Wednesday, October 12, 1910.

THE WEST, REGINA, SASKATCHEWAN

PAGE FOUR

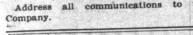


THE SASKATCHEWAN 1772 Rose Street, Regina, Sask.

The WEST is published every Wednesday

and other foreign countries, One Dollar and Fifty Cents (\$1.50) per annum. All

Advertising rates furnished on appli- lation reaches 1,200,000. In other tressed country. Extension westward cation.



WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1910.

THE LANDS

At Kelliher recently Provincial Secretary Calder made a valiant effort chewan can never do so, it matters not to explain away several bad features, how valuable the resources within its both of the land terms of the territory may prove to be. All Sas-Autonomy bargain, and of the provincial finances generally. Driven by the irresistible conclusions of cold facts to a realization that in the face of the

ATION. demands now being made upon the One of Eastern Canada's leading Government for various public ser-

turns from school lands trust fund. As circumstances leading up to it have will be 1,525 miles. is well known the fund has nothing given rise to considerable discussion. sidy received in lieu of the lands, and was not mentioned by members of That he should have resigned for the the Government until this year when, in order to improve their defence, they

grasped at this straw. Referring to the land subsidy, Mr.

we must not forget the fact that the Province now owns one-eighteenth of all its land, or two sections in each ada's greatest province. township, which were set aside away back in the early 70's as an endowing comment on the situation: ment for educational purposes." The

Province does not own one-eighteenth of its land area and never did. What Council, and was told a professor Parliament did was to set aside two Marshall says: 'I was taken to task sections in each township for school for addressing the Trades and Labor Council and was told a professor tenance to the across-Russia waterpurposes. These lands were to be to be invested in Dominion bonds the should not associate with the riff- way is estimated at \$6,500,000. revenue from which to be paid to raff.' One would not expect Professor the Provinces. This arrangement

of criticism. Any man who does not public lands or not. Mr. Calder con- be attacked and misrepresented. It is somewhat disappointed that he was with news of perception to suspect

nake out a case! One who reads Mr. Calder's reason- The report of last year's operation ing at Kelliher cannot help but think by the company and the announce that he presumed upon the intelligence ment of new developments, such as PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED, of his audience. For instance, he went the creation of a faster Atlantic seron to say that when Saskatchewan's vice, lend interest to the historica population was 1,200,000 its revenue side of the enterprise, and bring in from the lands would be about \$2,000, to prominence the struggle for its suc-

an amazing comparison in order to territory that will give homes to

000 or \$1.65 per capita, against cess. The five Canadians who have Subscription price: One Donar (\$1.00) per annum to all parts of Canada and the British Empire. To United States cents per capita from the same from the very beginning have rendersources. He did not, however, tell his ed great services to Canada, each in audience that the land subsidy paid his sphere, for without our first trans subscriptions payable in advance. Ar-rears charged at Flity Cents per year Saskatchewan would never exceed continental the Dominion would be to \$1.125,000, the amount paid when popul day a small and probably much dis-

> words, the land subsidy paid by the and the capture of the great area Dominion Government, exclusive of formerly owned by the Hudson's Bay trust, will never exceedf \$1,125,000. Now Ontario stands in this position, that it can increase its revenue from Canadians helped to give reality to the public resources whenever it cares their dreams. to do so. As a matter of fact the Ontario Legislature put on an extra BIG CANAL.

> Quebec also recently imposed a tax on Projected by Russia to Connect Baltic and Caspian.

katchewan's increase in value is taken greatest inland waterway in the world they said. by Ottawa.

PROFESSOR MARSHALL'S RESIGN.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 9.-The Russian

government is preparing to spend more than \$67,000,000 in building the

pian and Black seas. The completion for accordinly, the sum, including appeared around the embossed postof this vast project is expected to cost of drawings and patterns, reach-

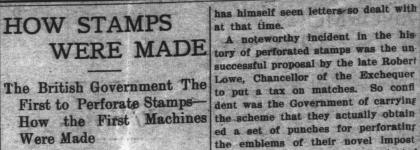
revolutionize the economic conditions ing two thousand four hundred pounds, which amount one of the firm There are two steps in the underin the Czar's dominions in Europe.

