SURVEYORS

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER, Surveyor—Edge Block. Phone 262.

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. S. M. THOMAS, 252½ DUNDAS street. Phone 2085.

DR. B. E. EAID, DENTIST, DUNDAS and Richmond, Dominion Bank Building. Phone 5660.

DR. HOCKEN, CORNER ADELAIDE and Dundas streets. Phone 2463. Consultation by appointment.

DR. J. M. FREZELL, DENTIST—Over McLachlan's drug store, opposite old city hall.

DR. JARVIS, SPECIALIST—EXTRACTION and pyorrhea. Painless method. 213 Dundas street.

AUCTIONEERS

ROSE & SHAW, LICENSED AUCTIONEERS—City Hotel, London, every Saturday, or phone Dorchester. Specialty, farm sales.

SIGNS

GLEN BROS., SIGN PAINTERS—Designs and estimates furnished free. 420 Talbot street. Phone 1543.

WAKELING SIGN COMPANY—SIGNS and showcards, honor rolls designed. Phone 2183. 256½ Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. G. R. Bartram, 59 Dundas.

LEGAL CARDS

GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS—Barristers, etc., Imperial Bank Building. Sir George Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper; George S. Gibbons.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, solicitor, notary. Money to loan. 98 Dundas street.

JOHN F. FAULDS BARRISTER. Money to loan. 59 Dundas street. Phone 907.

McKILLOP, MURPHY & GUNN—OAK HALL BUILDING

PURDOM & PURDOM—DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING First Floor, Corner of Richmond and King Streets.

MACPHERSON & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Money to loan. Robinson Hall Chambers.

TENNENT & TENNENT, BARRISTERS, solicitors, notaries public. Money to loan. 78 Dundas. D. H. Tennent; Gordon H. Tennent.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS, Bank British North America, 2 Market Square.

U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan.

W. G. R. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, notary, etc., 59 Dundas street.

CRONYN & BETTS & COLERIDGE—Frederick P. Betts, K.C.; Thomas Coleridge.

J. M. McEVOY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

MEDICAL CARDS

DR. HOLMES, 344 RICHMOND—SPECIALTY skin diseases, medical electricity. Hours by appointment only.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, PARK avenue, corner Queen's—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. A. A. McLEAN, CORNER DUNDAS and William—Specialty diseases of stomach and children, and non-surgical treatment of women.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 394 Dundas street.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S. (England), 287 King street. Phone 839.

DR. W. M. SHOEBOTHAM, 620 RICHMOND, corner Hyman. Specialty, surgery, diseases of women.

DR. WEEKES, 486 WATERLOO street. Hours. 1 to 3 and 7 to 8.

DR. D. H. ARNOTT, 276 QUEEN'S avenue, in addition to regular practice will give special treatment for the use of liquor and drug habits.

MEEK, 330 QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 1 to 2.

J. S. SCHRAM, CORNER KENT and Talbot streets. Phone 2250.

L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Diseases women, children. 461 Waterloo. Phone 258.

R. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, CORNER Park and Dufferin—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. PINGEL, LONDON—ELECTRICAL treatment of diseases a specialty.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 389 DUNDAS street—Specialty, diseases of women and surgery. Phone 510.

DR. HUGH A. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS street—Special attention X-rays.

DR. GEORGE McNEIL—OFFICE AND residence, 244 Queen's avenue. Specialty, diseases of women and surgery.

DR. EDWIN SEABORN, FELLOW OF the American College of Surgeons—Surgery, including gynaecological and major obstetrical.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach and surgery. Hours, 1-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. KARN, SPECIALIST GENITO-URINARY and rectal diseases of men and women. 426 Richmond street. London.

DRS. FERGUSON & FERGUSON, South London. Phone 753. Dr. R. Ferguson, specialty, midwifery and diseases of women. Dr. J. Ferguson, specialty, children's diseases.

Real Estate Auction

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 24.

