York and thus avoided the necessity of voting against the Government. Had he remained in Ottawa, Mr. Tarte would have undoubtedly supported the protective tariff, which he so warmly advocates. Mr. John Charlton also absented himself from the House, and thus withdrew his support from the "Fit Reform" Government. Other strong Liberal protestations, who delivered themselves against the tariff to the Government, voted blindly against their professions of faith. MORE SARTRE METHODS. The ways of the Public Works Department are deep and dark. In the Auditor General's report appears an account for round timber supplied by a Quebec gentleman whose knowledge of timber is confined to his government contracts. He was a Conservative, and a man to be feared; he was squared with a contract for round timber, and thus got out of the way. The Public Works Department agreed to pay him 12 and 18 cents per cubic foot for round timber. The gentleman went about the country and purchased his stock for 6 and 12 cents per cubic foot, and then sold it to the Government at 12 and 18 cents. He did not even buy an axe. All he did was to send in his bill, which was paid. This is an opponent of the government was converted, and the country was called upon to pay in one case 100 per cent extra, and in the other case 50 per cent above the actual cost of the goods. REMARKABLE CENSUS SCANDALS. In order to provide the census returns of 1891 were distorted, Hon. Mr. Fisher, Sir Richard Cartwright and Hon. Wm. Patterson have accused thousands of Canadians of perjury. They say that the men who discharged the duties of census enumerators in 1891 violated their oath of office by conspiring to manipulate the returns for the benefit of the then government. The opposition have demanded an investigation of this alleged outrage. The Government must either retract or prove

reached before the House adjourned last night. The Government have increased the income tax from one per cent to one and a half per cent. The road tax one all mail persons from 21 to 70 is increased from 75 cts. to \$1.00. The tax on banks is increased from \$200 to \$1,000 except the Merchants' bank of P. E. I. where the tax is from \$100 to \$500. On page 9 of the Public Works Report, in connection with the expenditure for the Hospital for the Insane occurs this item: "D. Farquharson, Trustee, 6 1/2 years to '97 \$325. What does this mean? Mr. Farquharson a trustee during those years and was entitled to receive a salary as such; or was he a member of the Government and consequently debited from receiving the \$50 a year? In either case it seems most extraordinary that this philanthropist should be paid this sum of \$325, as soon as he ceases to be Premier of this Province. The Government of the day does some wonderful things to be sure!

THE GROWING DEBT. Hon. W. S. Fielding prides himself on the small increase in the public debt since the Liberals have taken office, and points with the finger of scorn to the enormous jump the debt took under Conservative rule. The Finance Minister denies altogether the great expenditures for developing this country, which were made from 1878 to 1896 by the Conservative party. If we take these into consideration together with amounts paid by the Liberals for similar services, the credit is all on the side of the Conservatives. The great expenditures by the two parties have been: C. P. R. \$65,000,000 \$33,000,000 Canals \$36,000,000 14,250,000 Prov. debts \$10,000,000 297,000 I. C. R. 20,500,000 8,250,000 \$134,500,000 \$22,500,000 From 1878 to 1896 the gross debt of Canada increased \$150,760,298, while from 1896 to 1901 it has increased \$29,014,846. Add to this the estimated increase of \$5,000,000 for 1902 and the total will reach \$35,014,846. Deducing the extraordinary expenditures above mentioned for the great debt of ordinary purposes during 18 years of Conservative rule the debt was increased \$18,960,333; and under years of Liberal rule the increase for ordinary purposes was \$12,214,846. This shows that the average annual increase in the debt for ordinary purposes under Conservative rule was \$1,053,237; while under Mr. Fielding's direction the annual average growth has been \$635,907. The average is going up year after year.

The parishioners of St. Peter's intend having a tea party in the vicinity of the church at St. Peter's Bay on Dominion Day, Tuesday, July 1st. Don't forget the date and make no other engagement for that day. In the Senate on Monday Senator Ferguson brought up the statement of Premier Peters that he "expected to receive a million dollars from the Fishery Award. The Secretary of State said he was no less surprised than Senator Ferguson when he read the statement. No decision had been given respecting the Fishery Award. In this issue will be found the advertisement of the sale of building lots in the vicinity of North River Road and Highland Avenue, to take place on Saturday 29th, April inst. These are high, dry and beautifully located lots, and those fronting on North River Road are in touch with the water work's a pipe passing along the road right past this land. This sale offers a rare chance to all desirous of purchasing choice building lots at reasonable rates. There is no more desirable locality for building in Charlottetown or vicinity than this very place.

