TEXT OF WASHINGTON'S LATEST NOTE

Rights of Neutrals in Time of War are Based on Principles and Not on Expediency, Note Says in Reply to Berlin's Plea That Unusual Circumstances Justify Her Activities.

(Continued from page 1)

Washington, July 24.—Following is the official text of the latest American note to Germany regarding submarine warfare, which was delivered to the foreign office at Berlin today by Ambassador Gerard:

Text of the Note

The Secretary of State to Ambassador Gerard.

Department of State,

Washington, July 21, 1915.

You are instructed to deliver textually the following note to the Minister for Foreign Affairs:

The note of the Imperial German government, dated the 8th of July, 1915, has received the careful consideration of the government of the United States, and it regrets to be obliged to say that it has found it very unsatisfactory, because it fails to meet the real differences between the two governments and indicates no way in which the accepted principles of law and humanity may be applied in the grave matter in controversy, but proposes, on the contrary, arrangements for a partial suspension of those principles which virtually set them aside.

The government of the United States notes with satisfaction that the Imperial German government recognizes without reservation the validity of the principles insisted on in the several communications which this government has addresed to the Imperial government with regard to its announcement of a war zone and the use of submarines against merchantmen on the high seas—the principle that the high seas are free, that the character and cargo of a merchantmen must first be ascertained before she can lawfully be seized or destroyed, and that the lives of non-combatants may in no case be put in jeopardy unless the vessel resists or seeks to escape, after being summoned to submit to examination; for a belligerent act of retaliation is per se an act beyond the law, and the defense of an act as retaliatory is an admission that it is illegal.

Neutrals' Rights Based On Principles, Not Expediency

The government of the United States is, however, keenly disappointed to find that the Imperial German government regards itself as in large degree exempt from the obligation to observe these principles, even where neutral vessels are concerned, by what it believes the policy and practice of the government of Great Britain to be in the present war with regard to neutral commerce. The Imperial German government will readily understand that the government of the United States cannot discuss the policy of the government of Great Britain with regard to neutral trade except with that government itself, and that it must regard the conduct of other belligerent governments as irrelevant to any discussion with the Imperial German government of what this government regards as grave and unjustifiable violations of the rights of American citizens by German naval commanders. Illegal and inhuman acts, however justifiable they may be thought to be against an enemy who is believed to have acted on contravention of law and humanity, are manifestly indefensible when they deprive neutrals of their acknowledged rights, particularly when they violate the right to life itself. If a belligerent cannot retaliate against an enemy without injuring the lives of neutrals, as well as their property, humanity, as well as justice and a due regard for the dignity of neutral powers, should dictate that the practice be discontinued.

If persisted in it would in such circumstances constitute an unpardonable offense against the sovereignty of the neutral nation affected. The government of the United States is not unmindful of the extraordinary conditions created by this war, or of the radical alterations of circumstances and method of attack produced by the use of instrumentalities of naval warfare which the nations of the world cannot have had in view when the existing rules of international law were formulated, and it is ready to make every reasonable allowance for these novel and unexpected aspects of war at sea; but it cannot consent to abate any essential or fundamental right of its people because of a mere alteration of circumstances. The rights of neutrals in war time are based upon principle, not upon expediency, and the principles are immutable. It is the duty and obligation of belligerents to find a way to adopt the new circumstances to them.

Reparation For The Lusitania Affair Expected.

The events of the past few months have clearly indicated that it is possible and practicable to conduct such submarine operations as have characterized the activity of the Imperial German navy within the so-called war zone in substantial accord with accepted practices of regulated warfare. The whole world has looked with interest and increasing satisfaction at the demonstration of that possibility by German naval commanders. It is manifestly possible, therefore, to lift the whole practice of submarine attack above the criticism which it has aroused and remove the chief causes of offense.

In view of the admission of illegality made by the Imperial government when it pleaded the right of retaliation in defense of its acts, and in view of the manifest possibility of conforming to the established rules of naval warfare, the government of the United States cannot believe that the Imperial government will longer refrain from disavowing the wanton act of its naval commander in sinking the Lusitania, or from offering reparation for the American lives lost, so far as reparation can be made for a needless destruction of human life by an illegal act.

The government of the United States, while not indifferent to the friendly spirit in which it is made, cannot accept the suggestion of the Imperial German government that certain vessels be designated and agreed upon which shall be free on the seas now illegally prescribed. The very agreement would, by implication, subject vessels to illegal attack, and would be a curtailment and therefore an abandonment of the principles for which this government contends and which in times of calmer counsels every nation would concede as of course.

The government of the United States and the Imperial German government are contending for the same great object, have long stood together in urging the very principles upon which the government of the United States now so solemnly insists. They are both contending for the freedom of the seas. The government of the United States will continue to contend for that freedom, from whatever quarter violated, without compromise and at any cost. It invites the practical co-operation of the Imperial German government at this time, when co-operation may accomplish most and this great common object be most strikingly and effectively achieved.

