

$$= \frac{160}{360 \times 200}$$

$$= \frac{2}{7} \cdot \frac{6}{5}$$

$$= 2 \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{8}{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{1}$$

8. $(\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{2}{7}) \text{ of } 7 \frac{7}{12} - 1 \frac{3}{5} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{9}{12} - 1 \frac{3}{5} = 22 \frac{1}{2} - 1 \frac{3}{5} = 20 \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{5}$

9. $(\frac{3}{7} - \frac{3}{11}) (2 \frac{3}{4} + 3 \frac{2}{3}) = \frac{17}{9 \times 11} \times \frac{7}{12} = \frac{17}{9} \times \frac{7}{12} = 1 \frac{11}{105}$

11. $\frac{\left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{5}\right) \div \left(3 + \frac{1}{7}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3}\right) \times \left(4 - 3 \frac{3}{7}\right)} = \frac{\frac{11}{5} \times \frac{7}{22}}{\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{4}{7}} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{3}{1} \times \frac{7}{2} = 7 \frac{7}{20}$

12. $\frac{\left(8 \frac{1}{3} - 2 \frac{1}{2}\right) \div \frac{5}{6} \text{ of } \frac{3}{8}}{2 \frac{2}{3} \div \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4}\right)} = \frac{\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{5}{6}}{\frac{8}{3} \times \frac{4}{3}} = \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{3}{4}$

Note. Two or more fractions connected by *of* are always considered as *one* quality.

Miscellaneous Examples in Fractions.

Examples (xi). Page 69.

5. $3 \frac{2}{5} \times 8 \frac{3}{7} \div (1 \frac{5}{7} \times 1 \frac{3}{11}) = \frac{17}{5} \times \frac{24}{7} \times \frac{7}{12} \times \frac{21}{34} = 2 \frac{1}{5} = 4$

NOTE.—Indicate all operations before performing any of them. It is much easier to simplify *before* performing the multiplication or division than *after*.

8. $(\frac{1}{3} + \frac{4}{7}) \frac{20 \frac{1}{4}}{3 \frac{6}{7} + 2 \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{19}{21} \times \frac{81}{15 \frac{3}{4} + 9} = \frac{19}{21} \times \frac{27}{5 \frac{1}{4} + 3} = \frac{19}{7} \times \frac{63}{36 + 21} = 3$

9. $(3 \frac{4}{5} + 5 \frac{1}{9} - 4 \frac{1}{5}) (4 \frac{1}{5} - 3 \frac{1}{4}) = 8 \frac{8}{9} \times \frac{19}{20} = \frac{4 \times 19}{9}$,
and $1 \frac{5}{11} + 2 \frac{1}{8} - (2 \frac{9}{16} - \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{22}) = 3 \frac{5}{8} - (2 \frac{7}{16} - \frac{1}{22}) = \frac{19}{8}$.

$\therefore \text{quotient} = \frac{4 \times 19}{9} \div \frac{19}{8} = \frac{64}{9} = 7 \frac{1}{9}$.

10. $(1 \frac{1}{3} + 2 \frac{2}{7}) \left(\frac{5 \frac{1}{16}}{4 \frac{6}{7} + 1 \frac{1}{4}} \right) = \frac{16}{21} \times \frac{81}{77 \frac{2}{7} + 20} = \frac{76}{1} \times \frac{27}{544 + 140} = 3$.