RESOLUTION OF CONDOLENCE. At the last regular meeting of Branch No. 338, C. M. B. A. Hope River the following resolution was moved by Bro. Edward Moliseac and seconded by Bro. Alex. Steele and adopted unanimously: Whereas it has pleased Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to remove by the hand of death, Mamie, the eldest daughter of our esteemed Bro. and Chancellor, W. C. Hogan; be it Resolved that we the members of Branch No. 338 do convey to her grief stricken parents, brothers and sisters an expression of our deep and sincere sorrow and sympathy with them in their bereavement. F. P. CULLEN Rec. Sec.

BRITISH BUDGET. LONDON, April 15.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, delivered the budget yesterday. The expenditure of the coming year is estimated at £174,000,000, of which £45,450,000 is for war charges. The income tax is increased by one penny in the pound. A tax of three pence per hundred on grain and five pence per hundred on meal is levied.

AMALGAMATED. MONTREAL, April 15.—The Dominion Steel Co. and Dominion Coal Co. perfected their amalgamation here yesterday. The Coal Company shareholders receive from the Steel Company 3 per cent dividend in stocks. The Coal Company pays off its bonds in preferred stock, to which five million dollars of new common stock will be issued at 1.20.

SALE OF BUILDING LOTS. I am instructed by Mr. James McIsaac, to sell at public Auction, on Saturday, April 26th, inst., Thirteen Choice Building Lots Fronting North River Road and Highland Avenue, Charlottetown. The land is bounded on the south by the premises of Mr. Charles R. Smallwood, on the west by the North River Road, on the north by Highland Avenue and on the east by the premises of Mr. H. McLeod. The lots are high and dry and are beautifully located. There is not in this City a more choice location for building. The lots fronting on North River Road are in touch with the Charlottetown water supply and consequently are doubly valuable. This sale offers a rare opportunity to all desirous of purchasing at moderate terms. For diagram of lots see posters. Sale commences at 11 o'clock a. m. Terms made known at sale. R. BRANSTO, Auctioneer. Charlottetown, April 17, 1902.

In South Africa. Lord Kitchener reports severe fighting at the end of last week in the Transvaal in which two hundred Boers were killed, wounded or captured and the British had a hundred casualties. Among the Boers killed was commandant Potgieters.

DIED. In this city, on April 9th, Minnie Gormly, aged 24 years. R. I. P. At Albany on April 10th, James Cameron, aged 72 years leaving three sons and two daughters to mourn. At the residence of her sons, No. 433 Broadway, Chelsea, Mass., Mrs. Mary Sherry formerly of Charlottetown. R. I. P. In this city, at her late residence, on Kent Street, on the 15th of April, Marjorie McBeth, widow of the late John Scott, aged 79 years. At Elmira Lot 47, on March 22nd John H. Campbell, aged 80 years, leaving a widow, one daughter and two sisters to mourn. Mrs. F. Cullen, Charlottetown is a sister of the deceased. May his soul rest in peace. At Lot 14, on the 12th inst. Daniel MacLennan, aged 48 years, leaving a widow and a large circle of relatives and friends. R. I. P. In this city, on the 15th inst., Harry Burns, son John Burns, in the 29th year of his age.—R. I. P. At South Bend, Indiana, of appendicitis on the 11th inst. Richard Orchard Cotton, aged 47 years. Deceased was a native of this Province and left here about twenty years ago and visited his native home but once since then. He leaves to mourn a widow and one son in South Bend and his mother and two brothers in this Province. Mr. W. L. Cotton, Editor of the Examiner is a brother of the deceased.