The Imperial German government expresses the hope that this object may be in some measure accomplished even before the present war ends. It can be. The government of the United States not only feels obliged to insist upon it, by whomsoever violated or ignored, in the protection of its own citizens, but is also deeply interested in seeing it made practicable between the belligerents themselves, and holds itself ready at any time to act as the common friend who may be privileged to suggest a way.

In the meantime the very value which this government sets upon the long and unbroken friendship between the people and government of the German nation impels it to press very solemnly upon the Imperial German government the necessity for a scrupulous observance of neutral rights in this critical matter. Friendship itself prompts it to say to the Imperial government that repetition by the commanders of German naval vessels of acts in contravention of those rights must be regarded by the government of the United States, when they affect American citizens, as deliberately unfriendly.

(Signed) LANSING.

Wasington, July 23.—Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, went to the State department today for his official copy of the new American note to Germany, although he previously had received an unofficial outline of its contents.

The ambassador has had no communication with his foreign office on its view of the note which was delivered there today by United States Ambassador Gerard, but his purely personal view is that the communication will bring a reply, although one may not be made for more than a month. His personal view is that the situation still is left open for amicable adjustment.

GERMAN THREAT NOT LIKELY TO CARRY MUCH WEIGHT

Germans working on Munitions in States will not be extradited—If naturalized and return home American law protects them.

Washington, July 23—State Department officials said today the Germans in the United States, who might be prosecuted as was announced from Berlin last night, for working in ammunition factories supplying war materials to Germany's enemies were in no danger of extradition and would not come under the effect of the German law while they remain in the United States.

Should such Germans become naturalized Americans in the meantime and return to Germany at the close of the war they are protected by the naturalization treaty under which the United States could intervene in their behalf.

RUSSIAN MECHANICS REPAIRING BROKEN RIFLES

MENDING BROKEN RUSSIAN RIFLES

This photograph, taken especially for the London Sphere, the New York Herald and this newspaper, show Russian mechanics sitting at an open bench in front of a cottage mending rifles that are brought to them. These men are very clever in effecting repairs to the damaged rifles which are broken by the soldiers at the front.

BRITISH STEAMER REPORTED SUNK IN SUEZ CANAL

Believed she was the Blue Funnel Liner Terseirsus—Struck Turkish mine and sank almost immediately.

Berlin (by Wireless to Sayville, July 23.)—A despatch from The Hague to the Overseas News Agency, say that according to reports from Cairo the British steamship Theresa, while passing through the Suez Canal ran upon a Turkish mine and sank.

Available shipping records contain several vessels of the name of Theresa, but none of British nationality.

Was Blue Funnel Liner Terseirsus?

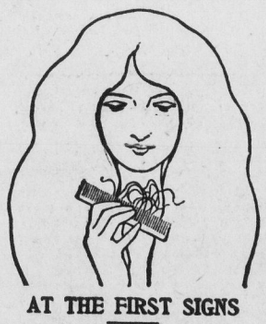
Boston, July 23.—The sinking of the British steamer Terseirsus, in the Suez Canal, late in June, was described today by Captain Wilson, of the British steamer Rufford Hall, which is here with a cargo from the Far East. The Terseirsus, a new vessel of the Blue Funnel line, running between England and China, struck a Turkish mine, according to Captain Wilson. It is believed here that she is the vessel described in Berlin despatches as the Theresa.

Captain Wilson said that he reached Suez on June 30, and learned there of the sinking of the Terseirsus a few days previously.

The explosion tore the side of the steamer, and she went to the bottom almost immediately. The Rufford Hall was delayed thirty-six hours while wreckers removed the sunken vessel from the centre of the canal.

MANAGER'S SUSPENSION LIFTED.

Chicago, July 23.—The suspension of Manager Rowland, of the Chicago Americans, which was imposed three days ago, and which aroused other players to make charges that the umpiring in the American league this year was the worst they had ever seen, was lifted today. It had been in effect three days, following a heated argument between Rowland and the umpires in the Boston series.



AT THE FIRST SIGNS

Of Falling Hair Get Cuticura. It Works Wonders. Trial Free.

Touch spots of dandruff and itching with Cuticura Ointment, and follow next morning with a hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. This at once arrests falling hair and promotes hair growth.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. U.S.A. Sold throughout the world.

ATTACK ON ORDUNA WILL BE SUBJECT OF INVESTIGATION

Affidavits of officers, crew and passengers have been taken — Berlin's version will be asked.

Washington, July 23. — The United States will make diplomatic inquiries of Germany regarding the submarine attack on the Cunard liner Orduna at a time when she was bringing a score of Americans home.

