

3. The preconstruction estimated cost was approximately \$6 million. However, changes were effected later in the design of the terminal to include a third floor and a control tower and it was later decided to provide furnishings.

4. The feasibility study started in 1963. Construction started on the runway extension in September 1964 and on the airport terminal in February 1966.

5. The Foundation of Canada Engineering Corp. Ltd. of 2200 Yonge Street, Toronto, provided engineering consultancy services at the cost of \$377,950.55 and was the only outside professional consulting firm engaged on the project. All other professional services were provided by the in house professionals of the Canadian Department of Transport.

6. Over seven thousand commercial air movements were recorded in 1972 at the airport. Statistics are not available within CIDA for 1973.

7. Prior to the construction of the Bandaranaike airport Sri Lanka did not have an airport which could handle the jet aircraft being used and planned to be used by international carriers. Sri Lanka, being strategically located on major intercontinental trade routes (both sea and air), expected to act as a major port of call on these routes. One other major advantage to the Sri Lankan economy was the anticipated increase in the volume of tourists which would result from the improvement of the airport facilities. Statistics of traffic at Bandaranaike Airport reflect a steady growth of both aircraft movement and passenger traffic. The current volume of traffic, and its annual rate of increase is, in fact, far greater than estimated at the outset of the project.

POLITICAL ACTIVITIES OF PUBLIC SERVANTS

Question No. 2,697—**Mr. Lambert (Bellechasse):**

Can a Public Servant become president of a federal or provincial political organization without violating the Public Service Employment Act or Regulations?

Hon. James Hugh Faulkner (Secretary of State): I am informed by the Public Service Commission as follows: No. Section 32 of the Public Service Employment Act states, in part, that no deputy head and no employee "shall engage in work for, on behalf of or against a political party".

LIP—ADVERTISING COSTS

Question No. 2,699—**Mr. Towers:**

1. What is the total cost of advertising for the 1973-74 Local Initiatives Program?

2. Is the cost itemized under total for newspapers, television and radio advertising and, if so, what are the amounts?

3. Is the expenditure for advertising of LIP included in the announced amount of \$83 million or is it an additional cost and, if so, to what branch of the Department is the advertising charged?

Mr. Mark MacGuigan (Parliamentary Secretary to Minister of Manpower and Immigration): 1. \$510,000.

2. Yes; newspapers, \$217,141.63; television, nil; radio, \$165,824.

Order Paper Questions

3. Included in the announced amount of \$83 million.

PERCENTAGE OF POPULATION SPEAKING ENGLISH, FRENCH AND BOTH LANGUAGES

Question No. 2,701—**Mr. Mather:**

In the latest year on record, what percentage of the population of Canada speak (a) English only (b) French only (c) both languages?

Mr. Herb Breau (Parliamentary Secretary to Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce): Statistics Canada reports that: The following percentages are derived from the 1971 Census of Canada (the latest year for which these data are available) and show the percentages of the Canadian population speaking: (a) English only, 67.1 per cent; (b) French only, 18.0 per cent; (c) Both languages, 13.4 per cent.

(Note: 1.5 per cent speak neither language)

TOTAL EXPENDITURES ON A NATIONAL ACCOUNTS BASIS FOR ALL GOVERNMENTS IN CANADA

Question No. 2,708—**Mr. Stevens:**

What was the total expenditure on a national accounts basis in each of the calendar years 1968 to 1973 for all governments in Canada and what was the total expenditure in each of the years at the federal, provincial and municipal levels?

Mr. Herb Breau (Parliamentary Secretary to Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce): Statistics Canada reports that: The total expenditure on a national accounts basis in each of the calendar years 1968 to 1973 for all governments in Canada and the total expenditure in each of the years at the federal, provincial and municipal levels is as follows:

	1968	1969	1970	1971	1972	Jan.- June ⁽¹⁾ 1973
Total Government Expenditure ⁽²⁾	24,472	27,226	31,112	35,229	39,813	21,611
Total Federal Expenditure ⁽³⁾	12,254	13,524	15,337	17,496	20,250	11,287
Total Provincial Expenditure ⁽⁴⁾	10,354	11,674	14,159	16,534	18,169	9,685
Total Municipal Expenditure ⁽⁵⁾	8,288	9,295	10,460	11,562	12,754	6,749

⁽³⁾First six months only.

⁽²⁾Excludes transfers to other levels of government.

⁽³⁾Includes transfers to other levels of government and expenditures by the CPP.

⁽⁴⁾Includes transfers to other levels of government and expenditures by the QPP.

⁽⁵⁾Includes transfers to other levels of government and hospital expenditures.