907 DAME STREET

This well-built frame cottage, and lot, 43 feet 6 inches by 118 feet, located in this growing district. House contains parlor, dining-room, kitchen and three bedrooms; electricity and water; garage 10x20 feet on property; fruit trees and cement walks. A good investment or an excellent home. Look this over. Terms day of sale. SALE ON PREMISES AT 4 P.M. C. N. COOPER, auctioneer and valuator, 258 Dundas street, Phone 1332. 7u ty

MORTGAGE SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

Under power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of the sale, there will be offered for sale by public auction, at the Auction Rooms of C. N. Cooper, No. 258 Dundas street, London, on

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1917,

at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon:

LOT NUMBER THIRTY-ONE, according to Registered Plan No. 285, in the Township of London, containing five acres, except the northeast corner thereof, consisting of eighty-three feet frontage on the Hamilton road by a depth of one hundred and ninety-eight feet. Situated on the south side of the Hamilton road, a short distance east of the city limits, and terminus of London Street Railway. Suitable for market gardening purposes or for subdividing into building lots.

TERMS OF SALE—The purchaser shall pay down on the day of sale ten per cent of the purchase money, and the balance in twenty-one days thereafter, when the sale shall be completed.

For terms and condition of sale apply to

T. W. SCANDRETT,
Vendor's Solicitor,
98 Dundas Street, London, Ontario, or to
C. N. COOPER,
Auctioneer, London, Ontario.
Oct.18,20,23

AUCTION SALE OF THIRTY HEAD COWS,

New milkers and springers, choice Durhams, Holsteins, and Jerseys; a number of calves, Durham and Holstein, from 1 day to 8 weeks, at lot 24, concession 3, North Dorchester, Friday, October 26, 1917. Will meet local cars L. and P. S. R. at Stop 6, north and south, at 12:30 p.m. Sol. McCallum, Proprietor. John Dawes, J. W. Laidlaw, Auctioneers. 7o-tyw

IF WAR IS RENEWED AFTER THIS, MEANS END OF CIVILIZATION

Premier Lloyd George Declares That This War Must Be War's Finish—Time No Longer Neutral; It, Too, Is Ranged Against Potsdam.

LONDON, Oct. 22. — Premier Lloyd George and the chancellor of the exchequer, Andrew Bonar Law, were the principal speakers at an imposing demonstration in Albert Hall this afternoon to inaugurate the autumn campaign for national economy. The premier, who was accorded a tremendous reception, declared that the magnitude of the enthusiastic gathering in the fourth year of the war was the best proof of the determination of this country to prosecute the war until victory was achieved. The cost of the war was gigantic. It was heavy today, and would be heavy tomorrow.

One hundred and twenty thousand workers on war savings—a fine army—were doing splendid work, and he thanked them for their labors in connection with the last war loan, and the food economy campaign which had resulted in a saving of food supplies from 5 to 7 per cent. That in itself meant a saving of hundreds of thousands of tons.

Britain's Cause Righteous.

The valor of Great Britain would be enormously enhanced by the quickening inspiration of a righteous war. Another solacing fact was that the gigantic debt would be a debt which Britons owed to themselves, as Great Britain was borrowing daily from her children. After drawing a comparison and making a plea for economy, the premier said:

"I have scanned the horizon intently, and can see no terms in sight which will lead to enduring peace. The only terms now possible would mean an armed truce, ending in an even more frightful struggle."

Lloyd George said Germany would make peace now only on terms which would enable her to benefit by the war. He asserted that would be an encouragement to every buccaneering empire in the future to repeat the experiment.

More than twice as many German submarines were lost in the first ten months of this year as in all of last year, the premier asserted. The British tonnage lost monthly now was not much more than one-third of the total destroyed last April.

How to Shorten War.

The way to shorten the war, said Mr. Lloyd George, was to prepare for a long war. He added:

"I am not going to predict when the war will end. No man in his senses would prolong the war an hour longer than is necessary to secure a lasting peace, but it must be a lasting peace, not a prelude to a more devastating war."

The premier said eyes must be kept steadfastly on the great purpose of the war, which was destruction of the false ideal which would have intimidated and enslaved Europe if it had triumphed.

"Our real enemy," he continued, "is the war spirit fostered in Prussia. There will be no peace in the world until the shrine of the war spirit in Potsdam is shattered, until its priesthood is dispersed, and discredited forever. 'Boloism' in all its shapes and forms should be looked out for—the war of people who try to sow dissension, distrust and suspicion. The enemy is trying to rattle our nerves. Keep steady and we will win."

Prolonged a Year.

The premier said he had hoped the enemy's terrible power might be broken this year, but that the temporary collapse of the Russian military power had precluded this hope. But time was on the side of the Allies, he said. Time once was neutral, but two things have changed this, i. e., the advent of America and the increasing failure of the German submarine war.