taking. The first is to join the river the realm, in payment. The firm in vices, the land subsidy received from educationalists is today principal of Drina with the Dneiper at Vitebsk and question was David Napier and Son the Dominion is very inadequate. Mr. the Weyburn High School. Professor Orsha. Thesecond is to connect the who were then in business in Vine Calder endeavored to improve the John Marshall was for some years con- Drina with the Volga, using the rivers Street, Lambeth. They were specialshowing by including, as he did at nected with Queen's University, and Mesha, Vobspa, Warusa, Moskva and ists in machinery, having constructed Rosetown, earlier in the year, the re- resigned. The resignation and the Oka. The total length of the route several notable novelties, among them

Moscow, which is the greatest com in use at the Bank of England. Mr. Marshall is a strong man and has mercial centre of Russia, will be con-The contrivance for perforating was whatever to do with the land sub-sidy received in lieu of the lands, and advanced views on many subjects. nected by cheap means of transporta-the invention of a foreigner, who sold reason given instead of fighting is a Empire, and the whole of Central Rushowever, by no means perfect, as it

surprise to his intimate friends, who sia will be put in easy touch with the was meant to deal with paper which know that he has the courage of his seas both north and south. convictions. The unfortunate disagreement has the bright side, as it of all Russian inland commerce. There tooth to tooth had to be introduced, a Calder said at Kelliher: "Then again has given to Saskatchewan an educa. are more than 2,200 steamers on it tionalist and a man who will exercise and 8,500 other vessels carrying passa good influence in what will be Can- engers and freight with a total capacity of nearly 9,000,000 tons. Russia The Toronto News has the follow. up to the present has never done much to improve her waterways. She has "In stating his reasons for leaving spent in the last half century \$3,000,-Queen's University, Professor John 000,000 on her rivers and canals, although the waterways now carry as much traffic as the waterways. The annual cost of repairs and main-

public lands or not. Mr. Calder con-siders this arrangement a very fortun-



A member of Parliament protested against the extravagance of the Ex-The perforation of postage stamps is a very important feature. In or ecutive, declaring that a complete perforating apparatus could have been about the year 1854 the commissioners in Bi mingham for fifty of Inland Revenue showed a most bought pounds, about one-eighth of the price anxious desire for the perforation to of a machine-so little did the speaker be undertaken without a moment's know about the unavoidable heavy the proceeds from the school lands Company was the policy of the far- loss of time. They consulted a well expense attending mechanical work seeing men of the Confederation known firm of engineers on the sub- when caried out with a nicety amo ing almost to methematical ject, and gave then the order for four It may not be out of place to re nachines; and so pressing did they mark that in the year 1860 the late consider the business that they would Mr. W. H. Smith, who became a not even wait for an estimate of the Cabinet Minister, told the writer that cost, the preparation of which would his firm paid the Government one have occupied some days. "Get on hundred pounds weekly for postage

with the order with all possible des. stamps. His was one of a few firms patch, and we will pay you for the who adopted a die-cup on which was work at the price at which you fix engraved the name of the firm. This uncontracted jobs by, your usual sys cup was fixed in the Government press and on its being subjected to the tem of charging," is what, in effect process of inking simultaneously with the stamp die, the name of the firm

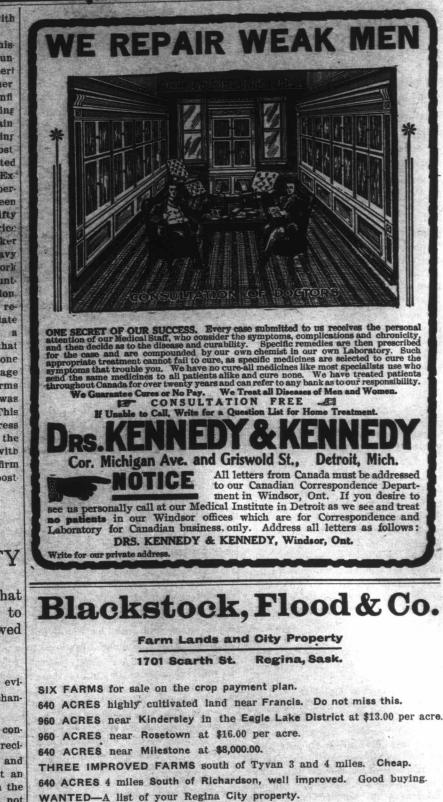
RECIPROCITY

English Newspapers Fear That Reciprocity Will Lead to Commercial Union Followed by Annexation

