indeed, to conceive any other idea of a corporation erected by charter, than that it should continue subject to the author of that charter.

And if they, for their own interest, anxioufly preferved their connection with Britain, it was clearly her part to keep them in fubjection and dependence. For what end did fhe fend out colonies, but to benefit herfelf, to extend her commerce and her power, to increase industry and population, and advance her happiness and prosperity? Why should she have nourished and protected them in their infancy, fupplied them with the neceffaries of life, and the means of improvement, if the had not confidered them as part of herfelf? Why fhould fhe have fettled them once and again, when driven off by the natives, and encouraged and ftrengthened them at great expence of blood and of treasure, if not for her own common benefit and theirs? And why have the colonies, for almost two centuries, been fuch favourite objects of her legiflation? Those who are acquainted with our body of laws,