The Allies were working in the greatest harmony, the premier continued. They were on the eve of the most important inter-Allied conference ever held, at which for the first time representatives of the United States and of the Russian democracy would be present. He stated that the conference meant to determine the ultimate issue of the war.

The war, said the premier, was terrible in itself, but more terrible in the possibilities it revealed of new horrors on land and sea, and in the air. It must be settled now once for all, he declared.

End of Civilization.

If the war should be renewed after thirty years more of scientific application it would mean the death of civilization. Brute force must be dethroned forever.

To realize what the advent of America meant, the premier went on, it was necessary only to look back on the rapid growth of the little British army. America was now starting, and its resources in man-power were twice those of Britain.

British shipbuilding, said the premier, had increased fourfold, and America's had done likewise. Germany laughed at the war declarations of China and other nations, but these declarations meant that most of the world's food and raw materials were under the flags of Germany's enemies, which could reduce Germany to impotence and desolation.

Full Measure for Raiders.

Chancellor Bonar Law, referring to air raids, declared it was impossible to prevent them, but Great Britain would make them as costly as possible. He added:

"Germany has been carrying out a kind of aerial warfare that is detestable. We would avoid it if possible, but the enemy is determined upon it. So be it. The enemy will find what they gave us will be returned to them in full measure, pressed down and running over."

Mr. Bonar Law asserted that for many months the British air service has had priority over every other in arms supply. During the last month at the front the British had dropped eight thousand bombs behind the German lines and the Germans had dropped only about one thousand behind the British lines. "In one month," he added, "our airmen in Flanders did damage to the enemy far exceeding all the damage they have done to us in all their raids."

Not Question of Territory.

"Napoleon's failure taught France a lesson she never forgot. A similar lesson must be burned into the hearts and memories of every Prussian before this war is done with. It is not a question of territorial readjustment or indemnities, but pre-eminently a question of the destruction of a false ideal which has intimidated and enslaved Europe, or would have done so had it been triumphant. It is an ideal where force and brutality reign supreme as against the ideal of the world peopled by free democracies and united in an honorable league of peace for fifty years—that is the ideal enshrined at Potsdam, where they have been plotting and scheming how to enslave their neighbors. That has been their dream and our nightmare. There will be no peace, no liberty, until that shrine is shattered and its priesthood dispersed and discredited forever."

The premier paid a high tribute to Sir Edward Carson, first lord of the admiralty, and said: "One of the reasons why we have succeeded beyond expectations in destroying so many German submarines and protecting our merchantmen is due to the insight, courage and persistency of Sir Edward Carson, a name I fear he will not be popular at Potsdam."

The chancellor said the British armies were doing well. They were slowly but remorselessly going forward in Flanders, and the result was a mathematical certainty. The true battle front in the war, he added, was in the soul of the nation.

"I predict that you will be a very different people after the war," Mr. Bonar Law continued. "You are learning your lesson and standing your test."

Concluding, the chancellor said: "I can see no road to peace but in victory. It will come quickly when our enemies realize that the longer the war lasts the worse it will be for them."

ONCE MORE LIQUOR CASE FALLS DOWN IN POLICE COURT

Two Defendants Dismissed by Magistrate.

"Jack" Osborne, well known among the sporting fraternity of the city, and John Boyle, 65 William street, both charged under the Ontario temperance act with having liquor on the street, were found not guilty in police court today. Osborne however, pleaded guilty to being drunk and was fined $20 and costs. The circumstances disclosed in the evidence were such that the magistrate stated he would not be warranted in imposing a minimum fine.

The evidence introduced by the prosecution was that Osborne had handed a bottle, given to him by Boyle, to a young married woman whose home was in Toronto.

The woman, called by the prosecution, first admitted to R. J. Fisher, the prosecutor, that Osborne had given her the bottle. Under later cross-examination by George S. Gibbons, acting for Osborne, she stated she had such "terrible cramps" and was so sick that she did not remember who handed her the bottle.

Osborne, in his defence, said he met a stranger on the street as he, with the Toronto woman, was going to the train. The stranger offered him a drink, but he (Osborne) declined with thanks. His companion remarked she wouldn't mind a toddy, whereupon the stranger passed the bottle to the woman. As the magistrate considered that insufficient evidence had been introduced to warrant a conviction, he discharged Osborne on the one charge and took his plea of guilty on the second.