A London despatch that has evidently percolated through U.S. char nels savs:

did not shrink. To meet the shrink-"British Imperialists are much col cerned at the prospect of trade reci procity between the United States and provision the ingenuity of which must Canada and attach to the project an be ascribed to David Napier and Son. importance not yet accorded it on the The Government possessed the paother side of the Atlantic. It is not tent for some time ere they thought too much to say that many of the wise it necessary to use it. What the reamen of England believe such a son was for urging on the speed of scheme is but the first step toward the n anufacture of the machines with union of Canada with the United extraordinary celerity did not become States and the disruption of the Britknown at the time; but it is fair to ish Empire. Indignation and alarm assume that the issue of forged were manifested in many quarters a stamps had something, if not all, to the news that President Taft had obdo with it. In the matter of stamps tained the consent of Ambassador other than postage, the revenue, i' Bryce to the waiving by his govern was said, was at one time defrauded ment of the formality of negotiating the

of a hundred thousand pounds an reciprocity treaty through the British Victoria, B. C., Oct. 10. - Feeling nually. This being so it requires no embassy. As a result, the United States will deal directly with Canada and it is believed here that President not to flee even though a hundred men F. Carten Cotton, president of the surely presented itself in carrying ou Taft will rush the matter with all speed, before the London officials have



WANTED-A farm to rent. WANTED-A list of that farm you want to sell. WANTED-A man with money to buy a section.

In Regina Pharmacy

PRESS COMMENT

(Telegram.)



## CROFT

Wednesday, O

Yorkton Dominior Furnish tion-Lan legally Company

> Yorkton, O Crofter lands, pany is trying settlement, an adopted by Lands Office The Enterpris for publicatio against these last issue, ha throughout trict and has grimages to fice and T search of furth interested. C as published tainly not dim respect to thes The informa terprise was knowledgment each of the for of Crofter lan have been gra 44 of the Dom which have be perial Colonia Charles W. Sex Minn. The ac Lands, N. G. ing this inform that this infor the Yorkton and a wire to the Interior a this reply rep September 30: "Upon sur minion Lan lettergram furnish your ment showin al charges a township twe five, ranges second, pate six, subject

Then a stran most remarkab currence. Info to be had up cording to the ion Lands. was

fice and somet

about-this info

discovered and

promptly proce

it is instructed

tawa? Oh no!

hawed, quoted

minion Lands A

"providing sett

demanded a wi

description of e

arote sheet of

their obstructiv

The Enterprise

knowledge of it

in the matter-

powerless to t

from them-t

menced their s Over Ty

A record of t

cure the inform

teresting as

most patiently

ous or seeing

overworked on

commenced at

was continued

at 5 o'clock M

desired inform

work to find o

acknowledgmen

forty-nine qua

No wonder an

minion Lands,"

stead Inspecto

how many oth

in an office that

the work it

smaller staff.

The largest

these lands is

is \$44.85. Thi

approximately

the priginal ad

cumulated in

the many yea

vacant, But

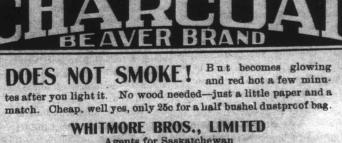
Very

pose of exto

three o'clock

But did thes

Dominion La



CI OF TORONTO

1719 Scarth Street, Kegina

tax lately, which is expected to bring in over \$300,000 per annum; while the same resources which is expected to net \$700,000 annually. But Saskat-

school lands bring the highest obtain. he has taken has been a friend of the council. able price in the open market. The cause which he professes to champion ceives in lieu of all the public lands is opinion on public questions, but so far er newspaper and is retiring from busionly one per cent., based on a baluation of \$1.50 per acre.

