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t of the folwhich cight of the marines were shot down. Another telegram say that a beatswain's mate was killed and six marines at Washington on account of the intelligence, and a cabinet conference has been held in consequence. A third telegram puts the number of marines at Washington on account of the intelligence, and a cabinet conference has been held in consequence. A third telegram puts the number of marines killed at three and possibly four. As the affray seems to have arisen out of individual quarrels between perhaps tipps sailors, it is to be hoped than no State complications will occur, especially as the Chilian officials and better class of citizens declare their regret at the occurrence.

ARCHDIOCESE OF TORONTO, Episcopal Visitation to South Adjala.**

Special to the CATHOLIC RIBODD.

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ARCHDIOCESE OF TORONTO.

Episcopal Visitation to South Adjala.

Special to the CATHOLIC RibodD.

**Sunday, October 3, will be long remembered by the good Catholics of Toronto for his first official visit to Signals where the special position of Tatholic Catholic of Toronto for his first official visit to Signals. **Control complete satisfaction be given. It is ment he was about to administer.

The male portion of the congrega-

Under the direct of the direct of the parish, extensive preparations had been made that a right royal welcome might be extended to this distinguished prelate of the Church.

In ranky His Grace thanked the converse of the converse of the parish of the church.

In ranky His Grace thanked the converse of the converse of the church of the c

every Catholic family in the parish had grouped themselves in dense masses around the depot, anxiously yet patiently waiting greet the accomplished scholar, the renowned orator and gifted divine of whom they had heard and read so

The train arrives : His Grace, accompanied by the Rev. Father O'Donohoe, of St. Michael's College, alights, and, after hearty exchange of the usual formalities, are conducted to the carriage in waiting by the Rev. Father Kilcullen. About twenty of the parishioners on superb mounts, and mar shalled by Mr. Patrick Ronan, Adjala's popular Reeve, form a guard of honor er two hundred carriages fall in line, and the tall spire of St. James' is soon

Above the main entrances to church and presbytery magnificent arches had been erected, surmounted by crosses artistically designed, while between, in large capitals, the word" Welcome appeared.

The guard drawn up with military precision saluted His Grace as he stepped on the platform, the long line of carriages rapidly closed up, their bright coverings glittering in the morning sun, the whole presenting a tacle that has never been seen in old Adjala before.

When the processionists had thronged the sacred edifice His Grace advanced to the altar rails and addressed to them a few words of greeting, after which all dispersed to their homes to eagerly await the coming of the morrow.

The afternoon was spent by His Grace in an examination of the children who had been in preparation for first Communion and confirmation during the past six months.

The answering, it is needless to say, was exceptionally fine, and reflected great credit on all concerned : the chilen themselves, their parents and their devoted pastor who had so zealously striven to bring about the happy

Sunday morning broke fair and lovely, and the sun had scarcely risen

trouble with the United States unless which they should receive the sacra-

gregation for their grand reception and beautiful address, and in recounting the reminiscences of his visits in the past provoked to laughter or moved to

At Vespers a touching and eloquent sermon was delivered by Rev. Father O'Donohoe on the necessity and efficacy

of prayer.

The singing of the choir at High Mass and Vespers was exquisite and artistic and evoked well-merited lauda tions from the large congregations present on both occasions.

T. J. R.

FEARS OF THE POPE THAT ROME IS INSECURE FOR HIM.

Insecure for him.

London, Oct. 19.—A Rome despatch says that an extreme sensation has been caused in that city by the declaration of the Pope to the foreign powers that he does not feel secure in Rome. Although the large majority of the Romans are devotedly loyal to the throne of Italy, yet the substantial classes would view as a calamity the removal of the Papacy, which is a most profitable patron for the trade and commerce of the city. The Vatican and the various church connections, which would inevitably accompany the Poje in any direction that he might go, expend, it is estimated, 6,000. 000 lire vearly among the various business houses of Rome. This is entirely firrespective of the vast total expended by lay and ecclesiastical visitors drawn by the fact that Rome is the headquarters of the Church. The amount expended by these varies annually, but an experienced resident says that in no year can it amount to less than 20,000,000 of lire including what is paid for paintings, statuary, e.c., by the wealthler classes of tourists.

It is true that a good deal of this patronage would remain, even should the Papacy depart, but it is also to be remembered that probably with most visitors the purchases of pictures and other objects of art are merely incidental to the visit. It has been said that the Italian nation. As to this other Governments would probably have something to say, as the treasures of the Vatican to be removed, but would keep them in Rome as a great museum for the Italian nation. As to this other Governments would probably have something to say, as the treasures of the Vatican are in great part the gifts of foreign States and princes, and were domated to the Pope, and to no other beneficiary. Even the stained glass windows of the Vatican stair-case were only recently given to the Pope by the Regent of Bavaria. It is extremely doubtful, therefore, whether Italy could dare to retain pro erry that obviously beiongs to the head of the Roman Church. For this and other reasons there is just cause for the

Sunday morning broke fair and lovely, and the sun had scarcely risen when the parishioners, accompanied by many visitors from surrounding parishes, began to assemble in order to take part in the various Masses of the day.