In the case of Boyle, the magistrate took the same view in dismissing the case against him.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE

FRIDAY, OCT. 26.

At 10 a.m., at 518 Maitland street. Contents of a cottage; parlor, bedroom, dining-room and kitchen furniture; curtains and blinds, iron beds, bedding, easy chair, couch, sideboard, chairs, extension table, carpets, linoleum, centre tables, dishes, heater, range, kitchen utensils and tools, rugs, pillows, clocks; a lot of useful goods. Terms cash. Jos. Brown, auctioneer. b

Auction Sale of Valuable Property

The old Gustin House, on Dundas street, Nos. 366 and 368, Saturday, Oct. 27, at 1:30, on the premises. This is a good factory site or apartment house. Also seven choice lots on Cheapside, north side, between Waterloo and Colborne streets. Sale on the premises same day at 2:30. Terms easy. Apply to Jos. Brown, phone 2253, or to Ed Shea, phone 1589. 9u yw

AUCTION TODAY, 3 and 8 P.M.

FURNITURE. RUGS. STOVES.

We are quitting the furniture business.

H. WOLF & SONS
265 DUNDAS STREET. b

AUCTION SALE OF FARM, FARM STOCK, IMPLEMENTS, ETC.

D. H. Porter, Auctioneer, has received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on the premises, Lot 2, Concession 4, Delaware on Thursday, Oct. 25, 1917, at 1 o'clock p.m. The following valuable sixty acres: The East Half of Lot 2, Concession 4, Delaware, consisting of sixty acres of first-class land, well watered and with fair buildings. Terms for farm: The farm will be offered at 1 o'clock sharp. Two thousands dollars can remain on mortgage, the balance to suit the buyer, and will be arranged for at the time of sale. This farm is good land, 50 acres level and 10 acres pasture with creek. The farm is well fenced and has fair buildings and is mostly drained. Small property in city would be taken as part payment. Terms for chattels: All sums of $10 and under, cash; over that amount 12 months' credit will be given on furnishing approved joint, bankable paper; a discount of 6 per cent per annum will be allowed for cash. D. H. Porter, Auctioneer, 120 Dundas street, London; phones 1167 and 4942. C. Griffith, proprietor. O. 20, 23.

GROTHERS DECLINES TO ARBITRATE WITH THE MAIL-CARRIERS

Says Labor Dept. Can Do Nothing To Increase Wages.

Ottawa, Oct. 23.—The demand of the letter-carriers for an increase in wages is not a matter which comes under the jurisdiction of the labor department in any way, according to Hon. T. W. Crothers, minister of labor. When asked today whether it would be possible for the labor department to establish a board of conciliation under the industrial disputes act, to arrate in the matter, Mr. Crothers expressed the opinion that this could not be done. The labor department, he said, would not interfere in the management of any other department of the Government. The matter of increase wages for letter-carriers would, he thought, be considered and dealt with by [illegible] of the postoffice and their colleagues.

HAY

Toronto, Oct. 22.—Hay—Baled, track, Toronto, carlots, No. 1, $12@13; No. 2, $11@11.50; mixed, $9@11; straw, carlots, per ton, $7@7.50.

Montreal, Oct. 22.—Hay—No. 2, per ton, carlots, $12@12.50.

New York, Oct. 22.—Hay—Steady; No. 1, $1.25; No. 2, $1.15@1.20; No. 3, $1@1.05; shipping, 90@95c.

Nairn Farmer Gets $27,000 for Part of His Herd of Beef Cattle

NAIRN, Oct. 22.—Heavy shipments of this district's finest cattle to the American markets continue. Up to Saturday night over fifty cars were shipped during the week. Nine more are ready to go tomorrow.

Some idea of the money this brings in to the cattle-raisers may be gained from the fact that John G. Stewart recently received a check for $27,000. He still has a number of other cattle to market yet.

The average price being paid for beef cattle is $150.

George Campbell, who for the past eight years has been buyer in this district for the Morris Company of Chicago, is leaving shortly for Argentina to work for the same company. He has signed a contract by which he gets $1,000 a month, and if he stays there six years, gets a pension of $6,000.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

HOG PRICES DROP 75 CENTS; GO TO $16

Expected Decline Materializes Locally Today.