A report of an investigation conducted by Customs Collector Malone at New York, presented today to the State department, embodying affidavits of officers, crew and passengers on the liner, contains the sworn statement of at least one American passenger that the ship was attacked without warning.

All officials refused to discuss the report or contents, but it is known that the United States probably will ask the Berlin foreign office for its version of the affair and developments will depend on the reply.

LIQUOR SEIZED IN RAID EMPTIED INTO MIRAMICHI RIVER

Newcastle, July 23.—The 32 barrels of liquor, valued at over $1,000, seized lately from E. LeRoy Willis, proprietor of the Miramichi Hotel, was ordered destroyed this week by Police Magistrate J. R. Lawlor, before whom the case had been up on three different days.

The bottles were all broken and contents emptied into the Miramichi river. R. A. Lawlor and J. A. Creaghan were the lawyers for the defence; A. A. Davidson for the prosecutors.

A SECRET DRAFT.

Chicago, July 19.—Reports today reached minor league leaders that the "secret draft," under which their players were taken into leagues of higher class last year, will be used again this season. While the National Commission has not announced that the 1915 draft would be kept under cover, the minor leaguers say that general conditions are similar to last season.

At that time, rather than let the Federal League know what men were chosen for promotion, the awards were kept secret until the players signed contracts.

Cincinnati, July 19.—"Nothing to it," said Garry Herrmann, chairman of the National Commission, tonight regarding a report that the "secret draft" would be in force again this season. "The matter has not been discussed and won't be for some time," he added.

KINGSTON MERCHANTS PROVE THEIR PATRIOTISM

Kingston, Ont., July 23—Ten Kingston merchants have subscribed to present a machine gun to the 59th Battalion. The grocers will also give a machine gun and Kingston wholesalers and manufacturers will give a third. The professional men of the city will contribute a field kitchen to the battalion.

BURNING STEAMER ARRIVES AT DURBAN

Durban, Africa, July 23, via London—The Peninsular and Oriental Line steamer Benalla, on which fire broke out on her way through the Indian ocean from London for Australia with 300 emigrants on board arrived here today with smoke still issuing from her hold. A despatch from Durban last night said that the crew of the Benalla had succeeded in getting the flames under control and that she was being escorted to Durban by the steamer Ataki.

Will You Accept This Relief for Your Catarrh If I Send It FREE?

Send No Money--Take No Risk

Merely sign and mail the coupon and I will send you, fully prepaid, a large trial of my new Combined Treatment and valuable information on:

C. E. GAUSS.

How to prevent nose from stopping up.

How to avoid constant throat clearing.

How to stop bad breath.

How to relieve shortness of breath.

I ask not a single penny of you, I require not a single promise.

I merely say—if you have Catarrh or any form of Catarrhal trouble, for your own sake find out if my method of treatment will help you. I do not say it will—anyone can make claims. But I send you an effective treatment free and leave it to you to say.

Can I make a fairer offer?

Please let me have a chance to prove to you how quickly, how effectually, how naturally my Combined Treatment goes right to the root of your trouble and begins to bring you relief and comfort from the start.

I say again—send no money, make no promises. Sign and mail the coupon and give your health, happiness and welfare a chance to realize what Gauss' Combined Treatment will do for you.

SEND THE TREATMENT AND BOOK FREE

If your New Combined Treatment will relieve my Catarrh and bring me health and good spirits again. I am willing to be shown. So, without cost or obligation to me, send, fully prepaid, the Treatment and Book.

Name .....

Address .....

.....

Mail to C. E. Gause, 7054 Main St., Marshall, Mich.

HON. MR. MEIGHEN AT FREDERICTON

Solicitor-General of Dominion stirs large audience by his Patriotic address—Ends tour of Maritime Provinces.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, July 23.—Hon. Arthur Meighen, solicitor-general of Canada, delivered an address on Canada and the war in the assembly room of High school building this evening under the auspices of the Fredericton Club. Despite unfavorable conditions, a more suitable auditorium not being available, a large audience heard the Solicitor-General and were deeply impressed with his conception of the duty of Canada and Canadians in the hour of the Empire's needs.

Chancellor Jones, of the U. N. B., acted as chairman, and a vote of thanks to Hon. Mr. Meighen was moved by Mr. Justice Crocket.

Hon. Mr. Meighen and Mrs. Meighen who are guests of Judge and Mrs. Crocket, leave here for Ottawa on Saturday evening, this being the last stop their tour of Maritime Provinces.

LOSS OF GERMAN WARSHIP IN THE BALTIC DENIED

Berlin says no warship of the Deutschland type was attacked—Admits loss of Mine Layer.