In the early morning the Archbishop, assisted by Fathers Kilcullen and O'Donohoe, offered up the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass, which was followed at \$8.90 by the Mass at which the children were to receive their first Communion, Rev. Father Kilcullen being celebrant.

The children, to the number of overone hundred, now advanced to the altar and received holy Communion from the hands of the priest, and returned to their places in such an orderly and graceful manner as bore testimony to the careful training they had received.

The girls were crowned with wreaths of flowers and wore white flowing off flowers and wore white flowing will be added to the standard the subject of the standard the subject of the standard the subject of the subje ADDRESS BY TIMOTHY HEALY.

WILLIAM O'BRIEN SPEAKS.

writen to me on the day we broke off negotiations:

My DEAR O'BRIEN,—I desire to express to you how deeply I feel the kindness and gentleness of the spirit shown to me by you throughout the negotiations. I have felt all along that I had no right to expect from anybody the constant anxiety to meet my views, the intense desire that all proposals clauming your sanction should be as palatable as possible to me, which so distinguished your conduct in the communications which passed between us. I know that you have forgiven much roughness and asperity on my part and that you have made allowance for some unreasonable conduct from allowance for some unreasonable conduct from the conciliation than yourself would have meet most difficult in a preciate intensely the difficulties which surrounded you during the negotiations; the constant daily anxiety, which would have been coverage and devotion than yourself seemed been overland are not so dark as you fear, and that after a little time, having passed through the darkness, we shall again stand on our former footing—when in happier days we were compades the arms in behalf of a united I reland. Dear O'Brien, I am always yours,

CHARLES S. PARNRLL.

Mr. O'Brien concludes by saying: "Thus closed the Boulogne communications, with full recognition that we parted as honorable opponents."

A SHAMEFUL STATE OF AFFAIRS. The disestablishment of the Church in Wales is on the Liberal programme. The chief objection to it is that, like the Irish chief objection to it is that, Church, it is the Church of the minority. Of the enforcement of its tithing omains in the figures just cited to call for a drastic measure of reform.— Toronto Globe, Oct. 17.

THE COMING GREAT CONTEST.

The state of affairs in Ireland appears to be very discouraging. Parnell's death, which it was hoped would bring about a reconciliation between the contending factions, seems rather to have embittered the controversy and aroused the most rancorous political passions. There are, however, signs already of dissensions among the dissentients, and there is ground for hope that within a month the Parliamentary irreconcilables will number not more than a score. To these men no quarter will be given, and they will doubtless die hard. The first battle of the campaign will be fought at Cork for the seat rendered vacant by the death of Mr. Parnell. If the physical force men cannot win Cork then the chances elsewhere are poor indeed; but they will lose even in that city, erstwhile the stronghold of Fenianism. There is danger, although remote, that a Tory candidate may sneak in while the Nationalist garrisons are fighting outside for the possession of the citadel. The Home Rulers of all shades of complexion number about 5,000 and the Tories and Mugwump Liberals count as nearly as possible 2,50 votes. The latter will be east solidly for the Tory candidate, whose success, therefore depends upon the closeness with which the Nationalist vote may be divided. A good deal will depend upon the personality of the anti-Parnellite candidate. If Michael Davitt or William O'Brien be selected the patrict poll would probably aggregate 4,000, In election for the vacancy in North Kilkenny caused by Sir John Pope-Hennessy's death, will take place before that at Cork, the Speaker having already intimated his intention to issue a warrant for the new writ at the end of next week; but it is unlikely that the Parnellites will place up our age to fish the activation to saue a warrant for the new writ at the end of next week; but it is unlikely that the Parnellites will place up our age to fish in a constituency in which they were recently bady beaten, and the struggle will really commence in Cork. The state of affairs in Ireland appears to be ery discouraging. Parnell's death, which it

HUMOR IN THE BOYCOTT.

At Arthurtown, county Wexford, on Wednesday, six small boys and girls, ranging in age from eight to eleven years, and one Mary Doyle, aged sixteen, and a domestic servant, were solemnly arraigned at the snit of the Crown for boycotting the school at Ballycullane. The town was filled with extra police, and the court house was strongly guarded. The judicial minutes will show to the future historian how Johnny This made faces at Paddy That, and how Annie Rooney shouted at Dickey Cooney, and many other dreadful things; but when the witnesses for the prosecution came to be cross-examined it was demonstrated that none of the defendants except Mary Boyle exceeded the bounds of "moral sussion." The six juveniles were consequently acquitted, and the mature Mary was simply fined 40 shillings, which Father Murphy obligingly paid for her. It was a great day for Arthurstown and Ballycullane. The small boys marched in a procession, playing triumphal airs on tin whistles all the afternoon, and in the afternoon the baffled Balfour was burnt in effigy. nesday, six small boys and girls, ranging

CATHOLIC MISSION AT AYTON.