The expected drop in the price of live hogs occurred this morning on the local market, when all porkers sold from $16 to $16.25 per cwt., which represents a sheer decline of 75c. Hog prices at Toronto decreased $1 Monday, and it is following Toronto quotations that a similar decline was recorded here.

A decline in pork prices is always expected at this time of the year, although local men were pessimistic regarding the likelihood of a reduction owing to the advance registered at Toronto in bacon prices. It was thought that bacon in London would follow Toronto's example, and an advanced price would be seen. However, the decline in hogs this morning makes the predicted advance in bacon problematical and local butchers believe that prices will remain intact. After Christmas hogs will again soar around the $19 mark, according to pork buyers.

The consumption of fowl at the present period contributes toward the reduced price of pork, and when this consumption is replaced by meat after the New Year values will resume their high range.

Dressed hogs accompanied the live variety in the drop recorded today, when they sold at $22 to $23 a cwt.

Vegetables remained unchanged, with the exception of potatoes, which sold at a slightly reduced rate. Tomatoes were not quite as plentiful as in previous market days, but the vegetable sold at stationary prices. Potatoes brought $1.25 to $1.35 per bushel, which is a decline of 5c all round. The demand for tubers during the last week has been exceedingly brisk, and the supply hardly equal to it. However, a larger supply and a mediocre demand today caused the decreased range of prices. By the bag spuds sold at $1.85 to $2. Few were purchased in these amounts, however, although a slightly better worth is obtained with the purchase of potatoes in the larger quantities.

Peaches could not be secured for the first time since the peach season opened. Because the quality of the late peach is particularly poor the demand was slow, and it was found unprofitable for the fruit dealers to continue selling. Grapes continue to be abundant at 40c to 45c a basket, selling with marketers, the demand being at all times good. Apples have disappeared from the fruit offerings of the square entirely.

A substantial advance in the price of oats took place when hundredweights sold at $1.95 to $2, and bushel lots called for 66c to 68c. Hay is scarce at similar prices as those quoted Monday. Butter and eggs remain unchanged the demand being very brisk and the supply small.

New oats, per cwt.	$1 95	to	$2 00
Grain, Bushel—			
Wheat, per bu.	2 12	to	2 12
Oats, per bu	66	to	68
Vegetables—			
String beans, qt.	8	to	9
Beets, doz bunches	15	to	25
Cucumbers, doz	10	to	25
Celery, per doz	30	to	50
Cauliflowers, each	10	to	25
Corn, cob, doz	12	to	20
New cabbage, each	5	to	5
New carrots, per doz bunches	15	to	25
Lettuce, per doz	20	to	20
Lettuce, per head	5	to	5
Pumpkins, each	10	to	20
Hubbard squash	15	to	25
Parsnips, bunch	5	to	5
Pickling cucumbers, per 100	40	to	60
Green onions, bunch	5	to	5
Green onions, doz	25	to	25
Parsley, doz	40	to	40
Home-grown potatoes, per bu	1 25	to	1 30
Tomatoes, green, per basket	25	to	25
Tomatoes, basket	35	to	40
Rhubarb, per doz	30	to	30
Radishes, 2 bunches	5	to	5
Vegetable marrow	10	to	10
Hay and Straw—			
New hay, ton	10 00	to	12 00
Straw, per ton	7 00	to	7 50
Fruit—			
Peaches, per basket	90	to	1 00
Plums, per basket	1 00	to	1 25
Pears, per basket	75	to	1 00
Grapes, per basket	35	to	40
Elderberries, box	10	to	15
Apples, bush	1 50	to	2 00
Cantaloupes, each	10	to	25
Citrons	15	to	25
Dairy Products, Retail—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	48	to	50
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	47	to	47
Butter, crocks, lb.	45	to	46
Butter, store tubs, lb	43	to	45
Eggs, per doz	48	to	50
New honey, pail	1 60	to	1 80
Dairy Produce, Wholesale—			
Butter, creamery, lb.	43	to	44
Butter, dairy, lb. rolls	45	to	45
Butter, crocks, lb	44	to	45
Eggs, crate lots	45	to	46
Eggs, basket lots	45	to	46
Poultry, Dressed, Retail—			
Spring ducks, each	90	to	1 00
Spring chickens, lb.	22	to	23
Old fowl, lb	24	to	30
Livestock—			
Hogs, per cwt	16 00	to	16 25
Small pigs, per pair	12 00	to	16 00
Butchers' Meats—			
Dressed hogs, cwt.	22 00	to	23 00
Fat sows, cwt.	14 50	to	14 75
Beef, per cwt.	13 50	to	16 50
Veal, per cwt.	20 00	to	22 00
Heifer beef, cwt.	16 00	to	16 00
Lambs, per cwt.	20 00	to	22 00
Spring lambs, per lb.	28	to	28
Hides and Wool—			
Wool, unwashed, lb.	50	to	50
Wool, washed, lb	60	to	62
Calf skins	25	to	30
Cowhides, No. 1	22	to	22
Cowhides, No. 2	21	to	21
Cowhides, No. 3	20	to	20