Berlin, July 23, via London.—Supplementing the denial made last night that a German warship had been sunk in the Baltic by a hostile submarine, the German Admiralty today authorized the statement that in the operations in question no battleship of the Deutschland type was attacked by a submarine, and that no German warship of any kind was sunk. The only loss during the operations was the Albatross, a mine-layer, it was stated.

BOYS HOME FROM CAMP.

Rev. A. A. MacKeigan of St. David's church, and sixteen bays belonging to Castle Iona of the Knights of King Arthur, have just returned from an outing at Craig's Point.

The party, which was made up of J. Lawson, C. Sommerville, J. McCready, R. Sommerville, R. Kerr, L. Kerr, A. Malcolm, R. Shaw, K. Willet, K. Cairns, D. Jamieson, H. Jamieson, G. Pheeney, N. Hopper, C. Burpee and H. Keating, left here on Monday, July 12, on the steamer D. J. Purdy.

The baseball team of the camp played several games. On July 16 the High School Cadets were beaten 20 to 8. Other sports were carried on.

S. L. Kerr, A. R. Cruikshank, D. W. H. Magee and Robert Reid were visitors at the camp.

Joseph McDonald proved a popular cook.

STEAM BOILERS

We have on hand, and offer for sale the following new boilers built for a safe working pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds:—

One "Inclined" Type ..... 50 H. P.
One Return Tubular Type 60 H. P.
One Locomotive Type .... 20 H. P.
Two Vertical Type ..... 20 H. P.

Full particulars and prices will be mailed upon request.

I. MATHESON & COMPANY, LTD.
BOILER MAKERS
NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA

WHITE STAR LINER CYMRIC SAILS WITH A HEAVY CARGO

New York, July 23. — The White Star liner Cymric, which sailed for Liverpool today deep in the water from the fifteen thousand tons of cargo aboard also carried 52 cabin and 120 steerage passengers, only one of whom is an American.

POSLAM DOES WONDERS FOR SKIN AND SCALP

The intense healing power of Poslam is at your service and for your benefit. Utilize it for any skin disorder serious or slight. Heals stubborn Eczema, Acne, Psoriasis, Scalp-Scale, all forms of Itch including Barbers' Itch and Itching Feet. Eradicates Dandruff, Herpes. Removes Pimples, Blackheads, Rashes. Relieves Sunburn. Takes soreness out of Scalds, Hives, Mosquito-Bites, Ivy-Poisoning. Just the right antiseptic treatment for open sore spots, cuts and abrasions.

Polsam Soap imparts the hygenic effects of antiseptic medication with Poslam. Try it for Toilet and Bath.

For samples, send 4c stamps to Emergency Laboratories, 32 West 25th St., New York City. Sold by all Druggists.

Says No One Need Remain Thin Now

Physician's Advice For Thin, Undeveloped Men and Women

Thousands of people suffer from excessive thinness, weak nerves and feeble stomachs who, having tried advertised flesh-makers, food-fads, physical culture stunts and rub-on creams, resign themselves to life-long skinniness and think nothing will make them fat. Yet their case is not hopeless. A recently discovered regenerative force makes fat grow after years of thinness, and is also unequalled for repairing the waste of sickness or faulty digestion and for strengthening the nerves. This remarkable discovery is called Sargol. Six strength-giving, fat-producing elements of acknowledged merit have been combined in this peerless preparation, which is endorsed by eminent physicians and used by prominent people everywhere. It is absolutely harmless, inexpensive and efficient.

A month's systematic use of Sargol should produce flesh and strength by correcting faults of digestion and by supplying highly concentrated fats to the blood. Increased nourishment is obtained from the food eaten, and the additional fats that thin people need are provided. Leading druggists supply Sargol and say there is a large demand for it.

While this new preparation has given splendid results as a nerve-tonic and vitalizer, it should not be used by nervous people unless they wish to gain at least ten pounds of flesh.

Cool Your Skin With D.D.D.

Hot weather brings to the surface all the lurking diseases in the skin. Prickly heat, rash, poison ivy, bites and other maladies are most distressing in summer. You can instantly cool your skin and relieve yourself from all suffering. Just a few drops of the soothing compound of oil of Wintergreen and other healing elements called D. D. D. Prescription will give you instant relief.

Come to us today for a geneous trial bottle, only 25c. We offer the first full size bottle on the guarantee that it will give you instant relief or your money back. Ask also about D. D. D. Soap.

E. CLINTON BROWN, Druggists.
D.D.D. is made in Canada.

To All Ye Good Judges

Do you pride yourself on your acquaintance with the fine things of life. Then we summon you, as a stranger to the super excellency of

BROWN'S FOUR CROWN SCOTCH

Here is whisky that's kindly, wholesome and good—it is mature and fine—it achieves the ideal of the competent judge.

There is nothing beyond—it is perfect. Try it and try it at once.

FOSTER & CO., St. John,
Agents for New Brunswick.