On Monday, the 5th Oct., 1891, commo a mission under the auspices of that distinguished divine, the Rev. Father O'Loane, S. J., Guelph. From the beginning to the clos of the mission, on Friday afternoon, the charen was crowded to the doors. The Rev. Like the property of the charen was crowded to the doors. of the mission, on Friday afternoon, the church was crowded to the doors. The Rev. Father commenced by telling the people their duty to God, and what they should do, if they had offended Him, to regain His friendship. He exhorted them to frequent the sacraments of penance and the Holy Eucharist; and if there was one amongst them unfortunate enough who neglected going to his Easter duty, to do so at once. He quoted several beautiful examples of God's love for sinners, and left an impression on the minds of his listeners that will not soon be forgotten.

duoted several beautiful examples of God's love for sinners, and left an impression on the minds of his listeners that will not soon be forgotten.

The Rev. P. Cassin, P. P., Mount Forest, that zealons and pious, good priest, rendered all the assistance he could in the confessional and otherwise. Not less than four hundred and fifty communicants partook of the blessed Eucharist—a grand sight traly. The Rev. Father O'Loane expressed himself as being nearly tired giving the sacrament—that work of love to him.

The parishioners of Ayton cannot return the Rev. Father Owens gratitude enough for providing for them the ministrations of the Rev. Father O'Loane, S. J., and Cassin. It is gratifying, indeed, that only two remained from attending the mission; and those, I believe, were prevented from coming on account of pressing cause at home.

The Rev. Father O'Loane, on the conclusion of the mission, took occasion to remind his hearers of the uncertainty of this life, and how necessary it is for the poor sinner to avail himself of an opportunity like the present one to try and unite his soul to God; for he knows not the moment he will be called to his account. As an illustration of his argument, death provided a victim in the person of James Scoles, of Normanby, a young man aged forty-five years, leaving five in family. He was a resident here for thirty-five years; a man of splendid character, a practical Catholic, truthful in all things, and a member of the C. M. B. A. The 10 o'clock service on Friday was a Requiem Mass for the repose of the soul of Jas. Scoles, after which the members of the C. M. B. A. took charge of his remains, followed by a large circle of friends and sorrowing neighbors, where his body was deposited in St. Peter's cemetery. May his soul rest in peace!

THE METHODIST COUNCIL.

Boston Republic. One of the main topics of discussion Protestant unity. Some of the more energetic and reckless of the divines urged the necessity of this coming together because of the "encroachments more efficient in combating evil than a and loyal to Democratic principles? great group of separated establishment operating on distinct lines. But plausible as the various arguments were, the proposal looking to a closer union was abandoned. Some squinting in the direction of co-operation in matters not doctrinal was indulged. The idea underlying this scheme was to bring the churches of the several denominations together for philanthropic and

There is only one point upon which all these warring factions and sects agree. They hate the Roman Catho- m lies and their creed. Just as error hates truth and as sin hates virtue, 1 they hate the one established, consistent, unvarying religious organization which received its inspiration and its commission from its Divine Founder directly. Here is their sole bond of sympathy and unity. Indeed, it is the cardinal principle of their creed. It was the foundation-stone of the structure built by the dissenting Luther and adopted by the lecherous Henry VIII. But the one true Church goes on serenely, sees sects rise and fall, schisms come and go, without being in the least affected. She is united compactly under one infallible head; her doctrines are defined and made permanent by divine sanction; her preachers and teachers hold a divine commission.

She has the promise of perpetuity.
Her success as a civilizer of the nations

Date of Florence, and he has recently poet of Florence, and he has recently has excited the envy and evoked the hostility of those who protest, but her mission continues without interruption while her divided assailants make ineffectual assaults upon her impregnable fortress.

The Paris Figaro publishes an interview with Cardinal Manning, in which the Cardinal is represented as advocating the adherence of French Catholics to the republic, and saying that were he a Frenchman he would support the policy of Cardinal Lavigerie.

POLITICS, SOCIETY AND RE-LIGION.

The following article from the New York Sun sets forth a condition of things prevailing in the American Republic which will bring into bold outline the primitive bigotry still hugged so tenaciously in many places in the great Province of Ontario. We may be told that we are ahead of our neighbors in one regard, at least, viz., the permission to have schools of our own supported by our own taxes. This would certainly be a matter of which to make boast did we owe it to the promptings of liberality and fair dealing. Such, however, is not the fact, We enjoy this right largely for the reason that it is not within the power

of the bigots to wrest it from us: "The very interesting discussion which has been going on among our correspondents as to the possible elec-tion of a Roman Catholic as Presiden shows that Protestant bitterness against the Roman Church has not yet died away, but that the old suspicion of the machinations of the Pope still exists in many breasts.