POTATO PRICES.

Ottawa, Oct. 23.—Correspondents of the food controller's office telegraphed yesterday the following reports on the potato situation. The quotations, unless otherwise stated, are wholesale, per 90-pound bag.

At Toronto, Ontario potatoes sold at $1.60 yesterday; at Montreal, prices for Quebec, New Brunswick and Ontario potatoes were $2 25, $2 30 and $2 respectively. Farmers in the Chateauguay district received $1 75 to $2 20. At Quebec city, Quebec potatoes sold at $1 90 and $2 10, with no New Brunswick potatoes on the market. Ontario potatoes sold at Ottawa at $3 10.

At Halifax, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island potatoes sold at $1 50 to $1 75. Western Nova Scotia farmers are receiving $1 50, while those in Eastern Nova Scotia are getting $1 20. At St. John, New Brunswick local potatoes sold at $2 20, with the market bare. At Fredericton, farmers are receiving $1 80 per 90 pounds in bulk, the local market price being $2 05 to $2 20 per 90-pound bag. Charlottetown reports that growers are receiving $1 25 to $1 30 per 90 pounds in bulk, with about one-half of the shipments going to the United States.

Yesterday's American market quotations are: Boston, $2 60 per 90 pounds; New York, $3 57; Buffalo, $2 50.

LIVE STOCK.

Toronto, Oct. 23.—There was a small run of live stock at the Union stockyards this morning. Hogs slow. Receipts, 518 cattle, 48 calves, 293 hogs and 798 sheep. Quotations:

Cattle—Exporters, choice, per cwt, $10 50@11 50; butchers, choice, $10@$10 50; do., medium, $8 50@9 50; do, common, $7 50@8 25; do, cows, choice, $8 25@9; do, medium, $7 25@8; do, canners, $5 25@5 75; do, bulls, $5@9 25; feeding steers, $8 50@10 25; stockers, choice, $8@8 75; do, light, $7@7 75; milkers, choice, each, $75@135; springers, each, $40@125; calves, $7@15 50.

Sheep—Ewes, cwt., $10 50@13; bucks and culls, $7 50@9 50; lambs, $16 25@16 50.

Hogs—Fed and watered, cwt, $16 75@17.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 15,000; market steady; beeves, $6 50@17; western, $5 90@13 65; stockers and feeders, $6@11 40; cows and heifers, $4 75@11 75; calves, $9@16.

Hogs—Receipts, 31,000; market slow; light, $14 25@16 10; mixed, $14 35@16 45; heavy, $14 35@16 40; rough, $14 35@14 55; pigs, $10 25@13 75; bulk of sales at $14 65@16.

Sheep—Receipts, 21,000; market was steady; lambs, native, $12 50@17 75; wethers, $8 80@12 75.

East Buffalo, N.Y., Oct. 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 1,500 head; slow.

Veals—Receipts, 350 head; dull, at $7@15.

Hogs—Receipts, 6,400 head; slow; heavy, $16 10@16 25; mixed, $15 75@16; yorkers, $16 50@16 75; light yorkers and pigs, $14@14 25; roughs, $14 60@14 75; stags, $12@13 50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2,400 head; dull; lambs, $12@16 75; others unchanged.

GRAIN.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Opening: Corn—December, $1 17@1 15¼; May, $1 10½@1 09¾.