At Kelliher Mr. Calder used the old and long-exploded argument that if the Province had received the public lands it would have had to sell pressed." them for revenue purposes. The truth is that there would have been no necessity for doing so. Even had such been done it would have been no

more than the Dominion Government with the founding of the Canadian Pahas done with the pre-emptions. Durcific Railway, now the greatest enhas received in land subsidies \$2,243,- terprise of the kind in the world, five ing attorney general. 750. Now, if instead of receiving these remain with us. One is Sir Charles land subsidies in lieu of the land rev- Tupper, who, as a member of Sir John enues, the claim made by Mr. Haultain Macdonald's Government, carried of \$1 per acre for the lands granted away to railway companies had been nearly \$700,000 more than it has re- In Parliament he made a magnificent 1908 the Dominion Government has expositions of the terms agreed upon. sold to settlers in the Province of Saskatchewan alone nearly \$10,000,000 worth of land at \$3 per acre, on which a baronet, and a member of the it collects 5 per cent. interest. In King's Privy Council, Sir Charles is other words, the Dominion Govern- now enjoying a well-deserved rest in

ment will receive this year \$500,000 in his quiet home in Kent. While Sir interest alone on these sales. Is that Charles fought the battle of railway not selling the lands for revenue? But development in the West, two other who gets the revenue? The Dominion Canadians undertook the financial re-Government

A. Smith and George Stephen. By Mr. Calder's Kelliher speech is also Messrs. Smith and Stephen heavy remarkable for the amazing compariliabilities were incurred, great risks sons he makes between Saskatchewan were shouldered. At one time in the derive from land sources. He places history of the undertaking disaster Ontario's revenue from the lands, forests and mines for ten months during and were successful. Today Mr. 1909 at \$2,028,224, and by making deductions aggregating \$669,632 he fig- Lards, as Lord Strathcona, and Mr. ures out Ontario's net revenue from Stephen is Lord Mount Stephen. The these sources at \$1,358,592. Among former is in his ninetieth year, the these deductions he includes-accord- later is eighty-one. Co-operating with ing to the Regina Leader report- the two financial men in the construc--\$102,124 for "civil government." tion of the road were two railway ex-Now if he is to make such deduction perts, William Van Horne and Thos from Ottawa's revenue, he must also Shaughnessy. The former was well to make them from Saskatchewan's rev- the front; the latter was an executive enue; in other words, as Saskatche- office. These gentlemen supervised wan's expenditure last year on "civil the work of construction and managed government" was \$208,273, he must de the road as it came into operation. duct that from her land subsidy. Both have been honored with knight Against this ten months' revenue for hoods for their services to Canada and Ontario he places the total twelve the Empire, and, one, Sir Thomas months' revenue for Saskatchewan, Shaughnessy, is still in active service derived from both school lands and These are the survivors of the men land subsidy, and works out a per- who gave the Canadian Pacific its capita revenue for the former of 52 start and thus opened up to Canada cents, and for the latter of \$1.36. What a new empire, and to civilization

the Province should receive for school pursue. If there is a fault to be found purposes the revenue from one-eight- with Canadian University professors Would it not have been much better but too seldom before Trades and La cepted. Hon. Price Ellison becomes tem, and a clever engraver could at had the Province received the revenue bor Councils. Between workmen and minister of finance and agriculture, had the Province received the revenue from all the public lands in the Proriom all the public lands in the Pro-vince, instead of handing it over to more intimate relation than has ye' in as minister of lands, in place of surface or letterpress system. Messrs vince, instead of handing it over to Ottawa, as is done at present? It been established. It is hard to think Ellison. A. E. McPhillips, member for De La Rue and Company were the is also to be remembered that the that Professor Marshall in the course the Islands, becomes president of the first to supply the Government with

Cotton's retirement is not surpris- ders from other countries for the like able price in the open market. The Individual professors will differ in ing, for he recently sold his Vancouv- issues.

as we can ascertain it is unjust to say ness and political activities with a milthat the authorities of Queen's were lion or so to the good. He is a repreinfluenced in their treatment of Mr sentative in the legislature for Rich-Marshall by any opinions which he mond and it is not probable that he holds or any opinions which he has ex will run again. The late Captain Tat to Napier and Son for the necessary

ment and since Tatlow's death Cotton FIVE GREAT CANADIANS. has not got along any too well with McBride and Attorney General Bow Of the prominent men connected ser, and the changes made in the cab inet today are really strong personal gains in the government for the fight

May Unite.