Obituary. We deeply regret to record the death of Catherine Ann McDonald, beloved wife of John McDonald, jr., Head of Hillsborough, Lot 33, which took place after a few days illness, on Monday the 7th inst. Deceased was an exemplary Christian woman, an affectionate wife and devoted mother and a kind and charitable neighbor and will be much missed in the neighborhood in which she lived. The services in which she was held was evidenced by the large concourse of people who attended her funeral to the parish church at St. Andrews on Wednesday the 9th, upwards of one hundred carriages being in the cortege. A Solemn Pontifical Mass of Requiem was celebrated by his Lordship the Bishop, cousin of the deceased, with Rev. Dugald McDonald as high priest, Rev. R. J. Gillis deacon, Rev. P. D. McGuigan sub deacon and Rev. A. McAulay master of ceremonies. Rev. A. J. McDonald assisted in the choir, and Rev. A. P. McLellan pastor of St. Andrew's and Rev. I. R. A. McDonald of St. Teresa's occupied places in the sanctuary. She leaves to mourn, a disconsolate husband and two daughters. To these we extend our sympathy in their sore bereavement. May her soul rest in peace. For some weeks past the Angel of Death has been hovering about the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hogan, Hope River on Tuesday April 8th, the stern messenger gained admission and summoned from this world to her eternal reward their eldest child Mamie L. in the 27th year of her age. Death at any time and under any circumstances is accompanied by sorrow but in sad and dreary are very hard to bear particularly when a beloved one is called at an early age and in the bloom of youth. Knowing this we can easily understand how the family of Mr. and Mrs. Hogan are prostrated with grief at this the first break in their family circle. The deceased was possessed of a bright and amiable disposition, which made her a general favorite not only in the home circle, but among all who had the privilege and honor of her acquaintance. She also was possessed of all those gentle and desirable traits of character which distinguish true womanhood and to know her was to love her. During her early youth she spent several terms at Rustico Convent where she won the love and esteem of both Sisters and fellow students. She afterwards attended Stanley High School passed the Matriculation Examination of the Prince of Wales College successfully and graduated from that institution with a second class honours. For several years she was one of our most successful teachers, teaching at Clermont, Hope River and Mill Vale. About a month ago she was attacked by pleurisy and pneumonia and during her illness all possible was done for her by her physicians Drs Fleming and Honeywell, but despite their best efforts and the kind attention of friends she gradually sank and she died on the night of April 8th, during her illness no word of complaint ever escaped her lips and although at first she would like to live, yet when she heard that the end was near calm resignation stamped itself on her once bright countenance. Being daily visited by her pastor and strengthened by the last consolations of God's Holy Church her gentle spirit went to meet its Creator firmly trusting in a Merciful God. The funeral took place Thursday April 10th, and although the day was wet, it was one of the largest ever seen in that section. The pall-bearers were Messrs Thomas McGuigan, Bruce Power, Thomas Pendergast, John Bolan, Alexander Steele and Thomas Bolger and the funeral services were conducted by the pastor Rev. J. E. McDonald while Mrs John McGuigan at the organ rendered most suitable to the solemn occasion. The funeral cortege moved slowly to the cemetery where the last sad rites were performed amid the tears of relatives and the sympathy of friends. To the sorrowing parents brothers and sisters the sincere sympathy of the community is tendered. May their sorrow in their great loss be lessened by the assurance that her short and virtuous life on earth has won for her a glorious reward in Heaven.—Com.

The Prices. There was a fair market yesterday. The only changes to note are in potatoes and oats, which are taken an advance since last week. Potatoes are now 32c. an advance of two cents over last week, and oats 43c., an advance of one cent. Other prices remain unchanged. Butter, (fresh) 0.22 to 0.25 Butter (salt) 0.21 to 0.22 Beef (small) per lb. 0.08 to 0.10 Oats (small) 0.07 to 0.07 1/2 Calf skins 0.06 to 0.06 Ducks 0.50 to 0.70 Eggs, p. doz 0.10 to 0.12 Geese 0.80 to 1.00 Hides 0.03 to 0.04 Hay, per 100 lbs. 0.50 to 0.55 Lamb 0.05 to 0.08 Lamb (carcasses) 0.41 to 0.05 Mutton, per lb. 0.05 to 0.08 Oats (small) 0.07 to 0.07 1/2 Oatmeal (per cwt) 3.30 to 3.25 Potatoes (buyers price) 0.32 to 0.32 Pork (small) 0.10 to 0.12 Pork (carcasses) 0.11 to 0.12 Sheep pelts 0.50 to 0.65 Turkeys 0.10 to 0.12 Minard's Liniment cures dandruff.

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