Oats—December, 58½@59⅝c.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Weakness manifested itself in the corn market today, owing to prospects of new anti-high price restrictions on trading. Much selling took place, chiefly to close out contracts that required delivery of corn in December. The reason for unloading of such contracts was a belief that the board of trade directors this afternoon would formally prohibit all new business in the December option, a step toward averting sensational price upturns likely to be brought about otherwise by the temporary scarcity of corn in Chicago elevators.

Opening quotations, which ranged from ⅛c lower to ⅛c advance, with December at $1 15¼@1 17, and May at $1 09⅝@1 10¼, were followed by a setback all around and then something of a rally.

Winnipeg, Oct. 23.—The market showed little activity at the opening, and gave promise of another dull day. There is little demand, with the offerings only fair.

Oats—Futures opened ⅛c down, with October at 6⅝c, December at 64⅛@64c, and May at 67⅛c.

Flax—December opened 2c higher, at $2 82½; May, 2⅝c up at $2 88½.

Inspections, 1,236 cars, of which 894 were contract grades.

PROVISIONS.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Beef—Extra India mess, 315s.

Pork—Prime mess western, 290s.

Hams—Short cut, 137s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 152s; clear bellies, 152s; long clear middles, light, 160s; do, heavy, 159s; short clear backs, 157s; shoulders, square, 128s.

Lard—Prime western, in tierces, 122s; American refined, in pails, 125s 3d; do, in boxes, 124s.

OILS.

Liverpool, Oct. 23.—Tallow—Australian (in London), 72s.

Turpentine Spirits—30s 6d.

Rosin—Common, 32s.

Petroleum—Refined, 1s 8⅝d.

Linseed Oil—68s 6d.

Cottonseed Oil—68s 6d.

War Kerosene—No. 2, 1s 2⅝d.

WALL STREET.

New York, Oct. 23—Wall Street, 10:30 a.m.—Rails were the strong features of today's early dealings on the stock exchange, advancing from large fractions to more than a point on the decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission to reopen the hearing of the eastern roads for higher rates. Equipments, shippings and oils shared more moderately in the rise, United States Steel, however, soon gaining a point. Gas issues, motors and a few specialties were hesitant or reactionary.

Noon.—Prices became more uneven later on the further heaviness of utilities and the irregular trend of speculative stocks. Local tractions fell 1 to 4 points, Consolidated Gas 2½, and steels and coppers reacted to or below yesterday's final quotations. Active equipments moved in the same erratic manner, and rails parted with much of their initial gains. Shippings were among the few sustaining features, but yielded with the general list before noon.

1:30 p.m.—Trading became listless in the afternoon, but some of the leaders, notably shippings, Central Leather, Bethlehem Steel and Baldwin Locomotive, rallied 1 to 1½ points. Rails and United States Steel were under further restraint.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thomson & McKinnon, brokers, Royal Bank Building, report fluctuations in New York stocks for The Advertiser as follows:

New York, Oct. 23.

