### Questions

Budget by non-member states, some of which are members of the Court, this calculation results in an estimate. The following table shows the estimated Canadian contribution to support the Court.

Canadian Contribution to Actual Expenses\* of the International Court of Justice

	(In U.S. Dollars)	
1946**		\$28,200
1947		16,800
1948		19,100
1949		18,800
1950		18,900
1951		19,700
1952		21,000
1953		19,300
1954		18,400
1955		19,600
1956		21,100
1957		23,300
1958		21,300
1959		22,600
1960		22,800
1961		23,700
1962		29,300
1963		27,800
1964		31,800
1965		35,200
1966		35,000
1967		35,700
1968		42,000
1969		46,300
1970 (	appropriations)	43,400
1971 (	estimate)	44,800

\* The Canadian Contribution has been estimated from the percentage Canadian assessment to the United Nations Regular Budget and the actual expenses of the International Court of Justice. Appropriations were used for 1970 and expenditure estimates for 1971. Source: Annual UN Budget Estimates.

\*\* The 1946 expenses covered part of that year only.

## DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY AND SERVICES—DESIGNATION OF SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES

### Question No. 917-Mr. Robinson:

What percentage of the supplementary estimates of the Department of Supply and Services and Receiver General of Canada is designated for (a) winter works (b) to reduce unemployment (c) underestimating expenditures (d) combatting inflationary costs (e) new programs (f) hiring of additional employees?

Hon. James Richardson (Minister of Supply and Services): (a) Nil; (b) 44 per cent; (c) to (f) nil.

Note: As a result of the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Government Organization (Glassco Commission) the Computer Services Bureau was formed and commenced operations in 1965-66 to provide data processing services to government departments. The Bureau acquired a large computer in 1966; financing its operations from a revolving fund. In order to recover start-up costs for the computer, the item of \$1,242,551 for the

Computer Services Revolving Fund was submitted in Vote 10a of Supplementary Estimates "A". This amount comprises 56 per cent of the total amount voted by Parliament.

## CANADA'S GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT—PERCENTAGE DERIVED FROM FISHING INDUSTRY

Question No. 962-Mr. Sulatycky:

What percentage of Canada's Gross National Product is derived from the fishing industry?

Mr. Eymard Corbin (Parliamentary Secretary to Minister of Fisheries and Forestry): The contribution of various industries to the economy is measured from the Gross Domestic Product at factor cost rather than from the Gross National Product at market prices. In the National Account Statistics, trapping is included with fishing and fish processing with manufacturing. It is not possible, therefore, to arrive at precise data on the contribution of the fishing industry, i.e. the primary and secondary sectors, to the Gross Domestic Product. A rough estimate can be obtained, however, with the use of the weighting system of the Index of Industrial Production. On this basis, the combined contribution of fishing and fish processing to the Gross Domestic Product was 0.3 per cent in 1969.

#### WASTE PAPER DISPOSAL BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Question No. 976-Mr. Sulatycky:

- 1. How is paper waste disposed of by government departments in  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Ottawa?}}$
- 2. Is any paper waste of the federal government recycled?

Hon. James Richardson (Minister of Supply and Services): In so far as Crown Assets Disposal Corporation is concerned: 1. Waste paper from government departments is disposed of by award of contract after public tender through Crown Assets Disposal Corporation.

2. No.

# INFORMATION ON DISPOSITION OF DUES PAID BY CANADIANS TO INTERNATIONAL UNIONS

#### Question No. 1,065—Mr. Deakon:

Does the government receive or collect information regarding the disposition of dues paid by Canadians to international unions and, if so (a) what amount of dues were paid by labour union members to Canadian unions having head offices in the United States (b) what percentage of these dues were forwarded to the parent office in the United States (c) what percentage of these dues were invested in Canada?

Hon. Jean-Luc Pepin (Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce): The Dominion Bureau of Statistics reports that: The Dominion Bureau of Statistics, under the provisions of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, collects and compiles certain information relating to dues paid by Canadians to international unions. This information is published annually in the Annual Report of the Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce under

[Mr. Sharp.]