Times, noting that C. M. Hayes and that they had no intention of blocking through Parliament the legislation necessary to the successful prosecu- Mackenzie and Mann had interviews was perfectly just — the Province to the service he undertook great in any significance it attachable. It says to be distinctly understood that they had not abandoned the patent. They tellectual and physical powers, and the amalgamation of the G. T. P. and gave the necessary permission. Per panies and in the Canadian railway ceived in lieu of all the lands. Since presentation of his case. Outside of situation there is abundant justificathe House he was irresistible in his tion for the scheme.

> In his ninetieth year, full of honors luberculosis

Plenty of fresh air, sponsibilities. These were Donald sleeping out-doors and a plain, nourishing diet are all good and helpful, but the most important of all is

## **Scott's Emulsion** It is the standard treatment prescribed by physicians all over the world for this dread disease. It

is the ideal food-medicine to heal the lungs and build up the wasting body. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Sand 10c., name of paper and this ad. for our beautiful Savings Bank and Child's Sketch-Book. Each bank contains a Good Luck Penny. SCOTT & BOWNE 126 Welli ton St., West, Tor

council, today handed in his resigna so nefarious a design. The stamps tion to Premier McBride, it was ac were printed by the copper plate sys the time the British Parliament convenes next month, and the American Congress in December, the treaty negotiation will be well under way. The attitude of British political econ omists towards United States-Canadian reciprocity is expressed by a writer in the National Review in the following

time for a sober second

these, afterwards receiving large orlanguage:

"It is no exaggeration to state that within the next few months the whole fiscal, and, simultaneously, the whole The country which, after the elapse political and social future of the emof some years, was the first to follow pire may be decided. And that decision will be made at Washington. No postage stamps was France. The less a significance can be attached to French Government gave the order the forthcoming negotiations for a reci-

low ,former minister of finance, was Cotton's great friend in the govern-with the work. But they had reckon States and Canada. It is, therefore, of the utmost importance that all who ed without the British Government who, on being informed of what was have at heart the imperial idea should in progress, called on the engineers to strain every nerve to prevent so fatal explain why it had been taken fo an event. That this disaster will be averted is the confident hope of the granted that they, the holders of the patent, were indifferent to the inven present writer, but the magnitude of tion being adopted by an outsider the interests involved is, nevertheless, a sufficient justification with all ser without permission from those who could alone give it. The Government iousness.'

London, Oct. 11 .- The Financial in the end assured the manufacturer the order of the French Government; the Elgin - Macy treaty which was such a project. Heedless of the noise earned by the exercise of public spirit but at the same time they wished i' in force between Canada and the Unit and clamor of transient issues, he is admitted—and which Mr. Scott said was perfectly just—the Province to he moderable great in with Hon. G. P. Graham, wonders if but at the same time they wished i in force between Canada and the Unit and clamber of transient issues, he is to be distinctly understood that they ed States from 1854 to 1866. At that silently working out a plan which may alone \$600,000 a year. In five years it was a vast deal of talk about annexa and will for fifth an initial fillinortality great these days, but Alberta's great suc-would have received \$3,000,000, or be derived these days, but Alberta's great suced that the British Government could part of British statesmen and the poli from beating the tin-pans of partisan cess at Spokane is by no means the tical leaders of the southern United politics."

not defend their contention, flaws be ing visible to the searching eye of the States prevented a crisis. The latter experts. Other Governments follow. feared that the annexation of Canada ed in the wake of France, the first to to the Union would give the North ar do so being the Prussian Government. overwhelming strength in the struggle

The motion in the mind of the pub- over state's rights and slavery then In the application of dry farming brewing. This early reciprocity treaty lic probably is that an entire sheet was confined to natural resources, ex and the results obtained from it Alof stamps is perforated at one opercluding manufactures, and the United berta has borne away the laurels ation. What the practice is at the States got "distinctly the worst of the from her more experienced neighbors present moment we are not prepared bargain."