Trunk Lines and Grangers—	Open.	High.	Low.	1:30.
Erie, com	13⅝	13¾	13⅛	13¼
Great Northern	100	100½	99	99
New Haven	29	29	28	28
New York Central	73½	74	73¼	73¼
Rock Island	23⅝	23⅝	23½	23½
St. Paul	47½	48	47	47⅝
Pacifics and Southerns—				
Atchison, com	93⅝	94	93⅝	93⅝
Canadian Pacific	149⅝	149⅝	149	149½
Missouri Pacific	23¼	..	..	..
Northern Pacific	96½	96¾	96⅛	96¼
Southern Pacific	89⅝	90	88⅝	88⅝
Southern Railway	27⅝	27⅞	27¼	27⅜
Union Pacific	133⅝	133⅞	132⅞	132⅞
Coalers—				
Ches. & Ohio	51⅝	51⅝	51⅜	51⅜
Norfolk & West	107½	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝
Reading Railway	76	76½	74½	74½
Industrials—				
Allis-Chalmers	22½	..	..	..
Am. Beet Sugar	77	..	..	..
American Car	67½	..	..	..
Am. Locomotive	59⅝	59⅝	59¼	59½
American Sugar	105⅝	..	..	..
Am. Smelters	88¼	88¼	86½	87
Am. Tel. & Tel	114⅝	114⅝	113⅝	113⅝
American Wool	44¼	44⅝	44¼	44⅝
Baldwin Loco	62¼	63¼	61⅝	62½
Central Leather	76⅝	76⅝	74⅝	75¼
Corn Products	31⅝	31⅝	30½	31
Col. Fuel & Iron	38½	..	..	..
Distillers	39⅝	40⅞	39½	39⅝
Dome Mines	7⅝	..	..	..
General Electric	136⅞	..	..	..
General Motors	95	95⅝	94½	95
G. Northern Ore	28⅝	29¼	28½	28⅝
Inter. Nickel	31⅛	31½	30⅝	30⅝
Marine, com	27¼	27⅝	27	27
Marine, pfd	88½	91⅝	88½	90½
Studebaker	39½	39½	39¼	39½
Westinghouse	42⅝	42⅝	42½	42½
Willys-Overland	23⅛	23⅛	22⅞	22⅞
Coppers—				
Anaconda Copper	63⅝	64	62⅝	62⅝
Chino Copper	44⅛	..	..	..
Inspiration	45⅝	45⅝	44⅝	45
Miami Copper	31½	31⅞	31	31
Nevada Con	18	18⅛	18	18⅛
Ray Consolidated	23	23	22½	22⅝
Utah Copper	81	81⅛	79	79⅛
Oils—				
New Mexican	87½	88¼	86⅞	87¼
Texas Oil	147⅛	..	..	..
Steels—				
Bethlehem Steel	83¼	83½	83¼	83⅜
Crucible Steel	67¼	67⅞	66	66½
Lackawanna	81	..	..	..
Pressed Steel Car	68⅝	..	..	..
Republic Iron	79⅝	80½	79	79⅝
Railway Steel	42¼	..	..	..
U. S. Steel	105¼	105⅞	104⅝	105
U. S. Steel, pfd	113⅞	..	..	..
Bonds—				
Anglo-French 5's	91⅞	92	91⅞	91⅞

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

[Reported by Thomson & McKinnon.]

Chicago, Oct. 23.

Corn—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Dec.	$1 17	$1 17¼	$1 15	$1 15½
May	1 10	1 12	1 09½	1 10½
Oats—				
Dec.	58½	58⅝	58¼	58¼
May	60	60⅝	59⅝	60

Geo. W. Wisnom, Sale Director.

ECONOMIZE

Quitting Furniture Business

We want to emphasize the fact that the days of this tremendous savings event are numbered. In a limited time the opportunity of real economy will be gone.

OFFERING TODAY AND TONIGHT

LEATHER ROCKERS, BRASS BEDS, CHINA CABINETS, RANGES, RUGS, HALF PRICE.

PORTION OF THE STOCK GIVEN AWAY DAILY

H. WOLF & SONS

265 DUNDAS STREET.

CASH OATS QUIET; WHOLE MARKET DULL

Winnipeg, Oct. 22.—The market today was the quietest in weeks. Cash oats were very quiet. Demand was light and offerings small. Barley was in fair demand, but offerings small and prices were unchanged. There was a poor demand in flax, with small offerings.

The futures market for oats closed unchanged for October and November, and ¼c higher for December, and ⅜c up for May. Barley closed 2½c higher for October, and 1c higher for November.

Flax closed 2½c up for October and November, 2c higher for December, and ⅜c higher for May.

Oats—October, 67⅜c to 67½c; November, 66⅛c to 66½c; December, 63⅞c to 64¼c; May, 67⅛c to 67¼c.

Barley—October closed $1.20½; November closed $1.17.

Flax—October, $3 to $2.97; November, $2.87 to $2.90; December, $2.80 to $2.18½; May, $2.85⅝ to $2.85⅝.

Cash grain: Wheat—No. 1 northern, $2.21; No. 2 northern, $2.18; No. 3 northern, $2.15; No. 4, $2.07; No. 5, $1.94; No. 6, $1.87; feed, $1.80.

Oats—No. 2 Canadian western, 67½c; No. 3 Canadian western, 64½c; extra No. 1 feed, 64½c; No. 1 feed, 62⅝c; No. 2 feed, 62½c.

Barley—No. 3, $1.20½; No. 4, $1.15½; rejected and feed, $1.10½.

Flax—No. 1 N. W. C., $2.97; No. 2 C. W., $2.94; No. 3 C. W., $2.83.

MONEY.

London, Oct. 23.—Bar silver, 41⅞d per ounce.

New York, Oct. 23.—Bar silver, 82½c per ounce.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Oct. 23.—Closing prices today were:

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