"Yet at this very moment both Protestants and Catholics are working together in complete political harmony at the Convention now in progress a Saratoga. The strongest supporters of Mr. Flower are Roman Catholics, though he is a Protestant; and though the Brooklyn delegation is led by Ma McLaughtin, a Roman Catholic, it is devoted in its loyalty to Mr. Chapin, a Protestant of New England and Puritan descent. The truth is that the religious affiliations of neither of these candidates are brought into consideration. Nobody in the Convention gives a thought to the subject. Their standing at the Methodist Ecumenical Council as men and Democrats is all that is in Washington last week was that of talked about, so far as relates to their capacity for political leadership. Whether they pray in a Roman Catholie church or send up their supplica tions in a Protestant house of worship of Rome." Others favored it on the is a matter which concerns them indi ground of expediency, arguing that a vidually and no one else. The quesgreat aggregation of churches for a tion to be asked is, Are they true and common purpose must, of necessity, be able men, faithful to their consciences

"So it is in all our political conventions, Democratic and Republican Protestants and Catholics come to gether in them not as religious parti sans, but as political partisans. bond of sympathy is political and not religious; and Catholics especially are noted for their zeal in behalf of Pro testant candidates true and sound in their political faith and practice.

Nowadays fashionable society does not inquire and does not care whether its embers are Protestant or Catholic. Its judgment is according to a standard which does not measure and test people by such differences of religious conviction. In social life Catholics and Protestants are mingled together, and the association is amicable, harmonious and happy. Many of the most promi-nent families in the most exclusive circles of fashion are Roman Catholics, though the majority are Protestants. Several of the most fashionable of weddings recently past and soon to come have been solemnized or will be performed by Roman Catholic priests. ety no longer makes any religious distinction and imposes no social dis-abilities because of religion. It is without prejudices on that subject.'

poet of Florence, and he has recently given proof of his admiration by presenting to the book publishers 20,000 francs for the publication of a new edition de luxe of the poet's "Divina" Comedia."

An old woman named Isabella Rowley died recently in Belfast Work-house at the age of one hundred and four years. She was born on the 12th of July, 1787, and she remembered distinctly many incidents of the Irish Rebellion in 1798, at the time of which occurrence she was eleven years old.

DEPRICE'S Geam Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes-40 Years the Standard.

AN INTERESTING EVENT.

Elginfield, Ont, Oct. 19, 1891.
On Friday evening last Mr. and Mrs. Quigley were most agreeably surprised by a number of their many friends, who assembled at their residence for the purpose of celebrating their crystal wedding.
They presented them with a beautifully ornamented dressing-case and a pair of handsome oil paintings.
A brief and pointed address was well rendered by Miss O'Leary, teacher of the Separate school, to which Mr. and Mrs. Quigley each made a suitable reply, the latter staing that she could not find words to express her sincere thanks, as she was so taken by surprise.

prise.

Dancing, singing and merry-making were indulged in until about midnight, when the party partook of a sumptuous suppor, after which the enjoyments were resumed and kept up until an early hour, when all returned to their homes well pleased with the evening's entertainment.

Coughing

Is Nature's effort to expel foreign substances from the bronchial passages. Frequently, this causes inflammation and the need of an anodyne. No other expectorant or anodyne is equal to Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It assists Nature in ejecting the mucus, allays irritation, induces repose, and is the

most popular of all cough cures.
"Of the many preparations before the "Of the many preparations before the public for the cure of colds, coughs, bronchitis, and kindred diseases, there is none, within the range of my experience, so reliable as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For years I was subject to colds, followed by terrible coughs. About four years ago, when so afflicted, I was advised to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and to lay all other remedies aside I did so, and within a week was well of my cold and cough. Since then I have always kept this preparation in the house, and feel comparatively secure."

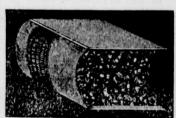
— Mrs. L. L. Brown, Dennark, Miss.

"A few years ago I took a severe cold."

- Mrs. L. L. Brown, Denmark, Miss.
 "A few years ago I took a severe cold which affected my lungs, I had a terrible cough, and passed night after night without sleep. The doctors gave me up. I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, which relieved my lungs, induced sleep, and afforded the rest necessary for the recovery of my strength. By the continual use of the Pectoral, a permanent cure was effected."—Horace Fairbrother, Rockingham, Vt.

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of the best years of the author's hie were so well employed in writing. It contains the entire vocabulary of about 100,000 words, in-el ding the correct spelling, derivation and definition of same, and is the regular stan-dard size, containing about 300,000 square inches of printed surface, and is bound in cioth.

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