THE CATHOLIC RECORD.

Men with no pity in their hearts denied that any died from want, but how many that were laid beneath the sod in the past their playing was highly appreciated by the vast congregation. After the Gos-pel Father O'Mahony ascended the pulpit. year saw the coming of death hastened by want and starvation? The charity of From this rev. gentleman's former reputa-tion as a pulpit orator we expected to hear the world relieved for the time the tion as a pulpit orator we expected to hear something befitting the occasion, but we must confess we were agreeably surprised. The discourse was one of the grandest we ever heard on a like occasion, and made a marked impression on the vast congrega-tion. We give it in full, believing that com wadea will study it with pleasure readers will study it with pleasure through famine awaken the charity world. It did more; it aroused in her sons the desire to win back a share of her lib-erty and the determination to struggle for and profit. Dearly beloved brethren,—Again have we arrived at the festival of our national remedial measures to a legislative union that had, m a century's working, presented to the world as the truit of its labors a ser-Saint, and again have we assembled to do him honor and to thank God for the mercy shown our country in sending to it the great apostle Patrick, to draw it from the darkness of paganism and to lead it by the ies of famine and want that finds no par-alell in the histo y of an land. How far they have succeeded in their effort we but darkness of paganism and to lead it by the hand into the full light of Christianity. of heaven. <text><text><text><text> To-day is again repeated the same en-thusiastic celebration of the day which for too well know, and it the sight she presented a year ago was a dark and sad one, that which she offers us to-day is scarcely

dearly defended with their lives. The very first overthrow of the Danish power in the island was brought about by the instinctive desire to preserve the jewel of Irish Catholicity—the purity of religion and under the standard of the daughters. Through all the succeeding years of her history we find the guardianship of her faith and nationality to be twin causes that enlisted all the energy and devotion of which the nation was capable. Amongst her clergy, too, did her children find the most brilliant examples of that patriotism which in weal and woe the Irish have ever preserved as their brightest heir-loom. There is ufferings they were borne in defence of the transmission of the rest of the standard in the mater in the followers of Stransphow, did her children find the most brilliant examples of that patriotism which in weal and woe the Irish have ever preserved as their brightest heir-loom. There is ufferings they were borne in defence of the broken the stranger in a strange in a stranger in a stranger. examples of that patriotism which in weal and woethe Irish have ever preserved as their brightest heir-loom. There is not an honorable struggle recorded in Irish history, in the national interests, in which the Bishops and priests of that country have not taken part, and in which the bishops and prices of that country have not taken part, and in which they have not openly taught that after the service of God the cause that should be dearest to the heart of every honest man was that of his country. No wonder then that the religion and patriot-ism of our nation should be so closely united, the one gathering its vitality, and other. Ere the soldiers of trength from the Erin went to battle the minister of God called down upon their arms the blessing of heaven. In the thickest of the fray he was to be found consoling, by the rites o was to be found consoling, by the rites of our holy religion, the dying soldier, and encouraging the living to deeds of bravery in defence of Church and Father-land. Thus did the priest by his example preach most strongly the duty of love of country, and his sincerity was but too eften tested by the sacrifice of his life in the fact the sciencific by the target his

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ELGIN .- Hugh orney General to ss at the Elgin 1

n to its vocal and powerful, control. She ion to do so-

y bringing to ues repulsive nmon among nt she begin her sweet and pleased with meanor. Miss echo and ret she rendered ' in a manner ' in a manner led—in a style its composer it. She was each time rechosen song ne comic dit-forth encores a comic song in "The Rose d him in betaritone Cruickshanks voice is sweet eservedly conpranos in the ashanks sang e second part, er sweet little the ear, and 1 she rendered exclamations given in the idies and gensiastic encores. a close about vast audience ted with the

es a just meed and excellent ed the musical

ett, of the town died last Wed-

A special Com-to consider the urbs to the city. time in eight ounty Jail have

feet of the dam by Mr. Philips, ed.

cars have been r Works in Lon-acific Railway.

George Laing prominent offi-in Windsor last

r.—The London gain given notice le to the Ontario

hat Mr. Spence nue, is lying seri his city.

named Dunbar l at the wrist by was skinning a house.

broke into the fest London, last terefrom a num-y detectives are

at the Victor Oil a from a leakage There was, how-oil in it which nage was only

VS.

omas Howey, of harrow escape He attempted on when it upset, shore broke his

ung man named l in sawing wood : Arch. McKeen, illiamstown line, a log roll on him,

accident of a very o Mr. Murray on ler works of Ald. s engaged in lift when it slipped driven into his flesh for a con-

ND.-This excel instruments and tizens of London hasing a new set. about \$800. We e call in a hearty ers in making it da. The officers pport of the band. isite amount will me.

FESSION.

eph three young eSt.Joseph's connames are Miss the Misses Mcliss O'Leary, of in religion as made her vows. high mass, and hing a suitable ual ceremonies.

. been sent from country jails to tical prisoners. he opening of the 463 crimes have

ast seven months, he record for the ous year. There ease of the record

x. yment of rent has e of the prisoners tioned in Galway

rvers and eighty of Lettermullin o Forster, a magantry of Gilway

contest, and whatever may have been her sufferings they were borne in defence of the country. But now a new and trying era is about to open for our afflicted country, a new feature is to be introduced land. into the struggle, and the crown of mar-tyrdom is again to rest on the heads of many of her children. Those that suppose that religion was anything more than a mask for the conduct of Ireland's persecutors during this period will be disabused of their error by an impartial examinaan impartial examina In the plastic and facil tion of history. In the plastic and facile conscience of Henry and his nobles, there was evidently something beyond deep-seated religious scruples, and the fertility of the one in the discovery of new objects for his passion or his ambition was equalled by the readiness of the other to lend to

alts for the Irish stranger in a strange and. Plunged into a society to which they were entirely strange, surrounded by customs and influences so widely different from that to which they were accustomed, their lot indeed was full of danger, yet what does their history in this new land show? It shows how black and false is the calumny of those who vilify our race by calumny of those who vility our race by calling us a thriftless people; it shows the world that these people were possessed of energy and industry, and forces the un-biased mind to the conclusion that they were the victims of iniquitous laws or they ever would have been forced, in their struggle for bread, to leave a land as rich Ireland is in all that is necessary for the sustenance and well being of her popu-lation. If their banishment from their

we again assemble on the hatai day of tre-land's patron s int to celebrate the firth anniversary of a Society established for the purpose of aniting Irishmen upon the common platform of charity and good-child blind the state of the state fellowship, and oblicer ting the unhappy differences which have pravailed in the past. In looking back upon the past four years the members of the Society can feel the greatest satisfaction in what has be accomplished, for undoubtedly the citizens of London, of Irish nationality, of what-ever creed or politic, have been brought together through the instrumentality of this Society, and united in the grand object of charity and good-will to all, and o all, and we have every reason to think that the good example which has been set in the establishment of this Society has done