to explain; but the method pursued In 1874, the writer points out, anfor many years after the machines other reciprocity treaty was proposed triumph to have beaten the farmers were installed was to treat five sheets but failed of ratification by the United of the dry belts of Montana, Idaho. laid one on the other in the machine States Senate. In 1891 Sir Wilfrid and Washington in this form of agriat once, and perforate five single rows Laurier, prime minister of Canada of stamps at a time. Thus sixty culture. stamps would be perforated at each proposed reciprocal and absolute com-

mercial freedom between Canada and rise and fall of the punches which the United States," but, adds the re those stretches of sage brush in early Eight years later, in 1909, a further cut out the holes. At each rise and viewer, "the general election which days it seems incredible that it should decrease of English Catholics was refall, the rack which was attached to ensued had a chastening effect upon have become possible to raise any- ported, amounting to 3,251, while the the frame which held the paper was the Liberal party and taught it that thing on them except a disturbance. French-speaking people increased by actuated forward until the required th country suspected that annexation Yet marvels have been accomplished 3,751. The relative population of the number of rows were punched. It was lurking in the background." by the careful conservation in the Catholics of both races is given as: will be gathered that owing to the After summing up the difficulties in soil of such moisture as there is, and English, 27,550; French, 32,000.

varying shrinkage of the paper the sheets of stamps had to be sorted out into lots with a uniform shrinkage at least, this blow will be averted." "If able of yielding abundant crops. The Ducharme, of Belle Reviere, secretary before they could be placed on the machines.

ize the enormous potentialities of incalculable. That truly astonishing Canadians as follows: In Bothwell, Between sixty and seventy years ago only two values of postage stamps Canada and are prepared to make country bids fair to rival any known 1,446; in Essex, 19,993; in Huron, 1,were issued-the penny stamp printed smaller demands with the purpose of portion of the globe in the variety of 150; in Kent, 4,891; in Simcoe, 6,043; in red and the two penny in blue. It securing the future. The outlook, from its productive qualities. a total of 33.523.

was a common practice then to take the imperial point of view, is of the It is extremely gratifying to know A count of families in 18 western letters to the post office and pay the utmost gravity and yet the British that Canada, far from lagging behind parishes gives a total of 4,785. For postage with money, the assistant people decline to say the word which in this more modern development of example, Amherstburg has 450 French taking the letter into his keeping af will banish forever all such anxieties agriculture, is in the lead, and that stamilies, Chatham 100; Sandwich 500; ter making a slant line across the ad and establish the future of the empire." the Canadian farmers of Alberta are Tilbury 450, Walkerville 330, Wallace dress with a red pencil. The writer Another writer on the same sub- not merely the peers but the superiors burg 100, and Windsor 700.

MONEY TO LOAN Mortgage Loans made to farmers at lowest current rate of interest and on favorable terms of repayment. No time lost in completing loans. Expenses moderate. General Agents in Saskatchewan for:-The London Mutual Fire Insurance Company. The Rimouski Fire Insurance Company The Dominion Fire Insurance Company Equity Fire Insurance Company The The Calgary Fire Insurance Company The National Provincial Plate Glass Insurance Company The Saskatchewan Guarantee and Fidelity Company WANTED-Local agents for Fire Insurance and Bonds. All unrepresented districts. McCALLUM, HILL & CO. Real Estate and Financial Agents, REGINA, SASK. The National Review writer traces ject says that "President Taft is ex- of their neighbors, while Canadian

the history of the events leading uptc actly the sort of a man to succeed in communities have carried off the prizes in the display of the products of their early period, it is pointed out, there result in the annexation of Canada, tributary territory. Many honors are was a vast deal of talk about annexa and win for him an immortality great coming the way of Western Ganada

## (Toronto News.

Interesting statistics concerning the French-Canadian population in the Diocese of London are printed by L'Evenement of Quebec, and credited to a recent book by MM. Desrosiers & Fournet, entitled "La Race Francaise to the south. Nor is it any slight en Amerique,"

In 1901 the diocese contained 30,701 English-speaking Catholics, and 28,249 speaking French. During the previous 20 years there had been a decrease of 5,801 English Catholics, and an in-To those who have ridden through crease in French-Canadians of 3,993.

the way of reciprocity, the writer in lands, regarded a few years ago as A census of several Ontario coundulges the hope "that for the moment absolutely arid, are being proven cap ties was taken recently by M. Severin any such treaty is made," he continues addition thus made to the wealth and of the St. Jean Baptiste Society of Es-"It will be because the Americans real resources of the Pacific Northwest is sex. He reports the nubmer of French-

some expens

tion will be

application to